

All You Wanted To Know About Splines

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Who Am I?

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- ▶ 4th-year Ph.D. student in BST @ UAB
- ▶ Dissertation: Bayesian high-dimensional additive model
- ▶ Background:
 - ▶ B.S. in Computer Science & Stat @ UIUC
 - ▶ M.S. in Statistics (Analytic track) @ UIUC
 - ▶ Experienced R programmer (8-year)
 - ▶ “Ridiculously awesome” commented by a REGARDS collaborator

Overview

Overview

- ▶ Spline
 - ▶ Explanation & Demonstration
 - ▶ Implementation
 - ▶ Inferences
- ▶ Advance Topics
 - ▶ Penalized spline
 - ▶ Multivariate spline

Objectives

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- ▶ To review the basic concepts of spline
- ▶ To raise you awareness of other advanced spline applications

Spline

Motivation

“It is extremely unlikely that the true function $f(X)$ is actually linear in X .”

— Hastie, Tibshirani, and Friedman (2009) PP. 139

Previous Solutions:

- ▶ Variable categorization: e.g. using quartiles of a continuous variable in a model
 - ▶ Assuming all subjects within a group shares the same risk/effect
 - ▶ Different magnitude of effects around thresholds
- ▶ Polynomial regression:

$$y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x + \beta_2 x^2 + \cdots + \beta_m x^m + \epsilon$$

- ▶ Precision issues, e.g. x is blood pressure measure, and x^3 would be extremely large
- ▶ Goodness of fit: deciding which order of polynomial term should be included

Spline

- ▶ A spline is a piece-wise function where each piece is a polynomial function of order m
- ▶ AKA semi-parametric regression, non-parametric regression, (generalized) additive model
- ▶ Can be easily incorporated in linear regression, generalized linear regression, Cox regression

Spline Components

- ▶ Order/degree of the polynomial function, m
 - ▶ Normally, $m = 3$ is sufficient
- ▶ Number of knots, k , & their placements
 - ▶ By default, equally spaced
- ▶ Basis functions:
 - ▶ different representations of the spline that have specific mathematical properties
 - ▶ e.g. b-splines basis, Gaussian radial basis, etc.

Spline Example

A spline of order 0 with 2 knots

$$\hat{y} = \begin{cases} 2, & x \leq 1 \\ 1.2, & 1 < x \leq 5 \\ 1.5, & x > 5 \end{cases}$$

Visual Demonstration

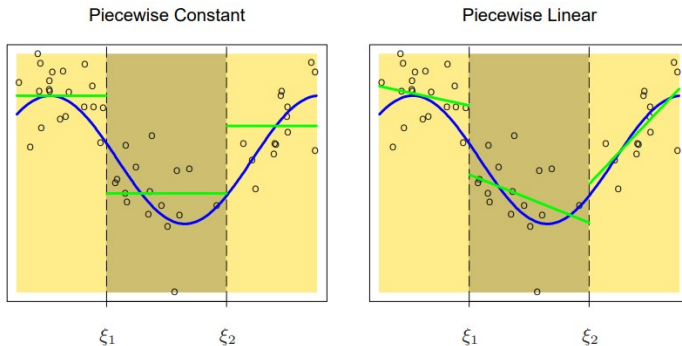


Figure from Hastie, Tibshirani, and Friedman (2009) PP.142

Natural Cubic Spline

- ▶ Cubic polynomial in each piece-wise function, i.e. $m = 3$
- ▶ Great mathematical properties
 - ▶ The smoothest possible interpolant
- ▶ Many different representations:
 - ▶ Restricted cubic spline
 - ▶ Cubic B-spline

Natural Cubic Spline

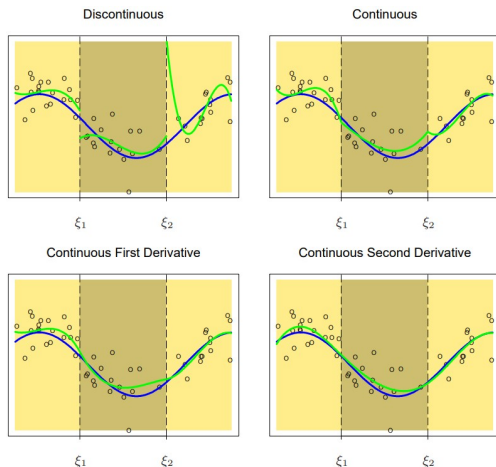


Figure from Hastie, Tibshirani, and Friedman (2009) PP.143

Implementation

Given a response Y and a variable X , implementing a cubic B-spline with 5 knots

```
library(splines)  # Package for b-spline

x_spline <- bs(x, degree = 3, # cubic polynomial
               df = 8)      # 5 (df-degree) knots
glm(y ~ x_spline) # Fitting the spline model

# Equivalently
glm(y ~ bs(x, degree=3, df=8))
```

Variability Band

- ▶ A delicate statistical problem
- ▶ Most commonly used: point-wise 95% confidence interval
- ▶ Can be calculate using statistical contrasts

Hypothesis Testing

- ▶ Two hypothesis tests
 - ▶ If the non-linear terms are necessary
 - ▶ If the variable is necessary in the model
- ▶ Be careful when reading program manual

Advanced Topics

Penalized Spline

- ▶ Motivation:
 - ▶ To simplify the decision making about the knots
- ▶ Idea:
 - ▶ Set the number of knots to a really large value ($k=25, 40, N$)
 - ▶ Use variable selection methods, penalized models specifically, to decide the smoothness of the spline
- ▶ Complication & extension:
 - ▶ Complicated hypothesis testing and interval inference
 - ▶ Bayesian generalized additive model, generalized additive mixed model

Multivariate Splines

- ▶ Model the non-linear interaction between two variables
- ▶ Thin-plate regression splines, tensor product splines
- ▶ Application:
 - ▶ Loop, M. S., Howard, G., de Los Campos, G., Al-Hamdan, M. Z., Safford, M. M., Levitan, E. B., & McClure, L. A. (2017). Heat maps of hypertension, diabetes mellitus, and smoking in the continental United States. **Circulation: Cardiovascular Quality and Outcomes**, 10(1), e003350.

Conclusion

Conclusion

- ▶ Reviewed concepts of spline
- ▶ New insight of advanced spline models
- ▶ **Consult with statisticians when feeling not comfortable doing spline models**

Q & A

Q & A

Hastie, Trevor, Robert Tibshirani, and Jerome Friedman. 2009. *The Elements of Statistical Learning: Data Mining, Inference, and Prediction*. Springer Science & Business Media.

Loop, Matthew Shane, George Howard, Gustavo de Los Campos, Mohammad Z Al-Hamdan, Monika M Safford, Emily B Levitan, and Leslie A McClure. 2017. "Heat Maps of Hypertension, Diabetes Mellitus, and Smoking in the Continental United States." *Circulation: Cardiovascular Quality and Outcomes* 10 (1): e003350.