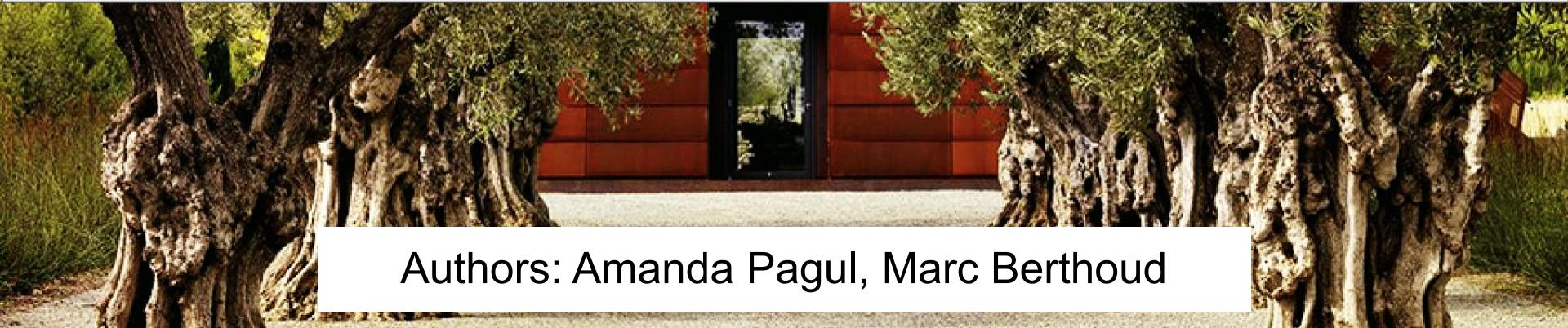




# Stone Edge Observatory



Authors: Amanda Pagul, Marc Berthoud



M8 by Lindsay



M42 by Emil

# Outline

- Observatory
- Telescope
- Observing
  - Itzamna Slack interface
  - Queue
- Data visualization and download
- Data reduction pipeline
- Additional computing and storage resources



# About

- SEO: located on Stone Edge Farm vineyards and winery in Sonoma, CA.
- University of Chicago is operating the telescope making it available to students and researchers.
- SEO is used by astronomers and students worldwide.



- SEO science examples: asteroid lightcurves, supernovae and comet observations and high precision photometry.

## Who's Who

- John McQuown: Owner of Stone Edge Farm
- Rich Kron: Faculty advisor
- Al Harper: Scientific advisor
- Richard Treffers: Telescope Engineer
- Amanda Pagul: Facility Astronomer
- Matt Nowinski: Observation software engineer and student advisor
- Rohan Gupta: System integrator
- Seth Knights: Software engineer
- Caleb Krueger: Observation specialist
- Marc Berthoud: Data software engineer and database curator.

Rich, Al, Amanda and Marc are available for support anytime.

Your gateway to SEO: UChicago server at

<https://stars.uchicago.edu>

# More about the Stone Edge Observatory

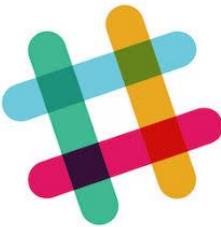
Some technical details:

- Ritchey-Chretien telescope with an aperture of 0.5m (20")
- Field of view is 26'x26' (2048 x 2048 pixels)
- Currently SDSS g', r', i', H-alpha, SII, OIII, and clear filters (will soon include SDSS u', z')
- Current Camera: [FLI Proline PL230](#) camera with an e2v CCD 230-42 chip
- Spare Camera: [SBIG Aluma AC4040](#) CMOS



For general information, tutorials, and to request observing time, visit

<https://voices.uchicago.edu/stoneedgeobservatory.com/>



# Itzamna on Slack

*Itzamna*: Mayan sky god

*Itzamna*: Slack robot interacting with the SEO telescope. Takes commands on a Slack channel. Written by Matt Nowinski

To use Itzamna:

- Go to stars.uchicago.edu → Stone Edge → Slack
- Use your personal login or class account.

- Use the “itzamna” channel:
  - \help - to get command list
  - \clearsky - gives weather information
  - \lock - to lock the telescope so you can use it.
  - \crack - open the dome
  - \track on - start tracking
  - \find “object” - search the database
  - \pinpoint - point telescope to found object
  - \image “seconds” “bin” “filter” - take an image with given settings
  - \tostars - copies images to stars server
  - \squeeze - close the telescope dome
  - \unlock - release your lock on the telescope.
- Make sure the skies are clear, check at:
  - [NOAA Sonoma Weather](#)
  - Airport reports for [KAPC KDVO KO69](#)
  - **No Observing if** Humidity > 90%, chance of rain > 10% or sky cover > 25% at any of these

# SEO Queue

Submit observations to be taken at an “ideal” time, accounting for object altitude, user-specified advanced options (lunar avoidance, max airmass, etc.), and user priority.

Queue upgraded this summer.

New features we are working on:

- Exposure time suggestions
- User-specified session
- User-specified observing program
- Upgrade UI

Access here:

[queue.stoneedgeobservatory.com/home](http://queue.stoneedgeobservatory.com/home)

The screenshot shows the SEO Queue web application. At the top, there is a navigation bar with links for HOME, PROGRAMS, SESSIONS, OBSERVATIONS (with a dropdown arrow), MESSAGES, and ADMIN. Below the navigation bar, the main content area has a dark blue background with a starry sky pattern. On the left, under 'TELESCOPE STATUS', there is a large icon of a telescope with a grid pattern, labeled 'Slit: open'. Below the icon are three status indicators: 'Clouds: -0.70' with a cloud icon, 'Rain: 0' with a raindrop icon, and 'Location: 15:03:47.2956' with a globe icon. On the right, under 'PROFILE SNAPSHOT', there is a section titled 'Edit Profile' with fields for NAME (Amanda Pagul), AFFILIATION, and PENDING: 5. Below this is a table showing pending observations:

Target	Exposure Time (s)	Exposure Count	Filters	Binning
HIP 3829	60	1	g',i'	2
m1	180	5	g',r'	2
m13	20	1		2
ngc147	60	100	r'	2

Below the pending table is a section titled 'COMPLETED: 5' with a table showing completed observations:

Target	Exposure Time (s)	Exposure Count	Filters	Binning
04:15:21.50 -07:39:22.3	30	1	g',r',i'	2
44 Boots	10	1	g',r',i'	2
61 Cygni	10	1	g',r',i'	2

*Ask Vincent / Marc / Amanda for an account to observe!*

*If you'd like to help develop additional features, contact marcberthoud@uchicago.edu*

[stars.uchicago.edu](http://stars.uchicago.edu)

- Education → Class Wiki
- Stone Edge → Queue, SEO  
Main page
- FITS Data → Fits View, Folders



Education

Stone Edge

Yerkes

FITS Data

Internal



*Image uploaded to our [blog](#), taken by a Yerkes, Stone Edge, or SKYNET telescope.*

Learn more about this page, visit the

[Guide to the Stars Server](#)

# Getting SEO Images

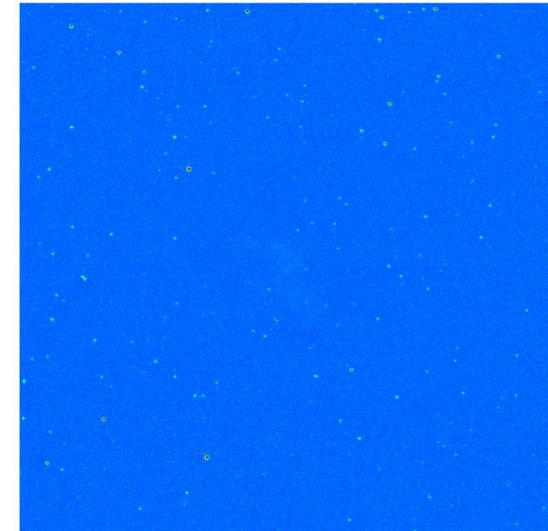
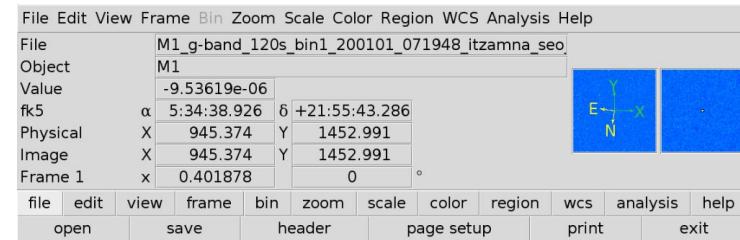
Use Data Viewer on STARS to view and analyze data and to download images.

- Several viewers on stars:
  - [stars.uchicago.edu/fitsview24](http://stars.uchicago.edu/fitsview24) for 2024 data
  - [stars.uchicago.edu/queue](http://stars.uchicago.edu/queue) for queue and class support data
- Several views:
  - List view: allows you to select observations
  - Data view: to look at and analyze data.
  - Pipeline log: current log of reduction pipeline
- Details on data access on the class wiki at [github.com/bradfordbenson/ASTR21200\\_2024/wiki/Stone-Edge-Observatory](https://github.com/bradfordbenson/ASTR21200_2024/wiki/Stone-Edge-Observatory)

The screenshot shows the HAWC Data Viewer interface. At the top, there is a logo for the SOFIA Science Division's HAWC instrument. Below the logo, a navigation bar includes links for "Select Function", "AOR List", "Data Viewer", "Pipeline Log", "Open New Tab", and "Help / Manual". A large red box highlights the "Function Navigation" link. The main area is divided into three sections: "Selection", "Info", and "Image Tools". The "Selection" section contains dropdown menus for "Filter", "AOR", "File", "Pipe Step", and "Display", along with a "Download Selected FITS File" button. The "Info" section displays observational parameters: Object (B000000001), Pupil (37), Date (2024-12-27), Time (17:38:51.321), Observatory (lab), Obs RA (4900.0), and Obs Dec (4800.0). The "Image Tools" section includes controls for "Mouse X / Y", "Zoom" (set to 3x), "Value" (3.2111074), "Scale" (MinMax), and "Color" (Grey). A red box highlights the "Image Tools" section. In the bottom right corner, there is a small window titled "Zoom Display" with a red border, also containing the text "Image Display".

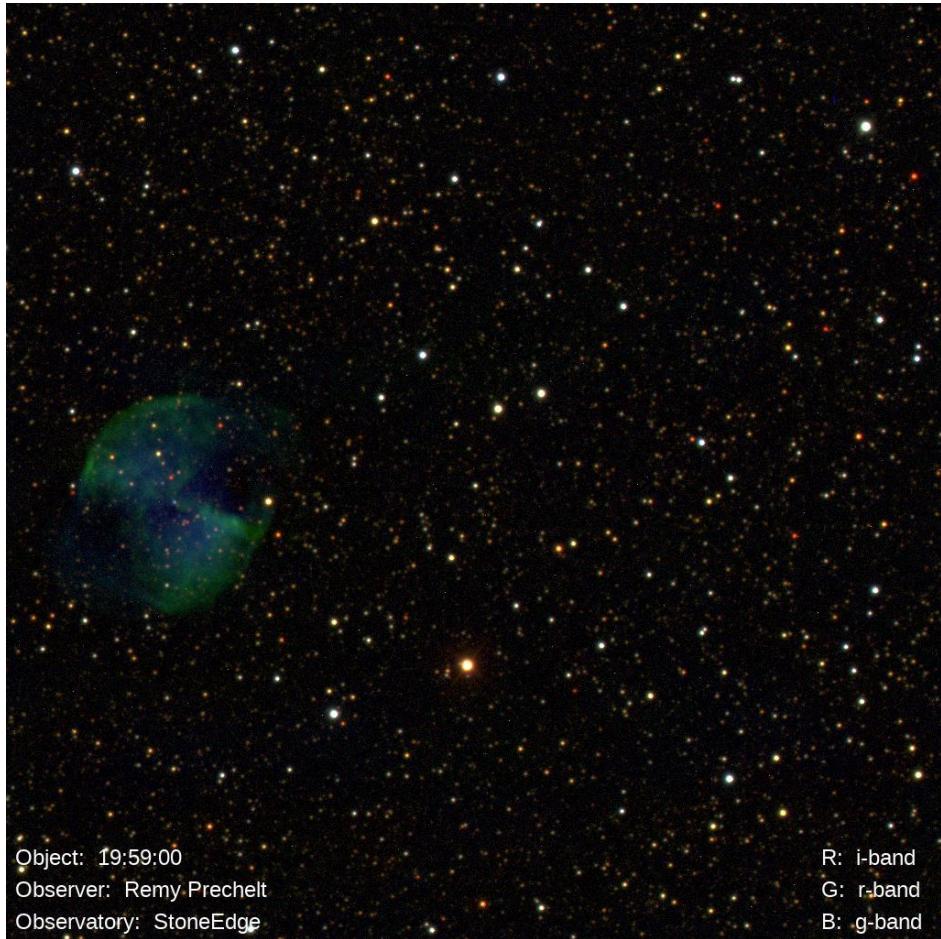
# DS9 — Image Analysis and making RGBs

- The pipeline often fails out before reaching completion, for a variety of reasons
- You can still make color images even when this happens though, using a tool called DS9
  - It can be found at <http://ds9.si.edu/site/Home.html> with versions for Mac, Windows, and Linux
- Also great for making quick color images while operating Itzamna
  - Also capable of more sophisticated scientific operations and measurements
  - Instructions for creating a color image can be found at <http://ds9.si.edu/doc/user/rgb/index.html>



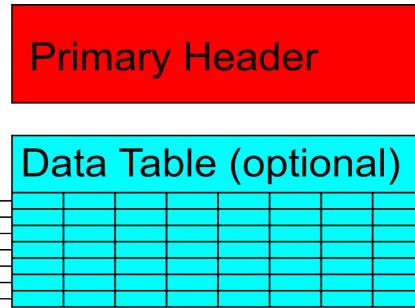
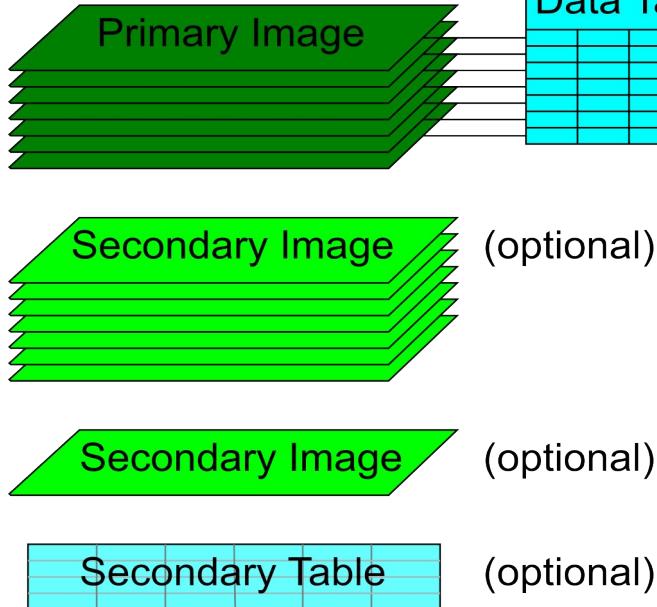
# Data Reduction Pipeline

- Automates several processes which, for large data sets, can be time consuming to run on personal machines (or difficult to set up)
  - At a minimum, files are Bias/Dark/Flat corrected and hot pixels are removed
  - Process will typically work for images with many background stars. Otherwise color images will need to be created manually
  - Assuming all steps work, a color image preview will be generated
- Runs daily on the STARS to reduce queue and Itzamna data
- Generally good for creating images using g/r/i (broad-band) filters automatically, but not for other (narrow-band) filters like H-alpha, OIII, SII



# Flexible Image Transport System (FITS)

## FITS Data Format

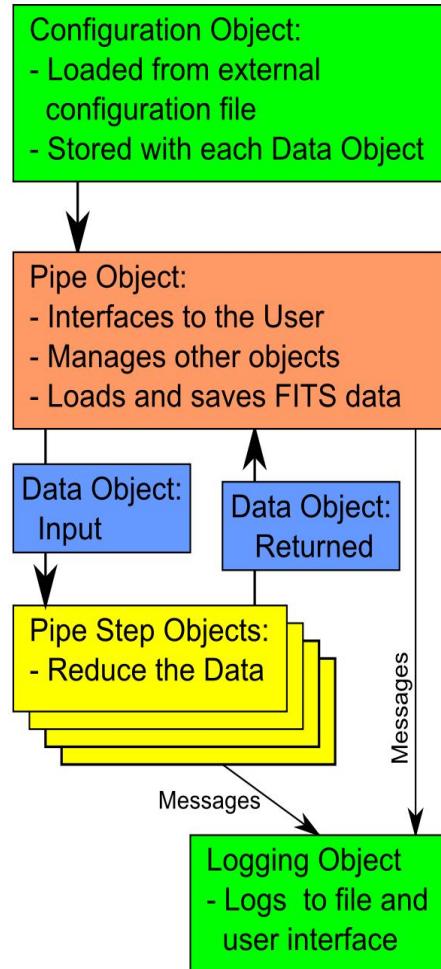


Main data format used by astronomers.

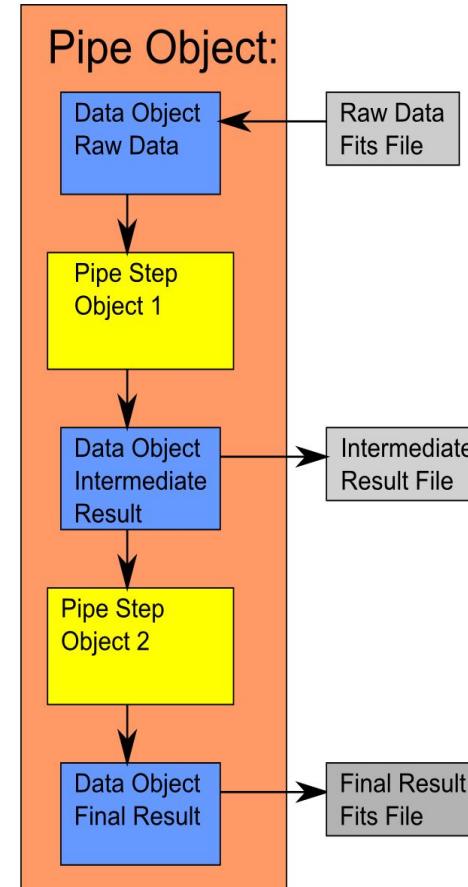
- Each image contains HDU(s) - header data unit
- Primary Header: Information about File and (optional) first data set
- Secondary Headers:
  - Tables
  - Additional Images (Error image, Bad Pixel Mask . . .)
- Images can have 2, 3 or more dimensions, same for table columns.

# DarePype Structure

Pipeline Object Architecture:



Data Processing Sequence:



# DarePype Configuration

- Each pipeline needs a configuration file (it will not run without it)
  - Config files has different sections: [general], [data] one for each mode, one for each step
- Pipe MODE says how the data is reduced.
  - Modes allow different ways to run the pipeline or reduce different types of data
  - STARS uses `mode_seo_server_ccd`  
Users should use `mode_seo_user_ccd`
- Make your own config file
- Config file Toolkit
  - Header overwrite
  - Hierarchical / delta config files
  - Modes can have extra parameters for steps

```
# General Section: configuration of the pipeline
[general]
    # list of packages to look for pipe step modules (order matters)
    steppacks = stonesteps, darepype.drp
    # list of steps for unknown instrument mode
    stepslist = load, StepRGB

# Data Section: information on data objects and file names
[data]
    dataobjects = DataFits, DataText #, DataCsv

### Pipelines Section: configuration for individual pipeline modes
# Stoneedge Mode Configuration
[mode_stoneedge]
# List of keyword=values required in file header to select this pipeline mode
#   Format is: Keyword=Value|Keyword=Value|Keyword=Value
    datakeys = "OBSERVAT=StoneEdge"
# list of steps
    stepslist = load, StepAddKeys, StepBiasDarkFlat, save, StepHotpix, StepRGB

### Pipe Step Section
# BiasDarkFlat step configuration
[biasdarkflat]
    # filename that overrules the fit keys
    biasfile = /data/images/StoneEdge/0.5meter/2018/*/bias/bias*.fits
    darkfile = /data/images/StoneEdge/0.5meter/2018/*/dark/dark*.fits
    flatfile = /data/images/StoneEdge/0.5meter/2018/*/flat/flat*.fits
    daterange = 0.5
    # list of keys that need to match bias and data file
    fitkeys = 'list','of','FIT Keywords','for Bias/Dark/Flat' # StoneEdge
    biasfitkeys = XBIN, DATE-OBS
    darkfitkeys = XBIN, DATE-OBS, EXPTIME
    flatfitkeys = XBIN, FILTER, DATE-OBS
    # list of input file datasets to flatten
    # - Expects None or a list of image HDU
    datalist = R array, T array

# RGB step configuration
[makergb]
    # percentile value for miniumum scaling (in decimal form)
    minpercent = 0.5
    # percentile value for maximum scaling
```

# SEO Pipeline CCD

- The Pipeline runs automatically on all queue data and the data taken by Itzamna / Ixchel.
- You can look at the reduced data on STARS
  - Look at “Fits Data” □ “SEO Queue” for the queue data
  - Look at “Fits Data” □ “SEO 2022” for itzanma data
  - Look at “Fits Data” □ “Data Folders” to have listing of raw files.
- The pipeline usually is able to fully reduce good r/g/i/clear data but not narrow-band (H-alpha, OIII, SII) or bad data.
  - At a minimum BDF/HDR corrected and hot pixel removed files are produced.
  - Calibration process will usually work well for images clear and bright foreground stars.
- Pipe Steps and Files:
  - Raw File: from telescope
  - StepAddKeys: Adds missing header information
  - StepBiasDarkFlat: Does BDF correction
  - StepHotpix: Removes bad pixels
  - HPX File: is BDF and hotpix corrected
  - StepAstrometry: Uses a star catalog to find precise RA/Dec coordinates
  - WCS File: Has updated coordinates
  - StepFluxCalSex: Uses sextractor to extract sources and calibrate the image using guide star catalog
  - FCAL File: Flux calibrated (also make fit plot .png)
  - StepRGB: makes JPEG rgb image
  - .JPG File: a JPEG image preview

# Running the Pipeline in Colab / Jupyter Notebook

- Run through the the jupyter notebook under SEO UChicago/PipeLine/SEO\_PipeColabV6.0.ipynb at [https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1O4HBbrZMIDb1I7XCH5ewJ8AVubsyh6rr?usp=share\\_link](https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1O4HBbrZMIDb1I7XCH5ewJ8AVubsyh6rr?usp=share_link)
- You can select which images to download. They should be RAW images of the same object taken with different filters.
- This folder also contains colab notebooks to
  - Coadd images: Coadd\_DemoColabV2.1
  - Make an RGB image with the pipeline: MakeRGB\_withPipeline
  - Run webastrometry: WebAstrometry\_Colab\_V2.1
  - DataDownload: To download large datasets from STARS

# PipeRuns

- DarePypeRun.py is a support tool to help reduce data using darepype packages.
- Needs a PipeRun.txt file which specifies all run parameters

## Example Piperun File:

```
# Daily Reduction PipeRun file
# This is a COMMENT
pythonpath = /data/scripts/pipeline/source
pipeconf = /data/scripts/pipeline/config/pipeconf_SEO.txt
/datascripts/pipeline/config/dconf_stars.txt
pipemode = postbdf
loglevel = DEBUG
logfile = /data/scripts/pipeline/PipeLineLog.txt
inputfiles = /data/images/StoneEdge/0.5meter/2022/2022-01-12/reduced/*_HDR.fits
outputfolder = /data/images/StoneEdge/0.5meter/2022/2022-01-12/reduced
```

# PipeRuns (continued)

- To run a darepyperun download and edit user\_piperun.txt and user\_dconf.txt files from  
[stars.uchicago.edu/images/Tmp/Users/berthoud](http://stars.uchicago.edu/images/Tmp/Users/berthoud)
- Edit those files to point to your installation of the SEO pipeline and the RAW data you want to be reduced.
- Run piperun with the following command in the command line

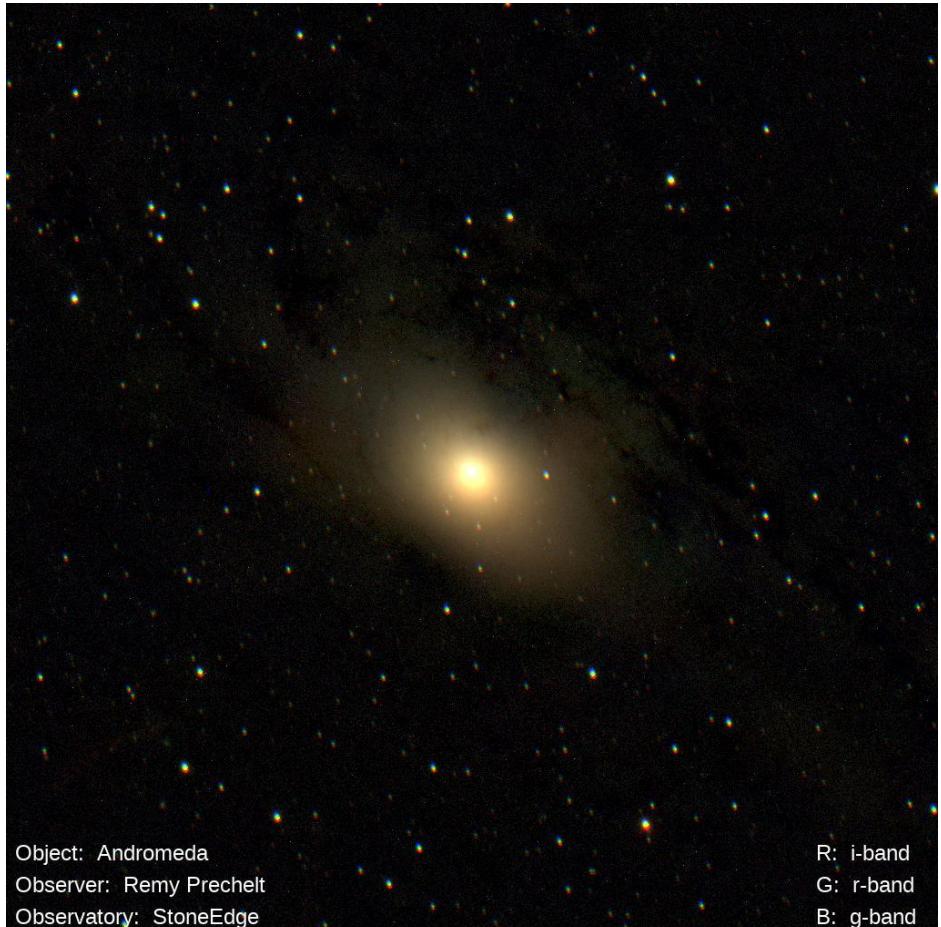
darepyperun.py /path/to/your\_piperun.txt

- You might have to set PATH or list full path for darepyperun

- That's all Folks!

# Installing the Pipeline

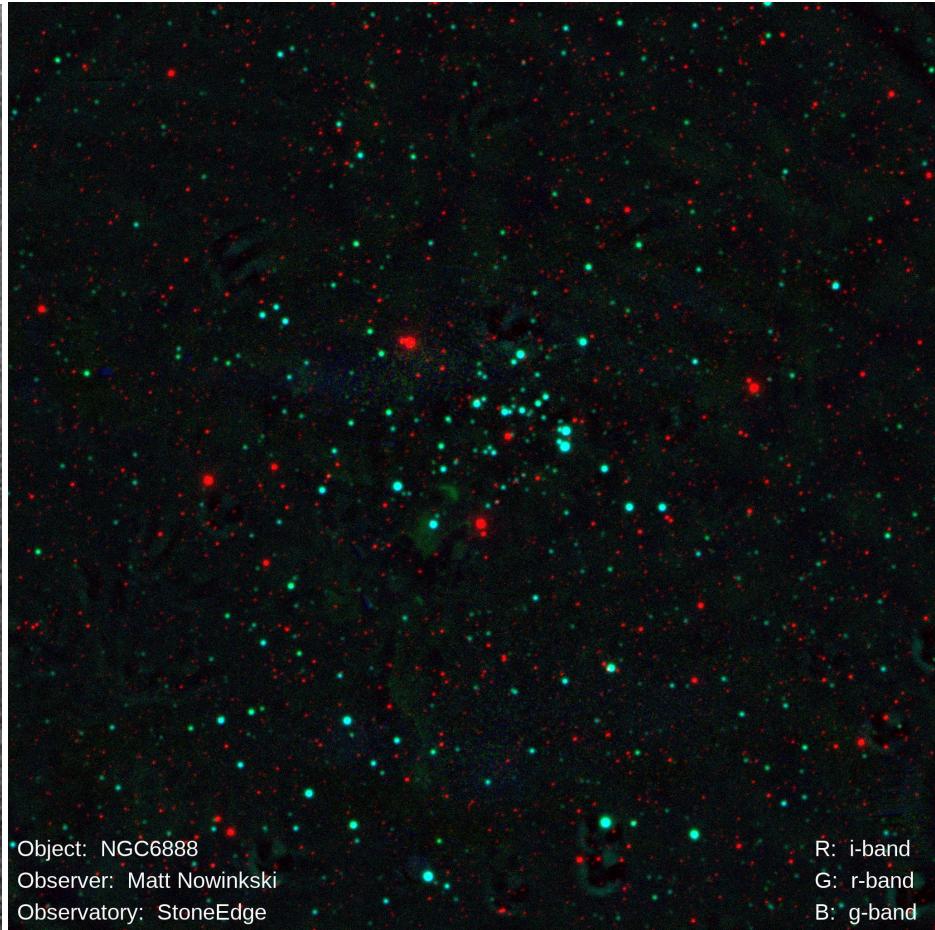
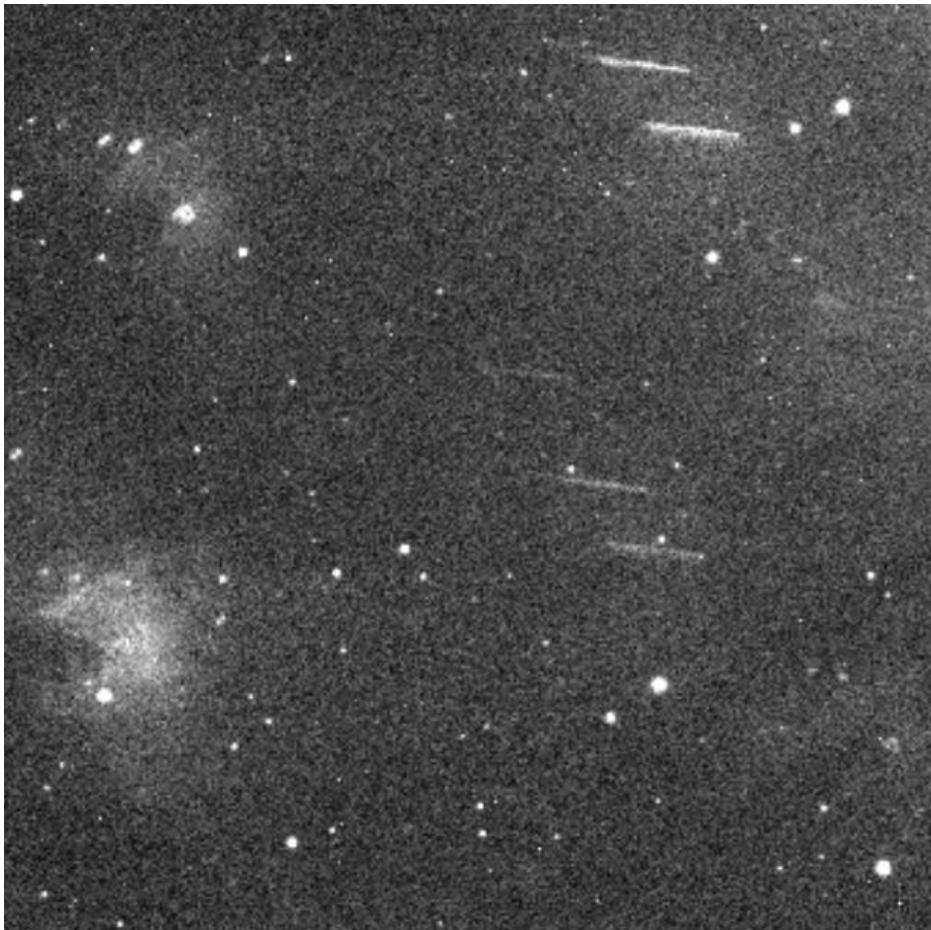
- Requires python (version 3.6 or later)
  - Also requires the following python packages
    - numpy
    - astropy
    - logging
    - darepype
    - drizzle (for creating mosaics)
    - ccdproc (for BDF corrections)
- Git repo is located at  
[github.com/yerkesobservatory/pipeline](https://github.com/yerkesobservatory/pipeline)
- More documentation and instructions for running the pipeline locally can be found on the projects page at  
[sites.google.com/a/starsatyerkes.net/yerkesprojects/projects/image-pipeline/pipe-development](https://sites.google.com/a/starsatyerkes.net/yerkesprojects/projects/image-pipeline/pipe-development)



R: i-band

G: r-band

B: g-band



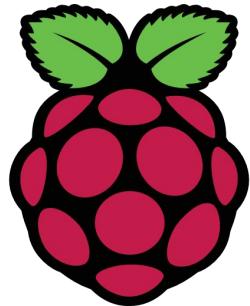
# StarDrive & StarBase

## StarDrive



- 24TB NAS with Raid 5
- Archives all past SEO data
- Temporary user folder (up to 1TB)
- Can also support other projects.

## Starbase

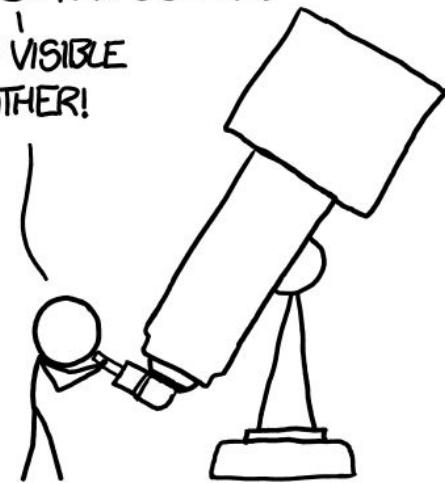


- Raspberry Pi 4 8GB with 1TB SSD
- Mounted access to StarDrive
- Pipeline installed (incl. astrometry.net)
- Temporary or permanent student accounts possible.
- Ask Marc for an account on Starbase

# Additional Comments

- Amanda, Al and Marc are usually on Slack and willing to help!
- The SEO community is awesome and will help out if you ask a question and they happen to be on Slack (e.g. Emil)
- Please reach out if you would like to observe, do a mini SEO project, or help in the development--any level of engagement is welcome! :)
- The software can always be improved, suggestions, bug reports and help is appreciated.

I'VE DISCOVERED AN EARTH-SIZED  
PLANET IN A STAR'S HABITABLE ZONE!  
IT EVEN HAS OCEANS!  
AND VISIBLE  
WEATHER!



TO MESS WITH AN ASTRONOMER, PUT A  
MIRROR IN THE PATH OF THEIR TELESCOPE.



Horsehead Nebula  
Lorenzo et al. 2022

# Spare Slides / Notes

# SEO Raw Images for HDR mode (CMOS camera)

- The CMOS Camera has HDR (high dynamic range) mode and takes two images for each exposure.
  - One Low gain image - to get the flux of bright stars
    - Image stored in secondary header
  - One High gain image - to get the flux of dim stars and objects. This over-saturates bright stars.
    - Image stored in primary header
- The camera can still be operated single image mode.
  - In that case first HDU has the image.

# SEO Pipeline HDR

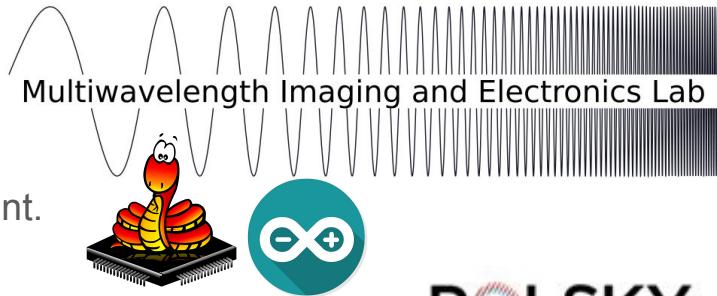
- The Pipeline runs automatically on all queue data and the data taken by Itzamna / ixchel.
- You can look at the reduced data on the stars server at [stars.uchicago.edu](http://stars.uchicago.edu)
  - Look at “Fits Data” → “SEO Queue” for the queue data
  - Look at “Fits Data” → “SEO 2022” for itzamna data
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- The pipeline usually is able to fully reduce good r/g/i/clear data but not narrow-band (H-alpha, OIII, SII) or bad data.
  - At a minimum BDF/HDR corrected and hot pixel removed files are produced.
  - Calibration process will usually work well for images clear and bright foreground stars.
- Pipe Steps and Files:
  - Raw File: from telescope
  - StepAddKeys: Adds missing header information
  - StepHdr: Used instead of StepBiasDarkFlat to reduce and combine high dynamic range (HDR.fits) data
  - StepHotpix: Removes bad pixels
  - HPX File: is BDF and hotpix corrected
  - StepSrcExtPy: Extracts point sources
  - SEP File: has table of extracted sources
  - StepAstrometry: Uses a star catalog to find precise RA/Dec coordinates
  - WCS File: Has updated coordinates
  - StepFluxCal: Uses extracted sources to calibrate the image using guide star catalog
  - FCAL File: Flux calibrated (also make fit plot .png)
  - StepRGB: makes JPEG rgb image
  - .JPG File: a nice JPEG

# UChicago Makerspaces

You can learn to build your own projects and experiments on campus. There are several student labs available for you.

- MIELab: WERC 524

- Sensing electronics: Radio to UV
- IoT and embedded computers
- In-situ and remote sensing equipment.
- Data acquisition and automation



Multiwavelength Imaging and Electronics Lab

- POLSKY center Fab Lab: School of Business

- Mechanical building, electronics [polsky.uchicago.edu/fab-lab](http://polsky.uchicago.edu/fab-lab)

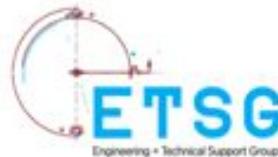


- Mechanical Design + Fabrication Lab: PRC 307

- 3D printers, CAD workstations, engineering support [voices.uchicago.edu/mechanicallab](http://voices.uchicago.edu/mechanicallab)

- Hack Arts Lab (HAL): MADD center, Crerar Library

- 3D printers, laser cutters [arts.uchicago.edu/hack-arts-lab-hal](http://arts.uchicago.edu/hack-arts-lab-hal)
- MADD center also has Weston Game Lab





# Marc's Notes

- Nothing now