CIS 452 - Operating Systems Concepts Nathan Bowman Images taken from Silberschatz book

POSIX Shared Memory Example

Solution to producer-consumer problem using POSIX shared memory

Full code is in textbook

Need these routines to create and manage shared memory

- shm_open
- ftruncate
- mmap
- shm_unlink

As always, man pages are a good resource

```
shm_fd = shm_open(name, O_CREAT | O_RDWR, 0666);
```

Create a "shared memory object" (like a file that is not written to disk)

Can access it by name in /dev/shm/

Allows different flags and access permissions

Returns a file descriptor just like regular open

ftruncate(shm_fd, SIZE);

Assign a size to your shared memory object

mmap works with regular files as well as shared memory objects

Maps file (or shared memory object) into memory so it can be read and written via pointers, just like any other memory

Without this, shm_fd would be treated like a file, which would require system calls to read and write

Note the MAP_SHARED argument

shm_unlink(name);

Remove shared memory segment and delete filename from /dev/shm/

Why unlink? You are really just removing the name. Only once last reference is gone is resource actually reclaimed.

rm uses unlink system call underneath (which you can verify with strace)

Producer

```
/* create the shared memory segment */
shm fd = shm open(name, O CREAT | O RDWR, 0666);
/* configure the size of the shared memory segment */
ftruncate(shm_fd,SIZE);
/* now map the shared memory segment in the address space of the process */
ptr = mmap(0,SIZE, PROT_READ | PROT_WRITE, MAP_SHARED, shm_fd, 0);
if (ptr == MAP_FAILED) {
printf("Map failed\n");
return -1;
/**
 * Now write to the shared memory region.
 * Note we must increment the value of ptr after each write.
 */
sprintf(ptr, "%s", message0);
ptr += strlen(message0);
sprintf(ptr, "%s", message1);
ptr += strlen(message1);
sprintf(ptr, "%s", message2);
ptr += strlen(message2);
return 0:
```

Consumer

```
/* open the shared memory segment */
shm fd = shm open(name, O RDONLY, 0666);
if (shm_fd == -1) {
printf("shared memory failed\n");
 exit(-1);
/* now map the shared memory segment in the address space of the process */
ptr = mmap(0,SIZE, PROT_READ, MAP_SHARED, shm_fd, 0);
if (ptr == MAP_FAILED) {
printf("Map failed\n");
exit(-1);
/* now read from the shared memory region */
printf("%s",ptr);
/* remove the shared memory segment */
if (shm_unlink(name) == -1) {
 printf("Error removing %s\n",name);
exit(-1);
```