```
\_ R code \_
> install.packages("BuyseTest", quiet = TRUE)
> library(BuyseTest)
       _____ R output ___
Loading required package: Rcpp
BuyseTest version 3.1.0
              _ R code ___
> set.seed(10)
> data <- simBuyseTest(100, n.strata = 2)</pre>
> head(data)
           __ R output ___
   id treatment eventtime status toxicity score strata
<num> <fctr> <num> <fctr> <num> <fctr>
               C 0.17392093 1 yes -2.1250686
C 0.16255166 0 yes 0.5211787
C 0.08302502 1 yes -0.0464229
C 0.22204972 0 no -1.1494717
C 0.11669726 1 no 0.6293383
      1
1:
2:
      2
3:
     3
                                                                   b
4:
     4
                                                                   b
5: 5
6: 6
              C 0.11885540 1
                                           yes -0.7264715
          ____ R code __
> e.BT <- BuyseTest(treatment ~ tte(eventtime, status = status),
                     data = data)
           -\!\!\!-\!\!\!- R output -\!\!\!-
         Generalized Pairwise Comparisons
Settings
- 2 groups : Control = C and Treatment = T
- 1 endpoint:
priority endpoint type operator
                                                            event
       eventtime time to event higher is favorable status (0 1)
- right-censored pairs: probabilistic score based on the survival curves
Point estimation and calculation of the iid decomposition
Estimation of the estimator's distribution
- method: moments of the U-statistic
Gather the results in a S4BuyseTest object
```

```
> summary(e.BT)
            _{-} R output _{-}
       Generalized pairwise comparisons with 1 endpoint
- statistic : net treatment benefit (delta: endpoint specific, De
- null hypothesis : Delta == 0
- confidence level: 0.95
- inference : H-projection of order 1 after atanh transformation
- treatment groups: T (treatment) vs. C (control)
- censored pairs : probabilistic score based on the survival curves
endpoint total(%) favorable(%) unfavorable(%) neutral(%) uninf(%) Delta
eventtime 100
                  57.39
                                      42.61 0 0.1479
           ____ R code ____
> summary(e.BT, percentage = FALSE)
         ____ R code ____
> confint(e.BT, statistic = "winRatio")
          -\!\!\!-\!\!\!- R output -\!\!\!-
         estimate se lower.di upper.ci null p.value
eventtime 1.347081 0.2450411 0.9430953 1.924118 1 0.1014458
           oxdot R code oxdot
> e.BThalf <- BuyseTest(treatment ~ tte(eventtime, status),
                      data = data, add.halfNeutral = TRUE, trace = FAI
> model.tables(e.BThalf, statistic = |"favorable")
            _{-} R output _{--}
  endpoint total favorable unfavorable neutral uninf Delta lower.
1 eventtime 100 57.39388 42.60612 0 0 0.5739388 0.485235
          ____ R code ___
> coef(e.BThalf, statistic = "winRatio")
           \_ R output \_\_
[1] 1.347081
```

 $_{-}$ R code $_{-}$

```
\_ R code \_
> e.MBT <- BuyseTest(treatment ~ tte(eventtime, status, threshold = 1) +
                      data = data, trace = 0)
> model.tables(e.MBT)
             _{-} R output _{-}
   endpoint threshold total favorable unfavorable neutral uninf delta
                                                         87.2 0 0.0768
1 eventtime 1e+00 100.0 10.2
                                               2.55
                                  18.8
                                                24.72
                                                         43.7 0 -0.0590
3 toxicity
                1e-12 87.2
            ___ R code __
plot(e.MBT)
              \_ R code \_
plot(e.MBT, type = "racetrack")
              -\!\!\!- R code -\!\!\!\!-
> e.BTindiv <- BuyseTest(treatment ~ tte(eventtime, status = status),
                         data = data, keep.pairScore = TRUE)
> getPairScore(e.BTindiv)
             \_ R output \_
       index.C index.T favorable unfavorable neutral uninf weight
            1 101 0.9192694 0.08073064 0 0.000000e+00
    1:
    2:
                   101 0.5695583 0.4<mark>3044167</mark>
                                                      0 1.110223e-16
           3 101 1.0000000 0.00000000
4 101 0.4969601 0.50303994
5 101 1.0000000 0.00000000
    3:
                                                      0 0.000000e+00
                                                      0 0.000000e+00
   4:
   5:
                                                      0 0.000000e+00

      200 0.2858328
      0.71416716
      0 0.000000e+00

      200 0.8120919
      0.18790807
      0 0.000000e+00

      200 0.6171644
      0.38283561
      0 0.000000e+00

 9996: 96
 9997: 97
9998: 98
           99
                    200 0.6171644 0.38283561
9999:
                                                      0 0.000000e+00
10000: 100
                    200 0.4596044 0.54039560
                                                      0 0.000000e+00
              _{-} R code .
> eBT.perm <- BuyseTest(treatment ~ cont(score), data = data,
                       method.inference = "varexact permutation")
> model.tables(eBT.perm)
           ___ R output ___
  endpoint total favorable unfavorable neutral uninf Delta p.value
                                           0 0.0734 0.3698664
  score 100
                      53.67
                                    46.33
            ___ R code _
> wilcox.test(score ~ treatment, data = data, correct = FALSE)$p.value
            -\!\!\!- R output -\!\!\!-
0.3698664
```

```
_ R code __
> rbind(confint(e.BT, transformation = TRUE),
       confint(e.BT, transformation = FALSE))
           _{-} R output _{-}
           estimate se lower.ci upper.ci null p.value
eventtime 0.1478776 0.08897931 -0.02931684 0.3160612 0 0.10150573
eventtime1 0.1478776 0.08897931 -0.02651861 0.3222739 0 0.09652625
          ____ R code _
> NTB <- coef(e.BT)
> sigma.NTB <- sqrt(crossprod(getIid(e.BT)))</pre>
> sigmaTrans.NTB <- sigma.NTB/(1-NTB<sup>2</sup>)
> c(estimate = NTB, se = sigmaTrans.NTB, p.value = 2*(1-pnorm(NTB/sigma.
   pTrans.value = 2*(1-pnorm(atanh(NTB)/sigmaTrans.NTB)))
           _{-} R output _{-}
 estimate se p.value pTrans.value
0.14787764 0.09096860 0.09652625
                                    0.10150573
           ___ R code __
BuyseTest.options(method.inference = | "permutation", n.resampling = 1000,
                statistic = "winRat io")
            _{-} R code _{-}
> data("prodige", package = "BuyseTest")
> head(prodige)
        ____ R output ____
   id treatment OS statusOS PFS statusPFS toxicity
C 0.0349 1 0.0349
C 2.2790 0 2.2052
                                         0
                                                  1
2:
      2
                                            1
                                                      4
             C 0.2008 1 0.2008
C 0.3418 1 0.3418
3:
     3
                                             0
                                                     1
                                                            М
                                           0
4:
                                                       1
            __ R code __
> e.BR <- BuyseTest(treatment ~ tte(OS, statusOS, threshold = 6)
               + cont(toxicity, operator = "<0", threshold = 2)
               + tte(OS, statusOS, threshold = 1)
               + cont(toxicity, operator = "<0"),
                  data = prodige)
> plot(e.BR)
            _{-} R code _{--}
> summary(e.BR)
```

```
> M.threshold <- cbind(OS_t6 = c(3:5,3:5),
                      toxicity_t2 = c(2,2,2,3,3,3),
                      OS_t2 = 1,
                      toxicity = 0
> M.threshold
            _{-} R output _{-}
    OS_t6 toxicity_t2 OS_t2 toxicity
[1,]
                    2
[2,]
                    2
                          1
        4
[3,]
                    2
        5
[4,]
        3
                    3
[5,]
                    3
        4
                          1
[6,] 5
             _{-} R code _{-}
> eBR.Se <- sensitivity(e.BR, band = TRUE,
                     threshold = M.threshold)
> plot(eBR.Se)
          ____ R code _
> e.NTB_Gehan <- BuyseTest(treatment | tte(OS, statusOS), scoring.rule =
                        data = prodige, keep.pairScore = TRUE, trace =
> getPairScore(e.NTB_Gehan)[1:2,]
           _{-} R output _{-}
  index.C index.T favorable unfavorable neutral uninf weight
    1
                                     0 0 0 1
                        1
1:
            403
        2
              403
                          0
                                      0
                                              0
                                                   1
2:
            \_ R code \_
> e.NTB_Peron <- BuyseTest(treatment | tte(OS, statusOS), scoring.rule =
                        data = prodige, keep.pairScore = TRUE, trace =
> getPairScore(e.NTB_Peron)[1:2,]
           - R output -
  index.C index.T favorable unfavorable neutral uninf weight
1:
        1
            403 1.0000000 0.00000
                                            0 0.0000000000
                                0.47068
                                            0 0.0006648516
2:
             403 0.5286551
           ___ R code -
> e.NTB_Latta <- BuyseTest(treatment | tte(OS, statusOS), scoring.rule =
                          data = prodige, trace = FALSE,
                          model.tte |= prodlim(Hist(OS, statusOS) ~ 1, or
> e.NTB_restricted <- BuyseTest(treatment ~ tte(OS, statusOS, restriction
                               scoring.rule = "Peron", data = prodige)
```

 $_{-}$ R code $_{-}$

```
R code _
> simFCT <- function(n.C, n.T){</pre>
   df.C <- data.frame(id = paste0("C",1:n.C), group = 0,</pre>
                       tox = sample(1:6, n.C, replace=TRUE,
                                     prob = c(16.09, 15.42, 33.26, 26.18,
                       time = rweibull(n.C, scale = 9.995655, shape = 1.2
                       event = 1)
   df.T <- data.frame(id = paste0("T",1:n.T), group = 1,</pre>
                       tox = sample(1:6, n.T, replace=TRUE,
                                    prob = c(8.21, 13.09, 31.29, 30.87, 19.66)
                       time = rweibull(n.T, scale = 13.16543, shape = 1.5
   return(rbind(df.C,df.T))
}
> set.seed(10)
> simFCT(2,2)
             _{-} R output _{-}
  id group tox
                  time event
1 C1
         0 4 8.821945
         0 3 4.591318
2 C2
3 T1
         1 3 15.495787
4 T2
             3 15.557655
         1
              _{-} R code _{-}
> e.power <- powerBuyseTest(group ~ tte(time, event, threshold = 1) + cor
                            sim = simFCT, sample.size = c(10,25,50),
                            n.rep = 100, seed = 10, cpus = 1)
```

```
> summary(e.power)
```

```
Simulation study with General ized pairwise comparison with 100 s
- net benefit statistic (null hypothesis Delta=0)
endpoint threshold n.T n.C mean.estimate sd.estimate mean.se rejection.
             1e-12 10 10
                                 0.2156
                                             0.2656 0.2468
     tox
                    25 25
                                  0.2032
                                              0.1677 0.1582
                    50 50
                                 0.2015
                                              0.1228 0.1121
n.T
             : number of observations in the treatment group
             : number of observations in the control group
n.C
mean.estimate: average estimate over simulations
sd.estimate : standard deviation of the estimate over simulations
             : average estimated standard error of the estimate over sin
```

(standard error: H-projection of order 1| p-value: after transformation)

: frequency of the rejection of the null hypothesis over si

rejection

```
> e.n <- powerBuyseTest(group ~ tte(time, event, threshold = 1) + cont(to
                        sim = simFCT, power = 0.8,
                        n.rep = c(1000,10), seed = 10, trace = 2, cpus =
> summary(e.n)
            _{-} R output _{-}
        Sample size calculation with Generalized pairwise comparison
        for a power of 0.8 and type 1 error rate of 0.05
- estimated sample size (mean [min;max]): 126 [91;155] controls
126 [91;155] treated
- net benefit statistic (null hypothesis Delta=0)
endpoint threshold n.T n.C mean.estimate sd.estimate mean.se rejection.
             1e-12 126 126
                                 0.2049
                                               0.069 0.0707
n.T
             : number of observations in the treatment group
             : number of observations in the control group
n.C
mean.estimate: average estimate over simulations
sd.estimate : standard deviation of the estimate over simulations
            : average estimated standard error of the estimate over sin
            : frequency of the rejection of the null hypothesis over si
(standard error: H-projection of order 1| p-value: after transformation)
```

R code -

$$U - \Delta = \underbrace{\frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^{m} h_E(i)}_{\text{Experimental group}} + \underbrace{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{j=1}^{n} h_C(j)}_{\text{Control group}} + \underbrace{\frac{1}{mn} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{j=1}^{m} h_{EC}(i,j)}_{\text{Second order term}}$$
where for $i \in \{1, \dots, m\}, h_E(i) = \mathbb{E}[\mathbbm{1}_{Y_i^E > Y_j^C} - \mathbbm{1}_{Y_j^C > Y_i^E} \mid Y_i^E] - \Delta$

$$j \in \{1, \dots, n\}, h_C(j) = \mathbb{E}[\mathbbm{1}_{Y_i^E > Y_j^C} - \mathbbm{1}_{Y_j^C > Y_i^E} \mid Y_j^C] - \Delta$$

$$\widehat{\sigma}_U \underset{\text{First order}}{\approx} \frac{1}{m^2} \sum_{i=1}^{m} h_E^2(i) + \frac{1}{n^2} \sum_{j=1}^{n} h_C^2(j)$$

$$p^{\mathcal{P}} = \frac{1}{1+P} \left\{ 1 + \sum_{p=1}^{P} \mathbb{1}_{\left| \Delta^{\mathcal{P}(p)} \right| \ge |\Delta|} \right\}$$

$$\mathbb{P}\left[Y_i^E > Y_j^C | \widetilde{Y}_i^E, \Omega_i^E, \widetilde{Y}_j^C, \Omega_j^C\right] = \begin{cases} 0.75 \text{ for } i = i_1\\ 1 \text{ for } i = i_2 \end{cases}$$

$$\left(\widetilde{Y}_{i_1}^E, \widetilde{Y}_{i_2}^E, \widetilde{Y}_{j}^C, \Omega_{i_1}^E, \Omega_{i_2}^E, \Omega_{j}^C\right) = (4.7, 6.1, 1.5, 1, 1, 0)$$

$$U_{ij} = \mathbb{P}\left[Y_i > Y_j + \tau | \widetilde{y}_i, \omega_i, \widetilde{y}_j, \omega_j\right] - \mathbb{P}\left[Y_j > Y_i + \tau | \widetilde{y}_i, \omega_i, \widetilde{y}_j, \omega_j\right]$$

$$\mathbb{P}\left[\underline{Y^E} > \underline{Y^C}\right] - \mathbb{P}\left[\underline{Y^C} > \underline{Y^E}\right]$$

$$\mathbb{P}\left[\mathbf{Y}^{E} > Y^{C}\right] + 0.5\mathbb{P}\left[\mathbf{Y}^{E} = Y^{C}\right]$$

$$\frac{\mathbb{P}\left[\mathbf{Y}^{E} > Y^{C}\right] + 0.5\mathbb{P}\left[\mathbf{Y}^{E} = Y^{C}\right]}{\mathbb{P}\left[Y^{C} > \mathbf{Y}^{E}\right] + 0.5\mathbb{P}\left[Y^{C} = \mathbf{Y}^{E}\right]}$$

$$\frac{\mathbb{P}\left[Y^E > Y^C\right]}{\mathbb{P}\left[Y^C > Y^E\right]}$$

$$\begin{split} \delta_1 = & \mathbb{P}\left[\underbrace{Y_1^E}_1 > Y_1^C + \tau_1 \right] - \mathbb{P}\left[Y_1^C > \underbrace{Y_1^E}_1 + \tau_1 \right] \\ \delta_2 = & \mathbb{P}\left[\underbrace{Y_2^E}_2 > Y_2^C \middle| |Y_1^E - Y_1^C| \le \tau_1 \right] - \mathbb{P}\left[Y_2^C > \underbrace{Y_2^E}_2 \middle| |Y_1^E - Y_1^C| \le \tau_1 \right] \end{split}$$

$$\Delta_1 = \delta_1$$

$$\Delta_2 = \delta_1 + \delta_2$$

$$\Delta_1 = \delta_1$$

$$\Delta_2 = \delta_1 + \delta_2$$

$$\begin{split} \delta_1 = & \mathbb{P}\left[Y_1^E > Y_1^C + \tau_1\right] - \mathbb{P}\left[Y_1^C > Y_1^E + \tau_1\right] \\ \delta_2 = & \mathbb{P}\left[Y_2^E > Y_2^C \middle| |Y_1^E - Y_1^C| \le \tau_1\right] - \mathbb{P}\left[Y_2^C > Y_2^E \middle| |Y_1^E - Y_1^C| \le \tau_1\right] \end{split}$$