Defect Types

10	Documentation	60 Checking
20	Syntax	70 Data
30	Build, Package	80 Function
40	Assignment	90 System
50	Interface	100 Environment

Table C16 Time Recording Log

Student	Date	
Instructor	Program #	

Date	Start	Stop	Interruption Time	Delta Time	Phase	Comments

Table C34 PSP1 Project Plan Summary

Student			Date		
Program			Program #		
Instructor			Language		
Summary LOC/Hour	Plan		Actual	To Date	
Program Size (LOC)	Plan		Actual	To Date	
Base(B)					
	(Measured)		(Measured)		
Deleted (D)					
	(Estimated)		(Counted)		
Modified (M)					
	(Estimated)		(Counted)		
Added (A)					
	(N – M)		(T-B+D-R)		
Reused (R)					
,	(Estimated)		(Counted)		
Total New and Changed (N)					
	(Estimated)		(A + M)		
Total LOC (T)	, ,		,		
Total Loc (1)	(N+B-M-D+B)	8)	(Measured)		
Total New Reused			(1710404104)		
Time in Phase (min.)	Plan	Actual	To Date	To Date %	
Planning	1 Ian	Actual	10 Date	10 Date /0	
Design			<u> </u>		
Code	-				
Compile					
Test					
Postmortem					
Total					
Defects Injected		Actual	To Date	To Date %	
Planning		Actual	10 Date	10 Date /0	
Design	•		<u> </u>		
Code	-				
Compile	•				
Test	·				
Total Development	-				
Defects Removed		Actual	To Date	To Date %	
Planning	<u>-</u>				
Design	<u>-</u>				
Code	<u>.</u>				
Compile			_		
Test					
Total Development	-				
After Development					

Name		Insp	pectio	on Re	port - H	F orm I N Dat			
Team							ructor		
Part/L	Level					Сус	ele		
Mode	rator	Owner							
Engir	neer Data								
	Name				ects ¹	_	paration	Data	Est.
			Major		Minor	Size	Time Rate		Yield
Total	s:								
Defec	et Data								
No	Defect Descriptio	n	Def	fects	Eng	ineers (f	inding m	ajor def	ects)
			Maj	Min				A	В
									_
Total	<u> </u>								
	ue Defects								
Inspe	ection Summary	Pr	oduct	Size:		Siz	e Measu	re:	
Total	defects for A:	_		fects f				ommon):	
	Defects (AB/C):	_			d (A+B-C		_	er Left:	
Meeti	ing Time:	_		-	on Hours			ll Rate:	
	TSPi Inspe	ction	Rep	ort I	nstructi	ons - F	orm IN	S	

¹ Major defects either change the program source code or would ultimately cause a source code change if not fixed in time; all other defects are considered minor.

Purpose	- Use this form to gather and analyze inspection data.
General	- These data must be gathered during the inspection because they generally
	cannot be obtained later.
	- Record the preparation data at the beginning of the inspection meeting.
	- Complete the form at the end of the inspection meeting.
	- It is helpful to have line and page numbers on the printed product text.
Header	Enter your name, the team name, instructor's name and the date.
	- the product, level, and development cycle
	- the names of the moderator and product owner
Engineer Data	For each reviewer, enter the reviewer's name and preparation time, as well as
O	- the number of major and minor defects that reviewer found
	- the LOC, lines, or pages the reviewer inspected (reviewers may
	concentrate on program sections)
	- the preparation rate in LOC, pseudocode lines, or pages per hour
	Enter total preparation time, total major and minor defects, and overall rate.
	The moderator calculates total and engineer yields at the end of the meeting.
Defect Data: No.	- Enter a number for each defect found in the inspection.
	- It is generally most convenient to use the document line and page number
Defect Data: Defect	- Describe each defect and check whether it is major (Maj.) or minor (Min.).
Description	
Defect Data:	- In the first row below the <i>Engineers</i> heading, enter the initials of each
Engineers	engineer who is participating in the inspection.
	- For major defects, check the column for each engineer who found that
	defect during inspection preparation.
Summary	At the end of the inspection, complete the summary data.
z wiiii	Product size:
	- For requirements or high-level design inspections, enter the text pages.
	- For detailed design inspections, enter the LOC or pseudocode lines.
	- For source code, enter the source-code LOC.
	For the defect summary values, see the following explanation.
	Enter meeting time, total inspection hours, and overall inspection rate.
Summary: Estimate	- After all defects are entered, count the major defects each engineer found
Remaining Defects	that no other engineer found (the engineer's unique defects).
remaining Defects	- Identify the engineer who found the most unique defects.
	- Check each defect that engineer found in column A.
	- In column B, check all the defects found by the other engineers.
	- Count the common defects (C for common) between columns A and B.
	- The estimated total defects in the product is AB/C.
	- Round fractional results to the nearest integer.
	- The number found in the inspection is A+B-C.
	- The number left is: total less the number found: (AB/C)-(A+B-C).
	- This defect estimate is only reliable when all the numbers A and B are
	greater than 4 and A-C, and B-C are both greater than 1.
	- Even with these criteria, the total defect error is likely to be 10% or more.
	- When one or more engineers' yields are 70% or better, the estimates are
	generally quite accurate.
	- If A=B=C, you have likely found all the defects.
	- If A=B=C, you have likely found all the defects. - If several engineers found the same largest number of unique defects,
	repeat these calculations, using each of these engineers as A, and use the
	largest resulting number as the total defect estimate.