FoodExpenditures

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library(tidyverse)

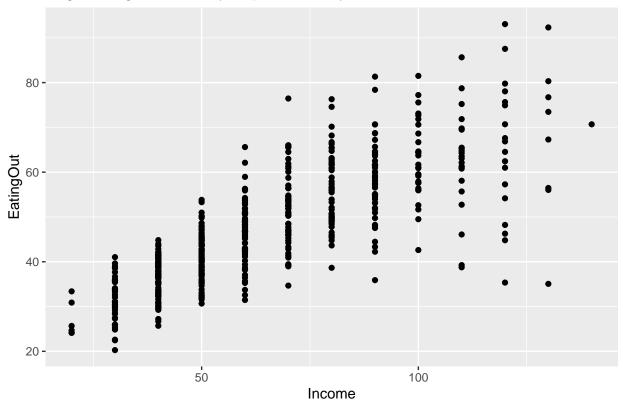
```
## Warning: package 'tidyverse' was built under R version 4.2.3
## Warning: package 'ggplot2' was built under R version 4.2.3
## Warning: package 'tibble' was built under R version 4.2.3
## Warning: package 'tidyr' was built under R version 4.2.3
## Warning: package 'readr' was built under R version 4.2.3
## Warning: package 'purrr' was built under R version 4.2.3
## Warning: package 'dplyr' was built under R version 4.2.3
## Warning: package 'lubridate' was built under R version 4.2.3
## -- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
## v dplyr 1.1.2 v readr
                                2.1.4
## v forcats 1.0.0 v stringr 1.5.0
## v ggplot2 3.4.4 v tibble 3.2.1
## v lubridate 1.9.2
                                1.3.0
                      v tidyr
## v purrr
             1.0.2
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag() masks stats::lag()
## i Use the conflicted package (<a href="http://conflicted.r-lib.org/">http://conflicted.r-lib.org/</a>) to force all conflicts to become error
food <- read_delim("FoodExpenses.txt", delim=" ")</pre>
## Rows: 523 Columns: 2
## Delimiter: " "
## dbl (2): Income, EatingOut
## i Use 'spec()' to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
```

i Specify the column types or set 'show_col_types = FALSE' to quiet this message.

1: Exploratory Plots and Summary Statistics

```
ggplot(data = food, aes(y = EatingOut, x = Income)) +
  geom_point() +
  ggtitle("Avg. Eating Out Weekly Expenditure by Income Level")
```

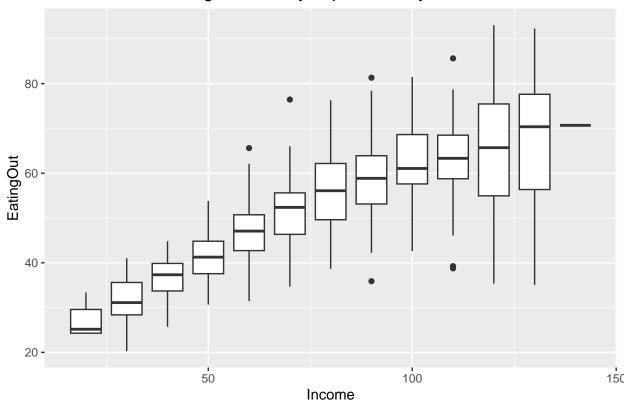
Avg. Eating Out Weekly Expenditure by Income Level



There seems to be a positive linear relationship between annual household income and average weekly expenditure on food not cooked at home. However, it looks like the variance grows larger as Income grows larger.

```
ggplot(data = food, aes(y = EatingOut, x = Income, group=Income)) +
  geom_boxplot() +
  ggtitle("Distributions of Eating Out Weekly Expenditure by Income Level")
```





Because Income is a discrete variable, this shows the distributions of Average weekly eating out expenditure per income level. This still shows a positive relationship between the two variables, and again shows how the variance grows as the income increases.

Here are the summary statistics:

summary(food)

```
##
         Income
                         {\tt EatingOut}
##
            : 20.00
                               :20.27
    Min.
                       Min.
##
    1st Qu.: 45.00
                       1st Qu.:38.65
##
    Median : 60.00
                       Median :46.53
##
            : 65.97
                               :48.04
    Mean
                       Mean
##
    3rd Qu.: 80.00
                       3rd Qu.:56.40
    Max.
            :140.00
                       Max.
                               :93.06
```

- 2: Fit homoskedastic linear model
- 3: Write down heteroskedastic model
- 4: Fit Model from Q3 to Eating Out and check assumptions
- 5: Validate predictions via cross-validation
- 6: Report Beta Hat and Variance Parameters
- 7: Test if the economy is not healthy
- 8: Predict your own restaurant spend