Population genetics lab

Attendance Code

YP-BB-AL

What we will do today

- 1. Reminder of Hardy-Weinberg Equilibrium
- 2. Example of Hardy-Weinberg Equilibrium
- 3. Class exercise 1 (with marbles)
- 4. Class exercise 2 (with table)
- 5. 10 minute break
- 6. Class exercise 3 (more marbles)
- 7. Overview of assignment
- 8. Conclusion

Reminder of Hardy-Weinberg Equilibrium

$$p^2 + 2pq + q^2 = 1$$

- No natural selection
- No mutation
- ► No migration (no gene flow)
- ► Infinite population size
- ► Mating is random
- Non-overlapping generations

Example of Hardy-Weinberg Equilibrium

Test HWE using 3 genotypes from 1000 UK residents

Genotype MM MN NN Total Counts 298 489 213 1000

Are observed frequencies at the MN locus in accord with those expected under HWE?

First find Freq(M) = p, and Freq(N) = q

Example of Hardy-Weinberg Equilibrium

Genotype MM MN NN Total Counts 298 489 213 1000

Example of Hardy-Weinberg Equilibrium

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Class exercise 1 (with marbles)
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- Black (B), Clear (b)
- ► BB:
- ► Bb:
- bb:

Allele frequencies?

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Class exercise 1 (with marbles)
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- Black (B), Clear (b)
- ► BB:
- **▶** Bb:
- **b**b:

HWE genotype frequencies?

Microsatellites

- Repeated DNA sequences
- ► Alleles are repeats
 - ► 'GTGT' (2)
 - ► 'GTGTGTGT' (4)
 - ▶ 'GTGTGTGTGT' (5)
- Neutral variation

Class exercise 2 (with table)

| Sample | Allele 1 | Allele 2 | Genotype |
|--------|----------|----------|----------|
| 1 | 121 | 125 | Bb |
| 2 | 121 | 121 | BB |
| 3 | 121 | 121 | BB |
| 4 | 125 | 125 | bb |
| 5 | 121 | 125 | Bb |
| 6 | 125 | 125 | BB |
| 7 | 121 | 121 | bb |
| 8 | 121 | 125 | bb |
| 9 | 121 | 125 | Bb |
| 10 | 121 | 125 | Bb |
| 11 | 125 | 125 | bb |
| 12 | 121 | 121 | BB |
| 13 | 121 | 121 | BB |
| 14 | 121 | 125 | Bb |
| | | | |

BB: 5

Bb: 5

bb: 4

Allele freqs? Genotype freqs? HWE freqs? 10 minute break

Take a break!

Class exercise 3 (more marbles)

Black (A_1) , Clear (A_2) , Yellow (A_3)

- \triangleright A_1A_1 :
- \triangleright A_1A_2 :
- ► *A*₁*A*₃:
 - $ightharpoonup A_2A_2$:
 - \triangleright A_2A_2 :
- ► *A*₃*A*₃:

Allele frequencies?

Class exercise 3 (with marbles) Black (A_1) , Clear (A_2) , Yellow (A_3)

$$\triangleright$$
 A_1A_2 :

$$\triangleright$$
 A_1A_3 :

$$ightharpoonup A_2A_2$$
:

$$\triangleright$$
 A_2A_2 :

$$\operatorname{Fr}(A_1) = p$$
, $\operatorname{Fr}(A_2) = q$, $\operatorname{Fr}(A_3) = r$

Class exercise 3 (with marbles)

- ► $Fr(A_1) = p$:
- $ightharpoonup \operatorname{Fr}(A_2) = q$:
- ► $Fr(A_3) = r$:

Class exercise 3 (with marbles)

- $ightharpoonup \operatorname{Fr}(A_1) = p$:
- ► $Fr(A_2) = q$:
- ► $Fr(A_3) = r$:

$$p^2+q^2+r^2+2pq+2pr+2qr=1$$

Class exercise 3 (with marbles)

- ► Allele frequencies?
- Observed genotype frequencies?
- Expected genotype frequencies?
 - ▶ In Hardy-Weinberg Equilibrium?

- ► Freshwater crustaceans (*Daphnia pulex*)
- ► In European ponds and lakes
- Asexual & sexual reproduction
- Sampled high radiation Chernobyl zone
- ► Microsattelite data

- ► Count 152 & 152: 22
- ► Count 152 & 144: 3
- ► Count 152 & 148: 2
- ► Count 144 & 144: 0
- ► Count 144 & 148: 0
- ► Count 148 & 148: 0

- ► Count 152 & 152: 22
- ► Count 152 & 144: 3
- ► Count 152 & 148: 2
- ► Count 144 & 144: 0
- ► Count 144 & 148: 0
- ► Count 148 & 148: 0

- ► Freq(152) = p
- ► Freq(144) = q
- ightharpoonup Freq(148) = r

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Allele Frequencies
 Allele Number Frequency
 p (152)
 q (144)
 r (148)
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Genotype frequencies

| Genotype | | Expected | Observed |
|----------|-------|----------|----------|
| pp | p^2 | | |
| qq | q^2 | | |
| rr | r^2 | | |
| pq | 2pq | | |
| pr | 2pr | | |
| qr | 2qr | | |
| | Sum: | | |
| | | | |

Observed heterozygosity (H_O) :

Expected heterozygosity (H_E) :

Conclusion

- ► Complete Parts 3-5
- ► Will have 4 alleles