SENG2200/6220 – Programming Languages & Paradigms Computer Lab for Week 12, Semester 1, 2019

Objectives

This lab aims to build the understanding of the logical programming language Prolog.

- You may use an online Prolog environment for practice.
- E.g., https://swish.swi-prolog.org/

Questions

1. Consider the following Prolog program:

```
parent(X,Y) := child(Y,X).
mother(X,Y) := parent(X,Y), female(X).
father(X,Y) :- parent(X,Y), male(X).
grandparent(X,Y) := grandchild(Y,X).
grandmother(X,Y) := grandparent(X,Y), female(X).
grandfather(X,Y) := grandparent(X,Y),male(X).
grandchild(X,Y) := parent(Z,X), parent(Y,Z).
granddaughter(X,Y) := grandchild(X,Y), female(X).
grandson(X,Y) := grandchild(X,Y), male(X).
daughter(X,Y) := child(X,Y), female(X).
son(X,Y) :- child(X,Y), male(X).
male(fred).
male(bill).
male(jim).
female(sally).
female(mary).
female(kate).
female(anne).
child(bill, fred).
child(bill,sally).
child(mary, fred).
child(mary,sally).
child(kate,jim).
child(kate,mary).
child(anne,bill).
Trace through the following queries:
a) ?- male(X).
b) ?- parent(X,bill)
c) ?- granddaughter(kate,X).
d) ?- grandmother(X,kate),son(Y,X),child(Z,Y)
e) ?- parent(jim,X),mother(Z,X),parent(Z,Y),father(W,Y)
```

2. Write a Prolog program to represent the following (note definitions not entirely accurate):

A mammal is a vertebrate that is warm-blooded and has hair.

A marsupial is a mammal that has a pouch.

A monotreme is a mammal that lays eggs.

There are 10 animals, a-j, which have the following properties:

All the animals except j are vertebrates.

All the animals except i are warm-blooded.

All animals except a have hair.

Animals e, f, g, and h have pouches.

Animals b, e, g, and j lay eggs.

- 3. Using your program from Q2, write Prolog queries to determine the following:
 - a) Which animals are mammals?
 - b) Which monotremes are also marsupials?
 - c) Which marsupials are not monotremes?