TWO YEARS OF METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS AT HAIGHT'S PLACE

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One of the highest points in the western side of the central cordillera of northern Luzon is Mt. Paoai, the elevation of which is given as 2,456 meters in the topographic map No. 3 of the Coast and Geodetic Survey. It is situated in the Mountain Province, about 57 kilometers to the northeast of Baguio and falls within the jurisdiction of the town of Atok. The top of Mt. Paoai is not conical, but its internal walls, covered with trees, converge towards a moderate depression almost bare of vegetation. A visit to Mt. Pacai, late in November 1930, guaranteed the conviction that the establishment of a meteorological station at Haight's Place would bring out new interesting data regarding the climate and temperature in the highlands of Luzon. Arrangements were made to have the station ready for the observation of temperature and rainfall beginning with January 1, 1931. Useful information has been derived from the observations of the last two years.

Temperature. The monthly temperatures derived from the mean of the daily maxima and minima of 1931 and 1932 were: 13.1°C.

January; 12.8°C. in February; 13.6°C. in March; 14.9°C. in 11; 15.2°C. in May; 14.7°C. in June; 15.1°C. in July; 14.2°C.

August; 14.8°C. in September; 14.8°C. in October; 14.1°C. in