"How to" in orgmode

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October 22, 2019

Round box

(see header for the definition of uppercol and lowercol)

Patient preference

1. increase survival by at least 2 months
2. otherwise, least serious adverse events

Set output size

```
summary(model)
```

```
----------------------------------------------------------------------------
Layer (type)                       Output Shape                  Param #
============================================================================
dense_22 (Dense)                   (None, 256)                   200960
----------------------------------------------------------------------------
dense_23 (Dense)                   (None, 128)                   32896
----------------------------------------------------------------------------
dense_24 (Dense)                   (None, 10)                    1290
============================================================================
Total params: 235,146
Trainable params: 235,146
Non-trainable params: 0
----------------------------------------------------------------------------
```

```
model$weights[[1]]
```

```
<tf.Variable 'dense_4/kernel:0' shape=(784, 256) dtype=float32_ref>
```

Choose item

(A) yyy
(1) xxx

Choose item (2)

1. xxx
4. yyy
5. zzz

Nice latex table

(require booktabs)

| A | B | C |
D	(n=282)	(n=280)
Grade 1	48 (17%)	69 (24.6%)
Grade 2	118 (41.8%)	89 (31.5%)
Grade 3	72 (25.5%)	47 (16.8%)
Grade 4	11 (3.9%)	6 (2.1%)
Grade 5	4 (1.4%)	3 (1.1%)

Citations

- (Pearson, 1905)
- Pearson (1905)
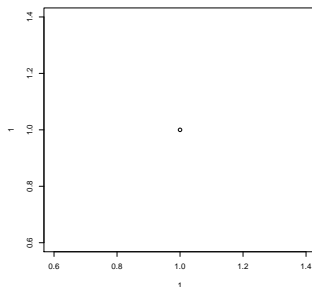- (Pearson, 1905, xx)

(Pearson, 1905, p. 150)

Divide the page (align at the middle)

- topic
  - subtopic
  - sub
- topic
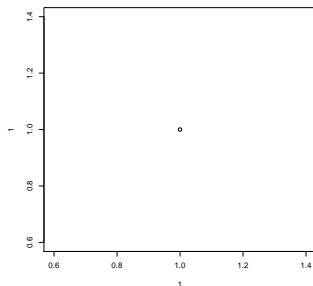
Divide the page (align at the top)

- topic
    - subtopic
    - sub
- topic

Inline latex

any arbitrary LaTeX code

Color tex

(see header for the definition of darkgreen)

- risk factor: adjust (will increase precision)

Footnote

This is a footnote[1].

---
[1]   blaa

Big centered text

Quiz

Change margin

(require changepage)

xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx

xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx

Pearson, K. (1905). The problem of the random walk. *Nature*, 72(1867):342.