Work of the Weather Bureau during the Calendar Year 1939.

I. Work of the Central Observatory.

1. Meteorological Division.

year of the Philippines was fixed as covering the period from July first of each calendar year to June thirtieth of the calendar year immediately following. By virtue of the same act, all reports, covering the fiscal year heretofore required by law to be rendered annually, small cover in the future the fiscal year ending June thirtieth immediately preceding, except the reports to be rendered after the first of July of nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, which shall cover only six months beginning January first, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine and ending on June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine. To preserve the continuity and uniformity of Annual Reports, as far as the presentation of weather is concerned, it was deemed wise to make no change in the publication of the Annual Report. Although the Weather Bureau submits to the Department, for secondary purposes, an Annual Report covering the fiscal year, it prepares for scientific publication and exchange an Annual Report covering the ca-

A comparison of the total number of typhoons during 1938 and 1939 shows no difference, there being twenty-six typhoons during each of these years. There were fewer depressions in 1939, however, only ten occurring during 1939, while thirteen depressions were reported in 1938. These are the total number of storms over the regions known as the Far East. Their monthly distribution is given as follows. There were no typhoons from January to April 1939. May had two typhoons. There were none in June. July had the largest number of any month of the year, there being nine. Then three occured in August, three in September, four in October, one

in November and four in December. The depressions are listed thus: one

lendar year. The intercomparison is thus rendered possible between the

elements.

different years in the distribution of typhcons and various meteorological