

Consider the following compartmental model waning natural immunity, death, and a waning vaccine with partial effectiveness against infection and death.

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{dS_t}{dt} &= -\frac{\beta S_t(I_t^s + I_t^v)}{N} + \omega R_t - \nu S_t + \sigma V_t \\
\frac{dI_t^s}{dt} &= \frac{\beta S_t(I_t^s + I_t^v)}{N} - \gamma_s I_t^s \\
\frac{dI_t^v}{dt} &= (1 - \theta) \frac{\beta V_t(I_t^s + I_t^v)}{N} - \gamma_v I_t^v \\
\frac{dR_t}{dt} &= (1 - \mu_s) \gamma I_t^s + (1 - \mu_v) \gamma I_t^v - \omega R_t \\
\frac{dV_t}{dt} &= \nu S_t - (1 - \theta) \frac{\beta V_t(I_t^s + I_t^v)}{N} - \sigma V_t \\
\frac{dD_t^s}{dt} &= \mu_s \gamma_s I_t^s \\
\frac{dD_t^v}{dt} &= \mu_v \gamma_v I_t^v
\end{aligned} \tag{1}$$

where  $N$  is population size,  $S_t$  is the number of susceptibles,  $I_t^s$  is the number of naturally infections,  $I_t^v$  is the number of vaccine breakthrough infections,  $R_t$  are the recovered (due to infection),  $V_t$  are the vaccinated, and  $D_t^s$  and  $D_t^v$  are deaths among the vaccinated and unvaccinated at time  $t$ .

Table 1: Chosen parameter values for compartmental model

Parameter	Value	Description
$S_0$	10000	initial susceptibles
$I_0$	1	initial infected
$\beta$	0.3	infection rate
$\gamma_s$	0.08	recovery rate
$\gamma_v$	0.08	recovery rate for breakthroughs
$\mu_s$	0.1	CFR
$\mu_v$	0.005	CFR for breakthroughs
$\omega$	0.005	rate of waning natural immunity
$\sigma$	0.01	rate of waning vaccine immunity
$\nu$	varied	vaccination rate
$\theta$	0.5	vaccine efficacy against infection

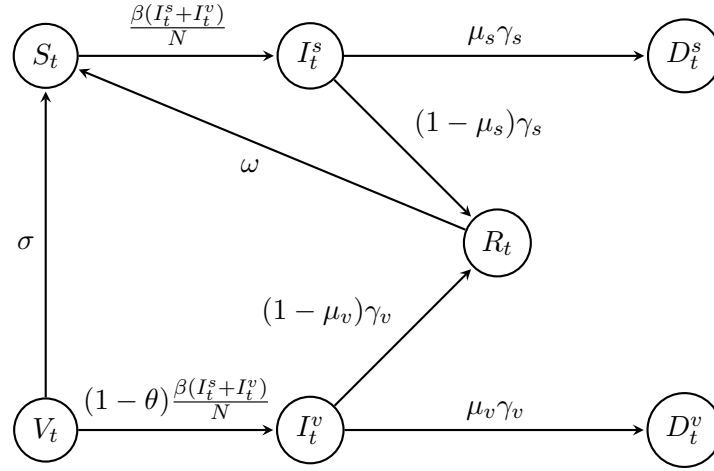


Figure 1: Compartmental model with waning natural immunity, death, and a waning vaccine with partial effectiveness against infection and death.

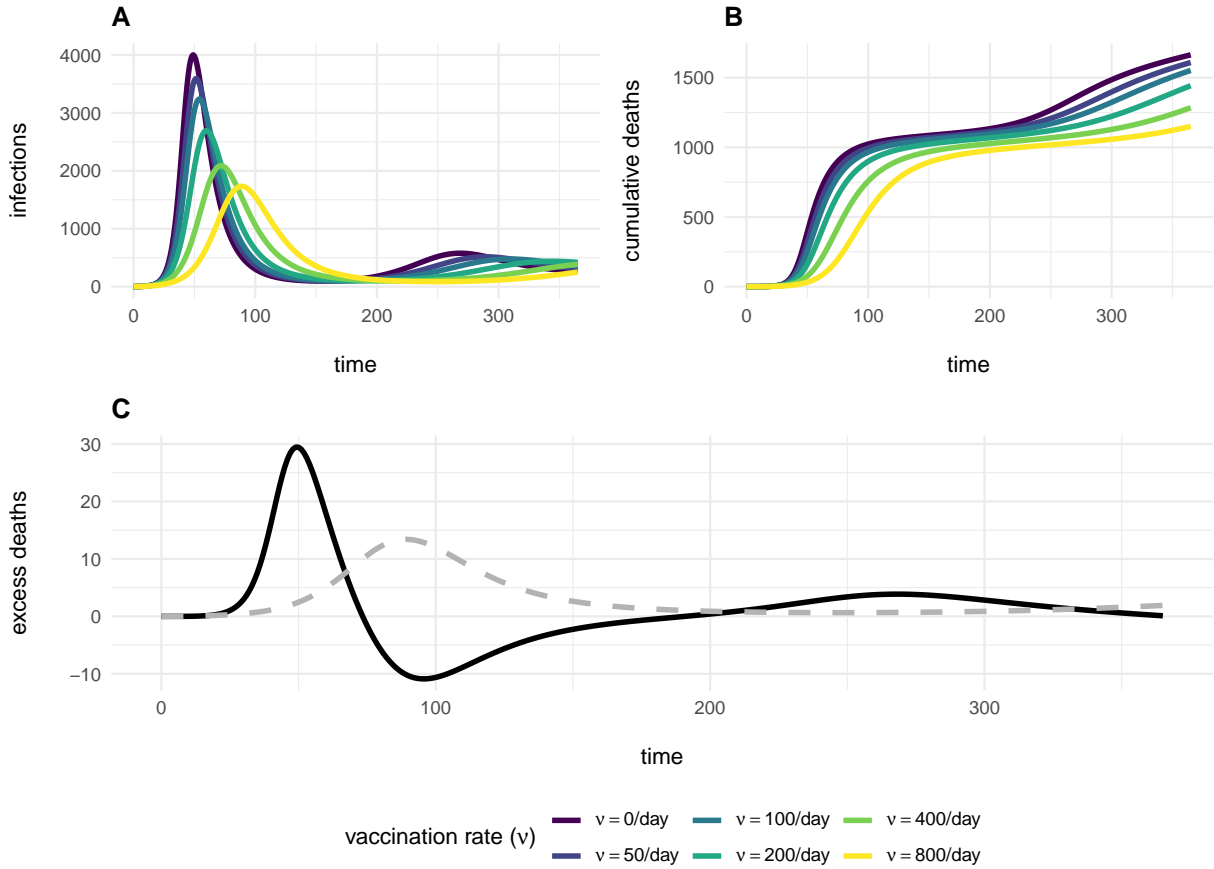


Figure 2: Modeled infections (A), cumulative deaths (B), and excess deaths (C) under different vaccination regimes. In panel C we compare 800/day to 0/day strategies and calculate excess deaths using the naive method (dotted line) and modeled differences (solid line).