COMP1140 – S2, 2017 Prac/Tute Week 8 School of DCIT, University of Newcastle Callaghan, Australia

SQL Exercises

1. The following tables form part of a database held in a relational DBMS:

Hotel (hotelNo.nc.ty, hotelNo, type, price)
Booking (<a href="https://hotelNo.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.type.nc.t

where Hotel contains hotel details and hotelNo is the primary key;

Room contains room details for each hotel and (roomNo, hotelNo)

forms the primary key;

Booking contains details of bookings and (hotelNo, guestNo,

dateFrom) forms the primary key;

Guest contains details and guestNo is the primary key

Download HotelSystem.sql script from Blackboard -> Course Materials -> Tutorial Materials -> LabWeek08. Execute the script from your SQL Server. Write the following queries in T-SQL:

- i. List the price and type of all rooms at the Grosvenor Hotel,
- ii. List all guests currently staying at the Grosvenor Hotel.
- iii. What is the total income from bookings for the Grosvenor Hotel today?
- iv. List the number of rooms in each hotel with more than 1 room and located in Newcastle.
- v. What is the most commonly booked room type for each hotel in London? Print the type and the number of the booked room.

2. Download RegSystem.sql script from Blackboard-> Course Materials -> Tutorial Materials -> LabWeek08, which is a schema of a simple student registration database. Execute the script from your SQL Server. It is recommended to create a separate database for the exercise.

Based on the registration schema, write statements in T-SQL to perform the following.

- i. Find the student number of students who have registered to the same courses as "Robert Kent".
- ii. For semesters with 2 or more students registered, find the total number of students registered in them. Print the semester, year and total number of registered students.
- iii. Print the number of students registered to each course. Note that some courses may have no students. Print the course id, course name and number of students registered.
- iv. Find the most popular course(s). The most popular course contains the highest number of students registered to it. Print the course id and course name.
- v. Find the most unpopular course. Print the course id and course name.
- vi. Find the student number of students who have done a course with student "Robert Kent" in semester 2, 2014.