

# Map building and navigation

Ivan Marković   Matko Orsag   Damjan Miklič  
(Srećko Jurić-Kavelj)

University of Zagreb, Faculty of Electrical Engineering and Computing,  
Departement of Control and Computer Engineering

2015



University of Zagreb  
Faculty of Electrical Engineering  
and Computing



# Before we begin

- Be sure to install the following packages for the class:

```
$ sudo apt-get update
$ sudo apt-get install ros-indigo-stdr-simulator
$ sudo apt-get install ros-indigo-teleop-twist-keyboard
    $ sudo apt-get install ros-indigo-amcl
    $ sudo apt-get install ros-indigo-move-base
```

# So you want an autonomous robot?

- A robot is in a completely unknown environment for the first time. What to do next?
- One of the most fundamental problems in mobile robotics is map building of an unknown environment
- Ends up being a prerequisite for autonomous mobile robots (without making structural changes in the environment)
- This problem is known as Simultaneous localization and mapping (SLAM)

# So you want an autonomous robot?

- SLAM is difficult, and what if you are not a SLAM expert?
- Say thank you to researchers who open-sourced their solution
- At the moment two most commonly used SLAM implementations in 2D are GMapping/OpenSLAM and Hector SLAM
- In this class we will setup a robot in the STDR simulator with a laser as a sensor and build a map of our environment with the GMapping algorithm (homework), perform localization with the AMCL algorithm and use the `move_base` package to navigate the robot in the environment

- Launch the simulator with the default map and a robot inside

```
$ roslaunch stdr_launchers \
  server_with_map_and_gui_plus_robot.launch
```

- Familiarize yourself with the environment and the robot sensors
- Launch rviz

```
$ roslaunch stdr_launchers rviz.launch
```

- Analyze the topics published by the simulator (rostopic list, info, ...)

# Controlling the robot

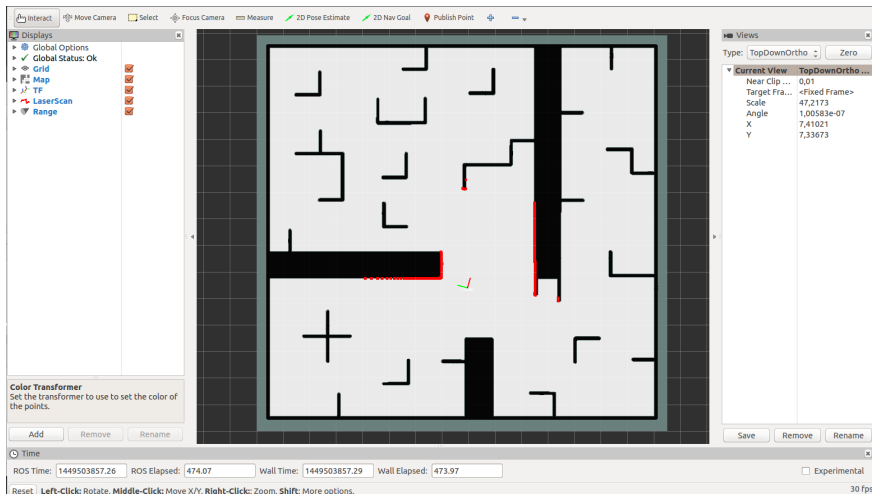
- One of the listed topics is /robot0/cmd\_vel

```
$ rostopic info /robot0/cmd_vel
Type: geometry_msgs/Twist
...
```

- We will send messages to this topic in order to control the robot
- Analyze the message type. What kind of information does the message contain? (hint: `rosmmsg show`)
- The package `teleop_twist_keyboard` offers the option of controlling the robot via the keyboard

```
$ rosrn teleop_twist_keyboard teleop_twist_keyboard.py \
cmd_vel:=robot0/cmd_vel
```

# RViz showing map, robot and laser scan



- We assume that we have the map the environment. Where is this map published?
- Having the map, we can start making the robot do useful tasks in the environment
- But first we need an algorithm which will tell us where the robot is located based on the map and received measurements
- For this purpose we will use adaptive Monte Carlo localization (AMCL) algorithm



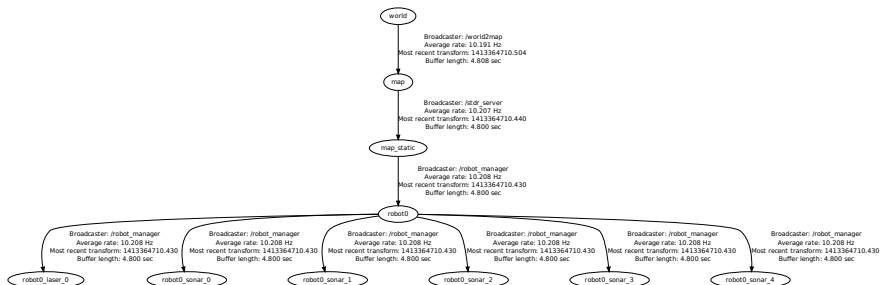
- Let's look at the AMCL documentation
- It requires a laser scan, initial pose, the map, some transformations, and has many parameters to set up (most we can leave default, but some require attention)
- Laser scan is already being published by the simulator
- Map is just like any other topic AMCL will subscribe to, usually it is ran as follows but the simulator is already publishing the map

```
$ rosrun map_server map_server map.yaml
```
- What about the transforms?

- We will not go at this point in the details of the tf package
- Take a look in RViz at defined coordinate systems (TF checkbox should be switched on)
- Now lets look at the available transforms:  

```
$ rosrun tf view_frames
```
- Are all the required transforms available?

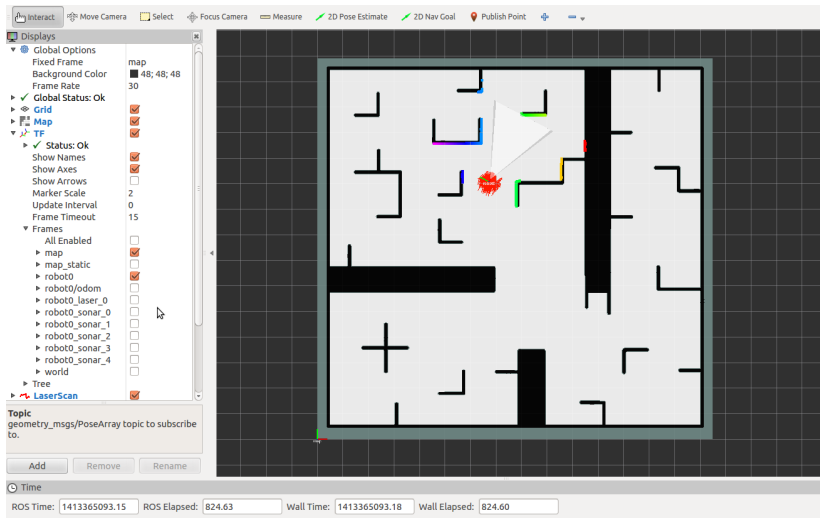
# TF tree



- We are ready to run the AMCL for which we will need to set the frames

```
$ rosrun amcl amcl _use_map_topic:=true \  
scan:=/robot0/laser_0 _odom_frame_id:=/world \  
_base_frame_id:=/robot0 _global_frame_id:=/world
```

- We are taking a shortcut here by saying that our odometry frame is the map frame (this causes error but for the moment it is safe to ignore it)
- In the RViz add PoseArray to visualize particlecloud topic and click 2D Pose Estimate and then click on the map to set up the initial position
- Drive the robot around a bit and see how the algorithm converges to the location



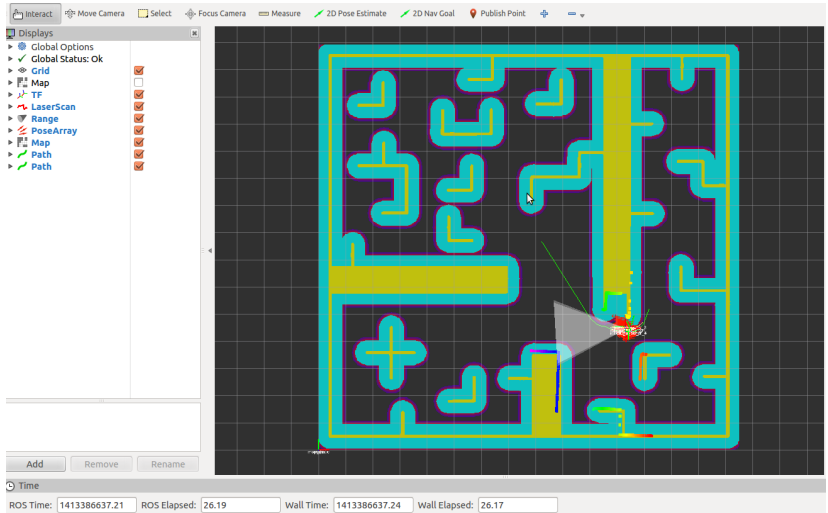
- Now that you have the map and a way to localize your robot in the map we can start with robot navigation
- In essence, the purpose of navigation is to move the robot from point A to point B
- But this stems a plethora of problems: finding the optimal global path, acting locally, avoiding static and dynamic obstacles, recalculating paths due to changes in the environment, controlling the robot etc.
- We will use the Move Base package

- Unpack the prepared configuration files and the launch; update the hardcoded lines in the launch file to point at the unpacked folder
- Be sure that STDR simulator, AMCL, and RViz are running
- Open the prepared RViz visualization file
- Make sure that the robot is properly localized
- Launch the prepared launch file

```
$ roslaunch move_base_stdrr_sim.launch
```

- In RViz click on the 2D Nav Goal, set it, and see the robot move!

# Move Base





# Homework

For homework you will need to build the map of the environment using the GMapping package.

## Assignments

- 1 Study the GMapping documentation. What topics does GMapping subscribe to?
- 2 You will have to remap the scan topic, and odometry and base link frames (Hint: look for the exact topic names in the GMapping documentation or GitHub source code or both)
- 3 STDR simulator publishes map on the `map` topic. Make sure that Gmapping does not do the same or otherwise the GMapping node will kill the STDR node!
- 4 Manually drive the robot until you have a complete map. Create an image consisting of four snapshots of the map in RViz taken at different times. Submit the snapshot images as your homework.

# Homework

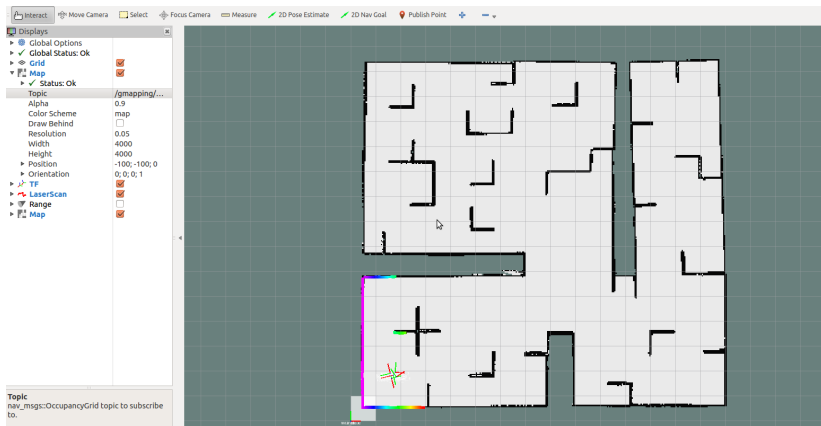


Figure : An example of a map produced by the GMapping package

# Useful links

- <http://www.ros.org/wiki/gmapping>
- <http://openslam.org/>
- [http://www.ros.org/wiki/hector\\_slam](http://www.ros.org/wiki/hector_slam)
- <http://www.ros.org/wiki/amcl>
- [http://www.ros.org/wiki/move\\_base](http://www.ros.org/wiki/move_base)