

git & golang book



Read golang book and work with git



golang book

AN INTRODUCTION TO
PROGRAMMING
IN **GO**



CALEB DOXSEY



git

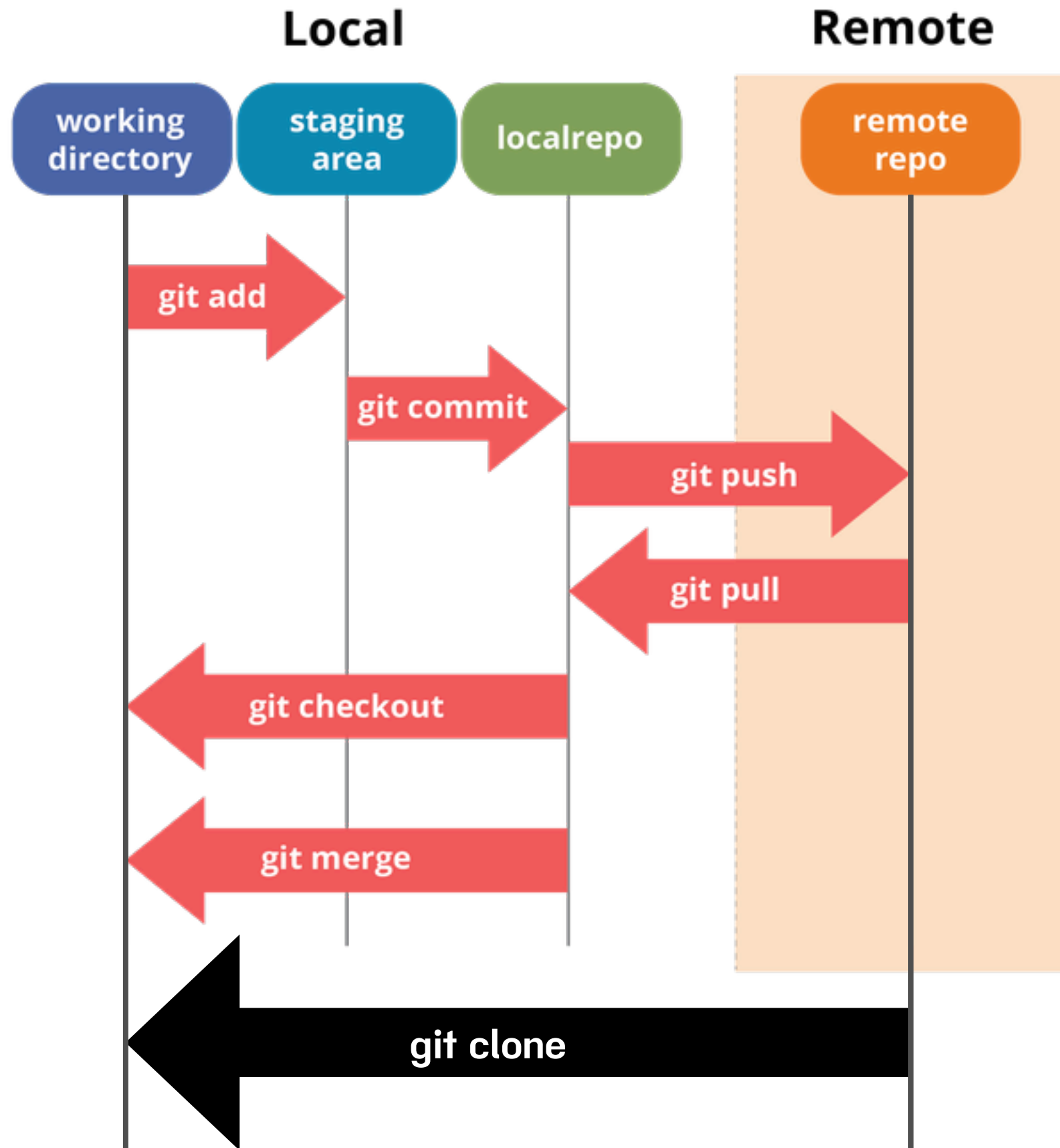
github account:

`https://github.com/[yourname]`

example:

`https://github.com/boyone`





Clone go-101

clone go-101 to your workspace:

```
>git clone https://github.com/boyone/go-101.git
```



golang book [1]

make working directory: [windows]

```
>md src\dojo\golang-book
```

make working directory: [linux/Mac]

```
>mkdir -p src/dojo/golang-book
```



golang book [2]

go to golang-book directory:

```
>cd src\dojo\golang-book
```

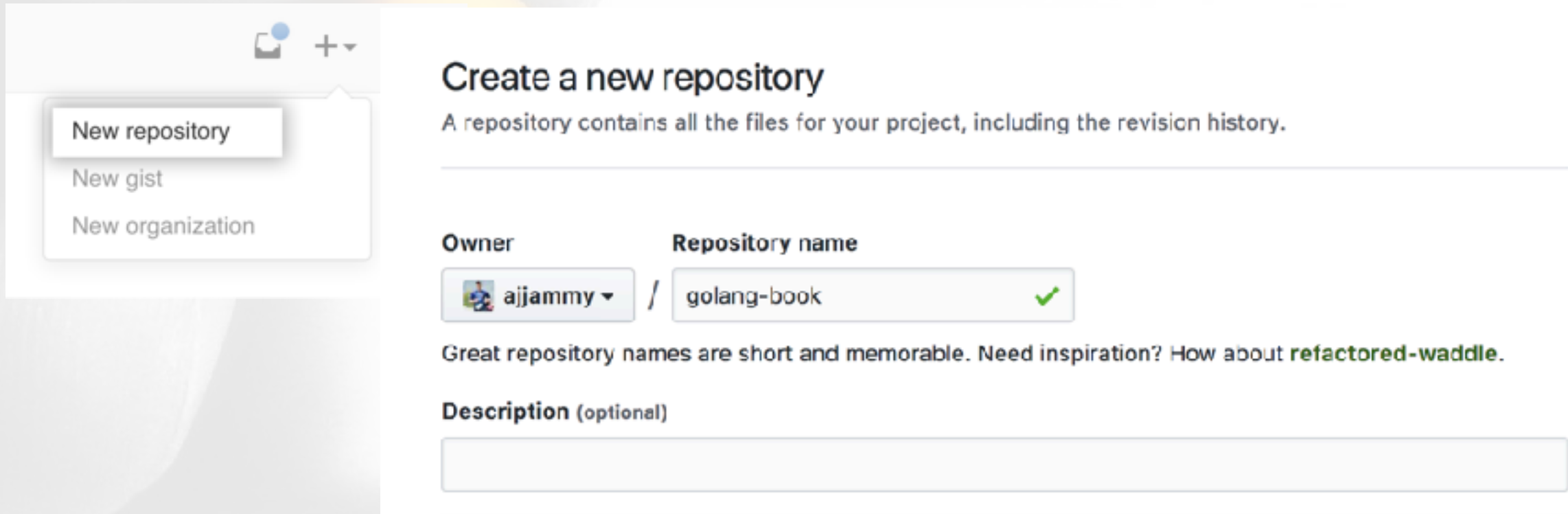
git init for golang-book directory:

```
>git init
```



golang book [3]

create github repository:



add remote:

```
>git remote add origin https://github.com/<user>/golang-book.git  
>git remote -v
```



golang book [4]

create README.md file:

```
① README.md x
1  # Go Book
2
3  **Name:** *Chamnan Inta*
4
5  **Nickname:** *Jammy*
6
7  **Job Title:** *Programmer*
8
9  ## Chapter 2
10
11 ## Chapter 3
12
13 ## Chapter 4
```



golang book [5]

git add / git commit :

```
>git add README.md  
>git commit -m "Add README.md file"
```

git push

```
>git push -u origin master
```



golang book [6]

create .gitignore file:

```
.gitignore x
1 *.exe
2 *.DS_Store
```



golang book [7]

git add / git commit :

```
>git add .gitignore  
>git commit -m "Add .gitignore file"
```

git push

```
>git push
```



golang book [8]

1. Read book chapter 2
2. Update README.md
3. Create main.go file at directory golang-book/chapter2-1

```
1  # Go Book
2
3  **Name:** *Chamnan Inta*
4
5  **Nickname:** *Jammy*
6
7  **Job Title:** *Programmer*
8
9  ## Chapter 2
10
11  * chapter2-1 : My First Program
12
13  ## Chapter 3
```

```
1  package main
2
3  import "fmt"
4
5  // this is a comment
6  func main() {
7      fmt.Println("Hello World")
8  }
9
```



golang book [9]

git add / git commit :

```
>git add .
```

```
>git commit -m "Add chapter2-1 My first program"
```

git push

```
>git push
```



add collaborators

ajjammy / golangbook



Unwatch 3 Star 0 Fork 0

Code Issues 0 Pull requests 0 Projects 0 Wiki Insights Settings

Options

- Collaborators**
- Branches
- Webhooks
- Integrations & services
- Deploy keys

Collaborators Push access to the repository

	Thawatchai Jongsuwanpaisan boyone	×
	ployploy	×

Search by username, full name or email address

You'll only be able to find a GitHub user by their email address if they've chosen to list it publicly. Otherwise, use their username instead.

ajjammy

ajjammy Jammy

Add collaborator



Exercise



Read book
Chapter 1 to 4



Create folder chapter<...>-...
Create file main.go
Update README.md file

```
git add  
git commit  
git push
```



Type



GO



golang : type Zero Value

```
package main

import "fmt"

func main() {
    fmt.Println("====Zero Value====")
    var number int
    var str string
    var boolean bool
    fmt.Printf("number: %v\n", number)
    fmt.Printf("str: '%v'\n", str)
    fmt.Printf("boolean: %v\n", boolean)
}
```



golang : type Strings

```
package main

import "fmt"

func main() {
    fmt.Println("====String====")
    backticks := `hello world!,
today's good day.`
    fmt.Println(backticks)

    doubleQuotes := "hello world!,\ntoday's good day."
    fmt.Println(doubleQuotes)
}
```



golang : type Floating point [1]

```
package main

import "fmt"

func main() {
    fmt.Println("====Floating point====")
    third := 1.0 / 3.0
    fmt.Printf("third = %v\n", third)
    fmt.Printf("third + third + third = %v\n", third+third+third)
}
```



golang : type Floating point [2]

```
package main

import "fmt"

func main() {
    fmt.Println("====Comparing floating point====")
    fmt.Println("0.1 + 0.2 == 0.3 is", 0.1+0.2 == 0.3)
    num := 0.1
    num += 0.2
    fmt.Println("num == 0.3 is", num == 0.3)
    fmt.Println("num is", num)
}
```



Variables



GO



golang : Variables [1]

create main.go in folder chapter4-1 :

```
package main

import "fmt"

func main() {

}
```

run -> no error -> push to your git repository



golang : Variables [2]

create main.go in folder chapter4-2 :

```
package main

import "fmt"

func main() {
    fmt.Print("Enter a number: ")
    var input float64
    fmt.Scanf("%f", &input)
    output := input * 2
    fmt.Println(output)
}
```

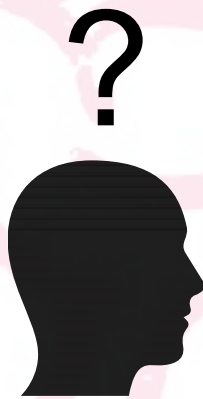
run -> no error -> push to your git repository



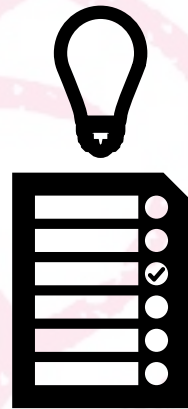
Exercise

Modify main.go in folder chapter4-2 for solve

Problem No.5 of Chapter 4 :



1



2



3



4

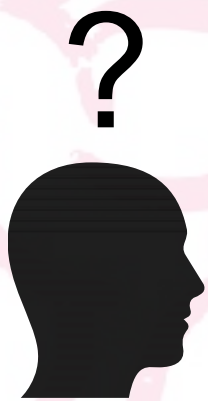
run -> no error -> push to your git repository



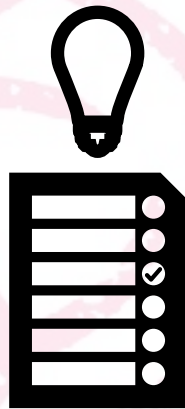
Exercise

Create main.go in folder chapter4-3 for solve

Problem No.6 of Chapter 4 :



1



2



3



4

run -> no error -> push to your git repository



Conditions



GO



golang : Conditions

create main.go in folder chapter5-1 :

```
package main

import "fmt"

func main() {
    fmt.Println("1")
    fmt.Println("2")
    fmt.Println("3")
    fmt.Println("4")
    fmt.Println("5")
    fmt.Println("6")
    fmt.Println("7")
    fmt.Println("8")
    fmt.Println("9")
    fmt.Println("10")
}
```



golang : Conditions [for]

```
package main

import "fmt"

func main() {
    number := 1
    for number <= 10 {
        fmt.Println(number)
        number = number + 1
    }
}
```



golang : Conditions [if]

create main.go in folder chapter5-2 :

```
package main

import "fmt"

func main() {
    for number := 1; number <= 100; number++ {
        if number%15 == 0 {
            fmt.Println(number, "FizzBuzz")
        } else if number%3 == 0 {
            fmt.Println(number, "Fizz")
        } else if number%5 == 0 {
            fmt.Println(number, "Buzz")
        } else {
            fmt.Println(number)
        }
    }
}
```



golang : Conditions [switch case]

create main.go in folder chapter5-3 :

```
package main

import "fmt"

func main() {
    switch i := 5 {
        case 0:
            fmt.Println("Zero")
        case 1:
            fmt.Println("One")
        case 2:
            fmt.Println("Two")
        case 3:
            fmt.Println("Three")
        case 4:
            fmt.Println("Four")
        case 5:
            fmt.Println("Five")
        default:
            fmt.Println("Unknown Number")
    }
}
```



Exercise

create exercise.go in folder chapter5-4 :

โปรแกรมจะให้ใส่ตัวเลขได้ไม่เกิน 5 ครั้ง

ถ้าเจอตัวเลขที่สุ่มมาจะแสดงคำว่า เจอแล้ว และจบการทำงาน

ถ้าเลขที่ใส่มากกว่าจะแสดงคำว่า มากไป

ถ้าเลขที่ใส่น้อยกว่าจะแสดงคำว่า น้อยไป

ถ้าใส่เกิน 5 ครั้งจะแสดงคำว่า เกินพอ และจบการทำงาน



1



2



3



4

run -> no error -> push to your git repository



function



GO



golang : function

```
package main

func main() {
}

func f() {
}

func fWithReturn(i int) int {
    return i
}

func fWithMultipleReturn(i int, s string) (int, error) {
    return i, nil
}
```



golang : function

create main.go in folder chapter6-1 :

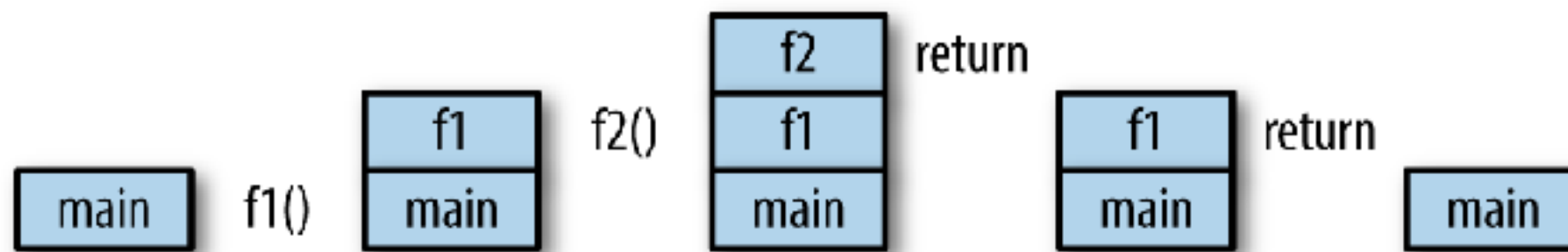
```
package main

import "fmt"

func main() {
    fmt.Println(f1())
}

func f1() int {
    return f2()
}

func f2() int {
    return 1
}
```



golang : function

create main.go in folder chapter6-2 :

```
package main

import "fmt"

func main() {
    fmt.Println(f2())
}

func f2() (r int) {
    r = 1
    return
}
```

Return types can have names



golang : function

create main.go in folder chapter6-3 :

```
package main

import "fmt"

func main() {
    x, y := f()
    fmt.Println(x, y)
}

func f() (int, int) {
    return 5, 7
}
```

Multiple values can be returned



golang : function

create main.go in folder chapter6-4 :

```
package main

import "fmt"

func main() {
    fmt.Println(add(1,2,3))

    xs := []int{1,2,3}
    fmt.Println(add(xs...))
}

func add(args ...int) int {
    total := 0
    for _, v := range args {
        total += v
    }
    return total
}
```

Variadic Function



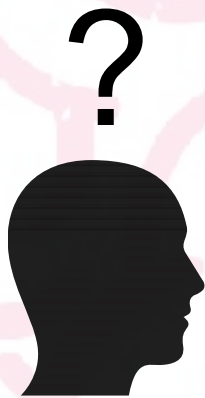
Exercise

create exercise.go in folder chapter6-5 :

REFACTOR FIZZBUZZ ใน CHAPTER5-2

ให้เรียกใช้งาน FUNCTION

แทนที่จะทำงานทุกอย่างใน FUNC MAIN



1



2



3



4

run -> no error -> push to your git repository

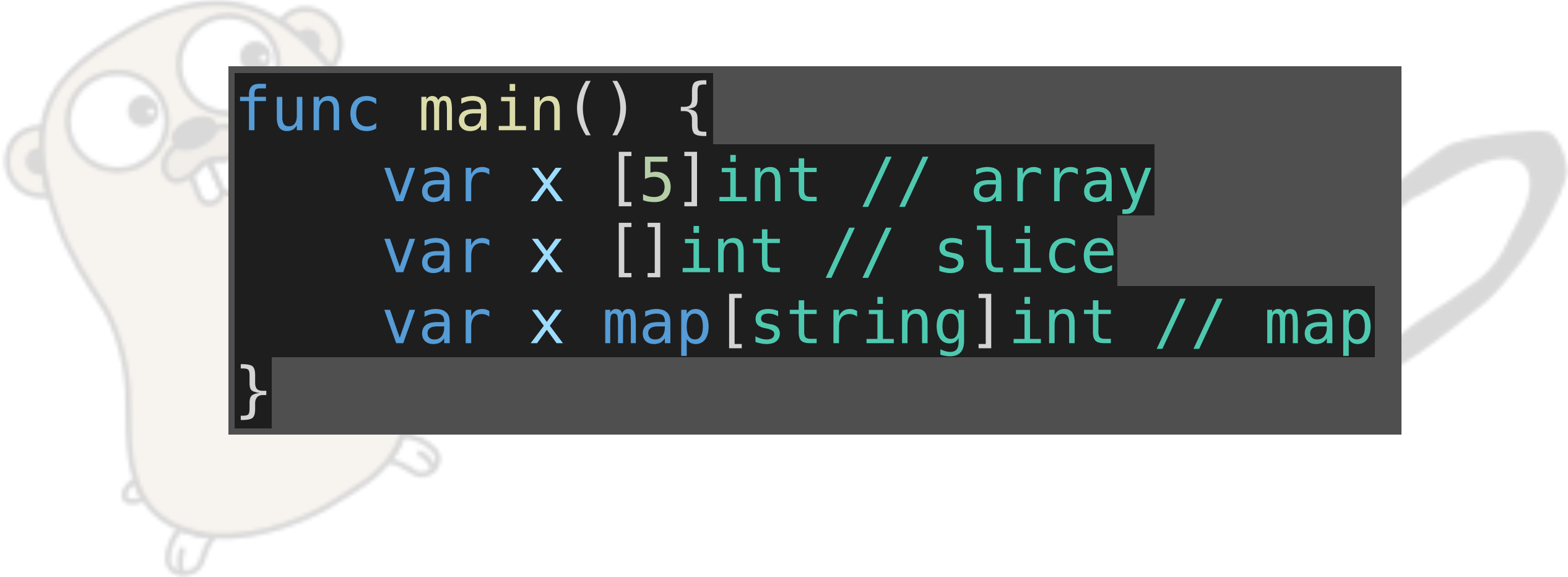


Collections:

Arrays, Slices, Map



golang : collections



```
func main() {  
    var x [5]int // array  
    var x []int // slice  
    var x map[string]int // map  
}
```



golang : arrays

create main.go in folder chapter7-1 :

```
package main

import "fmt"

func main() {
    var x [5]int
    x[3] = 4
    fmt.Println(x)

    x = [5]int{1, 2, 3, 4, 5}
    fmt.Println(x)

    y := [...]int{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 0}
    fmt.Println(y)
}
```



golang : slice

create main.go in folder chapter7-2 :

```
package main

import "fmt"

func main() {
    slice := make([]int, 3)
    slice[0] = 1
    slice[1] = 2
    slice[2] = 3

    fmt.Println(slice)

    slice2 := []int{1, 2, 3, 4, 5}
    fmt.Println(slice2)

    fmt.Println("Slice with length and capacity")
    fmt.Printf("slice: length %v, capacity %v, %v\n", len(slice), cap(slice), slice)

    // append
    for i := 4; i < 15; i++ {
        slice = append(slice, i)
    }
    fmt.Printf("slice: length %v, capacity %v, %v\n", len(slice), cap(slice), slice)
}
```



golang : slice

create main.go in folder chapter7-3 :

```
package main

import "fmt"

func main() {
    arr := [5]int{1, 2, 3, 4, 5}
    fmt.Println(arr)

    slice := arr[0:3]
    fmt.Println(slice)
}
```

Create slice from array



golang : slice

create main.go in folder chapter7-4 :

```
package main

import "fmt"

func main() {
    slice := []int{1, 2, 3}
    fmt.Println(slice)
    newSlice := make([]int, 2)
    fmt.Println(newSlice)
    copy(slice, newSlice)
    fmt.Printf("slice: %v\n", slice)
    fmt.Printf("slice: %v\n", newSlice)
}
```

Copy slices



golang : map

create main.go in folder chapter7-5 :

```
package main

import "fmt"

func main() {
    var x map[string]int
    x = make(map[string]int)
    x["key"] = 10
    fmt.Println(x)
    fmt.Println(x["key"])

    y := map[string]int{
        "one": 1,
        "two": 2,
        "three": 3,
    }
    fmt.Println(y)
}
```



golang : map

create main.go in folder chapter7-6 :

```
package main

import "fmt"

func main() {
    x := map[string]int{
        "one": 1,
        "two": 2,
        "three": 3,
    }
    fmt.Println(x)

    delete(x, "two")
    fmt.Printf("After delete: %v\n", x)
}
```

Delete map



golang : map

create main.go in folder chapter7-7 :

```
package main

import "fmt"

func main() {
    mymap := make(map[int]int)
    mymap[1] = 1
    mymap[2] = 2

    fmt.Println(mymap[3])
    if mymap[3] != 0 {
        fmt.Println(mymap[3])
    }

    // ok?
    if value, ok := mymap[3]; ok {
        fmt.Println(value)
    }
}
```

Avoid to check zero value



golang : range and collections

create main.go in folder chapter7-8 :

```
package main

import "fmt"

func main() {
    numbers := [5]int{1, 2, 3, 4, 5}
    for i := 0; i < len(numbers); i++ {
        fmt.Println(i, numbers[i])
    }
    fmt.Println("With Range")
    for i, number := range numbers {
        fmt.Println(i, number)
    }
}
```

Range: Array



golang : range and collections

create main.go in folder chapter7-9 :

```
package main

import "fmt"

func main() {
    slice := []int{1, 2, 3, 4, 5}
    for i, number := range slice {
        fmt.Println(i, number)
    }
}
```

Range: Slice



golang : range and collections

create main.go in folder chapter7-10 :

```
package main

import "fmt"

func main() {
    maps := map[string]int{
        "one": 1,
        "two": 2,
        "three": 3,
    }

    for key, number := range maps {
        fmt.Println(key, number)
    }
}
```

Range: Map



golang : range and collections

create main.go in folder chapter7-11 :

```
package main

import "fmt"

func main() {
    for i, c := range "golang" {
        fmt.Println(i, c)
        fmt.Printf("%v\n", string(c))
    }
}
```

Range: String

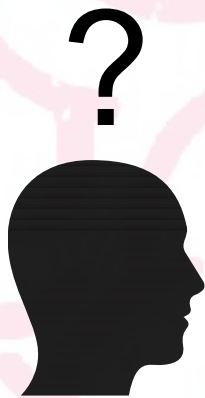


Exercise

create exercise.go in folder chapter6-5 :

REFACTOR FIZZBUZZ ใน CHAPTER5-2

โดยใช้ TYPE ประเภท COLLECTION ของ GO
มาแทนที่เพื่อลด DUPLICATION ใน CODE



1



2



3



4

run -> no error -> push to your git repository



Sum up

Type: string, int, float, bool

Operation: string: +
int, float: +, -, *, /, %

convert: string: string(**rune**), string(**int**)
int: int(**rune**), int(**str**)
strconv.**Atoi(str)**, strconv.**Itoa(num)**

collection: array, slice, map

Operation: slice: append(slice, value)



Sum up

control structure: if, for

example: for {...}

for i:=0; i < len; i++ {...}

for index, value := **range** collection {...}

for index, value := **range** string {...}

fmt:

example: fmt.Printf("%v %t %d %f %s", num, num, num, float, str)

fmt.Println(num, num, num, float, str)

fmt.Sprintf("%v %t %d %f %s", num, num, num, float, str)



Exercise

create console-weather.go in folder exercise :

แสดงผลอุณหภูมิผ่าน TERMINAL โดยมีรูปแบบดังนี้

```
  _  _  
  ||  |  
  _  _ | c  
Bangkok few cloud  
  
  _  _ | c  
  ||  |  
  _  _ | c  
Tak sunny  
  
  _  _ | c  
  ||  |  
  _  _ | c  
Phuket rainy  
  
  _  _ | c  
  ||  |  
  _  _ | c  
Chiang-mai cold
```

```
func main() {  
    fmt.Println(weatherCelsius(25, "Bangkok few cloud"))  
    fmt.Println(weatherCelsius(34, "Tak sunny"))  
    fmt.Println(weatherCelsius(17, "Phuket rainy"))  
    fmt.Println(weatherCelsius(9, "Chiang-mai cold"))  
}
```

run -> no error -> push to your git repository



Pointers



Pointer

value , & and *

```
func foo(number int) {}  
func bar(number *int) {}
```

Parameters in Go are always passed by value,
and a copy of the value being passed is made.



golang : pass by copy value

create main.go in folder chapter8-1 :

```
func main() {  
    amount := 5  
    double(amount)  
    fmt.Printf("original %v\n", amount)  
}  
  
func double(number int) {  
    number *= 2  
    fmt.Println(number)  
}
```



golang : pass by pointer

create main.go in folder chapter8-2 :

```
func main() {  
    amount := 5  
    double(&amount)  
    fmt.Printf("original %v\n", amount)  
}  
  
func double(number *int) {  
    *number *= 2  
    fmt.Println(*number)  
}
```

When you pass a pointer, the pointer value will be copied and passed.



golang : pass by array value

create main.go in folder chapter8-3 :

```
func main() {  
    array := [3]int{1, 2, 3}  
    double(array)  
    fmt.Printf("origin addr %p\n", &array)  
    fmt.Printf("original %v\n", array)  
}  
  
func double(nums [3]int) {  
    fmt.Printf("double addr %p\n", &nums)  
    for i := range nums {  
        nums[i] *= 2  
    }  
    fmt.Println(nums)  
}
```



golang : pass by array pointer

create main.go in folder chapter8-4 :

```
func main() {  
    array := [3]int{1, 2, 3}  
    double(&array)  
    fmt.Printf("origin addr %p\n", &array)  
    fmt.Printf("original %v\n", array)  
}  
  
func double(nums *[3]int) {  
    fmt.Printf("double addr %p\n", nums)  
    fmt.Printf("double value %v\n", *nums)  
    for i := range *nums {  
        nums[i] *= 2  
    }  
    fmt.Println(*nums)  
}
```



golang : pass by slice value

create main.go in folder chapter8-5 :

```
func main() {  
    slice := []int{1, 2, 3}  
    double(slice)  
    fmt.Printf("origin addr %p\n", slice)  
    fmt.Printf("original %v\n", slice)  
}  
  
func double(nums []int) {  
    fmt.Printf("double addr %p\n", nums)  
    for i := 0; i < len(nums); i++ {  
        nums[i] *= 2  
    }  
    fmt.Println(nums)  
}
```



golang : pass by map value

create main.go in folder chapter8-6 :

```
func main() {  
    m := map[int]int{1:1, 2:2, 3:3,}  
    double(m)  
    fmt.Printf("origin addr %p\n", m)  
    fmt.Printf("original %v\n", m)  
}  
  
func double(nums map[int]int) {  
    fmt.Printf("double addr %p\n", nums)  
    for i := range nums {  
        nums[i] *= 2  
    }  
  
    fmt.Println(nums)  
}
```

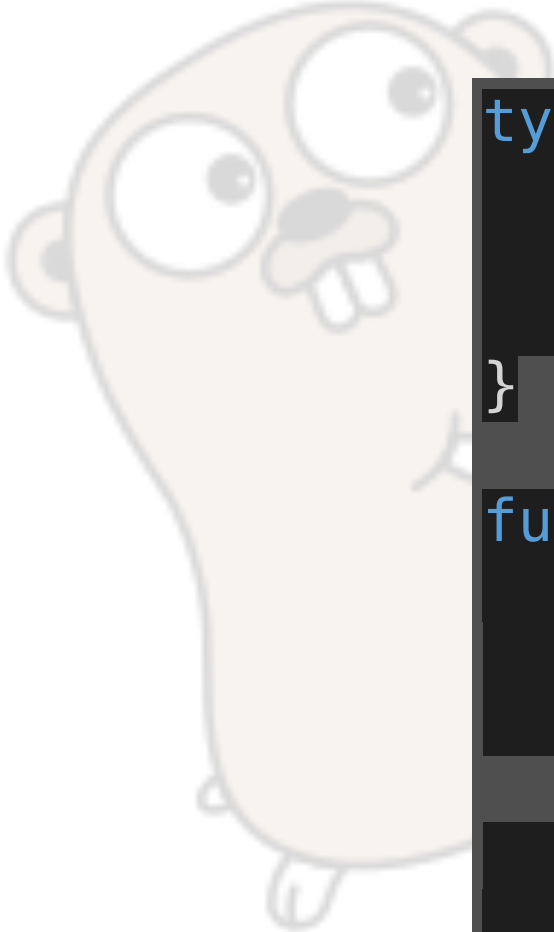


Type



golang : struct type

create main.go in folder chapter9-1 :




```
type Circle struct {  
    x float64  
    y float64  
    r float64  
}  
  
func main() {  
    var c Circle  
    fmt.Printf("c type: %T\n", c)  
    fmt.Println(c.x, c.y, c.r)  
  
    c1 := new(Circle)  
    fmt.Printf("c1 type: %T\n", c1)  
    fmt.Println(c1.x, c1.y, c1.r)  
}
```



golang : struct type

create main.go in folder chapter9-1 :

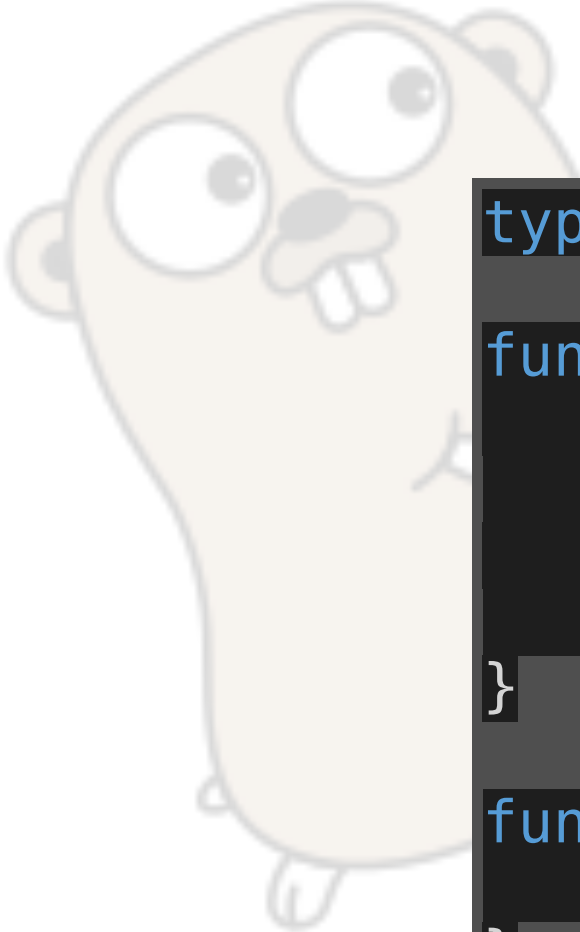


```
func main() {  
    .  
    .  
  
    c2 := Circle{x: 0, y: 0, r: 5}  
    fmt.Printf("c2 type: %T\n", c2)  
    fmt.Println(c2.x, c2.y, c2.r)  
  
    c3 := NewCircle(1, 2, 3)  
    fmt.Printf("c3 type: %T\n", c3)  
    fmt.Println(c3.x, c3.y, c3.r)  
}  
  
func NewCircle(x, y, r float64) *Circle {  
    return &Circle{x, y, r}  
}
```



golang : specific type

create main.go in folder chapter9-2 :



```
type Zipcode string

func main() {
    zipcode := Zipcode("11000")
    if zipcode.valid() {
        fmt.Println(zipcode)
    }
}

func (z Zipcode) valid() bool{
    return true
}
```

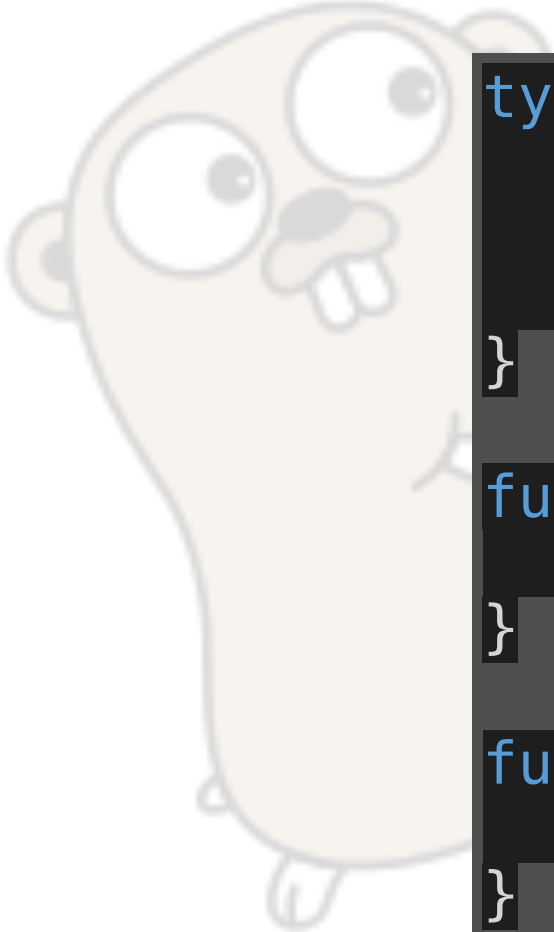


Method



golang : method

create main.go in folder chapter10-1 :

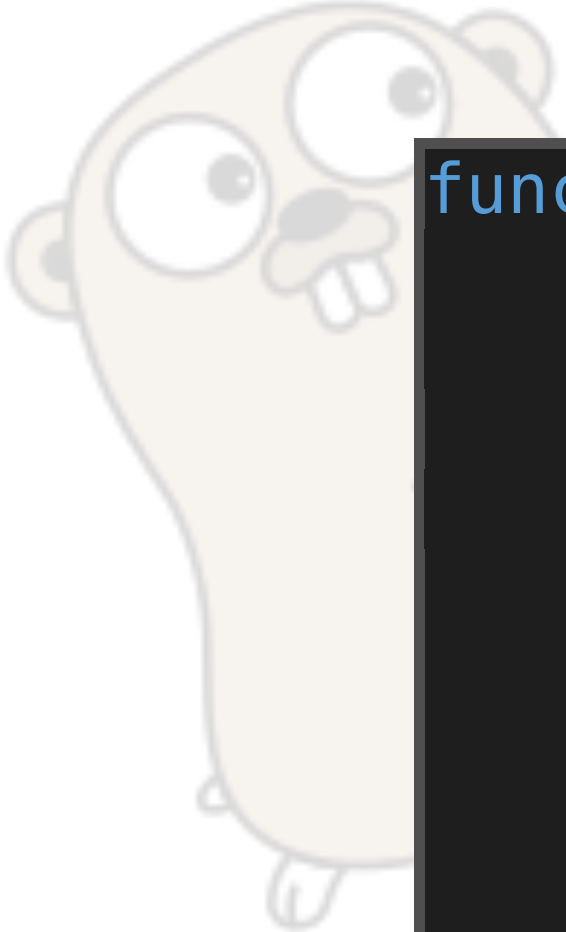


```
type Circle struct {  
    x float64  
    y float64  
    r float64  
}  
  
func (c Circle) area() float64 {  
    return math.Pi * c.r * c.r  
}  
  
func (c *Circle) changeRedius(r float64) {  
    c.r = r  
}
```



golang : method

create main.go in folder chapter10-1 :



```
func main() {  
    littleC := Circle{0, 0, 5}  
    fmt.Println("littleC", littleC.area())  
    littleC.changeRadius(10)  
    fmt.Println("littleC", littleC.area())  
  
    bigC := &Circle{0, 0, 5}  
    fmt.Println("bigC", bigC.area())  
    bigC.changeRadius(10)  
    fmt.Println("bigC", bigC.area())  
}
```



Interface



GO



golang : interface

create main.go in folder chapter11-1 :

```
type Rectangle struct {  
    w float64  
    h float64  
}  
  
func (r Rectangle) area() float64 {  
    return r.w * r.h  
}  
  
type Circle struct {  
    x float64  
    y float64  
    r float64  
}  
  
func (c *Circle) area() float64 {  
    return math.Pi * c.r * c.r  
}
```



golang : interface

create main.go in folder chapter11-1 :

```
type measure interface {  
    area() float64  
}  
  
func printArea(m measure) {  
    fmt.Println(m.area())  
}  
  
func main() {  
    c := &Circle{0, 0, 5}  
    printArea(c)  
  
    r := Rectangle{3, 4}  
    printArea(r)  
}
```



Exercise

create vending-machine.go in folder exercise :



Vending Machine

Coin: TEN(10), Five(5), TWO(2), ONE(1)
T F TW 0

Item: Soft Drink(18),
Canned Coffee(12),
Drinking Water(7)

Coin Return: returns all inserted money

#Criteria

Unlimited items

Unlimited change

Currently inserted money

run -> no error -> push to your git repository



Exercise

vending-machine: Test Cases



1. Buy SD(soft drink) with exact change

Insert: T, F, TW, 0

Currently inserted money: 18

Choose: Select SD

Return: SD

2. Start adding change but hit coin return

Insert: T, T, F

Currently inserted money: 25

Choose: Coin Return

Return: T, T, F

3. Buy CC(canned coffee) without exact change

Insert: T, T

Currently inserted money: 20

Choose: Select CC

Return: CC, F, TW, 0

run -> no error -> push to your git repository



Exercise

vending-machine:



```
func main() {  
    vm := NewVendingMachine(coins, items)  
  
    // Buy SD(soft drink) with exact change  
    vm.InsertCoin("T")  
    vm.InsertCoin("F")  
    vm.InsertCoin("TW")  
    vm.InsertCoin("O")  
    fmt.Println("Inserted Money:", vm.GetInsertedMoney())  
    // 18  
    can := vm.SelectSD()  
    fmt.Println(can) // SD  
    .  
    .  
    .  
}
```

run -> no error -> push to your git repository



Exercise

vending-machine:



```
func main() {  
    vm := NewVendingMachine(coins, items)
```

```
    .  
    .  
    .  
    // Buy CC(canned coffee) without exact change  
    vm.InsertCoin("T")  
    vm.InsertCoin("T")  
    fmt.Println("Inserted Money:", vm.GetInsertedMoney())  
    // 20  
    can = vm.SelectCC()  
    fmt.Println(can) // CC, F, TW, 0  
    .  
    .  
    .  
}
```

run -> no error -> push to your git repository



Exercise

vending-machine:



```
func main() {  
    vm := NewVendingMachine(coins, items)
```

```
    .  
    .  
    .  
    // Start adding change but hit coin return  
    vm.InsertCoin("T")  
    vm.InsertCoin("T")  
    vm.InsertCoin("F")  
    fmt.Println("Inserted Money:", vm.GetInsertedMoney())  
    // 25  
    change := vm.CoinReturn()  
    fmt.Println(change) // T, T, F  
}
```

run -> no error -> push to your git repository



Exercise

vending-machine:



```
func main() {  
    vm := NewVendingMachine(coins, items)
```

```
    // Buy SD(soft drink) with exact change
```

```
    vm.InsertCoin("T")
```

```
    vm.InsertCoin("F")
```

```
    vm.InsertCoin("TW")
```

```
    vm.InsertCoin("O")
```

```
    fmt.Println("Inserted Money:", vm.GetInsertedMoney()) // 18
```

```
    can := vm.SelectSD()
```

```
    fmt.Println(can) // SD
```

```
    // Buy CC(canned coffee) without exact change
```

```
    vm.InsertCoin("T")
```

```
    vm.InsertCoin("T")
```

```
    fmt.Println("Inserted Money:", vm.GetInsertedMoney()) // 20
```

```
    can = vm.SelectCC()
```

```
    fmt.Println(can) // CC, F, TW, O
```

```
    // Start adding change but hit coin return
```

```
    vm.InsertCoin("T")
```

```
    vm.InsertCoin("T")
```

```
    vm.InsertCoin("F")
```

```
    fmt.Println("Inserted Money:", vm.GetInsertedMoney()) // 25
```

```
    change := vm.CoinReturn()
```

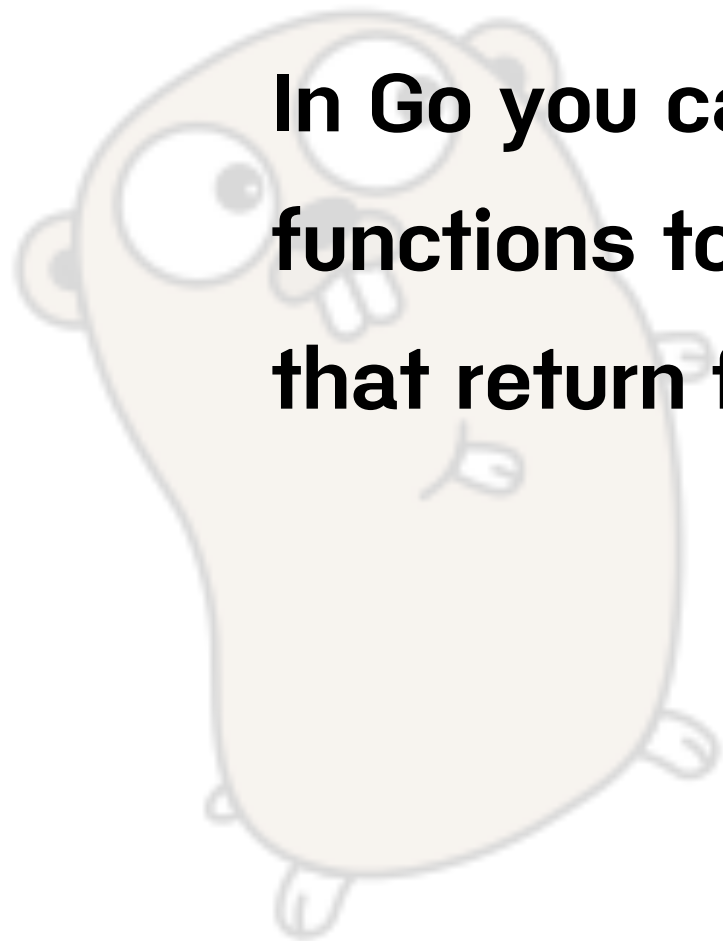
```
    fmt.Println(change) // T, T, F
```

```
}
```




First Class Function

In Go you can assign function to variables, pass functions to functions, and even write functions that return functions.



golang : first class function

create main.go in folder chapter12-1 :




```
func main() {  
    var addVar func(int, int) int  
    addVar = func(a, b int) int {  
        return a + b  
    }  
    fmt.Println(addVar(2, 3))  
}
```

```
func main() {  
    fmt.Println(add(2, 3))  
}  
func add(a, b int) int {  
    return a + b  
}
```



golang : first class function

create main.go in folder chapter12-2 :



```
func main() {  
    fmt.Println(  
        func(a, b int) int {  
            return a + b  
        }(2, 3))  
}
```

```
func main() {  
    fmt.Println(add(2, 3))  
}  
func add(a, b int) int {  
    return a + b  
}
```



golang : first class function

create main.go in folder chapter12-3 :



```
func main() {  
    addFunc := func(a int) (func(b int) int) {  
        return func(b int) int {  
            return a + b  
        }  
    }  
    add2With := addFunc(2)  
    fmt.Println(add2With(3))  
}
```

```
func main() {  
    fmt.Println(add(2, 3))  
}  
func add(a, b int) int {  
    return a + b  
}
```



First Class Function

create main.go in folder chapter12-3 :

Change FizzBuzz to Functional Style



GO




Goroutine




golang : goroutine

create main.go in folder chapter13-1 :




```
func main() {  
    go f(0)  
    var input string  
    fmt.Scanln(&input)  
}  
  
func f(n int) {  
    for i := 0; i < 10; i++ {  
        fmt.Println(n, ":", i)  
    }  
}
```



golang : goroutine

create main.go in folder chapter13-2 :




```
func main() {  
    for i:= 0; i < 10; i++ {  
        go f(i)  
    }  
    var input string  
    fmt.Scanln(&input)  
}  
  
func f(n int) {  
    for i := 0; i < 10; i++ {  
        fmt.Println(n, ":", i)  
    }  
}
```



golang : goroutine

create main.go in folder chapter13-3 :



```
func main() {  
    runtime.GOMAXPROCS(8)  
  
    for i := 0; i < 10; i++ {  
        go f(i)  
    }  
    var input string  
    fmt.Scanln(&input)  
}  
  
func f(n int) {  
    for i := 0; i < 10; i++ {  
        fmt.Println(n, ":", i)  
    }  
}
```



golang : goroutine

create main.go in folder chapter13-4 :

```
func main() {  
    var wg sync.WaitGroup  
    wg.Add(2)  
  
    for i := 0; i < 2; i++ {  
        go func(n int) {  
            defer wg.Done()  
            for i := 0; i < 10; i++ {  
                fmt.Println(n, ":", i)  
            }  
        }(i)  
    }  
    wg.Wait()  
    fmt.Println("Finished")  
}
```



golang : goroutine

create main.go in folder chapter13-5 :

```
var (  
    counter int  
    wg      sync.WaitGroup  
)  
  
func main() {  
    wg.Add(16)  
    go increment(1)  
    go increment(2)  
    .....  
    go increment(16)  
    wg.Wait()  
    fmt.Println("Final Counter:", counter)  
}  
  
func increment(n int) {  
    defer wg.Done()  
    for count := 0; count < 2; count++ {  
        value := counter  
        //runtime.Gosched()  
        value++  
        counter = value  
    }  
}
```



golang : Atomic

create main.go in folder chapter13-6 :

```
var (  
    counter int64  
    wg      sync.WaitGroup  
)  
  
func main() {  
    wg.Add(16)  
  
    go increment(1)  
    go increment(2)  
    .....  
    go increment(16)  
  
    wg.Wait()  
    fmt.Println("Final Counter:", counter)  
}  
  
func increment(n int) {  
    defer wg.Done()  
    for count := 0; count < 2; count++ {  
        atomic.AddInt64(&counter, 1)  
    }  
}
```



golang : Mutex

create main.go in folder chapter13-7 :

```
var (  
    counter int64  
    wg      sync.WaitGroup  
    mu sync.Mutex  
)  
  
func main() {  
    wgnum := 16  
    wg.Add(wgnum)  
    for i := 1; i <= wgnum; i++ {  
        go increment(i)  
    }  
    wg.Wait()  
    fmt.Println("Final Counter:", counter)  
}  
  
func increment(n int) {  
    defer wg.Done()  
    mu.Lock()  
    for count := 0; count < 2; count++ {  
        atomic.AddInt64(&counter, 1)  
    }  
    mu.Unlock()  
}
```



golang : Deadlock

create main.go in folder chapter13-8 :

```
func main() {  
    var a, b value  
    var wg sync.WaitGroup  
    wg.Add(2)  
    go printSum(&a, &b, &wg)  
    go printSum(&b, &a, &wg)  
    wg.Wait()  
}  
  
type value struct {  
    mu    sync.Mutex  
    value int  
}
```

```
func printSum(a, b *value, wg *sync.WaitGroup) {  
    defer wg.Done()  
    a.mu.Lock()  
    defer a.mu.Unlock() // introduce deadlock  
  
    time.Sleep(2 * time.Second)  
    b.mu.Lock()  
    defer b.mu.Unlock() // introduce deadlock  
  
    fmt.Printf("sum=%v\n", a.value+b.value)  
}
```



Go Channel




Communicating sequential processes(CSP)



golang : Channel

create main.go in folder chapter13-9 :



```
func main() {  
    array := []int{7, 2, 8, -9, 4, 0}  
  
    ch := make(chan int)  
  
    go sum(array[:len(array)/2], ch)  
    go sum(array[len(array)/2:], ch)  
    x, y := <-ch, <-ch  
    fmt.Println(x, y, x+y)  
}  
  
func sum(array []int, ch chan int) {  
    sum := 0  
    for _, value := range array {  
        sum += value  
    }  
    ch <- sum  
}
```



golang : Unbuffered Channel

create main.go in folder chapter13-10 :

```
func main() {  
    c := make(chan int)  
    //c <- 1  
    //c <- 2  
    go func() { c <- 1 }()  
    //go func() { c <- 2 }()  
    fmt.Println(<-c)  
    //fmt.Println(<-c)  
}
```

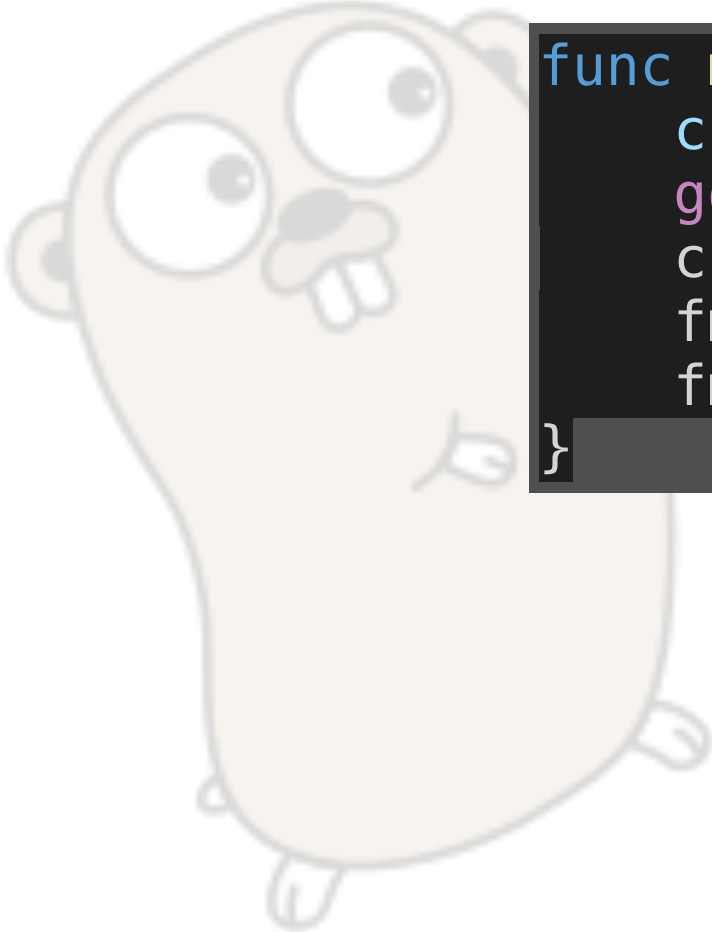
A send operation on an unbuffered channel blocks the sending goroutine until another goroutine executes a corresponding receive on the same channel, at which point the value is transmitted and both goroutines may continue.

Brian W. Kernighan. "The Go Programming Language (Addison-Wesley Professional Computing Series)



golang : Buffered Channel

create main.go in folder chapter13-11 :



```
func main() {  
    ch := make(chan int, 3)  
    go func() { ch <- 1 }()  
    ch <- 2  
    fmt.Println("cap:", cap(ch))  
    fmt.Println("len:", len(ch))  
}
```



golang : Buffered Overfilled

create main.go in folder chapter13-12 :

```
func main() {  
    c := make(chan int, 2)  
    c <- 1  
    c <- 2  
    // c <- 3 // overfilled the buffer  
    fmt.Println(<-c)  
    fmt.Println(<-c)  
}
```



golang : Goroutine Leak

create main.go in folder chapter13-13 :

```
func main() {  
    c := make(chan int)  
    go func() { c <- 1 }()  
    go func() { c <- 2 }()  
    go func() { c <- 3 }()  
    fmt.Println(<-c)  
    fmt.Println(<-c)  
}
```

Fix by use buffered channel

```
func main() {  
    c := make(chan int, 2)  
    go func() { c <- 1 }()  
    go func() { c <- 2 }()  
    go func() { c <- 3 }()  
    fmt.Println(<-c)  
    fmt.Println(<-c)  
}
```



golang : Channel

Three channel principal operations

- send
- receive
- close

```
channel <- value
```

```
<-channel
```

```
close(channel)
```



golang : Channel-Direction

create main.go in folder chapter13-14 :

```
func main() {  
    pings := make(chan string, 1)  
    pongs := make(chan string, 1)  
    ping(pings, "passed message")  
    pong(pings, pongs)  
    fmt.Println(<-pongs)  
}  
  
func ping(pings chan<- string, msg string) {  
    pings <- msg  
}  
  
func pong(pings <-chan string, pongs chan<- string) {  
    msg := <-pings // receive  
    pongs <- msg // send  
}
```



golang : Channel-Direction

create main.go in folder chapter13-15 :

```
func main() {  
    ch := make(chan int, 10)  
    go fibonacci(cap(ch), ch)  
  
    for i := range ch {  
        fmt.Println(i)  
    }  
}  
  
func fibonacci(n int, ch chan int) {  
    x, y := 0, 1  
    for i := 0; i < n; i++ {  
        ch <- x  
        x, y = y, x+y  
    }  
    close(ch)  
}
```



golang : Channel-Select

create main.go in folder chapter13-16 :

```
func main() {  
    ch := make(chan int)  
    quit := make(chan int)  
    go func() {  
        for i := 0; i < 10; i++ {  
            fmt.Println(<-ch)  
        }  
        quit <- 0  
    }()  
    fibonacci(ch, quit)  
}
```

```
func fibonacci(ch, quit chan int) {  
    x, y := 0, 1  
    for {  
        select {  
        case ch <- x:  
            x, y = y, x+y  
        case <-quit:  
            fmt.Println("quit")  
            return  
        }  
    }  
}
```



golang : Pipeline #1

create main.go in folder chapter13-17 :

```
func main() {  
    naturals := make(chan int)  
    squares := make(chan int)  
  
    go func() {  
        for x := 0; ; x++ {  
            naturals <- x  
        }  
    }()  
  
    go func() {  
        for {  
            x := <-naturals  
            squares <- x * x  
        }  
    }()  
  
    for {  
        fmt.Println(<-squares)  
    }  
}
```



GO



golang : Pipeline #2

create main.go in folder chapter13-18 :

```
func main() {
    naturals := make(chan int)
    squares := make(chan int)

    go func() {
        for x := 0; x < 100; x++ {
            naturals <- x
        }
        close(naturals)
    }()

    go func() {
        for x := range naturals {
            squares <- x * x
        }
        close(squares)
    }()

    for x := range squares {
        fmt.Println(x)
    }
}
```



golang : Pipeline #3

create main.go in folder chapter13-19 :

```
func main() {  
    naturals := make(chan int)  
    squares := make(chan int)  
  
    go counter(naturals)  
    go squarer(naturals, squares)  
    print(squares)  
}
```

```
func counter(out chan<- int) {  
    go func() {  
        for x := 0; x < 100; x++ {  
            out <- x  
        }  
        close(out)  
    }()  
}
```


```
func squarer(in <-chan int, out chan<-  
int) {  
    go func() {  
        for x := range in {  
            out <- x * x  
        }  
        close(out)  
    }()  
}
```

```
func print(out <-chan int) {  
    for x := range out {  
        fmt.Println(x)  
    }  
}
```



golang : Timeout

create main.go in folder chapter13-20 :



```
func main() {  
    c1 := make(chan string, 1)  
    go func() {  
        time.Sleep(2 * time.Second)  
        c1 <- "result 1"  
    }()  
  
    select {  
    case res := <-c1:  
        fmt.Println(res)  
    case <-time.After(1 * time.Second):  
        fmt.Println("timeout 1")  
    }  
}
```

