

CS 522—Spring 2018
Mobile Systems and Applications
Assignment Four—Content Providers

Set your minimum SDK version to Lollipop (Android 5.1, API 22) for your submission for this assignment. Your app theme should extend `android:Theme.Material.Light.DarkActionBar`. We will be testing your app on a virtual Google Nexus 5X running API 22, so you should ensure that your app works on that platform, although you may develop on another device, e.g., your personal telephone.

Part 1: Book Store

In the previous assignment, you implemented a book store app that stored the contents of the shopping cart in a SQLite database. In this assignment, you will provide a similar app, but with the shopping cart instead stored in a content provider. This content provider should provide a single table, identified by the content path, `books`. Internally, the content provider will store the data using a SQLite database with two tables, one for the books and the other for authors. As before, assume a one-to-many relationship from books to authors, and assume eager retrieval of authors for a book, as a synthetic column in the result. You should again have subactivities for adding a book to the cart, for clearing the cart, and for viewing the details of a book (including seeing all authors). The last activity is started when the user presses the line for a book in the main list view. A long press (at least two seconds) should place the book activity into contextual action mode, where the user may select books for deletion, and the contextual action bar provides a single DELETE action. Allow multi-item selection: the user can select any number of books for deletion (not just a single book) before choosing the DELETE action.

As another addition to the previous assignment, the main book activity list view lists all authors of a book in the second line of its list view entry, separated by the separator character. Fix this for this assignment, by defining a custom cursor adapter that extracts the first author name from the list of book authors and just displays that. Add the Latin “et al” after the first author name, if there is more than one author. Do this by extending `ResourceCursorAdapter`, and specializing the `bindView()` method that binds the fields in the view for a line of the list view:

```
public class BookAdapter extends ResourceCursorAdapter {

    protected final static int ROW_LAYOUT = android.R.layout.simple_list_item_2;

    public BookAdapter(Context context, Cursor cursor) {
        super(context, ROW_LAYOUT, cursor, 0);
    }

    @Override
    public View newView(Context context, Cursor cur, ViewGroup parent) {
        LayoutInflater inflater = (LayoutInflater)
            context.getSystemService(Context.LAYOUT_INFLATER_SERVICE);
        return inflater.inflate(ROW_LAYOUT, parent, false);
    }
}
```

```

@Override
public void bindView(View view, Context context, Cursor cursor) {
    TextView titleLine = (TextView) view.findViewById(android.R.id.text1);
    TextView authorLine = (TextView) view.findViewById(android.R.id.text2);
    // etc
}
}

```

For book detail activity, you can simply use an `ArrayAdapter` to display the names of the authors of a book, but do not do this for the main book activity where you display all books.

You should follow these guidelines for your solution:

1. Define a contract, `BookContract`, for the content provider, `BookProvider`. Place the former in the `contracts` subpackage of your app, and the latter in the `providers` subpackage of your app. This is a practice that you will be expected to follow for all assignments for the remainder of the course. The contracts class should define content URIs and content paths, content types, the column names for the cursor and content values, and operations for retrieving columns from a cursor and inserting them into a content values table.
2. Define an entity class, `Book`, for book entities stored in the database. You should have done most of this for the previous assignment. This should define entity fields, an implementation of the `Parcelable` interface, a constructor for initializing a book entity from a cursor, and an operation `writeToProvider` for initializing a `ContentValues` object (for insertion into a provider) with the fields of the entity.
3. For queries that populate the UI in the main book activity, use cursor loaders and the loader manager to query the provider. `ViewBookActivity` and `AddBookActivity` rely on the main activity to perform querying of and insertion into the database, respectively. For this project, it is okay if those operations are performed on the main thread, using the content resolver. However the main query in the main activity should use the loader manager. *Define all callbacks for the loader manager as methods in your activities, not in separate callback objects.* Note that this means that you must subclass `Activity` rather than `ListActivity` for the main books activity.

Note that your apps should never use the `startManagingCursor` or `managedQuery` operations, or the constructor for `SimpleCursorAdapter` that takes a cursor as its argument. However it is all right in general to use (your specialization of) the `SimpleCursorAdapter` class, using the second constructor that provides a flag that indicates that the query should not be managed by the activity. Just do not use the first, deprecated constructor that causes queries to be managed on the UI thread. You are defining a custom adapter in this assignment because of the demands of the application, for custom rendering of cursor data in a list view.

Part 2: Persistent Chat App

In this second part of the assignment, you will extend the chat server app from the previous assignment. As with the first part of the assignment, you are required to replace the use of a SQLite database with a content provider. Define a single content provider

with two tables, visible to the app, and distinguished by their URIs that have the same authority but different content paths. One table stores the messages that have been received, while the second table stores information about the peers from whom we have received messages. As with the bookstore app, you should define a contract and a provider class for this content provider, as well as entity classes for messages and peers, and a manager class, using the same package structure as outlined above for the bookstore app.

Your solution should consist of two apps, `ChatClient` and `ChatServerContentProvider`. This should follow the guidelines for the bookstore solution above: Use cursor loaders with asynchronous query factories for querying all messages received so far, all peers from whom we have received messages, and all of the messages that we have received from a particular peer. Use a simple asynchronous query (based on an asynchronous content resolver) to retrieve the details for a particular peer with whom we have been in communication.

Submitting Your Assignment

Once you have your code working, please follow these instructions for submitting your assignment:

1. You should submit three Android Studio projects: book store with content provider, chat client and chat server.
2. Create a zip archive file, named after you, containing a directory with your name. E.g. if your name is Humphrey Bogart, then name the directory `Humphrey_Bogart`.
3. In that directory you should provide the Android Studio projects for your apps.
4. You should also provide APK files for your compiled projects.
5. Also include in the directory a report of your submission. This report should be in PDF format. Do not provide a Word document. This report should summarize what you've done, with an emphasis on any assumptions you made about points not covered in the assignment specification. It should also identify where the projects and APK files are located in your submission.

In addition, record short mpeg or Quicktime videos of demonstrations of your assignment working. Make sure that your name appears at the beginning of each video. For example, put your name in the title of the app. *Do not provide private information such as your email or cwid in the video.* Be careful of any “free” apps that you download to do the recording, there are known cases of such apps containing Trojan horses, including key loggers.

Your solution should be uploaded via the Canvas classroom. Your solution should consist of a zip archive with one folder, identified by your name. Within that folder, you should have three Android Studio projects, for the apps you have built. You should also provide videos demonstrating the working of your assignments.