**READY** 

## **Building domain features from WAT**

```
%pyspark
                                                                                       FINISHED
 from __future__ import print_function
 nfiles = 128
 inputURI = "s3://billsdata.net/CommonCrawl/domain_paths_from_%d_WAT_files/" % nfiles
 domains_rdd = sc.textFile(inputURI).map(eval)
 domains_rdd.cache()
 domain_uri_count = domains_rdd\
                      .map(lambda x: [len(x['path_set']), sum([len(uri) for uri in x['path_set'])
                      .aggregate((0, 0, 0),
                                   lambda acc, value: (acc[0] + 1, acc[1] + value[0], acc[2]
                                  lambda acc1, acc2: (acc1[0] + acc2[0], acc1[1] + acc2[1],
 print("Nr domains: %15d" % domain_uri_count[0])
 print("Nr page URIs: %13d" % domain_uri_count[1])
print("Nr URI chars: %13d" % domain_uri_count[2])
Nr domains:
                     2626203
                    71799497
Nr page URIs:
Nr URI chars:
                 3259974688
Took 1 min 12 sec. Last updated by anonymous at September 16 2017, 12:50:48 PM.
```

Write to S3 a single string for all domains:

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```
%pyspark

def domain_string(domain, path_set):
    """
    Takes domain and concatenates with path URIs separated by newlines..
    """
    out = domain + '\n' + '\n'.join(list(path_set)) + '\n\n\n'
    return out

big_domain_string = domains_rdd\
    .map(lambda x: domain_string(x['domain'], x['path_set']))

outputURI = "s3://billsdata.net/CommonCrawl/domain_string_from_%d_WAT_files" % nfiles
codec = "org.apache.hadoop.io.compress.GzipCodec"
big_domain_string.saveAsTextFile(outputURI, codec)

Took 48 sec. Last updated by anonymous at September 16 2017, 12:51:40 PM.
```

Cluster	nr files	nr domains	nr page URIs	nr chars	time
16 x m4.large	1	168k	1.8M	63.7M	6 sec
16 x m4.large	128	2.6M	71.8M	3.26B	48 sec

To concatenate into a single gzip file (may need to mount extra local disk space):

```
$ aws s3 sync s3://billsdata.net/CommonCrawl/domain_string_from_128_WAT_files/
./tmp
$ gunzip -c ./tmp/part*.gz | cat | gzip -c > ./tmp/big_domain_string_128.gz
$ aws s3 sync ./tmp/big_domain_string_128.gz s3://billsdata.net/CommonCrawl/
$ rm -r ./tmp
```

Took 0 sec. Last updated by anonymous at September 16 2017, 1:52:14 PM.

**READY** 

## URI paths and hex string RDDs

Continue with cached domains rdd as above.

```
%pyspark

hex_inputURI = "s3://billsdata.net/CommonCrawl/domain_hex_strings_from_%d_WAT_files/" % nf
domain_strings = sc.textFile(hex_inputURI)
domain_strings.cache()

print(domains_rdd.count())
print(domain_strings.count())

168033
168033
```

Compute the distribution of characters for a small sample:

READY

```
%pyspark
                                                                                     READY
from collections import Counter
big_path_sample = domains_rdd.take(10000)
# either:
char_count = sc.parallelize(big_path_sample)\
        .flatMap(lambda s: Counter(s).items())\
        .reduceByKey(lambda x,y: x+y)\
        .collect()
# or:
char_count = sc.parallelize(big_path_sample)\
        .map(lambda x: ''.join(list(x['path_set'])))\
        .map(lambda s: Counter(s))\
        .aggregate(Counter(),
                    lambda acc, value: acc + value,
                    lambda acc1, acc2: acc1 + acc2)
```

```
# convert to dict:
 char_count = dict(char_count)
 # examine:
 print("Nr characters:", len(char_count.keys()))
 for key, value in sorted(char_count.iteritems(), key=lambda (k,v): (-v,k)):
     print "%8d %4s %16s" % (value, key, hexify(key))
('Nr characters:', 720)
  920787
                            2f
            /
  707206
                            65
            е
  617484
                            61
            а
  570662
                            2d
                            74
  528804
            t
                            69
  493309
            i
  490928
                            73
           S
  452008
                            6f
            0
                            72
  408334
            r
  392557
                            6e
            n
  378286
           1
                            6c
  336452
           m
                            6d
                            30
  302973
            0
                            67
  302437
            g
  299488
                            70
            р
  299057
                            31
            1
  200722
                            62
```

```
%pyspark
                                                                                       READY
 from collections import Counter
 big_string_sample = domain_strings.take(2000)
 hex_count = sc.parallelize(big_string_sample)\
         .map(lambda s: Counter(s.split()))\
         .aggregate(Counter(),
                     lambda acc, value: acc + value,
                     lambda acc1, acc2: acc1 + acc2)
 # convert to dict:
hex_count = dict(hex_count)
# examine:
 print("Nr hex characters:", len(hex_count.keys()))
 for key, value in sorted(hex_count.iteritems(), key=lambda (k,v): k):
     print "%2s %8d" % (key, value)
('Nr hex characters:', 167)
      1056
      49954
         24
0a
         22
0d
20
        195
21
        201
25
     33168
26
         18
         19
27
28
         15
29
        15
2b
        317
2c
        208
```

```
2d 96643
2e 36674
2f 177117
```

Now let's look at basic statistics of the path URI for a domain...

**READY** 

```
%pyspark
                                                                                            READY
import re
from math import log
from collections import Counter
def hx(i):
    Normalised 2-char hex representation of 0-255
    a = hex(i)[2:]
    if len(a)<2: a = ''.join(['0',a])
hexabet = [hx(x) for x in range(256)] + ['.','-']
def hexify(c):
    try:
         s = c.encode("utf-8").encode("hex")
    except UnicodeDecodeError:
        s = 0
    n = len(s)
    if n <= 2: return s
    a = ' '.join([s[i:i+2]+' -' for i in range(0,n,2)])
    return a[:-1]
def hexalise(str):
    return ' '.join([hexify(c) for c in str]) + ' . '
def domain_string(domain, path_set):
    out = hexalise(domain)
    for p in path_set: out += hexalise(p)
    return out
def string_features_v1(str):
    Coarse first version of a feature vector for a string.
    A placeholder for stronger versions.
    N = float(len(str))
    if N==0: return None
    a = len(re.findall(r'/', str))/N
b = len(re.findall(r'\.', str))/N
    c = len(re.findall(r'-', str))/N
d = len(re.findall(r'_', str))/N
    cap = len(re.findall(r'[A-Z]', str))/N
    num = len(re.findall(r'[0-9]', str))/N
    return [log(N), a, b, c, d, num, cap]
def string_features_hex(hexstr):
    Symbol distribution of a hexalised string.
    out = dict([(x,0) \text{ for } x \text{ in hexabet}])
```

```
ct = dict(Counter(hexstr.split()))
for k in out.keys():
    if k in ct.keys():
    out[k] += ct[k]

out = [v[1] for v in sorted(out.iteritems(), key=lambda (k,v): k)]
out = [float(x)/sum(out) for x in out]
return out

def string_features_v2(str):
    """
    Version 2: combine the hexal distribution with the previous string statistics.
    """
    N = float(len(str))
    if N==0: return None
    cap = len(re.findall(r'[A-Z]', str))/N
    num = len(re.findall(r'[0-9]', str))/N
```

```
%pyspark

def feature_extractor(x):
    str_set = [s for s in x['path_set'] if (string_features_v1(s) is not None) and (string.
    a = [string_features_v1(s) for s in str_set]
    b = [string_features_v2(s) for s in str_set]
    return (x['domain'], a, b)

page_feature_rdd = domains_rdd.map(feature_extractor)
page_feature_rdd.cache()
print(page_feature_rdd.count())

168033
```

The plot below take a random sample of domains, and apply featrue vectors v1 and v2 to the path of the

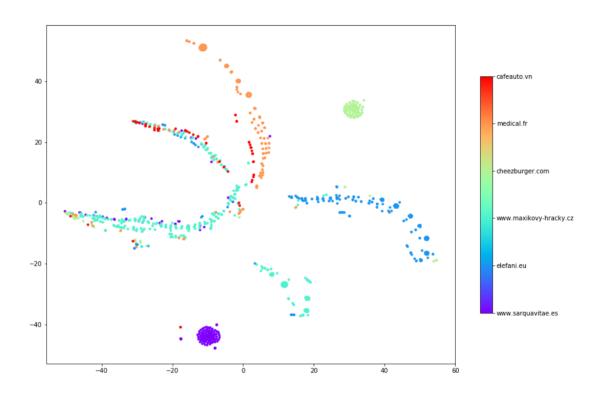
```
%pyspark
                                                                                       READY
import numpy as np
from sklearn.manifold import TSNE as tSNE
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
ndomains = 6
minpaths = 50
some_domains = page_feature_rdd\
                 .filter(lambda x: len(x[1]) \rightarrow minpaths)\
                 .takeSample(False, ndomains)
mat_v1 = []
for dom in some_domains:
    mat_v1 += dom[1]
mat_v1 = np.array(mat_v1)
mat_v2 = []
for dom in some_domains:
    mat_v2 += dom[2]
mat_v2 = np.array(mat_v2)
lookup = [(x[0], len(x[1])) for x in some_domains]
```

```
col = []
for i in range(len(lookup)):
    _, ct = lookup[i]
    col += [[i] for j in range(ct)]

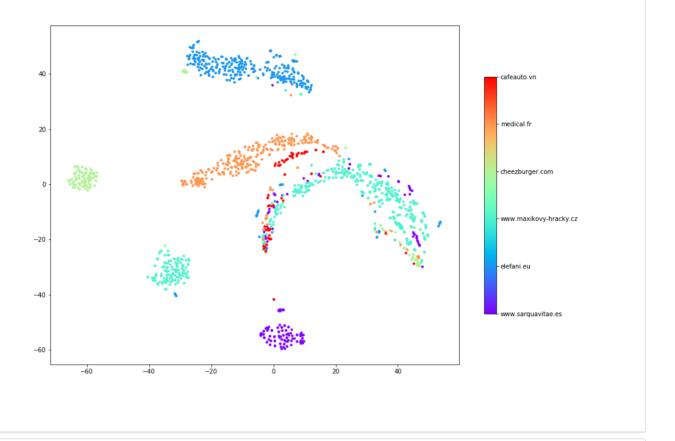
proj_2d_v1 = tSNE(n_components=2).fit_transform(mat_v1)
proj_2d_v2 = tSNE(n_components=2).fit_transform(mat_v2)

for proj in [proj_2d_v1, proj_2d_v2]:
    fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(15,10))
    cax = ax.scatter(proj[:,0], proj[:,1], s=10.0, c=col, edgecolors='face', cmap='rainbow cbar = fig.colorbar(cax, ticks=range(ndomains), shrink=0.7)
    cbar.ax.set_yticklabels([dom[0] for dom in some_domains]) # vertically oriented colorbl.show()
```

[<matplotlib.text.Text object at 0x7f7f7c01c310>, <matplotlib.text.Text object at 0x7f7f7c0 38f50>, <matplotlib.text.Text object at 0x7f7f7c0c24d0>, <matplotlib.text.Text object at 0x7f7f7c0c2bd0>, <matplotlib.text.Text object at 0x7f7f7c0d0310>, <matplotlib.text.Text object at 0x7f7f7c0d0a10>]



[, , , , , ]



%pyspark READY

page\_feature\_rdd.unpersist()
domains\_rdd.unpersist()

PythonRDD[70] at RDD at PythonRDD.scala:48

**READY** 

## **Export domain feature vectors**

```
%pyspark

nfiles = 128
inputURI = "s3://billsdata.net/CommonCrawl/domain_paths_from_%d_WAT_files/" % nfiles
domains_rdd = sc.textFile(inputURI).map(eval)
domains_rdd.cache()

def domain_features(domain, path_set):
    """
    Takes domain + set of paths as output by parse_urls() and
    applies extracts statistics of the signature string.
    """
    return string_features_v2(domain_string(domain, path_set))

def feature_extractor(x):
    return (x['domain'], domain_features(x['domain'], x['path_set']))

domain_feature_rdd = domains_rdd.map(feature_extractor)
```

%pyspark READY

outputURI = "s3://billsdata.net/CommonCrawl/domain\_hex\_feature\_vectors\_from\_%d\_WAT\_files" !
codec = "org.apache.hadoop.io.compress.GzipCodec"
domain\_feature\_rdd.saveAsTextFile(outputURI, codec)

Timings: FINISHED

Cluster	nr files	nr domains	time
16 x m4.large	128	2.6M	40 min 7 sec

Let's check what we've just written:

Took 1 sec. Last updated by anonymous at September 16 2017, 12:44:27 PM.

```
%pyspark READY
```

inputURI = "s3://billsdata.net/CommonCrawl/domain\_hex\_feature\_vectors\_from\_%d\_WAT\_files" %
features\_rdd = sc.textFile(inputURI).map(eval)
print("Nr domains:", features\_rdd.count())
print(features\_rdd.take(1))

```
('Nr domains:', 2626203)
```

[(u'www.iggl.de', [3.6375861597263857, 0.5, 0.0, 0.0, 0.02564102564, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0,  $0.0,\ 0.0,\ 0.0,\ 0.0,\ 0.0,\ 0.0,\ 0.0,\ 0.0,\ 0.0,\ 0.05128205128205128,\ 0.0,\ 0.0,\ 0.0,\ 0.05128205128205128,\ 0.0,\ 0.0,\ 0.0,\ 0.0,\ 0.05128205128205128,\ 0.0,$ 128205128205128, 0.0, 0.02564102564102564, 0.02564102564, 0.15384615384615385, 0.2051 

%pyspark READY