```
import os
 1
     import numpy as np
 3
     import cv2
 4
 5
    from keras.models import load model
 6
 7
     # Load saved model
8
    model_folder = os.path.join(os.getcwd(), "w251_model\FirstModel")
     model file = os.path.join(model folder, "cifar10 ResNet20v1 model.086.h5") # first
9
10
     saved model = load model (model file)
11
     # load training set mean image array (x train mean)
12
13
    mean file = os.path.join(model folder, 'x train mean.npy')
14
    x train mean = np.load(mean file)
15
16
     # Live video classification
17
18
     # Set class labels
    labels = ['zinc','stainless steel','copper','brass','aluminum']
19
20
21
     # Set resize dimensions
22
    img size h = 224
23
    img size w = 224
24
25
    cap = cv2.VideoCapture(0)
26
27
     # set exposure to brighten workspace and also mitigate LED light "banding"
28
     cap.set(cv2.CAP PROP EXPOSURE, -8.0)
29
30
    while (True):
31
32
         # Capture frame-by-frame
33
         ret, frame = cap.read()
34
35
         # frame center coords (for center crop and rectangle reference)
36
         center = (frame.shape[0]/2, frame.shape[1]/2) # (240, 320)
37
38
         # center crop corners
39
         upper left = (int(center[1])-100, int(center[0])-100)
40
         bottom right = (int(center[1])+100, int(center[0])+100)
41
42
         # define image crop
43
         img crop = frame[upper left[1] : bottom right[1], upper left[0] :
         bottom right[0]].copy()
44
45
         # predict on center crop only
46
         img crop res = cv2.resize(cv2.cvtColor(img crop, cv2.COLOR BGR2RGB), (img size h,
         img size w))
47
         img_crop_res = img_crop_res.reshape((1,img_size_h, img_size_w,3))
48
         img crop res no mean = img crop res - x train mean
49
         result = saved model.predict(img_crop_res_no_mean)
50
51
         # visual ref for center of image (as desired)
52
         cv2.rectangle(frame, upper left, bottom right, (0, 255, 0), 2)
53
54
         ### if predict on center crop not desired; use this block instead
55
56
         # Inference
57
         #frame res = cv2.resize(cv2.cvtColor(frame, cv2.COLOR BGR2RGB), (img size h,
         img size w))
58
         \#frame res = frame res.reshape((1,224,224,3))
         #frame res no mean = frame res - x train mean
59
60
         #result = saved model.predict(frame res no mean)
61
62
         ###
63
64
         # Classify "unknown" if prediction precision is too high
```

```
65
         if np.isclose([1.0], [np.max(result)], atol=1e-08)[0]:
66
             # Unrealistic class prediction
67
             # source image not a relevant match to data model trained on
68
            overlay = 'Unknown'
69
             #pred class = result.argmax()
70
             #overlay = 'Unknown or ' + labels[pred class] + ' ' + '({})'.format(result.max())
71
         else:
72
             pred class = result.argmax()
73
             overlay = labels[pred class] + ' ' + '({0:.4f})'.format(result.max())
74
75
         # format overlay text
76
                                = cv2.FONT HERSHEY SIMPLEX
        font
77
        bottomLeftCornerOfText = (int(frame.shape[0]*0.1),int(frame.shape[1]*0.1))
        fontScale
78
                                = 1
79
        fontColor
                                = (0,0,0)
                                = 2
80
        lineType
81
82
        cv2.putText(frame, overlay,
83
            bottomLeftCornerOfText,
84
            font,
85
            fontScale,
86
             fontColor,
87
            lineType)
88
89
         # Display frame
90
        cv2.imshow('frame',frame)
91
92
         # Loop termination criteria
93
         if cv2.waitKey(1) & 0xFF == ord('q'):
94
            break
95
96
    # When everything done, release the capture
97
    cap.release()
98
    cv2.destroyAllWindows()
```