Midterm Part 1B (35 Points)

- 1. Determine the following constants up to 1 significant figure (that is, the number of digits, and the value of the most significant digit should be correct after rounding).
 - (a) $n \lg n$ where $n = 2^{30}$.
 - (b) The largest **signed** 32-bit integer.
 - (c) The number of times f is called in the following code:

```
for (int i = 0; i < (1 < < 20); ++i) f();
```

(d) The number of times f is called in the following code (give the numerical answer):

```
int[] arr = {1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10};
do
{
   f();
} while ( nextPermutation(arr) );
```

where nextPermutation behaves as discussed in class.

(e) The number of times f is called in the following code:

```
int count(int pos, int val)
{
   if (pos == 0) return f();
   return count(pos-1,val) + count(pos-1,val-1);
}
```

when count is called as count(20,20).

(f) (\star) The number of times f is called in the following code:

when count is called as count(20,20), and f always returns 1.

(g) (\star) The number of times f is called in the following code:

```
for (int i = 0; i < (1<<20); ++i)
for (int j = 0; j < 20; ++j)
if ( (i & (1<<j)) != 0) f();
```

- 2. What comes immediately after [4, 7, 23, 9, 12, 17, 15, 14, 3, 2] in lexicographic order?
- 3. Give, as **strings of bits**, the values of the following. You may omit leading (higher order) zeroes.
 - (a) The Java or C++ expression: $6 \hat{} (1 << 3) \hat{} (1 << 1)$
 - (b) The subset $\{1,3,4\}$ of $\{0,1,2,3,4,5\}$ expressed as a bitmask.
- 4. In each of the following assume the data structure has n elements. Use big-Oh notation.
 - (a) What is the **worst case** runtime of adding an element to an ArrayList or vector?
 - (b) What is the worst case runtime for removing the first (in the ordering) element from a Java PriorityQueue or C++ priority_queue (both have the same implementation)?
 - (c) What is the worst case runtime for querying a Fenwick tree?

Midterm Part 2B (65 Points)

- 1. You are given a 5-d cube with opposing corners at (0,0,0,0,0) and (1,1,1,1,1). If the point (a,b,c,d,e) is represented by the string of bits abcde, what are the bitstrings for the neighboring corners of 10110?
- 2. You are maintaining a fixed-length list of signed integers whose entries are changing. In addition to a large number of update operations, there will be frequent queries as to whether the product of a contiguous sub-range is positive, negative, or zero. Explain clearly but tersely:
 - (a) What data structure(s) you will use.
 - (b) What you do on an update operation that makes a positive element negative?
 - (c) What you do on a query operation.

You do **not** have to explain how to implement the data structure you have chosen.

- 3. Suppose you have ants walking on a log of length 20 (the left edge at x-coordinate 0, the right edge at 20). Currently three ants are facing rightward at x-coordinates 4, 7, and 14, and three ants are facing leftward at 8, 10, and 15. In how much time will all of the ants have fallen off the log?
- 4. Assuming you are given a function **boolean** canComplete(**int** strength) that returns whether a given strength (in [0, 10⁸]) is large enough to complete a task, write a function **int** minStrength() that returns the minimum strength needed. Your code should be Java or C++ code, but you will not be penalized for benign compiler errors as long as your code makes sense. You may write helper functions if necessary.

5. You are living in a world whose currencies are all powers-of-two between 2^0 and 2^{13} , inclusive. Write Java or C++ code that computes the number of ways to make exact change for the amount n, where $1 \le n \le 10000$. You may declare functions and allocate memory as necessary.