# gCAPjoint

# EARTHQUAKE SOURCE PARAMETER INVERSION WITH SEISMIC WAVES

Version 1.0

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# 1 Introduction

This document describes the installation of Version 1.0 of the gCAPjoint developed by the Waveform Seismology Group of USTC (University of Science and Technology of China). This installation has been tested for the Linux system.

## 2 Installation on Linux

## 2.1 Download the Programs

The most recent version of the gCAPjoint will always be available for internet download from the site:

https://github.com/bqpseismology/gCAPjoint

## 2.2 Dependencies

In order to run the code gCAPjoint, you need to have the following software installed and added to the PATH.

- Seismic Analysis Code (SAC) http://www.iris.edu/dms/nodes/dmc/software/
- 2. TauP

http://www.seis.sc.edu/taup/

3. CRUST2.0

http://igppweb.ucsd.edu/~gabi/crust2.html

- Frequency-Wavenumber synthetic seismogram (FK) http://www.eas.slu.edu/People/LZhu/downloads/fk3.1.tar
- 5. PSSAC2 or PSSAC

https://geodynamics.org/svn/cig/seismo/3D/ADJOINT\_TOMO/measure\_adj/UTIL/pssac 2/ PSSAC2

http://www.eas.slu.edu/People/LZhu/downloads/ PSSAC

6. gCAP1.0

http://www.eas.slu.edu/People/LZhu/downloads/

7. Numerical Recipes (NR)

http://www.nr.com/

8. Generic Mapping Tools (GMT)

http://gmt.soest.hawaii.edu/projects/gmt

9. Ghostscript and Gsview

http://www.cs.wisc.edu/~ghost/

## 2.3 Installation of the Programs

The programs will be installed in a directory of your choosing. For example, if you place the downloaded ".zip" or "tgz" file in "/home/baiqp", then you would do the following: ".tgz" gzipped files: Using sh or bash shells:

\$ tar -zxvf \*.tgz

First, go to the gCAPjoint directory:

- \$ cd gCAPjoint1.0
- \$ ./configure linux
- \$./Install

Then you should add the bin/ directory to the ~/.bashrc file:

```
# gcap
export GCAPHOME=/home/baiqp/gCAPjoint1.0
export PATH=/home/baiqp/gCAPjoint1.0/bin:${PATH}
```

\$ source ~/.bashrc

\$ which tel4

/home/XXXXX/gCAPjoint1.0/bin/tel4

# 3 Example

#### 3.1 Download the Broadband Waveforms

Visiting the following website: <a href="http://ds.iris.edu/wilber3/find\_event">http://ds.iris.edu/wilber3/find\_event</a>, and selecting the event in which you interested. After obtaining the SEED compressed file, you should rename them to loc.seed and tel.seed, respectively. Note the SEED file only include the BH? components.

\$ cd 2016-04-10\_Mw6.6

#### loc.seed tel.seed

then copy the cmds/ to this directory, and move the LeadDataTel.sh to the main directory.

\$ cp -r XXX/cmds ./

#### cmds LeadDataTel.sh loc.seed tel.seed

For IRIS WILBER format seed files, extract the SAC file by "sh LeadDataTel.sh". Otherwise
you should de-instrument and rotate the SAC file to the great arc by yourself, then cut
the window length and multiply 100 to fit the measurement of the forward modeling
codes, the units is cm/s.

\$ cp cmds/LeadDataTel.sh ./

\$ sh LeadDataTel.sh

cmds data datatel eveinfo.lst greenFuncDir LeadDataTel.sh SEED

3. The approach is the same as above for local waveforms, extract the SAC file by "sh LeadDataLoc.sh".

\$ cp cmds/LeadDataLoc.sh ./

\$ sh LeadDataLoc.sh

```
cmds dataloc eveinfo.lst LeadDataLoc.sh SEED
data datatel greenFuncDir LeadDataTel.sh
```

### 3.2 Green's Functions Calculations

The green's funcitons directory is greenFuncDir/.

Note: Only when you know exactly can you use the following scripts.

cmds/fk.sh: calculate the local green's functions.

cmds/tel5.sh: calculate the teleseism green's functions

# 3.3 Joint Inversion by gCAPjoint

1. Copy the gengcap.sh to the main directory and Specify the input parameters in it.

\$ cp cmds/gengcap.sh ./

\$ sh gengcap.sh

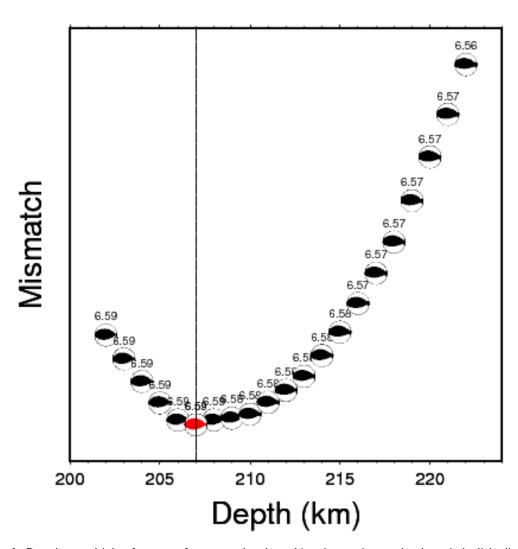
```
cmds dataloc depth.sh gengcap.sh LeadDataLoc.sh SEED data datatel gcap.sh greenFuncDir LeadDataTel.sh
```

\$ sh depth.sh

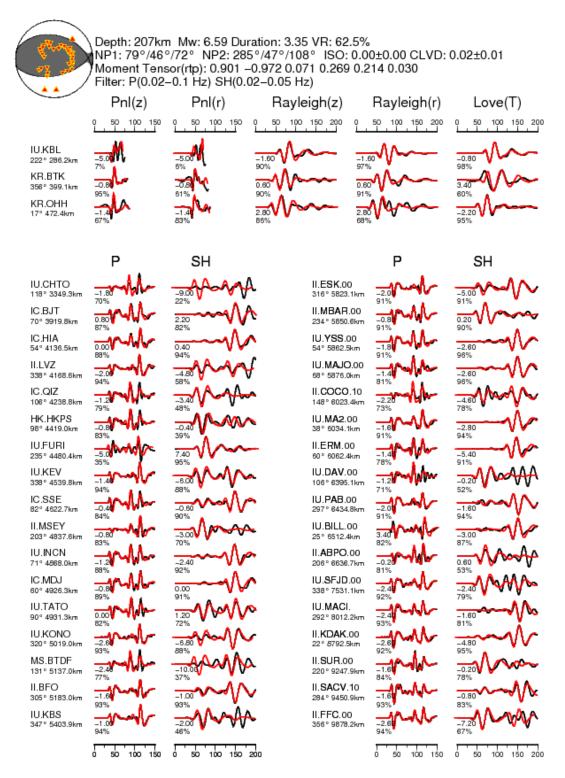
- 2. Waiting for the completion of the joint inversion, view the results in the data or output directory.
  - \$ evince data/mecherr.ps
  - \$ evince data/vmodel\_207.ps

```
cmds dataloc depth.sh gcap.sh greenFuncDir LeadDataTel.sh SEED
data datatel eveinfo.lst gengcap.sh LeadDataLoc.sh output
```

# 3.4 Results and Summary



**Fig. 1**. Depth sensitivity for waveform mechanism. Numbers above the beach ball indicate moment magnitude (Mw) for each depth. The red beach ball is the optimal search depth.



**Fig. 2**. gCAPjoint waveform inversion for the 2016 Pamir earthquake. The black lines are observed data, and the red lines are synthetics. Numbers to the left of the seismograms are times shifts (lower, italicized numbers) and cross-correlation coefficient in percent (upper numbers). Positive time shifts indicate that synthetic waveforms are delayed. The triangles on the focal sphere represent the local stations, whereas the upside-down triangle represent the teleseismic stations.

# 4 Q&A

#### 4.1 How to cite relevant work

**NR**: (Press et al., 1996)

GMT: (Wessel and Smith, 1998) GMT4, (Wessel et al., 2013) GMT5, (Wessel et al., 2019) GMT6

SAC, CRUST2.0, TauP: (Goldstein et al., 2003), (Bassin, 2000), (Crotwell et al., 1999)

CAP, gCAP, FK: (Zhu and Ben-Zion, 2013; Zhu and Helmberger, 1996; Zhu and Rivera, 2002)

TEL3: (Kikuchi and Kanamori, 1982), (Chu et al., 2009)

CAPjoint: (Chen et al., 2015)

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