Final Assignment

February 24, 2023

Extracting and Visualizing Stock Data

Description

u1>

Extracting essential data from a dataset and displaying it is a necessary part of data science; therefore individuals can make correct decisions based on the data. In this assignment, you will extract some stock data, you will then display this data in a graph.

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    Estimated Time Needed: 30 min
[1]: | pip install yfinance==0.1.67
     !mamba install bs4==4.10.0 -y
     !pip install nbformat==4.2.0
    Collecting yfinance==0.1.67
      Downloading yfinance-0.1.67-py2.py3-none-any.whl (25 kB)
    Requirement already satisfied: pandas>=0.24 in
    /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from
    yfinance==0.1.67) (1.3.5)
    Requirement already satisfied: requests>=2.20 in
    /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from
    vfinance==0.1.67) (2.28.1)
    Requirement already satisfied: lxml>=4.5.1 in
    /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from
    vfinance==0.1.67) (4.6.4)
    Requirement already satisfied: multitasking>=0.0.7 in
    /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from
    vfinance==0.1.67) (0.0.11)
    Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.15 in
```

/home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from yfinance==0.1.67) (1.21.6)

Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.7.3 in

/home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from pandas>=0.24->yfinance==0.1.67) (2.8.2)

Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2017.3 in

/home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from pandas>=0.24->yfinance==0.1.67) (2022.6)

Requirement already satisfied: charset-normalizer<3,>=2 in

/home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from requests>=2.20->yfinance==0.1.67) (2.1.1)

Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in

/home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from requests>=2.20->yfinance==0.1.67) (2022.12.7)

Requirement already satisfied: urllib3<1.27,>=1.21.1 in

/home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from requests>=2.20->yfinance==0.1.67) (1.26.13)

Requirement already satisfied: idna<4,>=2.5 in

/home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from requests>=2.20->yfinance==0.1.67) (3.4)

Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in

/home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from python-dateutil>=2.7.3->pandas>=0.24->yfinance==0.1.67) (1.16.0)

Installing collected packages: yfinance

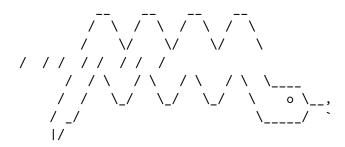
Attempting uninstall: yfinance

Found existing installation: yfinance 0.2.4

Uninstalling yfinance-0.2.4:

Successfully uninstalled yfinance-0.2.4

Successfully installed yfinance-0.1.67



mamba (0.15.3) supported by @QuantStack

GitHub: https://github.com/mamba-org/mamba

Twitter: https://twitter.com/QuantStack

```
Looking for: ['bs4==4.10.0']
pkgs/main/linux-64
                        [>
                                             ] (--:--) No change
pkgs/main/linux-64
                                   =======] (00m:00s) No change
pkgs/main/noarch
                                             ] (--:--) No change
                        [>
                        [======] (00m:00s) No change
pkgs/main/noarch
pkgs/r/linux-64
                        [>
                                             ] (--:--) No change
pkgs/r/linux-64
                        [=======] (00m:00s) No change
                                             ] (--:--) No change
pkgs/r/noarch
                        [======] (00m:00s) No change
pkgs/r/noarch
Pinned packages:
  - python 3.7.*
Transaction
 Prefix: /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python
 All requested packages already installed
Collecting nbformat==4.2.0
  Downloading nbformat-4.2.0-py2.py3-none-any.whl (153 kB)
                          153.3/153.3 kB
16.3 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Requirement already satisfied: jupyter-core in
/home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from
nbformat==4.2.0) (4.12.0)
Requirement already satisfied: traitlets>=4.1 in
/home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from
nbformat==4.2.0) (5.6.0)
Requirement already satisfied: jsonschema!=2.5.0,>=2.4 in
/home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from
nbformat==4.2.0) (4.17.3)
Requirement already satisfied: ipython-genutils in
/home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from
nbformat==4.2.0) (0.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied: importlib-resources>=1.4.0 in
/home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from
jsonschema!=2.5.0,>=2.4->nbformat==4.2.0) (5.10.1)
Requirement already satisfied: attrs>=17.4.0 in
/home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from
jsonschema!=2.5.0, >=2.4->nbformat==4.2.0) (22.1.0)
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: pkgutil-resolve-name>=1.3.10 in
    /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from
    jsonschema!=2.5.0,>=2.4->nbformat==4.2.0) (1.3.10)
    Requirement already satisfied: typing-extensions in
    /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from
    jsonschema!=2.5.0,>=2.4->nbformat==4.2.0) (4.4.0)
    Requirement already satisfied: importlib-metadata in
    /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from
    jsonschema!=2.5.0,>=2.4->nbformat==4.2.0) (4.11.4)
    Requirement already satisfied: pyrsistent!=0.17.0,!=0.17.1,!=0.17.2,>=0.14.0 in
    /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from
    jsonschema!=2.5.0,>=2.4->nbformat==4.2.0) (0.19.2)
    Requirement already satisfied: zipp>=3.1.0 in
    /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from importlib-
    resources>=1.4.0->jsonschema!=2.5.0,>=2.4->nbformat==4.2.0) (3.11.0)
    Installing collected packages: nbformat
      Attempting uninstall: nbformat
        Found existing installation: nbformat 5.7.0
        Uninstalling nbformat-5.7.0:
          Successfully uninstalled nbformat-5.7.0
    ERROR: pip's dependency resolver does not currently take into account all
    the packages that are installed. This behaviour is the source of the following
    dependency conflicts.
    nbconvert 7.2.6 requires nbformat>=5.1, but you have nbformat 4.2.0 which is
    incompatible.
    nbclient 0.7.2 requires nbformat>=5.1, but you have nbformat 4.2.0 which is
    incompatible.
    jupyter-server 1.23.3 requires nbformat>=5.2.0, but you have nbformat 4.2.0
    which is incompatible.
    Successfully installed nbformat-4.2.0
[2]: import yfinance as yf
     import pandas as pd
     import requests
     from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
     import plotly.graph_objects as go
     from plotly.subplots import make_subplots
```

0.1 Define Graphing Function

In this section, we define the function make_graph. You don't have to know how the function works, you should only care about the inputs. It takes a dataframe with stock data (dataframe must contain Date and Close columns), a dataframe with revenue data (dataframe must contain

Date and Revenue columns), and the name of the stock.

```
[124]: def make graph(stock data, revenue data, stock):
           fig = make_subplots(rows=2, cols=1, shared_xaxes=True,_
        subplot titles=("Historical Share Price", "Historical Revenue"),
        overtical_spacing = .3)
           stock_data_specific = stock_data[stock_data.Date <= '2021--06-14']</pre>
           revenue_data_specific = revenue_data[revenue_data.Date <= '2021-04-30']</pre>
           fig.add_trace(go.Scatter(x=pd.to_datetime(stock_data_specific.Date,_
        oinfer_datetime_format=True), y=stock_data_specific.Close.astype("float"), u

¬name="Share Price"), row=1, col=1)
           fig.add_trace(go.Scatter(x=pd.to_datetime(revenue_data_specific.Date,_

infer_datetime_format=True), y=revenue_data_specific.Revenue.

        →astype("float"), name="Revenue"), row=2, col=1)
           fig.update xaxes(title text="Date", row=1, col=1)
           fig.update_xaxes(title_text="Date", row=2, col=1)
           fig.update_yaxes(title_text="Price ($US)", row=1, col=1)
           fig.update_yaxes(title_text="Revenue ($US Millions)", row=2, col=1)
           fig.update layout(showlegend=False,
           height=900,
           title=stock.
           xaxis_rangeslider_visible=True)
           fig.show()
```

0.2 Question 1: Use yfinance to Extract Stock Data

Using the Ticker function enter the ticker symbol of the stock we want to extract data on to create a ticker object. The stock is Tesla and its ticker symbol is TSLA.

```
[129]: Tesla = yf.Ticker("TSLA")
```

Using the ticker object and the function history extract stock information and save it in a dataframe named tesla_data. Set the period parameter to max so we get information for the maximum amount of time.

```
[130]: tesla_data = Tesla.history(period ="max")
```

Reset the index using the reset_index(inplace=True) function on the tesla_data DataFrame and display the first five rows of the tesla_data dataframe using the head function. Take a screenshot of the results and code from the beginning of Question 1 to the results below.

```
[131]: tesla_data.reset_index(inplace=True) tesla_data.head()
```

```
Close
[131]:
              Date
                                                                Volume Dividends
                        Open
                                  High
                                              I.ow
      0 2010-06-29
                    1.266667
                               1.666667
                                        1.169333
                                                  1.592667
                                                             281494500
                                                                                0
                                                                                0
      1 2010-06-30 1.719333
                              2.028000 1.553333
                                                   1.588667
                                                             257806500
      2 2010-07-01 1.666667 1.728000 1.351333
                                                  1.464000 123282000
                                                                                0
```

```
3 2010-07-02 1.533333 1.540000 1.247333 1.280000 77097000 0
4 2010-07-06 1.333333 1.333333 1.055333 1.074000 103003500 0

Stock Splits
0 0.0
1 0.0
2 0.0
3 0.0
```

0.3 Question 2: Use Webscraping to Extract Tesla Revenue Data

Use the requests library to download the webpage https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/IBMDeveloperSkillsNetwork-PY0220EN-SkillsNetwork/labs/project/revenue.htm Save the text of the response as a variable named html_data.

```
[55]: url = "https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/

□IBMDeveloperSkillsNetwork-PY0220EN-SkillsNetwork/labs/project/revenue.htm"

data = requests.get(url).text
```

Parse the html data using beautiful_soup.

0.0

```
[71]: beautiful_soup = BeautifulSoup(data, 'html5lib')

#beautiful_soup.find_all("tbody")[1]
```

Using BeautifulSoup or the read_html function extract the table with Tesla Quarterly Revenue and store it into a dataframe named tesla_revenue. The dataframe should have columns Date and Revenue.

Click here if you need help locating the table

Below is the code to isolate the table, you will now need to loop through the rows and columns soup.find_all("tbody")[1]

If you want to use the read_html function the table is located at index 1

```
[132]: tesla_revenue = pd.DataFrame(columns=["Date", "Revenue"])

for row in beautiful_soup.find("tbody").find_all('tr'):
    col = row.find_all("td")
    Date = col[0].text
    Revenue = col[1].text
```

```
# Finally we append the data of each row to the table

tesla_revenue = tesla_revenue.append({"Date":Date, "Revenue":Revenue},__

ignore_index=True)

tesla_revenue.head()
```

Execute the following line to remove the comma and dollar sign from the Revenue column.

```
[184]: tesla_revenue = tesla_revenue.replace('\$','',regex=True)
```

Execute the following lines to remove an null or empty strings in the Revenue column.

```
[185]: tesla_revenue.dropna(inplace=True)

tesla_revenue = tesla_revenue[tesla_revenue['Revenue'] != ""]
```

Display the last 5 row of the tesla_revenue dataframe using the tail function. Take a screenshot of the results.

```
[186]: tesla_revenue.tail()
```

```
[186]: Date Revenue
11 2009 8806
```

- 12 2008 7094
- 13 2007 5319
- 14 2006 3092
- 15 2005 1843

0.4 Question 3: Use yfinance to Extract Stock Data

Using the Ticker function enter the ticker symbol of the stock we want to extract data on to create a ticker object. The stock is GameStop and its ticker symbol is GME.

```
[78]: GameStop = yf.Ticker("GME")
```

Using the ticker object and the function history extract stock information and save it in a dataframe named gme_data. Set the period parameter to max so we get information for the maximum amount of time.

```
[79]: gme_data = GameStop.history(period = "max")
```

Reset the index using the reset_index(inplace=True) function on the gme_data DataFrame and display the first five rows of the gme_data dataframe using the head function. Take a screenshot of the results and code from the beginning of Question 3 to the results below.

```
[82]: gme_data.reset_index(inplace=True)
gme_data.head()
```

```
[82]: index Date Open High Low Close Volume \
0 0 2002-02-13 1.620128 1.693350 1.603296 1.691667 76216000
```

```
1
       1 2002-02-14 1.712707
                               1.716074
                                         1.670626 1.683251
                                                             11021600
2
       2 2002-02-15
                     1.683250
                               1.687458
                                         1.658002 1.674834
                                                              8389600
3
       3 2002-02-19
                     1.666418
                               1.666418
                                         1.578047 1.607504
                                                              7410400
4
       4 2002-02-20
                    1.615920
                               1.662210
                                         1.603296 1.662210
                                                              6892800
             Stock Splits
  Dividends
0
         0.0
                       0.0
1
         0.0
                       0.0
2
         0.0
                       0.0
3
         0.0
                       0.0
```

0.5 Question 4: Use Webscraping to Extract GME Revenue Data

0.0

Use the requests library to download the webpage https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/IBMDeveloperSkillsNetwork-PY0220EN-SkillsNetwork/labs/project/stock.html. Save the text of the response as a variable named html_data.

```
[83]: url = "https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/

□IBMDeveloperSkillsNetwork-PY0220EN-SkillsNetwork/labs/project/stock.html"

html_data = requests.get(url).text
```

Parse the html data using beautiful_soup.

0.0

4

```
[85]: beautiful_soup = BeautifulSoup(html_data, 'html5lib')
```

Using BeautifulSoup or the read_html function extract the table with GameStop Quarterly Revenue and store it into a dataframe named gme_revenue. The dataframe should have columns Date and Revenue. Make sure the comma and dollar sign is removed from the Revenue column using a method similar to what you did in Question 2.

Click here if you need help locating the table

Below is the code to isolate the table, you will now need to loop through the rows and columns soup.find_all("tbody")[1]

If you want to use the read_html function the table is located at index 1

```
[88]: gme_revenue = pd.DataFrame(columns=["Date", "Revenue"])

for row in beautiful_soup.find("tbody").find_all('tr'):
    col = row.find_all("td")
    Date = col[0].text
    Revenue = col[1].text
```

```
# Finally we append the data of each row to the table

gme_revenue = gme_revenue.append({"Date":Date, "Revenue":Revenue},__

signore_index=True)

gme_revenue.head()
```

Display the last five rows of the gme_revenue dataframe using the tail function. Take a screenshot of the results.

```
[122]: gme_revenue = gme_revenue.replace('$','', regex=True)
gme_revenue.tail()
```

```
[122]:
           Date Revenue
       11
           2009
                    8806
       12
           2008
                    7094
       13
           2007
                    5319
       14
           2006
                    3092
       15
           2005
                    1843
```

0.6 Question 5: Plot Tesla Stock Graph

Use the make_graph function to graph the Tesla Stock Data, also provide a title for the graph. The structure to call the make_graph function is make_graph(tesla_data, tesla_revenue, 'Tesla'). Note the graph will only show data upto June 2021.

```
[188]: make_graph(tesla_data, tesla_revenue, 'Tesla')
```



0.7 Question 6: Plot GameStop Stock Graph

Use the make_graph function to graph the GameStop Stock Data, also provide a title for the graph. The structure to call the make_graph function is make_graph(gme_data, gme_revenue, 'GameStop'). Note the graph will only show data upto June 2021.

About the Authors:

Joseph Santarcangelo has a PhD in Electrical Engineering, his research focused on using machine learning, signal processing, and computer vision to determine how videos impact human cognition. Joseph has been working for IBM since he completed his PhD.

Azim Hirjani

0.8 Change Log

Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	Version	Changed By	Change Description
2022-02-28 2020-11-10	1.2 1.1	Lakshmi Holla Malika Singla	Changed the URL of GameStop Deleted the Optional part
2020-08-27	1.0	Malika Singla	Added lab to GitLab

##

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