# Package 'DFA.CANCOR'

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Type Package	
Title Linear Discriminant Function and Canonical Correlation Analysis	
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<b>Description</b> Functions that produce SPSS- and SAS-like output for linear discriminant function analysis and canonical correlation analysis.	
Imports MASS, car, irr, CCA, CCP, MVN, yacca, graphics, utils	
LazyLoad yes	
LazyData yes	
License GPL (>= 2)	
NeedsCompilation no	
CANCOR data_CCA_De_Leo data_CCA_Tabachnik data_DFA_Field data_DFA_Sherry DFA	1 2 3 4 5 6
Index	8

## Description

This package provides SPSS- and SAS-like output for linear discriminant function analysis (via the DFA function) and for canonical correlation analysis (via the CANCOR function).

2 CANCOR

CANCOR	Canonical correlation analysis	S
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#### Description

This function provides SPSS- and SAS-like output for canonical correlation analysis. It uses functions from the CCA, CCP, MVN, and yacca packages.

#### Usage

```
CANCOR(data, set1, set2, plot, plotCV)
```

#### **Arguments**

data	A dataframe where the rows are cases & the columns are the variables.
set1	The names of the continuous variables for the first set, e.g., $set1 = c('varA', 'varB', 'varC')$ .
set2	The names of the continuous variables for the second set, e.g., $set2 = c('varD', 'varE', 'varF')$ .
plot	Should a helio plot of the structure coefficients be produced? The options are: 'yes' or 'no'.
plotCV	The canonical variate number for the helio plot, e.g., $plotCV = 1$ .

#### Value

The displayed output includes descriptive statistics and Pearson correlations, tests of univariate and multivariate normality, multivariate significance tests, canonical function correlations and bivariate significance tests, raw canonical coefficients, structure coefficients, standardized coefficients, and a helio plot of the structure coefficients.

The returned output is a list with elements

cancors	canonical correlations and their significance tests
rawCoefSet1	raw canonical coefficients for Set 1
rawCoefSet2	raw canonical coefficients for Set 2
structCoef11	structure coefficients for Set 1 variables with the Set 1 variates
structCoef21	structure coefficients for Set 2 variables with the Set 1 variates
structCoef12	structure coefficients for Set 1 variables with the Set 2 variates
structCoef22	structure coefficients for Set 2 variables with the Set 2 variates
standCoefSet1	standardized coefficients for Set 1 variables
standCoefSet2	standardized coefficients for Set 2 variables

### Author(s)

Brian P. O'Connor

data\_CCA\_De\_Leo 3

#### References

Sherry, A., & Henson, R. K. (2005). Conducting and interpreting canonical correlation analysis in personality research: A user-friendly primer. Journal of Personality Assessment, 84, 37-48.

Tabachnik, B. G., & Fidell, L. S. (2013). Using multivariate statistics (6th ed.). New York, NY: Pearson.

#### **Examples**

```
# data that simulate those from De Leo & Wulfert (2013)
CANCOR(data = data_CCA_De_Leo,
      set1 = c("yrtob", "yralc", "yrdrugTOT", "yrgambTOT", "yrunsex", "CiasTOT"),
      set2 = c("iveimpul", "siasTOT", "poms_dep", "mdspss_TOT", "aidTOT", "fesmorals",
               "fesconflict", "gpaspecified"),
      plot = 'yes', plotCV = 1)
## Not run:
# data from Tabachnik & Fidell (2013, p. 589)
CANCOR(data = data_CCA_Tabachnik,
      set1 = c('TS','TC'),
      set2 = c('BS','BC'),
      plot = 'yes', plotCV = 1)
# UCLA dataset
UCLA_CCA_data <- read.csv("https://stats.idre.ucla.edu/stat/data/mmreg.csv")</pre>
summary(UCLA_CCA_data)
CANCOR(data = UCLA_CCA_data,
      set1 = c("LocusControl", "SelfConcept", "Motivation"),
      set2 = c("read", "write", "math", "science", "female"),
      plot = 'yes', plotCV = 1)
## End(Not run)
```

data\_CCA\_De\_Leo

data\_CCA\_De\_Leo

#### **Description**

A data frame with scores on 14 variables that have the same correlational structure, and which produce the same canonical correlation analysis results, as those reported in De Leo and Wulfert (2013).

#### Usage

```
data(data_CCA_De_Leo)
```

#### **Source**

De Leo, J. A., & Wulfert, E. (2013). Problematic internet use and other risky behaviors in college students: An application of problem-behavior theory. Psychology of Addictive Behaviors, 27(1), 133-141.

#### **Examples**

data\_CCA\_Tabachnik

data\_CCA\_Tabachnik

#### **Description**

A data frame with scores on 4 variables for 8 cases. Used by Tabachnik & Fidell (2013, p. 589) in their chapter on canonical correlation.

#### Usage

```
data(data_CCA_Tabachnik)
```

#### Source

Tabachnik, B. G., & Fidell, L. S. (2013). Using multivariate statistics (6th ed.). New York, NY: Pearson.

#### **Examples**

data\_DFA\_Field 5

data\_DFA\_Field

data\_DFA\_Field

#### Description

A data frame with scores on 2 variables for 10 cases in each of 3 groups. Used by Field et al. (2012) in their chapter on MANOVA and discriminant function analysis.

#### Usage

```
data(data_DFA_Field)
```

#### Source

Field, A., Miles, J., & Field, Z. (2012). Discovering statistics using R. Los Angeles, CA: Sage.

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
head(data_DFA_Field)

DFA(data = data_DFA_Field,
    groups = 'Group',
    variables = c('Actions','Thoughts'),
    normtests = 'no', priorprob = 'SIZES', predictive = 'yes')
## End(Not run)
```

data\_DFA\_Sherry

data\_DFA\_Sherry

#### **Description**

A data frame with scores on 5 variables for 10 cases in each of 3 groups. Used by Sherry (2006) in her article on discriminant function analysis.

#### Usage

```
data(data_DFA_Sherry)
```

#### Source

Sherry, A. (2006). Discriminant analysis in counseling research. Counseling Psychologist, 34, 661-683.

6 DFA

#### **Examples**

DFA

Discriminant function analysis

#### **Description**

This function provides SPSS- and SAS-like output for linear discriminant function analysis. It uses functions from the car, CPP, MASS, MVN, and irr packages.

#### Usage

```
DFA(data, groups, variables, normtests, priorprob, predictive)
```

#### **Arguments**

data	A dataframe where the rows are cases & the columns are the variables.
groups	The name of the groups variable in the dataframe, e.g., groups = 'Group'.
variables	The names of the continuous variables in the dataframe that will be used in the DFA, e.g., variables = $c('varA', 'varB', 'varC')$ .
normtests	Should tests of univariate and multivariate normality be conducted? The options are: 'yes' or 'no'.
priorprob	How should the prior probabilities of the group sizes be computed? The options are: 'EQUAL' for equal group sizes; or 'SIZES' for the group sizes to be based on the sizes of the groups in the dataframe.
predictive	Should a predictive DFA be conducted? The options are: 'yes' or 'no'.

#### Value

The displayed output includes descriptive statistics for the groups, tests of univariate and multivariate normality, the results of tests of the homogeneity of the group variance-covariance matrices, eigenvalues & canonical correlations, Wilks lambda & peel-down statistics, one-way ANOVA tests of group differences in scores on each discriminant function, raw and standardized discriminant function coefficients, structure coefficients, functions at group centroids, a plot of the group means on the standardized discriminant functions, and extensive output from predictive discriminant function analyses (if requested).

The returned output is a list with elements

DFA 7

canonical discriminant function coefficients rawCoef structCoef structure coefficients standCoef standardized coefficients  ${\it standCoefSPSS}$ standardized coefficients from SPSS centroids unstandardized canonical discriminant functions evaluated at the group means centroidSDs group standard deviations on the unstandardized functions standardized canonical discriminant functions evaluated at the group means centroidsZ centroidSDsZ group standard deviations on the standardized functions

#### Author(s)

Brian P. O'Connor

#### References

Sherry, A. (2006). Discriminant analysis in counseling research. Counseling Psychologist, 34, 661-683.

Tabachnik, B. G., & Fidell, L. S. (2013). Using multivariate statistics (6th ed.). New York, NY: Pearson.

#### **Examples**

# Index

# CANCOR, 2 data\_CCA\_De\_Leo, 3 data\_CCA\_Tabachnik, 4 data\_DFA\_Field, 5 data\_DFA\_Sherry, 5 DFA, 6 DFA.CANCOR-package, 1