```
a → wiver as isteger array, sheek if there exist a
   pair (i,j) s.t A[i] + A[j] = K & i! = j
   A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \\ A = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 9 & 1 & -2 & 4 & 5 & 11 & -6 & 4 \end{bmatrix}
    K = 6 A[2] + A[5] = 6 Ans = True
    K = 22 And = false
   A = [3 5 1 2 1 2] K=7 Ans = true
                              K=10 Are=folse
 Bruteforce > Vi, j check if sum = K & i!=j.
                                TC = O(N^2) SC = O(1)
for i \rightarrow 1 to (N-1)
                                      Ali]+A[j] = A[j]+A[i]
for j \rightarrow 0 to (i-1)
 if (ALiJ + A/jJ == K)
                                      i < j or i > j
return true
I return false TC = O(N^2) SC = O(1)
        AljI st. AljI = K-AliI Hash Set
Search K-Ali7 - complete array X
          6-8 = -2 And = true
K = 6
```

2) Treart Alil in Hashset
$$\sqrt{(j < i)}$$

A = $\begin{bmatrix} 8 & 9 & 2 & -2 & 4 & 5 & 11 & -6 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$

A = $\begin{bmatrix} 8 & 9 & 2 & -2 & 4 & 5 & 11 & -6 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$

B = $\begin{bmatrix} 8 & 9 & 2 & -2 & 4 & 5 & 11 & -6 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$

S = $\begin{bmatrix} 8 & 9 & 2 & -2 & 4 & 5 & 11 & -6 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$

S = $\begin{bmatrix} 8 & 9 & 2 & -2 & 4 & 5 & 11 & -6 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$

$$K = \frac{4}{4}$$

$$4 - 8 = -4$$

$$4 - 5 = -1$$

$$4 - 9 = -5$$

$$4 - 11 = -7$$

$$4 - 2 = 2$$

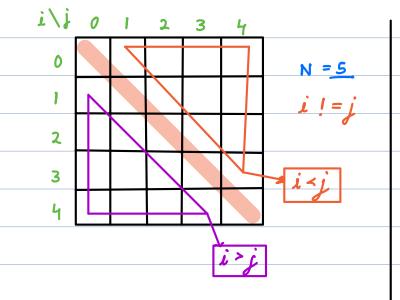
$$4 - (-6) = 10$$

$$4 - (-2) = 6$$

$$4 - 4 = 0$$
Ane = false \checkmark

$$K = \frac{7}{7}$$
 $7 - 8 = -1$ $7 - (-2) = 9$ $8 = 9 = 2$ $7 - 9 = -2$ $7 - 2 = 5$

$$TC = O(N)$$
 $SC = O(N)$



$$A \rightarrow \text{ Lourt pairs with sum = } K.$$

$$i!=j & (i,j)=(j,i).$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 5 & 1 & 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 5 & 1 & 2 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \qquad K=3$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & q & 2 & -2 & 4 & 5 & -2 & 5 & 2 \\ 8 & q & 2 & -2 & 4 & 5 & -2 & 5 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\stackrel{\cdot}{\cancel{x}} \stackrel{\cdot}{\cancel{x}} \stackrel{$$

$$7-9=-2$$
 +1 $2 \rightarrow 1$ $7-2=5$ +1 $-2 \rightarrow 2$

$$7 - 5 = 2$$
 6 (Ans)

$$7 - 5 = 2$$

$$TC = O(N)$$
 $SC = O(N)$

d → check if there exist a subservay with sum K. continuous part of array.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 3 & 9 & -4 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$
 $K = 8$ Ans = true $K = 12$ Ans = true

$$A = [5 \ 10 \ 20 \ 100 \ 105]$$
 $K = 110$ Ans = false

Subarray Sum
$$\Rightarrow$$
 prefix Sum
$$i - j \qquad P[j] - P[i-1] = K \qquad P[j]$$

$$i <= j \qquad \Rightarrow P[i-1] = P[j] - K$$

Vj, check PGI-K is present in profix sum or <u>p[i] = K</u>.

Hash Set (prefix sum)

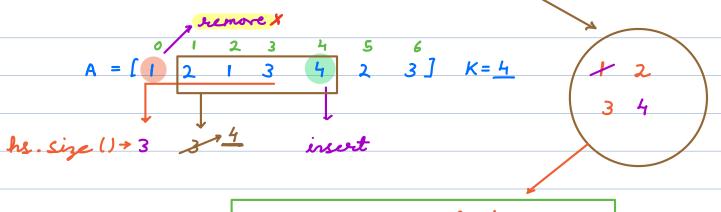
$$2 - 12 = -10$$

 $A \rightarrow \text{ liver an averay , find court of distinct elements}$ in every window of size K.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 & 3 & 4 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \quad K = 4$$

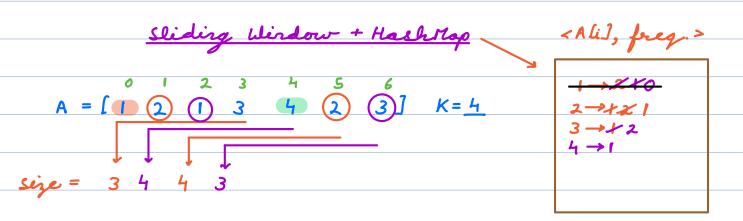
$$Ans \rightarrow 3 \quad 4 \quad 4 \quad 3$$

Sliding wirdow + Hasheat



removing from hashest removes all occurrences.

Hashtlap with freq. of elements.



```
for i → 0 to (K-1) {

| f = hm. getOrNefoult (Ali7, 0)

hm. put (Ali3, f+1)

}

print (hm. size())
```

prent (Inn. Size())

for i → K to (N-1) { || window (i-K+1) ____ i

f = hm. get Or Default (A[i],0) add A[i]

hm. put (A[i],f+1) remove A[i-K]

f = hm. get (A[i-K])

if (f == 1) hm. remove (A[i-K])

else hm. put (A[i-K],f-1)

print (hm. Size())

TC = O(N) SC = O(K)

