

Question 3 : Determining Camera Parameter Matrix (Pixel 2XL)

Plan of Action

- Want:

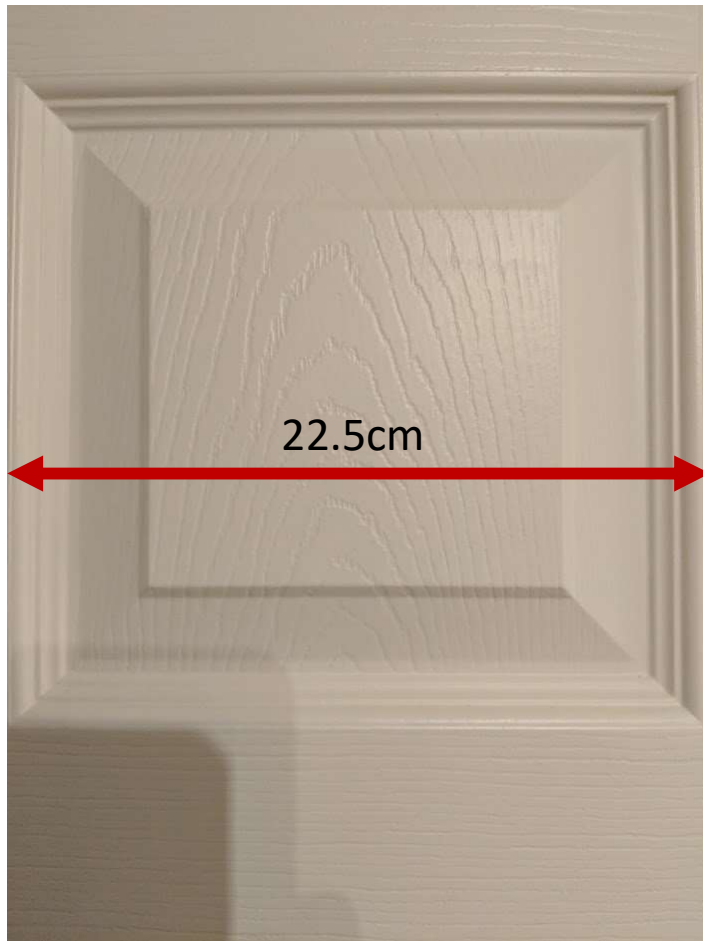
- $K = \begin{bmatrix} f & 0 & p_x \\ 0 & f & p_y \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

- Need:

- f – focal length in pixels
 - p_x, p_y - pixel coordinates of optical center

1. Take calibration image, measure distance from camera to subject (subject must be as wide as picture)
2. Determine optical center (in pixels)
 - a) Assume optical center is also the center pixel:
 - $p_x = \frac{1}{2}(\text{image pixel width})$
 - $p_y = \frac{1}{2}(\text{image pixel height})$
3. Determine field of view (FOV) angle
 - a) Since subject is about as wide as the picture, measure subject width and use trigonometry to determine FOV angle
4. Determine focal length (in pixels)
 - a) Use pixel dimensions of image and FOV to determine focal length (in pixels) with trigonometry
5. Combine focal length and optical center into parameter matrix

Calibration Image & Optical Center



Dimensions

Height: 4032px

Width: 3024px

Camera Distance: 23.5cm

Assume that optical center is also center of image, i.e:

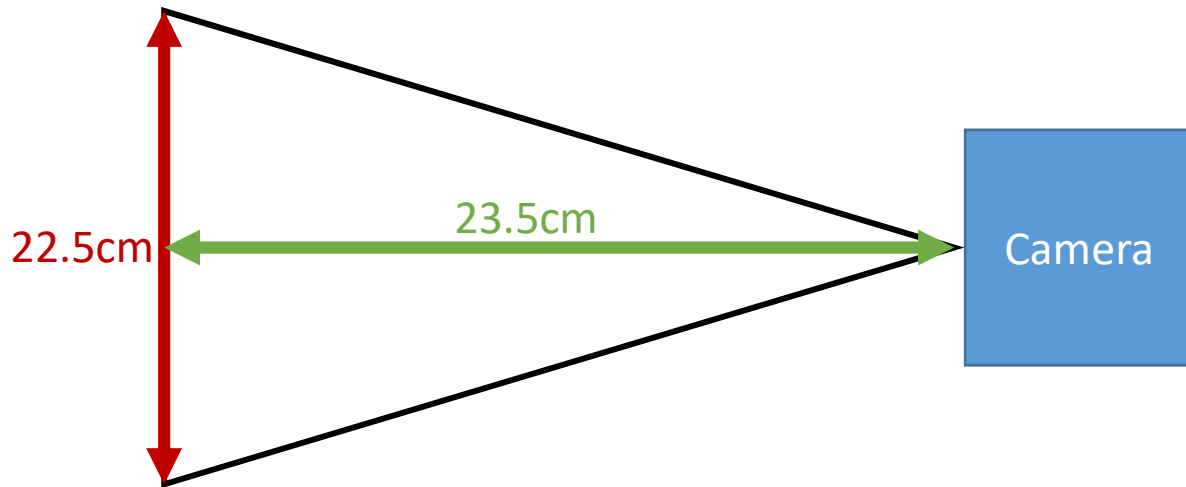
- $p_x = \frac{1}{2} (\text{image pixel width})$
- $p_y = \frac{1}{2} (\text{image pixel height})$

Therefore:

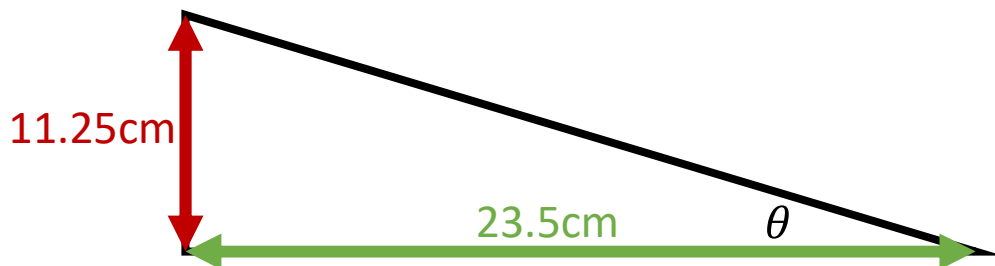
- $p_x = \frac{1}{2} (3024) = 1512 \text{ pixels}$
- $p_y = \frac{1}{2} (4032) = 2016 \text{ pixels}$

Determining FOV

Diagram of Calibration Image Setup



Reduction to Right Angle Triangle



Solving for FOV using trigonometry

$$\tan(\theta) = \frac{\text{Opposite}}{\text{Adjacent}} = \frac{11.25}{23.5}$$

$$\Rightarrow \theta = \arctan \frac{11.25}{23.5}$$

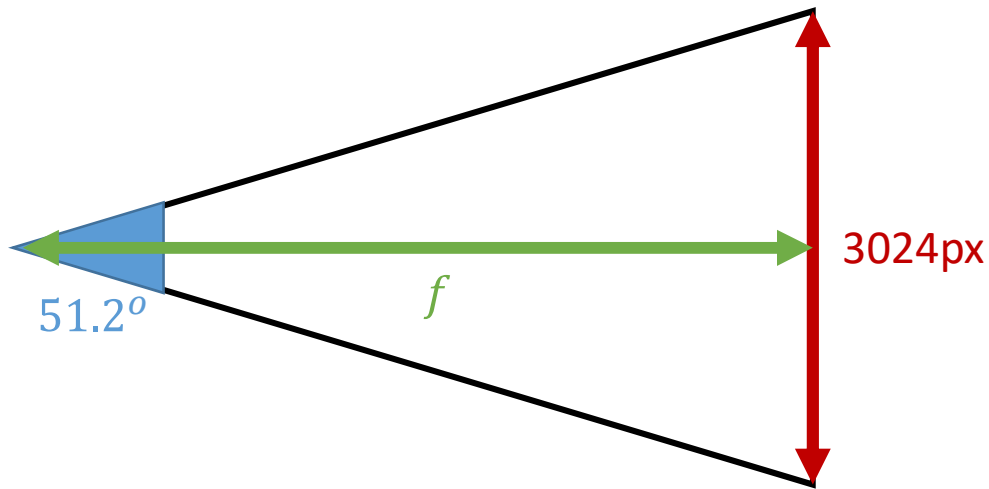
$$\Rightarrow \theta \approx 0.45\text{rad} \approx 25.6^\circ$$

Therefore FOV angle is approximately 51.2 degrees.

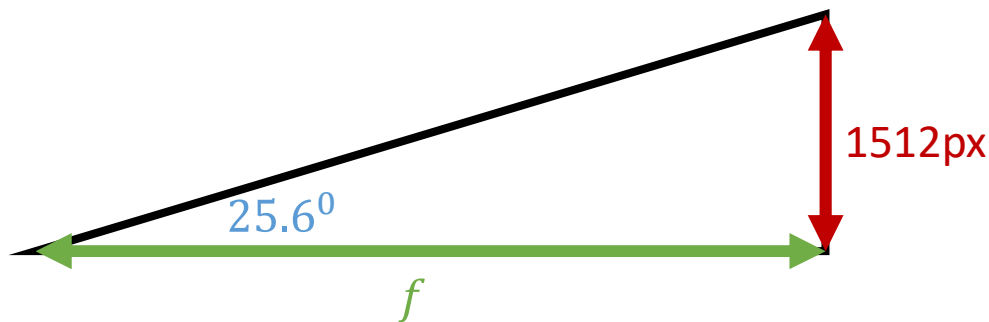
Determining Focal Length

Diagram of Camera Internals

FOV must also be the same inside the camera on the other side of the lens. However, the cone of light is as wide as the sensor.



Reduction to Right Angle Triangle



Solving for f using trigonometry

$$\tan(25.6^\circ) = \frac{1512}{f}$$

$$\Rightarrow f = \frac{1512}{\tan(25.6^\circ)}$$

$$\Rightarrow f \approx 3155.8px$$

Combining Results into K

- Know:

- $f = 3155.7$ pixels
- $p_x = 1512$ pixels
- $p_y = 2016$ pixels

- Then:

$$K = \begin{bmatrix} f & 0 & p_x \\ 0 & f & p_y \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3155.7 & 0 & 1512 \\ 0 & 3155.7 & 2016 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$