```
Write a program to get the following
input str1="Water,str2="Bottle"
o/p-WatBottleer
public class StringManipulation1 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
          String str1="Water";
         String str2="Bottle";
          //str2.replaceFirst("", str1.substring(0, 3));
          //o/p WatBottle
          //str1.substring(str1.length()-2, str1.length());
          //o/p er
         System. out. println(str2.replaceFirst("",
str1.substring(0, 3)) + str1.substring(str1.length()-2,
str1.length());
     }
}
Write a Program to print average of the integer array
elements and also to print the mean base on odd or even
number of elements in the array
public class ArrayAverage {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
          int[] numbers = new int[]{10,20,15,25,16,60,100,5,7};
               //to print the average of array elements
               int sum = 0;
               for(int i=0; i < numbers.length ; i++)</pre>
                      sum = sum + numbers[i];
```

```
double average = sum / numbers.length;
                System.out.println("Average value of array
elements is : " + average);
        //to give you the mean based on odd or even elements
                // in the array
                if (numbers.length % 2==0)
                     int num1pos=numbers.length/2;
                     int num2pos=num1pos +1;
                     double mean=(numbers[num1pos-
1] +numbers [num2pos-1])/2;
                     System.out.println(mean);
                }
                else
                    int num1pos=numbers.length/2;
                    System.out.println(numbers[num1pos]);
                }
        }
}
```

Write a program to divide a number without using / operator

```
public class DivideWithOutOperator {

public static void main(String[] args) {
    int number = 26;
    int divisor = 5;
    int result = 0;

while((number-divisor)>=0) {
      result++;
      number = number - divisor;
    }

    System.out.println(result);
}
```

}

Write a program to multiply 2 numbers without using number without using * multiplication operator

```
public class MultiplyWithoutOperator {

public static void main(String[] args) {
    int number1 = 10;
    int number2 = 5;
    int result = 0;

for(int i=1;i<=number2;i++)
    {
       result=result + number1;
    }

    System.out.println(result);
}</pre>
```

Write a program to sort numbers and digits in a given String

public class SortingNumberAndDigits {

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
   String str="abcd123efgh456";
   char[] charArray = str.toCharArray();
   StringBuffer str1=new StringBuffer();
   StringBuffer str2=new StringBuffer();
   for(char ch: charArray)
   {
      if (Character.isDigit(ch))
      {
        str1=str1.append(ch);
      }
      else
      {
            str2=str2.append(ch);
      }
   }
   System.out.println(str1);
```

```
System.out.println(str2);
     }
}
Write a program to print A-Z and a-z
public class PrintA2Z {
     public static void main(String[] args) {
          for (char ch='a'; ch<='z'; ch++) {</pre>
            System.out.print(ch+" ");
        System.out.println();
        for (char ch='A'; ch<='Z'; ch++) {</pre>
            System.out.print(ch+" ");
     }
}
Write a program to reverse a String and also
Sort the string characters alphabetically.
public class ReverseAndSort {
     public static void main(String[] args) {
          String str="Hello Chennai";
          StringBuffer str1 = new StringBuffer(str);
          System.out.println(str1.reverse());
          //to put it in a string
          str=str1.reverse().toString();
          System.out.println(str);
          //code to sort
          char[] charArray = str.toCharArray();
          Arrays.sort(charArray);
          str=new String(charArray);
          System.out.println(str);
     }
```

}

Write a program to print a the following Triangle

```
1
   2 2
  3 3 3
 4 4 4 4
5 5 5 5 5
public class RowNumberIncrementTriangle {
      public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException
{
          System.out.println("Enter the number of rows");
                   Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
                   int numRow = in.nextInt();
                   for (int i = 1; i <= numRow; i++) {</pre>
                       // Prints the blank spaces
                       for (int j = 1; j <= numRow - i; j++) {
                           System.out.print(" ");
                       // Prints the value of the number
                       for (int k = 1; k <= i; k++) {</pre>
                           System.out.print(i +" ");
                       System.out.println();
                   }
         }
```

.....

Write a program to print a the following Triangle

```
1
    32
  654
10987
public class FlippedTriangle
     public static void main(String[] args)
        int rows=4;
        int cntr=1;
        int start;
        int val;
       for (int i=1;i<=rows;i++)</pre>
        for (int k=rows-i; k>=1; k--)
              System.out.print(" ");
        start=cntr + i-1;
              val=start;
         for (int j=1; j<=i; j++)</pre>
           System.out.print(start);
           start--;
           cntr++;
        System.out.println();
     }
}
```

.....

Write a program to print the next characters in a given String

Ex:

```
String s1="Selenium"
o/p should be- Tfmfojvn
```

```
public class SetNextCharForString {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        String str="Selenium";
        StringBuffer str1=new StringBuffer();
        char arr[]=str.toCharArray();

        for(int i=0;i<=arr.length-1;i++)
        {
            char ch=arr[i];
            str1=str1.append(++ch);
        }
        System.out.println(str1);
    }
}</pre>
```

Write a program to print the perfect numbers b/w 1-500

Ex:

The number 6 is said to be a perfect number because it is equal to the sum of all its exact divisors (other than itself).

```
6 = 1 + 2 + 3
```

```
public class PerfectNumber{
   public static void main(String[]args) {
    int sum=0, x=0;
    for(int num=1;num<500;num++)</pre>
```

```
{
        for (int i=1; i < num; i++)</pre>
          x=num%i;
          if(x==0)
            sum=sum+i;
        if (sum==num)
         System.out.println("Perfect Number is: "+num);
         System.out.println("Factors are: ");
         for (int i=1; i < num; i++)</pre>
          x=num%i;
          if(x==0)
          System.out.println(i);
         }
         sum=0;
   }
}
```

Write a program to print the adams number

```
If the reverse square root of the reverse of square of a number is the number itself then it is Adam Number.

12 and 21

Take 12

square of 12 = 144

reverse of square of 12 = 441

square root of the reverse of square of 12 = 21

The reverse square root of the reverse of square of 12 = 12, then number itself.

Such number is called Adam Number.

class AdamsNumber

{

    public static void main(String[] args)

    {

        AdamsNumber an = new AdamsNumber();

        int i, n, rn;
```

```
int sn, rsn, rrsn;
         System.out.println("List of Adam Numbers under 1000");
         for (i = 10; i < 1000; i++)</pre>
            n = i;
            rn = an.ReverseNumber(i);
            if (n == rn)
              continue;
            sn = n * n;
            rsn = rn * rn;
            rrsn = an.ReverseNumber(rsn);
            if (rrsn == sn)
               System.out.println(n);
         }
      }
      int CountNumberOfDigits(int n)
         int numdgits = 0;
         do
         {
           n = n / 10;
           numdgits++;
         while (n > 0);
         return numdgits;
      }
      int ReverseNumber(int n)
         int i = 0, result = 0;
         int numdigits = CountNumberOfDigits(n);
         for (i = 0; i < numdigits; i++)</pre>
            result *= 10;
            result += n % 10;
            n = n / 10;
         return result;
      }
}
```

