Library for modbusTCP Master and Slave

Version 1.42 for Automation Studio 3.x

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1 Introduction

The library "MbusTCP" provides support for modbusTCP master and slave on all B&R targets that provide an Ethernet interface. Remember that the modbusTCP **master** is also called **client** and the **slave** is called **server**. All sample code in this documentation is written in Structure Text and marked with a gray frame.

The following function codes are supported

Read coils	Write single coil
Read discrete inputs	Write single register
Read holding register	Write multiple coils
Read input registers	Write multiple registers

1.1 System requirements

This document was made for Automation Studio 3.x

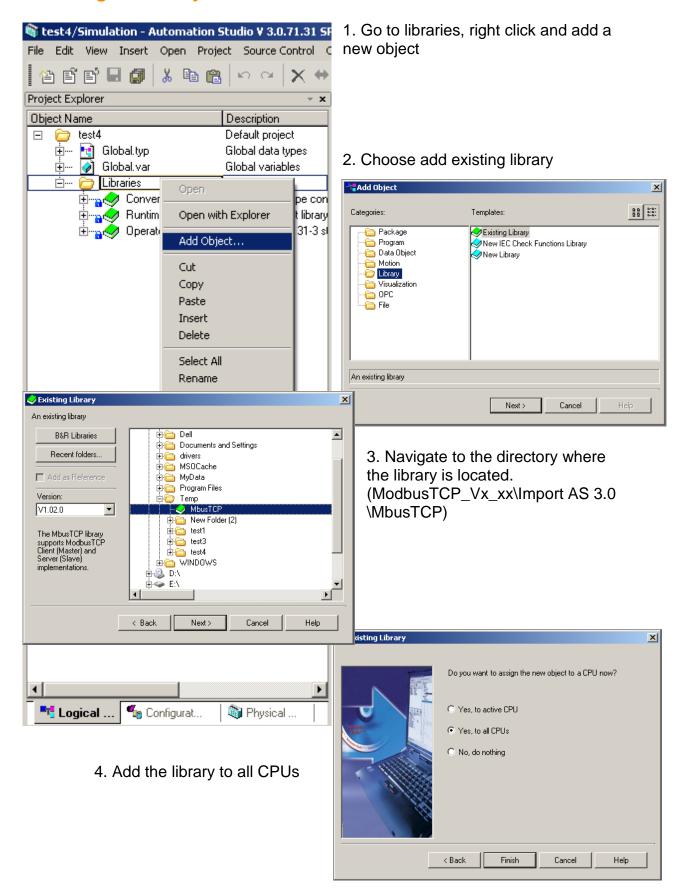
PLC OS system V3.07 or higher for SG4

PLC OS system V2.52 or higher for SG3

PLC OS system V2.32 or higher for SGC

This library supports all B&R targets that provide an Ethernet interface. The preferred task class should be the IDLE task (Task class #8 on SG4, Task class #4 on SGC)

2 Adding the library



3 ModbusTCP Master

When you add the master function block you see the following parameters.

MBmaster_0(enable := , device := , port := , slave_ip_addr := , p_cfg := , log := , cycle_time :=);

enable

The function block is only executed when enable is 1

device

Device string for the Ethernet interface (see 5.4)

port

Ethernet port. Typical 502 for modbusTCP

slave_ip_addr

This is the IP address of the modbusTCP slave

p_cfg

Pointer to configuration structure. This is a variable of type modbus_master_cfg_typ that defines the request actions that are sent to the slave. The master supports up to 20 separate action configurations per slave. Each action has the following parameters. If you use COPY-Mode to transfer your application this pointer has to initialized in the cyclic part of the task.

cyclic/single

Defines if the action is called in cyclic or only once

o unit

The unit is ignored by most devices. Some devices may still use this value for compatibility reasons with modbusRTU.

p_pv

Pointer to a variable where the read data is stored or the write data is transferred from

quantity

Number of words to read/write. The Modbus specification only allows a payload size of 253 bytes. Therefore the maximum quantity for analog registers is 125 and for coils 2000.

o start addr

Start address on the slave side from where to read/write

o timer

Cycle time for recurring actions

type

ModbusTCP function type (see 5.5)

loq

The logger provides diagnostic information and action results

o data lines

Number of available log lines

pData

Pointer to logger structure. This is a variable of type string with length 50 and an array index range of 0..data_lines

• cycle_time

Current master (task) cycle time in ms.

last error

Shows the latest error number (see 6.1)

my_ip

Shows the device IP address

status

Shows the current function block status

Sample variable declaration

```
VAR

ModbusTcpMaster: MBmaster;

MasterConfig: modbus_master_cfg_typ := (0);

END_VAR

(*IO sample arrays*)

VAR

A_Out: ARRAY[0..20] OF UINT := [21(0)];

A_In: ARRAY[0..20] OF UINT := [21(0)];

D_Out: ARRAY[0..49] OF BOOL := [50(FALSE)];

D_In: ARRAY[0..49] OF BOOL := [50(FALSE)];

END_VAR

(*MISC variables*)

VAR

ip: STRING[20];
logger: ARRAY[0..19] OF STRING[50];

StartStop: BOOL := FALSE;

END_VAR
```

Sample init program with 4 action items.

```
strcpy(ADR(ip), ADR('192.168.0.30'));
                                                                   (* Slave device IP address *)
           Sample for reading/writing data from/to a modbusTCP slave
                                                                            (* Read data cyclic *)
         MasterConfig.action_enable[0].cyclic := 1;
         discrete inputs
         MasterConfig.action_enable[1].cyclic := 1;
         multiple register)
         multiple register) *)
(* -----
           Sample for reading data from a modbusTCP slave
         ModbusTcpMaster.enable
ModbusTcpMaster.device
ModbusTcpMaster.slave_ip_addr
ModbusTcpMaster.p_cfg
ModbusTcpMaster.cycle_time
                                             := 1; (* Start master *)
:= ADR('IF5'); (* Ethernet device string *)
:= ip; (* Transfer slave device IP address *)
:= ADR(MasterConfig); (* Pointer to configuration *)
:= 10; (* Master cycle time in ms *)
         (* The LOG information will show communication details. Enable for debugging, disable for production to save system resources *)

ModbusTcpMaster.log.data_lines := 20; (* Number of logging lines *)

ModbusTcpMaster.log.pData := ADR(logger); (* Pointer to logger string a
                                                                  (* Pointer to logger string array *)
         StartStop := 1;
END PROGRAM
```

The cyclic part of the task only contains the function call

4 ModbusTCP Slave

The slave supports up to 3 simultaneous connections a time. By default, the slave has 256 addresses for digital and analog input and output data. The following parameters are part of the function call.

MBslave_0(enable := , device := , port := , p_cfg := , log := , master_timeout :=);

enable

The function block is only executed when enable is 1

device

Device string for the Ethernet interface (see 5.4)

port

Ethernet port. Typical 502 for modbusTCP

p_cfg

Pointer to configuration structure. This is a variable of type modbus_slave_cfg_typ that defines memory areas for analog and digital registers. The slave supports 100 addresses for each register by default.

o p_coils[0..255]

Defines the addresses for the digital outputs

o p discrete inputs[0..255]

Defines the addresses for the digital inputs

o p_holding_registers[0..255]

Defines the addresses for the analog outputs

o p_input_registers[0..255]

Defines the addresses for the analog inputs

log

The logger provides diagnostic information and action results

data_lines

Number of available log lines

o pData

Pointer to logger structure. This is a variable of type string with length 50 and an array index range of 0..data_lines

master timeout

The slave expects a request from the master every X ms to verify that the master is still up and running. When the master times out the slave will close the connection. A value of 0 will disable this function and the slave will always keep the connection open until the master disconnects. It is highly recommend to use this feature because the slave could run out of slots when the connection between master and slave is interrupted without a proper disconnect.

last error

Shows the latest error number (see 6.1)

my ip

Shows the device IP address

status

Shows the current function block status

Sample variable declaration

```
VAR

ModbusTcpSlave: MBslave;
SlaveConfig: modbus_slave_cfg_typ:= (0);

END_VAR
(*IO sample arrays*)

VAR

DO_Bool: ARRAY[0..255] OF BOOL:= [256(FALSE)];
DI_Bool: ARRAY[0..255] OF BOOL:= [256(FALSE)];
AO_Word: ARRAY[0..255] OF UINT:= [256(0)];
AI_Word: ARRAY[0..255] OF UINT:= [256(0)];
AI_Word: ARRAY[0..255] OF UINT:= [256(0)];
END_VAR

interface: STRING[20];
idx: UINT:= 0;
logger: ARRAY[0..19] OF STRING[50];
StartStop: BOOL:= FALSE;

END_VAR
```

Sample init program with 4 action items.

```
brsstrcpy(ADR(interface), ADR('IF5'));
                                                                                                                         (* Ethernet interface used on
               Reset function blocks and data structure on startup (SGC)
     brsmemset(ADR(ModbusTcpSlave), 0, SIZEOF(ModbusTcpSlave));
brsmemset(ADR(SlaveConfig), 0, SIZEOF(SlaveConfig));
brsmemset(ADR(logger), 0, SIZEOF(logger));
               Create default IO mapping FOR digital AND analog area
             := ADR(DI Bool[idx]);
            FOR idx:=0 TO SIZEOF(AI_Word)/SIZEOF(AI_Word[0])-1 DO
SlaveConfig.p_input_registers[idx] := ADR(AI_Word[idx]);
END_FOR;
               Configure FUNCTION block instance
                                                := 1; (* Enable function block *)
:= ADR(interface); (* Ethernet device string *)
:= ADR(SlaveConfig); (* IO configuration *)
out := 60000; (* Disconnect master after x miliseconds
             ModbusTcpSlave.enable
ModbusTcpSlave.device
ModbusTcpSlave.p_cfg
ModbusTcpSlave.master_timeout
when no request was sent, 0 = disabled *)
             (* The LOG information will show communication details. Enable for debugging,
            disable for production to save system resources *)
ModbusTcpSlave.log.data_lines := 20;
ModbusTcpSlave.log.pData := ADR(logger);
                                                                                                                      (* Number of logging lines *)
(* Pointer to logger string array
             StartStop := 1;
END PROGRAM
```

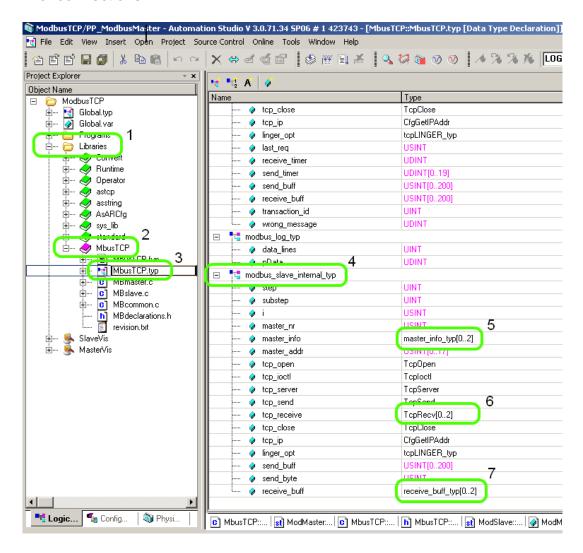
The cyclic part of the task only contains the function call

5 Tipps and Hints

5.1 Slave: How to increase the number of simultaneous connections for the slave?

The slave supports 3 simultaneous connections meaning that 3 masters can connect to the slave at the same time. To increase this number follow this procedure.

- 1. Click on libraries
- 2. MbusTCP
- 3. Select MbusTCP.typ
- 4. Select modbus slave internal typ
- 5. The arrays under 5,6,7 define the maximum number of connections. The default value is 0..2=3 masters. Increase the number to the maximum number of connections.

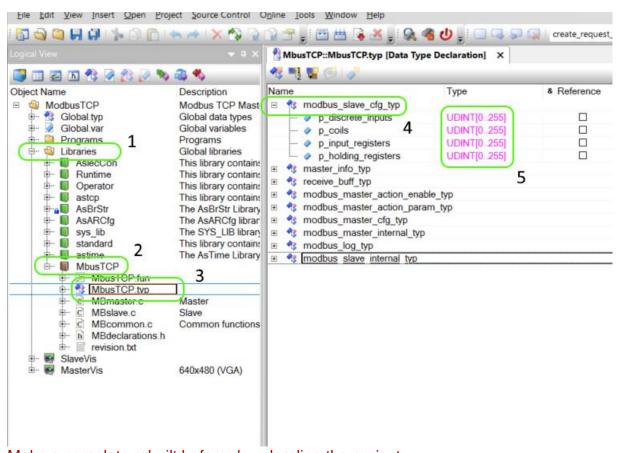


Remember that this value affects the response time for request. Make a complete rebuilt before downloading the project.

5.2 Slave: How to increase the number of registers?

The slave supports 256 entries for analog/digital input and output data by default. To increase this value follow these steps.

- 1. Click on libraries
- 2. MbusTCP
- 3. Select MbusTCP.typ
- 4. Select modbus_slave_cfg_typ
- 5. The arrays define the number of registers available for digital and analog inputs and outputs. The default value is 0..255=100 registers. Increase the number to the maximum number of registers you need.



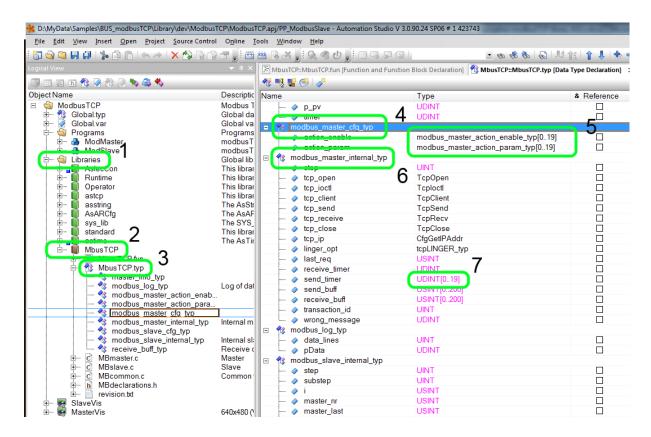
Make a complete rebuilt before downloading the project.

5.3 Master:

5.4 How to increase the number of actions?

The master supports 20 read or write actions per slave connection. To increase this value follow these steps.

- 1. Click on libraries
- 2. MbusTCP
- Select MbusTCP.typ
- Select modbus_master_cfg_typ
- 5. The arrays under 5 define the maximum number of actions. The default value is 0..19=20 actions. Increase the number to the maximum number of actions.
- 6. Select modbus_master_internal_typ
- 7. The array under 7 define the maximum number of actions. The default value is 0..19=20 actions. Increase the number to the maximum number of actions.

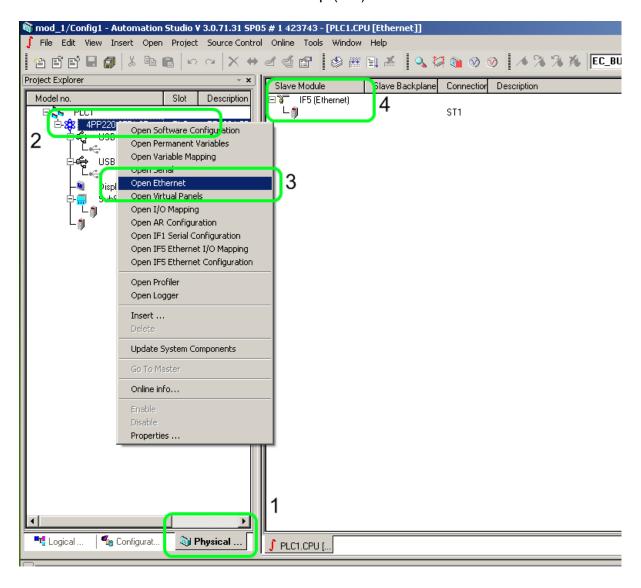


Make a complete rebuilt before downloading the project.

5.5 How to find the Ethernet device string

The following procedure describes how to find the device string that is needed for the master and slave configuration.

- 1. Click on the "Physical View" at the bottom
- 2. Right click on the PLC
- 3. Choose "Open Ethernet"
- 4. The device name is shown at the top (IF5)



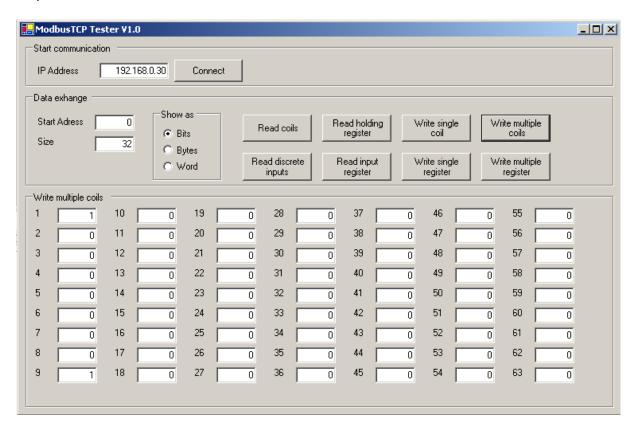
5.6 ModbusTCP function codes

- Different basic types for data model
 - Coils (DO)
 - Discrete Inputs (DI)
 - Holding Register (AO)
 - Input Register (AI)

Function code	Protocol-specific ID	Description	Method
1	Read coils	Read multiple digital outputs	As bit
2	Read discrete inputs	Read multiple digital inputs	As bit
3	Read holding registers	Read multiple analog outputs	As word
4	Read input register	Read multiple analog inputs	As word
5	Write single coil	Write to a digital output	As bit
6	Write single register	Write to an analog output	As word
15	Write multiple coils	Write multiple digital outputs	As bit
16	Write multiple registers	Write multiple analog outputs	As word
23	Read/write multiple registers	Read and write several analog outputs in one command	As word

5.7 Windows Test Master

This package comes with a Windows test master application. This is a basic version of a modbusTCP master that can be used with the library slave application. It requires Microsoft .Net Framework 2.0.



6 6 Appendix

6.1 6.1 Error numbers and text

COM → Common error

Slave → modbusTCP slave error

Master → modbusTCP master error

50000 COM: Critical error, disable and re-enable FUB

50001 COM: Frame message is to short

Solution: If this is a onetime event than it is just a broken Ethernet frame. If it happens permanently the other device sends wrong information.

50002 COM: Message format is incorrect

Solution: If this is a onetime event than it is just a broken Ethernet frame. If it happens permanently the other device sends wrong information.

50003 COM: Receive buffer exceeded maximum configured size

Solution: The message is to long. Increase the receive buffer (see 5.2 and 5.3).

50004 COM: Variable address is empty

Solution: One or multiple addresses have no variable assigned. Make sure that every address that is configured has a valid pointer.

If running master check MasterConfig.action param[].p pv

If running slave check SlaveConfig.p_coils[], SlaveConfig.p_discrete_inputs[],

SlaveConfig.p_holding_registers[], SlaveConfig.p_input_registers[]

50005 COM: Value cyclic time is 0

Solution: MasterConfig.cyclic_time has to be greater than 0.

50006 COM: Quantity is higher than the Modbus limit

Solution: MasterConfig.action_param[].quantity must not be higher than 125 for analog values and 2000 for digital.

50100 Slave: More than MAX MASTER are trying to connect

Solution: More masters than configured try to connect (see 5.1).

50101 Slave: Address exceeded maximum configured size

Solution: The master is trying to access a registers address that is higher than the maximum. See 5.2 on how to increase the number of registers.

50102 Slave: Size exceeded maximum configured size

Solution: The master is trying to access a registers quantity that is higher than the maximum. See 5.2 on how to increase the number of registers. Another reason is that the master is trying to access more data than the Modbus limit in one request (125 for analog/2000 for digital).

50103 Slave: Function code is not supported

Solution: The master calls a function code that is not supported. See 1.1 for the supported function codes.

50104 Slave: Master timed out

Solution: The master did not send at least request within the maximum timeout (master_timeout).

Change timeout to 0 or call cyclic request from master.

50110 Slave: Configuration error in num masters

Solution: The arrays under 5.1 have different sizes. Makes sure all arrays have the same number of

elements.

50200 Master: Bad data received from slave

Solution: If this is a one-time event than it is just a broken Ethernet frame. If it happens permanently

the other device sends wrong information.

50201 Master: Data received from slave too short

Solution: If this is a one-time event than it is just a broken Ethernet frame. If it happens permanently

the other device sends wrong information.

50202 Master: Data received from slave too long

Solution: The maximum size for a frame is 500 bytes which limits the amount of analog registers to 240 for one request. To solve this issue break up the request into multiple commands with 240 registers each. As an alternative the send and receive buffer of the library can be increased in the

structure modbus master internal typ.

50210 Master: A request frame to the slave timed out

Solution: The slave did not respond on a request within the 5 seconds. This can be connection

problem.

50211 Master: Connection to the slave timed out

Solution: Check the slave IP address.

50300 Master: Invalid Ethernet device

Solution: Check parameter ModbusTcpMaster.device and make sure it matches the Ethernet

interface.

6.2 Revision History

Version 1.42

FIX: Reset last error and internal substep while function block is disabled

Version 1.41

FIX: Limit quantity to 125 for registers and 2000 for discrete values to match modbus specification

CHANGE: Added support from ARM CPUs

Version 1.39

CHANGE: Change string libraries to AsBrStr

Version 1.38

FIX: Master creates memory violation when all actions are used

CHANGE: Master and Slave sample code changes. Reset function blocks and config

(SGC AS4+ compatibility)

Version 1.37

FIX: Master tries to reopen the connection when parameter enable is set 0

CHANGE: Master send request speed improvements

CHANGE: Master and Slave sample code changes. Reset last error message

Version 1.36

FIX: Typo in slave error message

CHANGE: Master responds with detailed error when device string is wrong CHANGE: Master responds with detailed error when connection is broken

Version 1.35

FIX: Slave is not showing correct status when no master is connected

FIX: Slave is not recovering from critical error when enable is toggled

FIX: Slave buffer was limited to 256 bytes

FIX: Master typo in error message

FIX: Master reports error when response message is too long

CHANGE: Master increased send and receive buffer from 200 to 500 bytes

Version 1.34

CHANGE: Added parameter 'unit' to master sample code CHANGE: Slave address range changed to 100 entries FIX: Slave responds with error 32604 on SGC targets

Version 1.33

CHANGE: Optimized performance for modbus slave CHANGE: Value 0 in cyclic time parameter generates error

Version 1.32

CHANGE: Replaced library Convert with AslecCon to be compatible with AS 3.0.90

Version 1.31

FIX: Number of data_lines was not calculated correct

FIX: Slave does not close connection correct

Version 1.30

FIX: Client ignores parameter "clientconfig.action_enable[].single"

CHANGE: Changed all terms "client" into "master" and "server" into "slave"

CHANGE: Empty variables addresses now report error

CHANGE: Slaves now shows busy when idling

Version 1.20

First public release