

# SEO Itzamna Cheat Sheet

## 1 "Typical" SEO Sequence of Observing Commands

This would be a somewhat typical set of commands that you would use to do an observation on SEO:

1. **Make sure there is no rain in the near future.** You should do this a couple different ways: a) Check the NOAA Sonoma weather page <sup>1</sup>, and b) Check one of the nearby airport weather reports, e.g., KPAC<sup>2</sup>, KDVO<sup>3</sup>, KO69<sup>4</sup>.

**If: humidity > 90%, or chance of rain > 10% or sky cover > 25%, then don't observe!**

2. # List all the commands available in itzamna  
`\help`
3. # make sure there are no clouds visible in the sky via a webcam image of the sky  
`\skycam`
4. # confirm the current weather is ok, i.e., no rain, etc.  
`\weather`
5. # Double check that no-one is using the telescope.  
`\who`
6. # take over control of the telescope, locks the telescope for your use  
`\lock`
7. # Cracking the dome open, i.e., opening the observatory  
`\crack`
8. # find the object in the database, to make sure it has an object with the RA, Dec that you expected for your object  
`\find object`

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<sup>1</sup><https://forecast.weather.gov/MapClick.php?lat=38.2919&lon=-122.4573>

<sup>2</sup><https://en.allmetsat.com/metar-taf/northern-california.php?icao=KAPC>

<sup>3</sup><https://en.allmetsat.com/metar-taf/northern-california.php?icao=KDVO>

<sup>4</sup><https://en.allmetsat.com/metar-taf/northern-california.php?icao=KO69>

9. # Plot a visibility plot, to make sure object is "up" right now and visible  
`\plot`
10. # Point on the object number listed under `\find (object)`. For example, if `\find M33` found two objects with that name, but the first object was the actual M33, then you would say `\pinpoint 1`:  
`\pinpoint 1`
11. # alternative if you want to point to a particular RA Dec location (i.e., instead of observing an object with a known name)  
`\pinpoint 06:55:32 +74:03:09`
12. # centers the dome slit on the telescope. It might not be strictly necessary in this sequence, if you did the above commands, but It would be a good cross-check that the dome slit is pointed towards the object that you are expecting to observe  
`\dome center`
13. # take an image; where the syntax is *image (exposure (s)) (binning) (oiii — g-band — r-band — i-band — sii — clear — h-alpha) (count)*. For example, the below command would be 60-sec exposure, with 1-pixel binning, r-band filter, and repeat the observation only once.  
`\image 60 1 r-band 1`
14. # Close the observatory, to protect it from the elements.  
`\squeeze`
15. # Hand back the telescope for general use  
`\unlock`

## 2 Itzamna help

Output of `\help` in Slack itzamna channel:

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\abort terminates the current task
\bias <binning> <count> takes a bias frame. <count> defaults to 1
\ccd shows CCD information
\clearsky shows Clear Sky chart(s)
\clouds shows the current cloud cover
\configure displays the configuration (advanced users only)
\configure <setting> <value(s)> sets the configuration (advanced users only)
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\connect attempts to reconnect to the telescope via SSH.
\crack opens the observatory
\dark <exposure (s)> <binning> <count> takes a dark frame. <count> defaults to 1
\dome shows the dome slit azimuth
\dome center centers the dome slit on telescope
\domecam shows the observatory dome camera image
\filter shows the filter
\filter <oiii|g-band|r-band|i-band|sii|clear|h-alpha> sets the filter
\find <object> finds <object> in the sky (add wildcard * to widen the search)
\focus shows the telescope focus position
\focus <integer> sets the telescope focus position to <integer>
\forecast shows the grid-based 48-hour forecast
\hdr shows the status of the CCD HDR (High Dynamic Range) mode
\hdr <on|off> enables/disables the CCD HDR (High Dynamic Range) mode
\help shows this message
\hocus calibrates the focus setting
\home dome calibrates the dome movement
\image <exposure (s)> <binning> <oiii|g-band|r-band|i-band|sii|clear|h-alpha> <count> takes
\lights shows state of the dome lights
\lights <lamp|led|all> <on|off> turns the dome lights on/off
\lock locks the telescope for use by you
\mirror shows state of the mirror cover
\mirror <open|close> opens/closes the mirror cover
\moon shows the moon altitude and phase
\nudge <dRA> <dDEC> offsets the telescope by dRA/dDEC degrees
\pinpoint <RA> <DEC> <exposure (s)> <oiii|g-band|r-band|i-band|sii|clear|h-alpha> uses astr
\pinpoint <object #> <exposure (s)> <oiii|g-band|r-band|i-band|sii|clear|h-alpha> uses astr
\plot <object #> or \plot <RA (hh:mm:ss.s)> <DEC (dd:mm:ss.s)> shows if/when object (run \f
\point <object #> or \point <RA (hh:mm:ss.s)> <DEC (dd:mm:ss.s)> points the telescope to an
\preview shows the state of the FITS image preview
\preview <on|off> enables/disables the FITS image preview
\psf <exposure (s)> <binning> <oiii|g-band|r-band|i-band|sii|clear|h-alpha> takes an image
\share <on|off> enables/disables others to access a locked telescope
\shutter manually closes the camera shutter
\skycam shows skycam image(s)
\slit shows state of the dome slit
\slit <open|close> opens/closes the dome slit
\squeeze closes the observatory
\status shows telescope status information
\sun shows the sun altitude
\tostars uploads images to http://stars.uchicago.edu

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`\track` shows if telescope tracking is on/off  
`\track <on/off>` toggles telescope tracking  
`\unlock` unlocks the telescope for use by others  
`\weather` shows the current weather conditions, along with the next few hours of precipitation  
`\where` shows where the telescope is pointing  
`\who` shows who has the telescope locked