

Using Named Pipes

EXAMPLE:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <fcntl.h>

main()
{

    int      pfd;
    if(mkfifo("/tmp/my_ipc", 0666) == -1){
        perror("mkfifo failed: ");
        exit(2);
    }
    printf("Successfully made FIFO  /tmp/my_ipc\n");
}
```

FROM THE SHELL:

```
% ls -l /tmp/my_ipc
```

```
prw-rw-rw-  1 bill      fac   0 Dec 15 20:42 my_ipc
```

System V Interprocess Communication

Since pipe based ipc is somewhat limited due to the half duplex, stream only model, there was an early cry from the UNIX user community for a more featured set of ipc mechanism. With the advent of System V Unix in 1983, AT&T delivered a new set of ipc mechanism which included:

- A full-duplex datagram message queue facility
- Shared memory segment support
- Semaphore synchronization primitives

These facilities were the first in UNIX to use the signed integers for a name space (the file system name space had been used for all other mechanisms), and were designed to be *semi-persistent* global objects.

System V IPC (Cont'd)

The System V IPC mechanisms were designed as a set of interrelated functions which all shared a common interface style:

- Each mechanism has a kernel table for all instances
- Each mechanism uses a user-chosen numeric **key** for identification
- Each mechanism has a **get** call to translate the key into an entry identifier or **id**
- A key is an integer or the defined value `IPC_PRIVATE` from `ipc.h`
- Each get call has an integer flags field where 9 standard protection bits are or'd with the possible defined flags:
 - `IPC_CREAT` create if non-existent
 - `IPC_EXCL` fail if existent
- Each entry includes the UID and GID of the creating process, initially designated as creator and owner IDs, and owner can be redesignated
- Each entry contains status information, all of which can be read and some of which can be modified by a process with EUID of creator or owner using a control call

System V IPC (Cont'd)

SYNOPSIS

Get message queue identifier

```
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/msg.h>
```

```
int    msgget (key, msgflg)
key_t  key;
int    msgflg;
```

where:

key	A user-defined name for the message queue, either an integer or the constant <code>IPC_PRIVATE</code>
msgflg	A set of flags indicating the requested permission state of the message queue, whether a new message queue should be created, and whether the message queue should be held exclusively:

possible flags values

0	connect, do not create
<code>IPC_CREATE</code> 0666	connect or create and connect
<code>IPC_CREATE</code> <code>IPC_EXCL</code> 0666	create and connect, error if already exists

returns: `msqid`, a non-negative integer that identifies the message queue for `key`, or `-1`

System V IPC (Cont'd)

Send a message

Receive a message

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <sys/types.h>
```

```
#include <sys/ipc.h>
```

```
#include <sys/msg.h>
```

```
int      msgsnd (msqid, msgp, msgsz, msgflg)
```

```
int      msgrcv (msqid, msgp, msgsz, msgtyp, msgflg)
```

```
int      msqid;
```

```
void     *msgp;
```

```
size_t   msgsz;
```

```
long     msgtyp;
```

```
int      msgflg;
```

where:

msqid A message queue identifier

msgp The message buffer of the message to be sent

msgsz The size in bytes of the mtext portion of the message buffer

msgtyp Message type, 0, positive, negative

msgflg A set of flags modifying the action of msgsnd

possible flag values

IPC_NOWAIT don't wait for message

MSG_NOERROR truncate if buffer too small

message object

```
struct mymsg{
```

```
    int  type;
```

```
    char mtext[SOMESIZE]
```

```
}
```

returns: 0 on success, or -1

System V IPC (Cont'd)

,

Get or set message queue attributes or destroy
a message queue

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/msg.h>

int  msgctl (msqid, cmd, buf)
int  msqid;
int  cmd;
struct msqid_ds * buf;
```

where:

msqid	A message queue identifier
cmd	The message control operation to be performed
buf	The address of a message queue attribute record (used only if cmd is IPC_STAT or IPC_SET)

possible cmd values

IPC_STAT	fill in buf with current attributes
IPC_SET	use buf to modify selected attributes
IPC_RMID	remove the msgqid from the system and discard all outstanding messages

returns: 0 on success, or -1

System V IPC (Cont'd)

EXAMPLE:

A message client sends a message to a server and receives a reply

```
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/msg.h>
#include <stdio.h>

#define MSGKEY (1234567)

typedef struct{
    int  mtype;
    char body[252];
} MSG;

int main(int argc, char * argv[]){
    MSG amessage;
    int *int_ptr, pid, msg_id, msg_type=2;

    if((msg_id = msgget((key_t)MSGKEY, 0)) == -1){
        perror("msgget failed :");
        exit(1);
    }
    pid = getpid();
    int_ptr = (int *)amessage.mtext;
    *int_ptr = pid;
    amessage.mtype = msg_type;
    if(msgsnd(msg_id, &amessage,
        sizeof(amessage.mtext), 0) == -1){
        perror("msgsnd failed :");
        exit(1);
    }
    msg_type = pid;
    if(msgrcv(msg_id, &amessage,
        sizeof(amessage.mtext), msg_type, 0) == -1){
        perror("msgrcv failed :");
        exit(1);
    }
    printf("Server pid is %d\n", *(int *)amessage.mtext);
}
```

System V IPC (Cont'd)

EXAMPLE:

A message sever receives a message from a client
and returns a reply

```
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/msg.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#define MSGKEY (1234567)
typedef struct{
    int  mtype;
    char body[252];
} MSG;

int msg_id;
void sig_handler(int signum){
    printf("going down on signal %d\n", signum);
    msgctl(msg_id, IPC_RMID, 0);
    exit(1);
}

int main(int argc, char * argv[]){
    MSG amessage;
    int *int_ptr, pid, msg_type=2;
    struct sigaction  new;
    sigset_t  mask_sigs;
    int  i, nsigs;
    int sigs[] = {SIGHUP,SIGINT,SIGQUIT, SIGPIPE
                  SIGTERM, SIGBUS, SIGSEGV, SIGFPE};

    nsigs = sizeof(sigs)/sizeof(int)
    sigemptyset(&mask_sigs);
    for(i=0; i< nsigs; i++)
        sigaddset(&mask_sigs, sigs[i]);
    for(i=0; i< nsigs; i++){
        new.sa_handler = sig_handler;
        new.sa_mask = mask_sigs;
        new.sa_flags = SA_RESTART;
        if(sigaction(sigs[i], &new, NULL) == -1){
            perror("can't set signals: ");
            exit(1);
        }
    }
}
```


System V IPC (Cont'd)

EXAMPLE:

A message sever receives a message from a client
and returns a reply cont'd

```
if((msg_id = msgget((key_t)MSGKEY, IPC_CREATE | 0666)) == -1){
    perror("msgget failed :");
    exit(1);
}
for(;;){
    if(msgrcv(msg_id, &amessage,
        sizeof(amessage.mtext), msg_type, 0) == -1){
        perror("msgrcv failed :");
        exit(1);
    }
    printf("Client pid is %d\n", (pid = *(int *)amessage.mtext));
    amessage.mtype = pid;
    pid = getpid();
    int_ptr = (int *)amessage.mtext;
    *int_ptr = pid;
    if(msgsnd(msg_id, &amessage,
        sizeof(amessage.mtext), 0) == -1){
        perror("msgsnd failed :");
        exit(1);
    }
}
}
```

System V IPC (Cont'd)

Get shared memory segment

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/shm.h>

int    shmget (key, size, shmflg)
key_t key;
int    size;
int    shmflg;
```

where:

key	Key identifying shared memory segment
size	Size in bytes of the shared memory segment
shmflg	Access and option shmflgs.

possible flags values

0	get id, do not create
IPC_CREATE 0666	get id or create and get id
IPC_CREATE IPC_EXCL 0666	create and get id, error if already exists

returns: shmids, a non-negative integer that identifies the shared memory segment associated with key or -1

System V IPC (Cont'd)

Attach a shared memory segment

Detach a shared memory segment

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/shm.h>

void * shmat (shmid, shmaddr, shmflg)
int  shmid;
void * shmaddr;
int  shmflg;
```

where:

shmid The shared memory identifier of the shared segment to attach

shmaddr The byte address at which to attach the shared segment (may be defaulted to a system-selected value or rounded to a system-specified address boundary)

shmflg SHM_RND and/or SHM_RDONLY, an option flag used to select between the various options for shmaddr and to choose read-only or read-write access to the shared memory segment

returns: the attached address within the process address space or -1 (should cast to int for testing)

SYNOPSIS

```
int  shmdt (shmaddr)
void * shmaddr;
```

where:

shmaddr The byte address of the attached shared memory segment to be detached. This must equal the value returned by shmat when the shared segment was attached.

returns: 0 on success, or -1

System V IPC (Cont'd)

Shared memory control operations

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/shm.h>

int  shmctl (shmids, cmd, buf)
int  shmids;
int  cmd;
struct shmids_ds * buf;
```

where:

shmids	The shared memory identifier of the shared area to be operated on
cmd	The specific shared memory operation (IPC_STAT, IPC_SET, or IPC_RMID)
buf	The address of a shared memory structure to be used in the operation (used only if command is IPC_STAT or IPC_SET)

returns: 0 on success, or -1

System V IPC (Cont'd)

EXAMPLE:

A process maps a shared memory segment
at two different virtual locations

```
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/shm.h>
#include <stdio.h>

#define SHMKEY (7654321)

int shm_id;
void sig_handler(int signum){
    printf("going down on signal %d\n", signum);
    shmctl(shm_id, IPC_RMID, 0);
    exit(1);
}

int main(int argc, char * argv[]){
    int    cntr, *addr1, *addr2;
    struct sigaction  new;
    sigset_t  mask_sigs;
    int  i, nsigs;
    int sigs[] = {SIGHUP, SIGINT, SIGQUIT, SIGPIPE,
                  SIGTERM, SIGBUS, SIGSEGV, SIGFPE};

    nsigs = sizeof(sigs)/sizeof(int)
    sigemptyset(&mask_sigs);
    for(i=0; i< nsigs; i++)
        sigaddset(&mask_sigs, sigs[i]);
    for(i=0; i< nsigs; i++){
        new.sa_handler = sig_handler;
        new.sa_mask = mask_sigs;
        new.sa_flags = SA_RESTART;
        if(sigaction(sigs[i], &new, NULL) == -1){
            perror("can't set signals: ");
            exit(1);
        }
    }
}
```

System V IPC (Cont'd)

EXAMPLE:

A process maps a shared memory segment
at two different virtual locations cont'd

```
if((shm_id = shmget((key_t)SHMKEY, 1024,
                    IPC_CREATE | 0666)) == -1){
    perror("msgget failed :");
    exit(1);
}
if((addr1 = (int *)shmat(shm_id, NULL, 0)) == -1){
    perror("first shmat failed :");
    sig_handler(-1);
}
if((addr2 = (int *)shmat(shm_id, NULL, 0)) == -1){
    perror("second shmat failed :");
    sig_handler(-1);
}
printf("first attach at %x, second attach at %x\n",
       (int)addr1, (int)addr2);
for(cntr=0; cntr < 256; cntr++)*(addr1+cntr)=cntr;
*addr1=256;
for(cntr=0; cntr < 256; cntr++)
    printf("location %x has value %d\n",
          (int)(addr2+cntr), *(addr2+cntr));
pause();
}
```

System V IPC (Cont'd)

EXAMPLE:

A process maps a shared memory segment
created by another process

```
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/shm.h>
#include <stdio.h>

#define SHMKEY (7654321)

int main(int argc, char * argv[]){
    int    cntr, *addr;

    if((shm_id = shmget((key_t)SHMKEY, 0, 0)) == -1){
        perror("msgget failed :");
        exit(1);
    }
    if((addr = (int *)shmat(shm_id, NULL, 0)) == -1){
        perror("shmat failed :");
        exit(1);
    }
    while(*addr == 0);
    for(cntr=0; cntr < 256; cntr++){
        printf("location %x has value %d\n",
            (int)addr, *addr);
    }
}
```

System V IPC (Cont'd)

Get a set of semaphores

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/sem.h>

int    semget (key, nsems, semflg)
key_t  key;
int    nsems;
int    semflg;
```

where:

key Key identifying a semaphore set
nsems The requested number of semaphores in
 the semaphore set
semflg Access and option flags

possible flags values

0	get id, do not create
IPC_CREATE 0666	get id or create and get id
IPC_CREATE IPC_EXCL 0666	create and get id, error if already exists

returns: semid, a non-negative integer that
 identifies the set of semaphores
 associated with key or -1

System V IPC (Cont'd)

Semaphore operations

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/sem.h>

int      semop (semid, sops, nsops)
int      semid;
struct sembuf * sops;
unsigned nsops;
```

where:

semid	A semaphore set identifier
sops	An array of semaphore operations to perform
nsops	The number of semaphore operation records in sops

```
struct sembuf {
    short  sem_num;    /* semaphore # */
    short  sem_op;     /* semaphore operation */
    short  sem_flg;    /* operation flags */
};
```

possible flags values

IPC_NOWAIT	don't wait for a synchronous operation
SEM_UNDO	keep a balance on semaphore operations

possible operations

sem_op	positive: always succeeds, add to counter
sem_op	zero: block until counter is zero
sem_op	negative: block until counter can be subtracted without becoming negative

returns: 0 on success, or -1

System V IPC (Cont'd)

Semaphore control operations

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/sem.h>

int  semctl (semid, semnum, cmd, arg)
int  semid;
int  semnum;
int  cmd;
union semun {
    int val;
    struct semid_ds *buf;
    unsigned short *array;
}arg;
```

where:

semid	A semaphore set identifier
semnum	The subject semaphore (used only if cmd is GETVAL, SETVAL, GETNCNT, GETZCNT or GETPID)
cmd	The semaphore operation to be performed
arg	An argument (used only if cmd is SETVAL, GETALL, SETALL, IPC_STAT, OR IPC_SET)

returns: 0 or value on success, or -1

System V IPC (Cont'd)

Semaphore control operations cont'd

possible commands

SETVAL	Set the value of semaphore number <code>semnum</code> to <code>arg.val</code> . If an error occurs, the semaphore set is unchanged.
GETVAL	Return the value of semaphore number <code>semnum</code> .
GETPID	Return the process id of the last process to perform an operation on semaphore number <code>semnum</code> .
GETNCNT	Return the number of processes waiting for the value of semaphore number <code>semnum</code> to increase.
GETZCNT	Return the number of processes waiting for the value of semaphore number <code>semnum</code> to become zero.
SETALL	Set the value of all semaphores in the specified semaphore set to the values contained in the array pointed to by <code>arg.array</code> . If an error occurs, the semaphore set is unchanged.
GETALL	Return the value of all semaphores in the specified semaphore set using the array pointed to by <code>arg.array</code> .
IPC_STAT	The current semaphore set attributes are stored in the structure pointed to by <code>arg.buf</code> .
IPC_SET	The following semaphore set attributes are set to the values found in the structure pointed to by <code>arg.buf</code> : user id (<code>sem_perm.uid</code>), group id (<code>sem_perm.gid</code>), and permission rights (in <code>sem_perm.mode</code>).
IPC_RMID	The semaphore set is destroyed.

System V IPC (Cont'd)

EXAMPLE:

Single producer, multiple consumer problem

Header file:

```
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/sem.h>
#include <sys/shm.h>

#define SEMKEY (key_t)5763
#define MEMKEY (key_t)5763
#define NUMSLOTS      50
#define PROD          0
#define CONSUMER       1
#define OUTPTR         2

struct donut_ring{
    int  donut_slot[NUMSLOTS];
    int  outptr;
    int  empty_slots;
};

struct donut_ring *shared_ring;
int  shmids, semids;

void  handler();
void  semsetval();
void  p();
void  v();
```

System V IPC (Cont'd)

EXAMPLE:

Single producer, multiple consumer problem

The utility file:

```
#include "donuts.h"

void    p(semid)
        int semid;
{
    struct sembuf semopbuf;
    semopbuf.sem_num=0;
    semopbuf.sem_op=(-1);
    semopbuf.sem_flg=0;
    if(semop(semid, &semopbuf,1) == -1){
        perror("p operation failed: ");
        handler(-2);
        exit(2);
    }
}

void    v(semid)
        int semid;
{
    struct sembuf semopbuf;
    semopbuf.sem_num=0;
    semopbuf.sem_op= 1;
    semopbuf.sem_flg=0;
    if(semop(semid, &semopbuf,1) == -1){
        perror("p operation failed: ");
        handler(-2);
        exit(2);
    }
}
```

System V IPC (Cont'd)

EXAMPLE:

Single producer, multiple consumer problem

The utility file cont'd:

```
void    semsetval(semid, value)
        int semid, value;
{
    union semun arg;

    arg.val = value;
    if(semctl(semid, 0, SETVAL, arg.val) == -1){
        perror("semset failed");
        handler(-3);
        exit(3);
    }
}

void    handler(sig)
        int    sig;
{
    int    i,j,k;

    printf("In signal handler with signal # %d\n",sig);
    if(shmctl(shmid, IPC_RMID, 0) == -1){
        perror("handler failed shm RMID: ");
        exit(4);
    }
    if(semctl(semid, 0, IPC_RMID, 0) == -1){
        perror("handler failed sem RMID: ");
        exit(4);
    }
}
```

System V IPC (Cont'd)

EXAMPLE:

Single producer, multiple consumer problem

The producer:

```
int    main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int    in_ptr, serial;
    int    i,j,k;
    int    nsigs=15;
    struct sigaction new;
    sigset_t mtset;

    in_ptr = serial = 0;
    sigemptyset(&mtset);
    new.sa_handler = handler;
    new.sa_mask = mtset;
    new.sa_flags = 0;
    for(i=1; i<nsigs; i++)
        sigaction(i, &new, NULL);
    if((shmid=shmget(MEMKEY, sizeof(struct donut_ring),
                    IPC_CREAT | 0666)) == -1){
        perror("shared get failed: ");
        exit(1);
    }
    if((shared_ring=(struct donut_ring *)shmat(shmid, 0, 0)) ==
        (struct donut_ring *)-1){
        perror("shared attach failed: ");
        handler(-1);
    }
    shared_ring->empty_slots = 50;
    shared_ring->outptr = 0;
    if((semid = semget(SEMKEY, 1 , IPC_CREAT | 0666)) == -1){
        perror("semaphore allocation failed: ");
        handler(-1);
    }
    semsetval(semid, 1);

    printf("just before while\n");
```

System V IPC (Cont'd)

EXAMPLE:

Single producer, multiple consumer problem

The producer cont'd:

```
while(1){
    printf("in producer with serial = %d\n",serial);
    p(semid);
    if(shared_ring->empty_slots == 0){
        v(semid);
        continue;
    }
    shared_ring->donut_slot[in_ptr] = serial;
    in_ptr = (in_ptr+1) % NUMSLOTS;
    serial++;
    shared_ring->empty_slots--;
    printf("prod serial %d\n",serial);
    v(semid);
}
}
```


System V IPC (Cont'd)

EXAMPLE:

Single producer, multiple consumer problem

The consumer:

```
#include "donuts.h"

main(int argc, char *argv[]){
    int      i,j,k,donut;

    if((shmid=shmget(SEMKEY, sizeof(struct donut_ring),
                     0)) == -1){
        perror("shared get failed: ");
        exit(1);
    }
    if((shared_ring=(struct donut_ring *)shmat(shmid, 0, 0)) ==
        (struct donut_ring *)-1){
        perror("shared attach failed: ");
        exit(1);
    }
    if((semid=semget(SEMKEY, 1, 0)) == -1){
        perror("semaphore allocation failed: ");
        exit(1);
    }
    for(i=0; i<10; i++){
        for(k=0; k<12; k++){
            printf("in consumer with i = %d and k = %d\n", i, k);
            p(semid);
            if(shared_ring->empty_slots == NUMSLOTS){
                v(semid);
                k--;
                continue;
            }
            donut=shared_ring->donut_slot[shared_ring->outptr];
            shared_ring->outptr =
                (shared_ring->outptr+1) % NUMSLOTS;
            shared_ring->empty_slots++;
            v(semid);
            printf("donut serial number %d\n",donut);
        }
        printf("dozen number %d completed \n\n",i);
    }
}
```