Vina, California, November 6, 1914.—Two shocks are reported at the town of Vina, about twenty miles north of Chico, California, at 7:25 p.m. No damage was done.

Los Angeles, California, November 8, 1914.—At 3:40 p.m. an earthquake was felt at Los Angeles, California, and in the surrounding towns. Several persons state that it was accompanied by an explosive sound. No damage has been reported.

Santa Cruz mountains, November 8, 1914.—The details of this shock are given in an article in this number by Mr. Carl H. Beal.

Santa Clara valley, November 21, 1914.—At about 8:30 a.m. a slight shock was felt at and about San Jose and Santa Clara. It was recorded at the observatories at Mt. Hamilton and Santa Clara.

Western Greece, November 27, 1914.—Considerable damage to buildings and more than twenty deaths were caused by an earthquake in northwestern Greece and the Ionian islands on November 27th. The highest intensity seems to have been on the island of Santa Maura.

New Seismic Station in the Western Pacific.—Rev. M. Saderra Masó, S. J., has kindly sent the following note concerning a new seismological station:

"With the consent of the Naval authorities in Washington and with the most effective cooperation of the Governor of the Naval Station of the Island of Guam, Captain W. J. Maxwell, U. S. N., the Manila Observatory has had the opportunity of installing a seismograph at Agaña, Island of Guam.

"For many years past the Director of the Observatory had been anxious to have a good registering seismograph on the Island, because, owing to its proximity to the Challenger Deep, its seismic condition is extremely interesting.

"Last August a Weichert seismograph of 180 kilograms was mounted by Rev. M. Saderra Masó, Assistant Director of the Weather Bureau, in a room excellently adapted for the purpose, in the Government House, at Agaña. An officer and mechanic of the Naval Sta-