

LEC12: Vertex Buffer Object and Vertex Array Object

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 - Usage of VAO

Program Examples

- Please prepare the program files in the lecture note board
 - LEC12.0_translate_vs.c
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 - LEC12.2_translate_two_vbo.c
 - LEC12.3_translate_vao.c

LEC12.0_translate_vs.c

- Currently, commands in mydisplay() are repeated
- Move those in mydisplay() to myinit()

Vertex Buffer Object (VBO)

- provides methods for uploading vertex attribute (position, normal vector, color, etc.) to GPU memory for non-immediate-mode rendering.

LEC12.1_translate_one_vbo.c (1)

```
Gluint vbo[1];
```

```
glGenBuffers(1, vbo);
```

```
glBindBuffer(GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, vbo[0]);
```

```
glBufferData(GL_ARRAY_BUFFER,  
             2 * 3 * 4 * sizeof(GLfloat), NULL, GL_STATIC_DRAW);
```

```
glBufferSubData(GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, 0, 3 * 4 * sizeof(GLfloat), vertices);
```

```
glBufferSubData(GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, 3 * 4 * sizeof(GLfloat),  
                3 * 4 * sizeof (GLfloat), colors);
```

LEC12.1_translate_one_vbo.c (2)

```
GLuint loc;  
loc = glGetAttribLocation(prog, "aPosition");  
glEnableVertexAttribArray(loc);  
glVertexAttribPointer(loc, 4, GL_FLOAT, GL_FALSE, 0, (GLvoid*)0);  
loc = glGetAttribLocation(prog, "aColor");  
glEnableVertexAttribArray(loc);  
glVertexAttribPointer(loc, 4, GL_FLOAT, GL_FALSE, 0,  
                      (GLvoid*)(3 * 4 * sizeof(GLfloat)));
```

glGenBuffers

- returns n buffer object names in buffers

Ex) GLuint vbo[1];
 glGenBuffers(1, vbo);

- void glGenBuffers(GLsizei n, GLuint * buffers);
 - n : Specifies the number of buffer object names to be generated.
 - buffers : Specifies an array in which the generated buffer object names are stored.

glBindBuffer

- binds a buffer object to the specified buffer binding point

Ex) `glBindBuffer(GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, vbo[0]);`

- `void glBindBuffer(GLenum target, GLuint buffer);`
 - target: Specifies the target to which the buffer object is bound
 - buffer: Specifies the name of a buffer object.

Buffer Binding Targets

Buffer Binding Target	Purpose
GL_ARRAY_BUFFER	Vertex attributes
GL_ATOMIC_COUNTER_BUFFER	Atomic counter storage
GL_COPY_READ_BUFFER	Buffer copy source
GL_COPY_WRITE_BUFFER	Buffer copy destination
GL_DISPATCH_INDIRECT_BUFFER	Indirect compute dispatch commands
GL_DRAW_INDIRECT_BUFFER	Indirect command arguments
GL_ELEMENT_ARRAY_BUFFER	Vertex array indices
GL_PIXEL_PACK_BUFFER	Pixel read target
GL_PIXEL_UNPACK_BUFFER	Texture data source
GL_QUERY_BUFFER	Query result buffer
GL_SHADER_STORAGE_BUFFER	Read-write storage for shaders
GL_TEXTURE_BUFFER	Texture data buffer
GL_TRANSFORM_FEEDBACK_BUFFER	Transform feedback buffer
GL_UNIFORM_BUFFER	Uniform block storage

glBufferData

- used for creating a new data store for a buffer object

Ex) `glBufferData(GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, 2 * 3 * 4 * sizeof(GLfloat), NULL, GL_STATIC_DRAW);`

- `void glBufferData(GLenum target, GLsizeiptr size, const void * data, GLenum usage);`
 - target: Specifies the target to which the buffer object is bound for `glBufferData`
 - size: Specifies the size in bytes of the buffer object's new data store.
 - data: Specifies a pointer to data that will be copied into the data store for initialization, or NULL if no data is to be copied.
 - usage: Specifies the expected usage pattern of the data store. It must be `GL_STREAM_DRAW`, `GL_STREAM_READ`, `GL_STREAM_COPY`, `GL_STATIC_DRAW`, `GL_STATIC_READ`, `GL_STATIC_COPY`, `GL_DYNAMIC_DRAW`, `GL_DYNAMIC_READ`, or `GL_DYNAMIC_COPY`.

The constant for usage

The frequency of access

- STREAM
 - The data store contents will be modified once and used at most a few times.
- STATIC
 - The data store contents will be modified once and used many times.
- DYNAMIC
 - The data store contents will be modified repeatedly and used many times.

The nature of access:

- DRAW
 - The data store contents are modified by the application, and used as the source for GL drawing and image specification commands.
- READ
 - The data store contents are modified by reading data from the GL, and used to return that data when queried by the application.
- COPY
 - The data store contents are modified by reading data from the GL, and used as the source for GL drawing and image specification commands.

glBufferSubData

- redefine some or all of the data store for the specified buffer object

Ex) `glBufferSubData(GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, 0, 3 * 4 * sizeof(GLfloat), vertices);`

```
glBufferSubData(GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, 3 * 4 * sizeof(GLfloat),  
                3 * 4 * sizeof(GLfloat), colors);
```

- `void glBufferSubData(GLenum target, GLintptr offset, GLsizeiptr size, const void * data);`
 - `target` : Specifies the target to which the buffer object is bound for `glBufferSubData`
 - `offset`: Specifies the offset into the buffer object's data store where data replacement will begin, measured in bytes.
 - `size`: Specifies the size in bytes of the data store region being replaced.
 - `data`: Specifies a pointer to the new data that will be copied into the data store.

glVertexAttribPointer

- specify the location and data format of the array of generic vertex attributes at index

```
glVertexAttribPointer(loc, 4, GL_FLOAT, GL_FALSE, 0, (GLvoid*)0);
```

...

```
glVertexAttribPointer(loc, 4, GL_FLOAT, GL_FALSE, 0,  
                      (GLvoid*)(3 * 4 * sizeof(GLfloat)));
```

- void glVertexAttribPointer(GLuint index, GLint size, GLenum type, GLboolean normalized, GLsizei stride, const void * pointer);
 - pointer: Specifies a offset of the first component of the first generic vertex attribute in the array in the data store of the buffer currently bound to the GL_ARRAY_BUFFER target. The initial value is 0.

LEC12.2_translate_two_vbo.c

```
GLfloat vertices[] = {  
    -0.5, -0.5, 0.0, 1.0,  
    +0.5, -0.5, 0.0, 1.0,  
    -0.5, +0.5, 0.0, 1.0,  
};  
  
GLfloat colors[] = {  
    1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0, // red  
    0.0, 1.0, 0.0, 1.0, // green  
    0.0, 0.0, 1.0, 1.0, // blue  
};
```

```
GLfloat vertices2[] = {  
    -0.8, -0.8, 0.0, 1.0,  
    +0.2, -0.8, 0.0, 1.0,  
    -0.8, +0.2, 0.0, 1.0,  
};  
  
GLfloat colors2[] = {  
    1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0,  
    1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0,  
    1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0,  
};
```

Drawing two objects by using VBO

- Complicated & Repetition
- For drawing multiple objects, using VAO is a solution !!!

Vertex Array Object (VAO)

- A Vertex Array Object (VAO) is an OpenGL Object that stores all of the state needed to supply vertex data.
- It stores the format of the vertex data as well as the VBO providing the vertex data arrays.

LEC12.3_translate_vao.c (1)

```
GLuint vbo[2], vao[2]; // global variables
```

```
...
```

```
glGenVertexArrays(2, vao);
```

```
glBindVertexArray(vao[0]);
```

```
glGenBuffers(2, vbo); //////////////////////////////////////
```

```
glBindBuffer(GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, vbo[0]);
```

```
glBufferData(GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, 2 * 3 * 4 * sizeof(GLfloat), NULL, GL_STATIC_DRAW);
```

```
glBufferSubData(GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, 0, 3 * 4 * sizeof(GLfloat), vertices);
```

```
glBufferSubData(GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, 3 * 4 * sizeof(GLfloat), 3 * 4 * sizeof(GLfloat), colors);
```

```
GLuint loc;
```

```
loc = glGetAttribLocation(prog, "aPosition");
```

```
glEnableVertexAttribArray(loc);
```

```
glVertexAttribPointer(loc, 4, GL_FLOAT, GL_FALSE, 0, (GLvoid*)0);
```

```
loc = glGetAttribLocation(prog, "aColor");
```

```
glEnableVertexAttribArray(loc);
```

```
glVertexAttribPointer(loc, 4, GL_FLOAT, GL_FALSE, 0, (GLvoid*)(3 * 4 * sizeof(GLfloat)));
```

LEC12.3_translate_vao.c (2)

```
glBindVertexArray(vao[1]);
```

```
glBindBuffer(GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, vbo[1]);
```

```
glBufferData(GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, 2 * 3 * 4 * sizeof(GLfloat), NULL, GL_STATIC_DRAW);
```

```
glBufferSubData(GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, 0, 3 * 4 * sizeof(GLfloat), vertices2);
```

```
glBufferSubData(GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, 3 * 4 * sizeof(GLfloat), 3 * 4 * sizeof(GLfloat), colors2);
```

```
loc = glGetAttribLocation(prog, "aPosition");
```

```
glEnableVertexAttribArray(loc);
```

```
glVertexAttribPointer(loc, 4, GL_FLOAT, GL_FALSE, 0, (GLvoid*)0);
```

```
loc = glGetAttribLocation(prog, "aColor");
```

```
glEnableVertexAttribArray(loc);
```

```
glVertexAttribPointer(loc, 4, GL_FLOAT, GL_FALSE, 0, (GLvoid*)(3 * 4 * sizeof(GLfloat)));
```

glGenVertexArrays

- returns n vertex array object names in arrays.

Ex) `glGenVertexArrays(2, vao);`

- `void glGenVertexArrays(GLsizei n, GLuint *arrays);`
 - n : Specifies the number of vertex array object names to generate.
 - arrays : Specifies an array in which the generated vertex array object names are stored.

glBindVertexArray

- binds the vertex array object with name array
Ex) `glBindVertexArray(vao[0]);`
- `void glBindVertexArray(GLuint array);`
 - array: Specifies the name of the vertex array to bind.

mydisplay

```
glBindVertexArray(vao[0]);  
glDrawArrays(GL_TRIANGLES, 0, 3);
```

```
glBindVertexArray(vao[1]);  
glDrawArrays(GL_TRIANGLES, 0, 3);
```

HW#12 Using Vertex Array Object (1)

- Due date: This Friday 6:00pm
- Draw a colored pentagon, a colored rectangle, and a colored triangle by using VAO in a static state (no translation).
- Each object must be drawn as a whole shape in the window (no hidden or clipped part).
- Submit the **.c file** through LMS.

HW#12 Using Vertex Array Object (2)

Execution example

