

COMS W4705: Natural Language Processing (Fall 2018)

Problem Set #2

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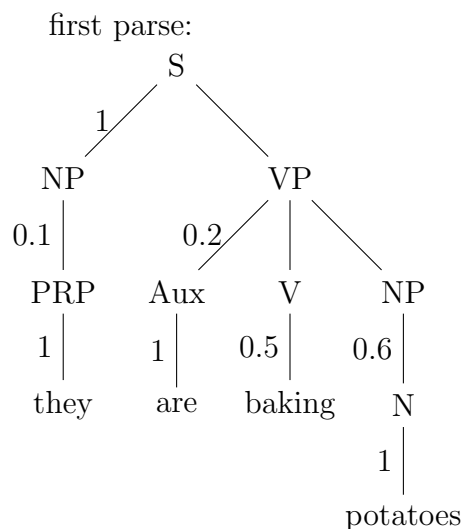
Problem 1 - PCFGs and HHMs

Both PCFGs and HHMs can be seen as generative models that produce a sequence of POS tags and words with some probability (of course the PCFG will generate even more structure, but it will also generate POS tags and words).

(a)

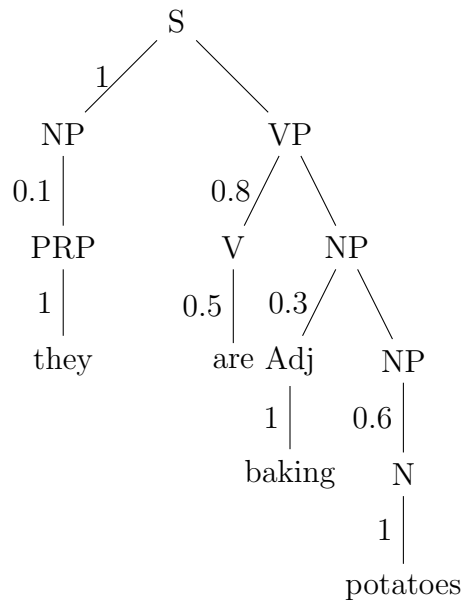
Problem. Revisit the example sentence "*they are baking potatoes*" and grammar from Problem 2. For each sequence of POS tags that is possible for this sentence according to the grammar, what is the joint probability $P(\text{tags, words})$ according to the PCFG? Hint: consider all parses for the sentence.

Solution.



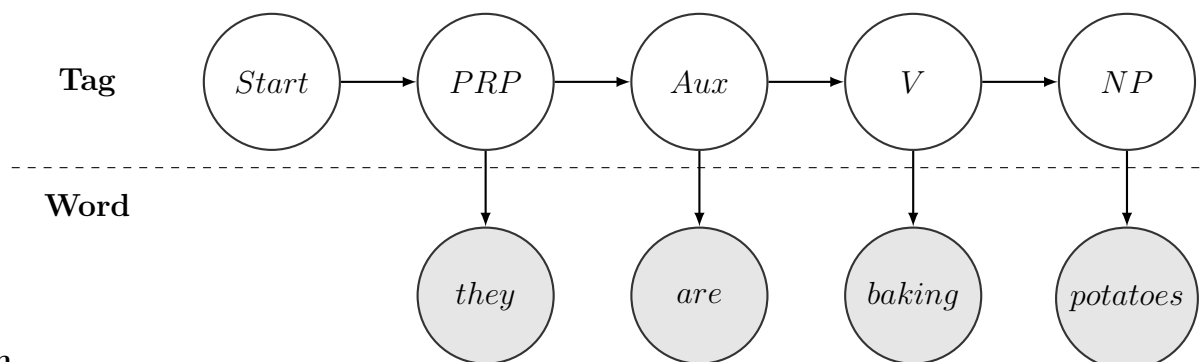
$$\begin{aligned}
&P[\text{tags, words} = \{\text{they, are, baking, potatoes}\}] \\
&= P[S \rightarrow NP VP] \cdot P[NP \rightarrow PRP] \cdot P[VP \rightarrow Aux V NP] \cdot P[PRP \rightarrow \text{they}] \\
&\quad \cdot P[Aux \rightarrow \text{are}] \cdot P[V \rightarrow \text{baking}] \cdot P[NP \rightarrow N] \cdot P[N \rightarrow \text{potatoes}] \\
&= 1 \cdot 0.1 \cdot 0.2 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 0.5 \cdot 0.6 \cdot 1 \\
&= 0.006
\end{aligned}$$

second parse:



$$\begin{aligned}
&P[\text{tags, words} = \{\text{they, are, baking, potatoes}\}] \\
&= P[S \rightarrow NP VP] \cdot P[NP \rightarrow PRP] \cdot P[VP \rightarrow V NP] \cdot P[PRP \rightarrow \text{they}] \\
&\quad \cdot P[V \rightarrow \text{are}] \cdot P[NP \rightarrow Adj NP] \cdot P[Adj \rightarrow \text{baking}] \cdot P[NP \rightarrow N] \cdot P[N \rightarrow \text{potatoes}] \\
&= 1 \cdot 0.1 \cdot 0.8 \cdot 1 \cdot 0.5 \cdot 0.3 \cdot 1 \cdot 0.6 \cdot 1 \\
&= 0.0072
\end{aligned}$$

(b)



Solution.

Problem 2