Backtracking Problems



Agencla

- L. N- Queens
- 2. Sudoku Solver
- 3. Word Break Problem



Hello Everyone.

Very Special Good Evening

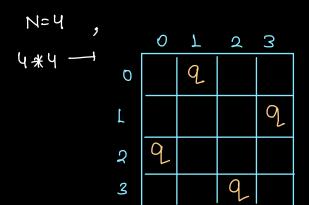
to All of you

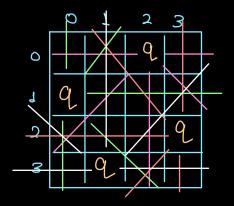
kle will Start

from 9:06 PM

N- Queen:

Given N*N chess board, Dlace N-queens in these chess board omd print the possibility:





No two
queens are
Killing to
each other

M=1

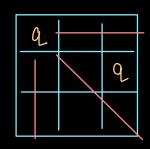
9

N=2



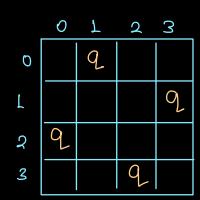


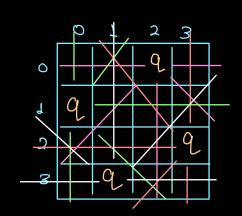
N=3



gmp. for N-queen problem

Observation!





#1. Each Row contains one queen.
Hd. One queen have N-cell option

N=4

	0	1	a	3
→ 0			P	~
L				
2,				
3				

Recursive Syntax:

```
void N-queens (char[][] board, int i) }

if (i==board.size()) {

print (board); -> 20 areay printing

return;

for (int j=0; j < board.size(): j+t) }

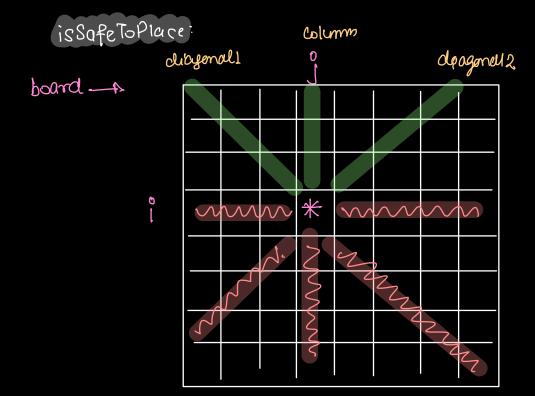
if (is Safe To Place (board, i, j)) {

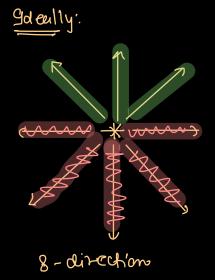
board[i][j]= 'Q';

N-queens (board, i+i);

board [i][j]= '-';

}
```





```
is Safe to Place (chart)[] board, int i, int j) &
   Pnt n= board length;
// cument wlum checking
                   ~< 1; ~++) {
   for Cint r=0;
         if ( board(r](j) = = 'Q') }
                 return false:
          3
  3
  11 diagonal 1
 forCint r=i-1, c=j-1; r>=0 ff (>=0; r--, c--) {
         if( board [ v][c] == 10, ) }
               return false;
   12 digma 2
 for Cint r=i-1, c=j+1; r>=0 ff c<n; r--, c++) {
         if( board [ v][ c] == (0, ^) }
               return false;
         3
 3
 return true;
T.C: O(NI)
S.C: 0(N)
```

Sudoku Solver:

You are given an 9x9 board, in which the cells contains numbers from 1 - 9. You need to check the below conditions,

- Each row must contain the numbers from 1 to 9 w/o repititions.
- Each col must contain the numbers from 1 to 9 w/o repititions.
- 3.Each block of size 3 st 3 should contain all numbers from 1 to 9 w/o repitition.

	O	T	3	3	Ч	2	6	٦	8
0									
1									
2									
3									
4									
5									
6									
7									
ይ									

	Q	T	2	3	Ч	2	6	7	8
0	لالا	3	O	ව	千	0	0	O	О
Ţ	6	ව	0	1	9	N	D	Ð	0
2	O	9	8	0	0	0	O	G	O
3	S	Q	0	Q	6	D	O	O	3
4	4	0	0	8	0	3	0	O	L
5	子	0	D	D	2	0	0	Ŋ	6
6	O	6	D	O	0	0	2	8	0
7	O	0	0	4	1	9	0	Q	5
8	D	Q	0	O	රි	O	0	7	q

boardlistiff==0

-- blank cell

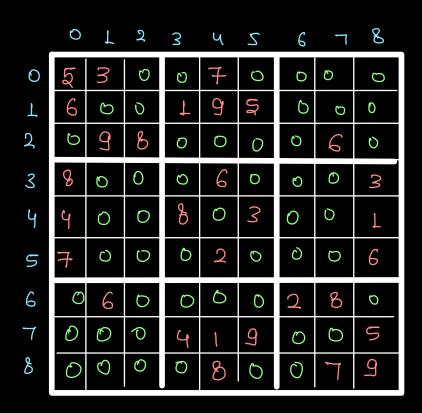
i=0, j=2

froption of rumber

for cell

idealy + 1 to 9

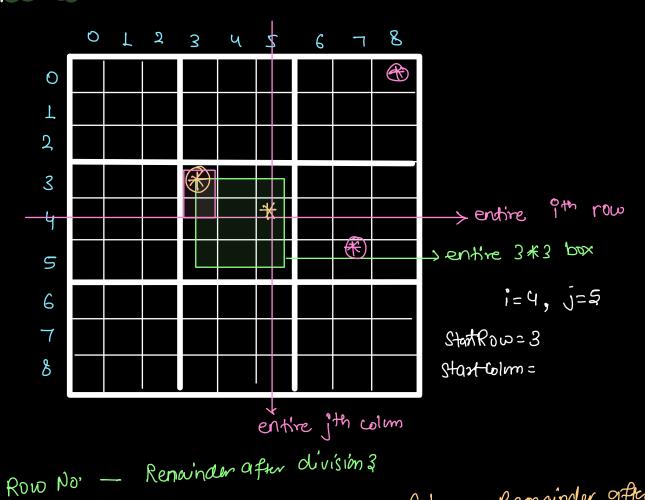
move Recursively on every cell and try to solve all possibility for blank cell



Make on amony of pairs for empty cell

(0,2) | 0,3 | 0,5 | 0,6 | 0,7 | 0,8 | 1,1

is safe to Place:



A ROW NO! - Ramorios

=> 4-L= (3)

Col·no - Remainder orferdiusing

70 5 - 5 1/3 70 5 - 2 = (3)

Start Row =
$$1 - 1.1.3$$

Start Col = $j - 1.1.3$

$$i=5, j=7$$
 $i=6, j=2$
 $f=5-5\%3=3$
 $C=7-7\%3=6$
 $C=2-2\%3=0$

$$i=8, j=3$$
 $r=8-84.3=6$
 $c=3-34.3=3$
 $c=1-14.3=0$
 $c=8-84.3=6$
 $c=8-84.3=6$

```
public static boolean isSafeToPlace(int[][] board, int i, int j, int num) {
   // check same row
    for(int c = 0; c < 9; c++) {
        if(board[i][c] == num) {
            return false;
       }
   // check same columnn
    for(int r = 0; r < 9; r++) {
        if(board[r][j] == num) {
            return false;
       }
   // find start and end of current 3*3 box and then check it
   int r = i - i\%3;
   int c = j - j\%3;
    for(int ii = r; ii < r + 3; ii++) {
        for(int jj = c; jj < c + 3; jj++) {
            if(board[ii][jj] == num) {
                return false;
   // after all checking we can say it is safe
   return true;
```

```
public static void sudoku(int[][] board, ArrayList<Pair> list, int i) {
    // base case
    if(i == list.size()) {
        print(board);
        return;
    Pair p = list.get(i);
    // for this particular cell, try all options from 1 to 9
    for(int num = 1; num <= 9; num++) {</pre>
        if(isSafeToPlace(board, p.i, p.j, num)) {
            // place that number
            board[p.i][p.j] = num;
            // make a call for next empty cell
            sudoku(board, list, i + 1);
            // while returning, unplace the number
            board[p.i][p.j] = 0;
// borad is partially filled
public static void solveSudoku(int[][] board) {
    // dynamic array for pair is created
    ArrayList<Pair> list = new ArrayList<>();
    // iterate on board, check for empty cells and add it in pair array
    for(int i = 0; i < board.length; i++) {</pre>
        for(int j = 0; j < board[0].length; <math>j++) {
            if(board[i][j] == 0) {
                list.add(new Pair(i, j));
    sudoku(board, list, i:0);
```

Word Break: Dictionary of some word is given and one string is also given. Make the sentences farronn given string by using word of Dictionary. Dictionary: ["i", "like", "man", "go", "maryo"] String str= "ilikemango" Like man go like maryo i_like.man-go (Hashset) Dictionary (101) 90 ?_ like_manyo "like" i_ like_man "mango" " man " " go" mango i-like likemanyo like mango

```
// word break
public static void wordBreak(HashSet<String> set, String str, String ans) {
   if(str.length() == 0) {
        // print the answer string and then return from here
        System.out.println(ans);
        return;
   }

   for(int i = 0; i < str.length(); i++) {
        String substr = str.substring(beginIndex:0, i + 1);
        /* check if this substring is part of dictionary or not
        * if it is part of dictionary,
        * we can add it in answer and make call for another level
        * if it is not part of substring we can try another substring
        */
        if(set.contains(substr)) {
            wordBreak(set, str.substring(i + 1) , ans + substr + " ");
        }
    }
}</pre>
```

T.C:O(n!)