## Using Navigation among the Screens in React Native using Class Components

When we want to visit from one screen to another screen in the app, it is called as screen based navigation.

To achieve the screen based navigation in React Native we need to install two packages in our project @react-navigation/native and @react-navigation/stack.

To navigate we need to call navigation.navigate() function

To try the sample example create a new project using create-react-native-app

create-react-native-app NavigationDemo

Now inside the folder

cd NavigationDemo

Now install the required packages

```
npm install @react-navigation/native --save
npm install @react-navigation/stack --save
```

Create three Blank JavaScript files for three Screens as

```
Home.js
Login.js
Signup.js
```

Now open the App.js file and import the three screens into it along with NavigationContainer component from @react-navigation/native package and createStackNavigator component from @react-navigation/stack package.

Create a Stack object using createStackNavigator class and define the Navigation under <NavigationContainer> using <Stack.Navigator> component with name, component and options properties.

The component is the screen to which you want to navigate

```
<Stack.Screen
          name="Home"
          component={Home}
          options={{ title: 'Home Page' }}
        />
        <Stack.Screen
          name="Login"
          component={Login}
          options={{ title: 'Login Page' }}
        />
        <Stack.Screen
          name="Signup"
          component={Signup}
          options={{ title: 'Signup Page' }}
      </Stack.Navigator>
    </NavigationContainer>
 );
}
```

Now create the sample Home Page with View, Text and Button. When we click on Login button, it should navigate to Login screen. Using navigation.navigate()
function to navigate to the given name in App.js file.

```
//Home.is
import * as React from 'react';
import {View,Text,Button} from 'react-native';
export default class Home extends React.Component {
    constructor({navigation}){
        super(navigation);
   render(){
   return (
    <View>
    <Text style={{color:'red',fontSize:24}}>Welcome to Home Page</Text>
      <Button
        title="Login"
        onPress={() =>
          this.props.navigation.navigate('Login')
        }
      />
    </View>
    );
 }
}
```

Now create the sample Login Page with View, Text, TextInput and Button. When we click on Login button, it should navigate to Login screen. Using navigation.navigate() function to navigate to the given name in App.js file.

```
//Login.js
import * as React from 'react';
import {View,Text,TextInput, Button} from 'react-native';
export default class Login extends React.Component {
    constructor({navigation}){
        super(navigation);
    }
}
```

```
}
    render(){
    return (
      <View>
        <Text>Login</Text>
        <TextInput placeholder="User ID"/>
        <TextInput placeholder="Password" secureTextEntry/>
        <Button
            title="Login"
            onPress={() =>alert("Write the login logic here")}
        />
        <Button
            title="Signup"
            onPress={() =>
                this.props.navigation.navigate('Signup')
            }
        />
      </View>
    );
}
```

Now create the sample Signup Page with View, Text, TextInput and Button. Here we don't need navigation since we are not navigating from here for now.

```
//Signup.js
import * as React from 'react';
import {View,Text,TextInput, Button} from 'react-native';
export default class Signup extends React.Component {
    render(){
    return (
      <View>
      <Text>Login</Text>
      <TextInput placeholder="User ID"/>
      <TextInput placeholder="Password" secureTextEntry/>
      <Button
        title="Register"
        onPress={() =>alert('Registration logic goes here')}
      </View>
    );
}
Now run the project and test it
yarn start
```