# On using singletons in C++

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### Singleton

- <u>instance</u>: Singleton

- Singleton()

+ getInstance() : Singleton



## Implementation methods

### Pointer

```
class Singleton {
   Singleton() = default;
public:
   static Singleton * instance();
   void foo();
};
```

```
Singleton * Singleton::instance() {
    static Singleton * inst = nullptr;
    if(!inst) inst = new Singleton();
    return inst;
}
```

## Implementation methods

Pointer

Reference

```
class Singleton {
   Singleton() = default;
public:
   static Singleton & instance();
   void foo();
};
```

```
Singleton & Singleton::instance() {
    static Singleton inst;
    return inst;
}
```

## Implementation methods

Pointer

Singleton::instance()->foo();

Reference

Singleton::instance().foo();

Usage



## Hiding implementation details

### **PIMPL**

```
class Singleton {
  class Singleton_impl;
  std::unique_ptr<Singleton_impl> pimpl;
  Singleton();
public:
  static Singleton * instance();
  void foo();
};
```

```
class Singleton::Singleton_impl {
  void foo();
};
Singleton::Singleton() :
  pimpl(std::make_unique<Singleton_impl>()) {}
void Singleton::foo() { pimpl->foo(); }
```

### Hiding implementation details

**PIMPL** 

### Abstract base

```
class ISingleton {
public:
    virtual void foo() = 0;
    static ISingleton * instance();
};
```

```
class Singleton : public ISingleton {
    //...
}
ISingleton * ISingleton::instance() {
    static Singleton * inst = nullptr;
    if(!inst) inst = new Singleton();
    return inst;
}
```

### Ease of use

"ditch"
instance()

```
class Singleton {
   Singleton() = default;
   void foo_impl();
   static Singleton * instance();
public:
   static void foo();
};
```

```
void Singleton::foo_impl() {
    // ...
}
void Singleton::foo() {
   instance()->foo_impl();
}
```

### Ease of use

```
"ditch" instance()
```

#### use

```
Singleton::foo();
```

#### instead of

```
Singleton::instance()->foo();
Singleton::instance().foo();
```



### Ease of use

```
"ditch"
instance()
```

```
namespace Singleton {
  void foo();
};
```

### Ditch the class!

```
namespace Singleton {
namespace { // anon
    // singleton data here.
}
void foo() {
```

}



Singleton



### Singleton

void clearState(); // only for unit-tests!

### Singleton

```
void clearState(); // only for unit-tests!
```

#define private public



Singleton

Abstract base

```
class Singleton : public ISingleton {
   // ...
}
```

Singleton

Abstract base

class-less

```
namespace Singleton {
namespace detail {
    // data
}
}
```

### In conclusion...

Next time you're implementing a singleton, consider putting your code in a namespace instead of a class.

# Thanks for listening

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