

FOREWORD

The Weather Bureau published in 1935 the publication entitled "Observations of Rainfall in the Philippines," giving all the observations of rainfall taken in the main weather stations of the Philippines from the beginning of the weather service up to the end of 1933. A reduction in the appropriation of the Weather Bureau in the years 1933 to 1937 necessitated the closing of almost all official rain-stations: however, the forecasting stations and the voluntary stations, not being affected by the reduction in the budget, continued reporting rainfall. This publication is intended as the first supplement to the "Observations of Rainfall in the Philippines" and brings up to the end of 1937 the series of rainfall observations taken under the supervision of the Weather Bureau. The period covered by the stations varies from 3 years as at United Paracale Mining Co. to 73 years as at Manila. Each station is designated by its local name with the specification of the province and island to which the station belongs. The first National Assembly passed in 1936 Acts Nos. 39, 51, 57 and 59 creating the cities of Zamboanga, Davao, Iloilo and Cebu, respectively. Any rainfall station that is located within the territorial jurisdiction of any of these cities, is assigned not to the adjoining province, but to the corresponding city. The stations are arranged according to increasing latitude. The mean, both of the amount of rainfall and of the number of rainy days, refers not to the observations made after 1933 but to all observations ever taken at the station from the beginning of its series.

The Map that accompanies this publication shows for 58 stations of the Philippine Islands the annual amount of rainfall, the annual number of rainy days, the least and the greatest monthly rainfall with specification of the month of incidence of the minimum and maximum rainfall.

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