

January 30, 2025

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[6]: import numpy as np
import scipy as sp
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
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[7]: sigma_t = 1
x_left_boundary = 0
x_right_boundary = 1
mu = -1

psi_right_initial = 1
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[8]: number_of_nodes = 10
x = np.linspace(x_left_boundary, x_right_boundary, number_of_nodes)
delta_x = x[0] - x[1]

tau_coeff = sigma_t * (delta_x) / mu
exp_term = -np.exp(-tau_coeff)

A_mat = sp.sparse.diags([1, exp_term], [0, 1], shape=(number_of_nodes, number_of_nodes), format='csc')
b_vec = [0] * (number_of_nodes - 1) + [psi_right_initial]

flux_sol = sp.sparse.linalg.spsolve(A_mat, b_vec)
```

```
[9]: A_coeff = 0
B_coeff = lambda xi, xe : mu / (sigma_t * (xi - xe))

x_average = np.zeros(number_of_nodes-1)
flux_average = np.zeros(number_of_nodes-1)
for i in range(1, number_of_nodes):
    x_left = x[i-1]
    x_right = x[i]

    x_average[i-1] = (x_left + x_right) / 2

    flux_left = flux_sol[i-1]
    flux_right = flux_sol[i]
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flux_average[i-1] = A_coeff + B_coeff(x_left, x_right) * (flux_right -
↪flux_left)
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flux_average
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[9]: array([0.38909564, 0.4348218 , 0.48592165, 0.54302672, 0.60684271,
          0.6781583 , 0.75785483, 0.84691723, 0.94644615])
```

```
[10]: fig, ax = plt.subplots()
ax.scatter(x, flux_sol, label='Numerical solution')
ax.scatter(x_average, flux_average, label='Numerical average solution')

analytical_sol = lambda x: psi_right_initial * np.exp(-sigma_t * (x -
↪x_right_boundary) / mu)
ax.plot(x, analytical_sol(x), label='Analytical solution', color='black')

ax.legend()
```

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[10]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x1c3ed661d00>
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