

[illegible]

- a. The S-box is initialized with byte values where leftmost 4 bits correspond to the row and the rightmost 4 bits correspond to columns, that is, the value of the byte in row x and column y is xy .

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	0A	0B	0C	0D	0E	0F
1	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	1A	1B	1C	1D	1E	1F
2	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	2A	2B	2C	2D	2E	2F
3	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	3A	3B	3C	3D	3E	3F
4	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	4A	4B	4C	4D	4E	4F
5	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	5A	5B	5C	5D	5E	5F
6	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	6A	6B	6C	6D	6E	6F
7	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	7A	7B	7C	7D	7E	7F
8	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	8A	8B	8C	8D	8E	8F
9	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	9A	9B	9C	9D	9E	9F
A	A0	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	A6	A7	A8	A9	AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF
B	B0	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	B8	B9	BA	BB	BC	BD	BE	BF
C	C0	C1	C2	C3	C4	C5	C6	C7	C8	C9	CA	CB	CC	CD	CE	CF
D	D0	D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6	D7	D8	D9	DA	DB	DC	DD	DE	DF
E	E0	E1	E2	E3	E4	E5	E6	E7	E8	E9	EA	EB	EC	ED	EE	EF
F	F0	F1	F2	F3	F4	F5	F6	F7	F8	F9	FA	FB	FC	FD	FE	FF

- b. Each byte is mapped into its multiplicative inverse in $GF(2^8)$ with irreducible polynomial $p(x) = x^8 + x^4 + x^3 + x + 1$; byte 00 is mapped into itself.
- c. The following transformation is applied to each byte $(b_7, b_6, b_5, b_4, b_3, b_2, b_1, b_0)$, where the values of c is $(c_7, c_6, c_5, c_4, c_3, c_2, c_1, c_0) = (01100011)$:

$$\mathbf{b}_i' = \mathbf{b}_i \oplus \mathbf{b}_{(i+4) \bmod 8} \oplus \mathbf{b}_{(i+5) \bmod 8} \oplus \mathbf{b}_{(i+6) \bmod 8} \oplus \mathbf{b}_{(i+7) \bmod 8} \oplus \mathbf{c}_i, \text{ or, in matrix form } \mathbf{B}' = \mathbf{XB} \oplus \mathbf{C}:$$

b_0'	$=$	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	b_0	\oplus	1
b_1'		1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	b_1		1
b_2'		1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	b_2		0
b_3'		1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	b_3		0
b_4'		1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	b_4		0
b_5'		0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	b_5		1
b_6'		0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	b_6		1
b_7'		0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	b_7		0

Show that the byte in row labeled 9 and column labeled 5 has value 2A. (Hint: Multiplicative inverse of 95 in $GF(2^8)$ with irreducible polynomial $p(x) = x^8 + x^4 + x^3 + x + 1$ is 8A; try to find this yourself!)

4. The Inverse Substitute Byte Transformation uses the inverse S-box, which is constructed by first applying the inverse of the transformation $B' = XB \oplus C$ (we denote this transformation as $B' = YB \oplus D$), and then taking the multiplicative inverse in $GF(2^8)$ with irreducible polynomial $p(x) = x^8 + x^4 + x^3 + x + 1$. The inverse transformation is

$$b_i' = b_{(i+2) \bmod 8} \oplus b_{(i+5) \bmod 8} \oplus b_{(i+7) \bmod 8} \oplus d_i$$

In matrix form we have

$$\begin{pmatrix} b_0' \\ b_1' \\ b_2' \\ b_3' \\ b_4' \\ b_5' \\ b_6' \\ b_7' \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} b_0 \\ b_1 \\ b_2 \\ b_3 \\ b_4 \\ b_5 \\ b_6 \\ b_7 \end{pmatrix} \oplus \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Prove that inverse S-box is indeed the inverse of S-box.

5. a. What is $\{53\}^{-1}$ in $GF(2^8)$?
b. Verify the entry for $\{53\}$ in the S-box.
6. Compare AES to DES. For each of the following elements of DES, indicate the comparable element in AES or explain why it is not needed in AES.
- XOR of subkey with the input to the f function.
 - XOR of the f function output with the left half of the block
 - f function
 - permutation P
 - swapping of halves of the block