

THOR Equal Weight Low Volatility ETF

(formerly, THOR Low Volatility ETF)

THOR Index Rotation ETF



August 31, 2025

Annual Financial Statements and Additional Information

THOR EQUAL WEIGHT LOW VOLATILITY ETF
SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS
August 31, 2025

| Shares | Fair Value |
|--|------------------------|
| EXCHANGE-TRADED FUNDS — 99.0% | |
| EQUITY - 99.0% | |
| 21,687 | \$ 5,025,745 |
| 50,601 | 4,087,549 |
| 51,801 | 4,682,292 |
| 86,643 | 4,677,856 |
| 29,701 | 4,081,808 |
| 32,492 | 4,939,109 |
| 50,675 | 4,676,289 |
| 102,720 | 4,346,083 |
| 20,388 | 5,350,831 |
| 52,691 | 4,442,905 |
| | <hr/> 46,310,467 <hr/> |
| TOTAL EXCHANGE-TRADED FUNDS (Cost \$41,597,688) | |
| | <hr/> <hr/> 46,310,467 |
| TOTAL INVESTMENTS - 99.0% (Cost \$41,597,688) | |
| | \$ 46,310,467 |
| OTHER ASSETS IN EXCESS OF LIABILITIES- 1.0% | |
| | <hr/> 485,915 |
| NET ASSETS - 100.0% | |
| | <hr/> \$ 46,796,382 |

ETF - Exchange-Traded Fund
SPDR - Standard & Poor's Depositary Receipt

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

THOR INDEX ROTATION ETF
SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS
August 31, 2025

| Shares | Fair Value |
|--|----------------------|
| EXCHANGE-TRADED FUNDS — 97.3% | |
| EQUITY - 97.3% | |
| 58,340 | \$ 33,277,136 |
| 66,177 | 30,182,668 |
| 49,682 | 32,047,374 |
| | 95,507,178 |
| TOTAL EXCHANGE-TRADED FUNDS (Cost \$87,979,417) | |
| TOTAL INVESTMENTS - 97.3% (Cost \$87,979,417) | |
| OTHER ASSETS IN EXCESS OF LIABILITIES- 2.7% | |
| NET ASSETS - 100.0% | |
| | 95,507,178 |
| | \$ 95,507,178 |
| | 2,673,397 |
| | \$ 98,180,575 |

ETF - Exchange-Traded Fund

SPDR - Standard & Poor's Depository Receipt

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

THOR ETFs
STATEMENTS OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
August 31, 2025

| | THOR Equal Weight Low Volatility ETF | THOR Index Rotation ETF |
|---|---|------------------------------------|
| ASSETS | | |
| Investment securities: | | |
| At cost | \$ 41,597,688 | \$ 87,979,417 |
| At fair value | <u>\$ 46,310,467</u> | <u>\$ 95,507,178</u> |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 505,836 | 2,569,220 |
| Dividend and interest receivable | 1,742 | 15,128 |
| Prepaid expenses and other assets | - | 3,869 |
| Capital Shares Receivable | - | 125,417 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | <u>46,818,045</u> | <u>98,220,812</u> |
| LIABILITIES | | |
| Investment advisory fees payable | 21,663 | 40,237 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | <u>21,663</u> | <u>40,237</u> |
| NET ASSETS | <u>\$ 46,796,382</u> | <u>\$ 98,180,575</u> |
| Net Assets Consist Of: | | |
| Paid in capital | \$ 45,421,260 | \$ 91,634,703 |
| Accumulated earnings | 1,375,122 | 6,545,872 |
| NET ASSETS | <u>\$ 46,796,382</u> | <u>\$ 98,180,575</u> |
| Net Asset Value Per Share: | | |
| Shares: | | |
| Net assets | <u>\$ 46,796,382</u> | <u>\$ 98,180,575</u> |
| Shares of beneficial interest outstanding ^(a) | <u>1,580,000</u> | <u>3,240,000</u> |
| Net asset value (Net Assets ÷ Shares Outstanding), offering price and redemption price per share | <u>\$ 29.62</u> | <u>\$ 30.30</u> |

(a) Unlimited number of shares of beneficial interest authorized, no par value.

THOR ETFs
STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
For the Period/Year Ended August 31, 2025

| | THOR Equal Weight Low Volatility ETF | THOR Index Rotation ETF * |
|---|---|------------------------------|
| INVESTMENT INCOME | | |
| Dividends | \$ 1,570,215 | \$ 374,020 |
| Interest | 44,100 | - |
| TOTAL INVESTMENT INCOME | <u>1,614,315</u> | <u>374,020</u> |
| EXPENSES | | |
| Investment advisory fees | 387,801 | 238,155 |
| TOTAL EXPENSES | <u>387,801</u> | <u>238,155</u> |
| NET INVESTMENT INCOME | <u>1,226,514</u> | <u>135,865</u> |
| REALIZED AND UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS) ON INVESTMENTS | | |
| Net realized loss from investments | (1,758,185) | (1,035,459) |
| Net realized gain from redemptions in-kind | 2,633,055 | 5,714,071 |
| Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments | (1,376,626) | 7,527,761 |
| NET REALIZED AND UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS) ON INVESTMENTS | <u>(501,756)</u> | <u>12,206,373</u> |
| NET INCREASE IN NET ASSETS RESULTING FROM OPERATIONS | <u>\$ 724,758</u> | <u>\$ 12,342,238</u> |

* The THOR Index Rotation ETF commenced operations on September 23, 2024.

THOR Equal Weight Low Volatility ETF
STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

| | For the Year Ended August 31, 2025 | For the Year Ended August 31, 2024 |
|--|--|--|
| FROM OPERATIONS | | |
| Net investment income | \$ 1,226,514 | \$ 1,156,553 |
| Net realized gain (loss) from investments | (1,758,185) | 84,182 |
| Net realized gain from redemptions in-kind | 2,633,055 | 1,344,121 |
| Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments | (1,376,626) | 3,962,550 |
| Net increase in net assets resulting from operations | <u>724,758</u> | <u>6,547,406</u> |
| DISTRIBUTIONS TO SHAREHOLDERS | | |
| Total distributions paid | (1,029,778) | (1,384,564) |
| Net decrease in net assets from distributions to shareholders | <u>(1,029,778)</u> | <u>(1,384,564)</u> |
| FROM SHARES OF BENEFICIAL INTEREST | | |
| Proceeds from shares sold | 30,971,220 | 31,216,760 |
| Payments for shares redeemed | (62,979,724) | (57,012,096) |
| Net increase (decrease) in net assets from shares of beneficial interest | <u>(32,008,504)</u> | <u>(25,795,336)</u> |
| TOTAL DECREASE IN NET ASSETS | <u>(32,313,524)</u> | <u>(20,632,494)</u> |
| NET ASSETS | | |
| Beginning of Year | 79,109,906 | 99,742,400 |
| End of Year | <u>\$ 46,796,382</u> | <u>\$ 79,109,906</u> |
| SHARE ACTIVITY | | |
| Shares Sold | 1,100,000 | 1,160,000 |
| Shares Redeemed | (2,304,000) | (2,310,000) |
| Net decrease in shares from beneficial interest outstanding | <u>(1,204,000)</u> | <u>(1,150,000)</u> |

THOR Index Rotation ETF
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

| | For the Period Ended August 31, 2025 * |
|---|---|
| FROM OPERATIONS | |
| Net investment income | \$ 135,865 |
| Net realized loss from investments | (1,035,459) |
| Net realized gain from redemptions in-kind | 5,714,071 |
| Net change in unrealized appreciation on investments | 7,527,761 |
| Net increase in net assets resulting from operations | 12,342,238 |
| DISTRIBUTIONS TO SHAREHOLDERS | |
| Total distributions paid | (82,295) |
| Net decrease in net assets from distributions to shareholders | (82,295) |
| FROM SHARES OF BENEFICIAL INTEREST | |
| Proceeds from shares sold | 154,036,580 |
| Payments for shares redeemed | (68,365,948) |
| Net increase in net assets from shares of beneficial interest | 85,670,632 |
| TOTAL INCREASE IN NET ASSETS | |
| | 97,930,575 |
| NET ASSETS | |
| Beginning of Period | 250,000 (a) |
| End of Period | \$ 98,180,575 |
| SHARE ACTIVITY | |
| Shares Outstanding, Beginning of Period | 10,000 (a) |
| Shares Sold | 5,740,000 |
| Shares Redeemed | (2,510,000) |
| Shares Outstanding, End of Period | 3,240,000 |

* The THOR Index Rotation ETF commenced operations on September 23, 2024.

(a) Beginning capital of \$250,000 was contributed by THOR Financial Technologies, LLC, investment adviser to the ETF, in exchange for 10,000 shares of the ETF in connection with the seeding of the ETF.

THOR Equal Weight Low Volatility ETF

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Per Share Data and Ratios for a Share of Beneficial Interest Outstanding Throughout the Year/Period Presented

| | For the Year Ended August 31, 2025 | For the Year Ended August 31, 2024 | For the Period Ended August 31, 2023 ^(a) |
|---|---|---|--|
| Net asset value, beginning of year/period | \$ 28.42 | \$ 25.35 | \$ 25.00 |
| Activity from investment operations: | | | |
| Net investment income ^(b) | 0.49 | 0.54 | 0.29 |
| Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments | 1.06 ⁽ⁱ⁾ | 3.22 | 0.21 |
| Total from investment operations | <u>1.55</u> | <u>3.76</u> | <u>0.50</u> |
| Less distributions from: | | | |
| Net investment income | (0.35) | (0.69) | (0.15) |
| Total distributions | <u>(0.35)</u> | <u>(0.69)</u> | <u>(0.15)</u> |
| Net asset value, end of year/period | \$ 29.62 | \$ 28.42 | \$ 25.35 |
| Market price, end of year/period | <u>\$ 29.61</u> | <u>\$ 28.41</u> | <u>\$ 25.37</u> |
| Total return ^(c) | <u>5.48%</u> | <u>15.18%</u> | <u>2.02% (d)</u> |
| Market price total return | 5.48% | 15.00% | 2.10% (d) |
| Net assets, end of year/period (000s) | <u>\$ 46,796</u> | <u>\$ 79,110</u> | <u>\$ 99,742</u> |
| Ratio of net expenses to average net assets ^(f) | 0.55% | 0.55% | 0.55% (e) |
| Ratio of net investment income to average net assets ^{(f)(g)} | 1.74% | 2.10% | 1.21% (e) |
| Portfolio Turnover Rate ^(h) | 519% | 445% | 440% (d) |

(a) The THOR Equal Weight Low Volatility ETF commenced operations on September 12, 2022.

(b) Per share amounts calculated using the average shares method, which more appropriately presents the per share data for the year/period.

(c) Total return is calculated assuming a purchase of shares at net asset value on the first day and a sale at net asset value on the last day of the year/period. Distributions are assumed, for the purpose of this calculation, to be reinvested at the ex-dividend date net asset value per share on their respective payment dates.

(d) Not annualized.

(e) Annualized.

(f) Does not include the expenses of other investment companies in which the Fund invests.

(g) Recognition of net investment income by the Fund is affected by the timing of the declaration of dividends by the underlying investment companies in which the Fund invests.

(h) Portfolio turnover rate excludes securities received or delivered from in-kind transactions.

(i) Due to the timing of shareholder transactions the per unit amounts presented may not coincide with the aggregate presentation on the Statements of Operations.

THOR Index Rotation ETF

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Per Share Data and Ratios for a Share of Beneficial Interest Outstanding Throughout the Period Presented

| | For the Period Ended <u>August 31, 2025</u>^(a) |
|---|--|
| Net asset value, beginning of period | \$ 25.00 |
| Activity from investment operations: | |
| Net investment income ^(b) | 0.08 |
| Net realized and unrealized gain on investments | 5.30 |
| Total from investment operations | 5.38 |
| Less distributions from: | |
| Net investment income | (0.08) |
| Total distributions | (0.08) |
| Net asset value, end of period | \$ 30.30 |
| Market price, end of period | \$ 30.28 |
| Total return ^(c) | 21.54% (d) |
| Market price total return | 21.46% (d) |
| Net assets, end of period (000s) | \$ 98,181 |
| Ratio of net expenses to average net assets ^(f) | 0.55% (e) |
| Ratio of net investment income to average net assets ^{(f)(g)} | 0.31% (e) |
| Portfolio Turnover Rate ^(h) | 276% (d) |

(a) The THOR Index Rotation ETF commenced operations on September 23, 2024.

(b) Per share amounts calculated using the average shares method, which more appropriately presents the per share data for the period.

(c) Total return is calculated assuming a purchase of shares at net asset value on the first day and a sale at net asset value on the last day of the period. Distributions are assumed, for the purpose of this calculation, to be reinvested at the ex-dividend date net asset value per share on their respective payment dates.

(d) Not annualized.

(e) Annualized.

(f) Does not include the expenses of other investment companies in which the Fund invests.

(g) Recognition of net investment income by the Fund is affected by the timing of the declaration of dividends by the underlying investment companies in which the Fund invests.

(h) Portfolio turnover rate excludes securities received or delivered from in-kind transactions.

THOR Financial Technologies Trust

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

August 31, 2025

(1) ORGANIZATION

The THOR Equal Weight Low Volatility ETF and THOR Index Rotation ETF (each a “Fund” or collectively the “Funds”) are each a diversified series of THOR Financial Technologies Trust (the “Trust”), a statutory trust organized under the laws of the State of Delaware on April 11, 2022, and registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “1940 Act”). The Trust is governed by its Board of Trustees (the “Board” or “Trustees”). Each Fund is a “fund of funds”, in that the funds will generally invest in other investment companies. The THOR Equal Weight Low Volatility ETF (formerly, THOR Low Volatility ETF) commenced operations on September 12, 2022. The THOR Index Rotation ETF commenced operations on September 23, 2024. Each Fund is an actively managed exchange traded fund (“ETF”). The investment objective of the THOR Equal Weight Low Volatility ETF and THOR Index Rotation ETF is to seek to provide investment results that generally correspond, before fees and expenses, to the performance of the THOR Equal Weight Low Volatility Index and THOR SDQ Rotation Index, (each an “Index”) respectively. Each Fund’s investment objective may be changed by the Board upon 60 days’ written notice to shareholders.

(2) SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of significant accounting policies followed by the Funds in the preparation of their financial statements. These policies are in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (“GAAP”) and require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of increases and decreases in net assets from operations during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Each Fund is an investment company and accordingly follows the investment company accounting and reporting guidance of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) Accounting Standard Codification Topic 946 "Financial Services – Investment Companies, including Accounting Standards Update 2013-08".

Operating Segments- The Funds have adopted FASB Accounting Standards Update 2023-07, Segment Reporting (Topic 280) - Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures (“ASU 2023-07”). Adoption of the standard impacted financial statement disclosures only and did not affect each Fund’s financial position or the results of its operations. An operating segment is defined in Topic 280 as a component of a public entity that engages in business activities from which it may recognize revenues and incur expenses, has operating results that are regularly reviewed by the public entity’s chief operating decision maker (“CODM”) to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and has discrete financial information available. The CODM is comprised of the portfolio managers and Chief Financial Officer of the Trust. Each Fund operates as a single operating segment. Each Fund’s income, expenses, assets, changes in net assets resulting from operations and performance are regularly monitored and assessed as a whole by the CODM responsible for oversight functions of each Fund, using the information presented in the financial statements and financial highlights.

Security Valuation – Securities listed on an exchange are valued at the last reported sale price at the close of the regular trading session of the exchange on the business day the value is being determined, or in the case of securities listed on NASDAQ at the NASDAQ Official Closing Price. In the absence of a sale such securities shall be valued at the mean between the current bid and ask prices on the day of valuation. Short-term debt obligations having 60 days or less remaining until maturity, at time of purchase may be valued at amortized cost (which approximates fair value). Investments in open-end investment companies are valued at net asset value (“NAV”).

Each Fund may hold investments, such as private investments, interests in commodity pools, other non-traded securities or temporarily illiquid securities, for which market quotations are not readily available or are determined to be unreliable. These securities are valued using the “fair value” procedures approved by the Board. The Board designated the adviser as its valuation designee (the “Valuation Designee”) to execute these procedures. The Board may also enlist third party consultants such as a valuation specialist at a public accounting firm, valuation consultant or financial officer of a security issuer on an as-needed basis to assist the Valuation Designee in determining a

THOR Financial Technologies Trust
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
August 31, 2025

security-specific fair value. The Board is responsible for reviewing and approving fair value methodologies utilized by the Valuation Designee, approval of which shall be based upon whether the Valuation Designee followed the valuation procedures established by the Board.

Fair Valuation Process – The applicable investments are valued by the Valuation Designee pursuant to valuation procedures established by the Board. For example, fair value determinations are required for the following securities: (i) securities for which market quotations are insufficient or not readily available on a particular business day (including securities for which there is a short and temporary lapse in the provision of a price by the regular pricing source); (ii) securities for which, in the judgment of the Valuation Designee, the prices or values available do not represent the fair value of the instrument; factors which may cause the Valuation Designee to make such a judgment include, but are not limited to, the following: only a bid price or an asked price is available; the spread between bid and asked prices is substantial; the frequency of sales; the thinness of the market; the size of reported trades; and actions of the securities markets, such as the suspension or limitation of trading; (iii) securities determined to be illiquid; and (iv) securities with respect to which an event that will affects the value thereof has occurred (a “significant event”) since the closing prices were established on the principal exchange on which they are traded, but prior to the Funds’ calculation of their NAV. Restricted or illiquid investments, such as private investments or non-traded securities are valued based upon the current bid for the security from two or more independent dealers or other parties reasonably familiar with the facts and circumstances of the security (who should take into consideration all relevant factors as may be appropriate under the circumstances). If a current bid from such independent dealers or other independent parties is unavailable, the Valuation Designee shall determine, the fair value of such security using the following factors: (i) the type of security; (ii) the cost at date of purchase; (iii) the size and nature of the Funds' holdings; (iv) the discount from market value of unrestricted securities of the same class at the time of purchase and subsequent thereto; (v) information as to any transactions or offers with respect to the security; (vi) the nature and duration of restrictions on disposition of the security and the existence of any registration rights; (vii) how the yield of the security compares to similar securities of companies of similar or equal creditworthiness; (viii) the level of recent trades of similar or comparable securities; (ix) the liquidity characteristics of the security; (x) current market conditions; and (xi) the market value of any securities into which the security is convertible or exchangeable.

Valuation of Underlying Funds - The Funds may invest in portfolios of open-end or closed-end investment companies (the “Underlying Funds”). Investment companies are valued at their respective NAVs as reported by such investment companies. Open-end investment companies value securities in their portfolios for which market quotations are readily available at their market values (generally the last reported sale price) and all other securities and assets at their fair value to the methods established by the board of directors of the open-end funds. The shares of many closed-end investment companies and ETFs, after their initial public offering, frequently trade at a price per share, which is different than the NAV per share. The difference represents a market premium or market discount of such shares. There can be no assurances that the market discount or market premium on shares of any closed-end investment company or ETF purchased by the Funds will not change.

Exchange Traded Funds – The Funds may invest in ETFs, which are a type of fund bought and sold on a securities exchange. An ETF trades like common stock and represents a fixed portfolio of securities. The risks of owning an ETF generally reflect the risks of owning the underlying securities in which it invests, although the lack of liquidity on an ETF could result in it being more volatile. Additionally, ETFs have fees and expenses that reduce their value.

Exchange Traded Notes – The Funds may invest in exchange traded notes (“ETNs”). ETNs are a type of debt security that is linked to the performance of underlying securities. The risks of owning ETNs generally reflect the risks of owning the underlying securities they are designed to track. In addition, ETNs are subject to credit risk generally to the same extent as debt securities.

Each Fund utilizes various methods to measure the fair value of all of its investments on a recurring basis. GAAP establishes a hierarchy that prioritizes inputs to valuation methods. The three levels of input are:

THOR Financial Technologies Trust
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
August 31, 2025

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities that the Funds have the ability to access.

Level 2 – Observable inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. These inputs may include quoted prices for the identical instrument on an inactive market, prices for similar instruments, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk, yield curves, default rates and similar data.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability, to the extent relevant observable inputs are not available, representing the Funds' own assumptions about the assumptions a market participant would use in valuing the asset or liability, and would be based on the best information available.

The availability of observable inputs can vary from security to security and is affected by a wide variety of factors, including, for example, the type of security, whether the security is new and not yet established in the marketplace, the liquidity of markets, and other characteristics particular to the security. To the extent that valuation is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised in determining fair value is greatest for instruments categorized in Level 3.

The inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement falls in its entirety, is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

The inputs or methodology used for valuing securities are not necessarily an indication of the risks associated with investing in those securities. The following tables summarize the inputs used as of August 31, 2025, for the Funds' assets and liabilities measured at fair value:

THOR Equal Weight Low Volatility ETF

| Assets* | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
|-----------------------|---------------|---------|---------|---------------|
| Exchange-Traded Funds | \$ 46,310,467 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 46,310,467 |
| Total | \$ 46,310,467 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 46,310,467 |

THOR Index Rotation ETF

| Assets* | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
|-----------------------|---------------|---------|---------|---------------|
| Exchange-Traded Funds | \$ 95,507,178 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 95,507,178 |
| Total | \$ 95,507,178 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 95,507,178 |

The Funds did not hold any Level 2 or Level 3 securities during the year.

*Refer to the Schedule of Investments for portfolio composition.

Security Transactions and Related Income

Security transactions are accounted for on trade date basis. Interest income is recognized on an accrual basis. Discounts are accreted and premiums are amortized on securities purchased over the lives of the respective securities. Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date. Realized gains or losses from sales of securities are determined by comparing the identified cost of the security lot sold with the net sales proceeds.

Dividends and Distributions to Shareholders

Ordinarily, dividends from net investment income, if any, are declared and paid annually by the Funds. Each Fund distributes their net realized capital gains, if any, to shareholders annually. Dividends from net investment income

THOR Financial Technologies Trust
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
August 31, 2025

and distributions from net realized gains are recorded on ex-dividend date and determined in accordance with federal income tax regulations, which may differ from GAAP. These “book/tax” differences are considered either temporary (i.e., deferred losses, capital loss carry forwards) or permanent in nature. To the extent these differences are permanent in nature, such amounts are reclassified within the composition of net assets based on their federal tax-basis treatment; temporary differences do not require reclassification.

Cash

Each Fund considers its investments in an FDIC (“Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation”) insured interest bearing savings account to be cash. The Funds maintain cash balances, which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. Each Fund maintains these balances with a high-quality financial institution.

Federal Income Taxes

Each Fund intends to continue to comply with the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code applicable to regulated investment companies and to distribute all of its taxable income to its shareholders. Therefore, no provision for federal income tax is required. The Funds recognize the tax benefits of uncertain tax positions only where the position is “more likely than not” to be sustained assuming examination by tax authorities. Management has analyzed the Funds’ tax positions and has concluded that no liability for unrecognized tax benefits should be recorded related to uncertain tax positions taken on return filed for open tax years August 31, 2023 and August 31, 2024, or expected to be taken in the Funds’ August 31, 2025 tax returns.

Indemnification

The Trust indemnifies its officers and trustees for certain liabilities that may arise from the performance of their duties to the Funds and Trust. Additionally, in the normal course of business, the Funds enter into contracts that contain a variety of representations and warranties which provide general indemnities. The Funds’ maximum exposure under these arrangements is unknown, as this would involve future claims that may be made against the Funds that have not yet occurred. However, the Funds expect the risk of loss due to these warranties and indemnities to be remote.

(3) INVESTMENT TRANSACTIONS

For the year/period ended August 31, 2025, cost of purchases and proceeds from sales of portfolio securities (excluding in-kind transactions and short-term investments) for the Funds amounted to \$360,869,623 and \$360,157,281, respectively, for the THOR Equal Weight Low Volatility ETF, and \$126,089,758 and \$127,330,714, respectively, for the THOR Index Rotation ETF. For the year/period ended August 31, 2025, cost of purchases and proceeds from sales of portfolio securities for in-kind transactions, amounted to \$30,449,026 and \$61,892,658, respectively for the THOR Equal Weight Low Volatility ETF and \$151,482,553 and \$66,940,791, respectively, for the THOR Index Rotation ETF.

(4) INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT AND TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

THOR Trading Advisors, LLC, d/b/a THOR Financial Technologies, LLC serves as the Funds’ investment adviser (the “Adviser”). Pursuant to an Investment Management Agreement with the Funds, the Adviser, under the oversight of the Board, directs the daily investment operations of the Funds and supervises the performance of administrative and professional services provided by others. The Adviser pays all ordinary operating expenses of the Funds. As compensation for its services, each Fund pays to the Adviser a unitary management fee (computed daily and paid monthly) at an annual rate of 0.55% of its average daily net assets. The Funds will pay all (i) brokerage expenses and other fees, charges, taxes, levies or expenses (such as stamp taxes) incurred in connection with the execution of portfolio transactions or in connection with creation and redemption transactions (including without

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
August 31, 2025

limitation any fees, charges, taxes, levies or expenses related to the purchase or sale of an amount of any currency, or the patriation or repatriation of any security or other asset, related to the execution of portfolio transactions or any creation or redemption transactions); (ii) legal fees or expenses in connection with any arbitration, litigation or pending or threatened arbitration or litigation, including any settlements in connection therewith; (iii) extraordinary expenses (in each case as determined by a majority of the Independent Trustees, as defined under the 1940 Act); (iv) distribution fees and expenses paid by the Trust under any distribution plan adopted pursuant to Rule 12b-1 under the 1940 Act; (v) interest and taxes of any kind or nature (including, but not limited to, income, excise, transfer and withholding taxes); (vi) fees and expenses related to the provision of securities lending services; and (vii) the advisory fee payable to the Adviser. For the year/period ended August 31, 2025, the THOR Equal Weight Low Volatility ETF and THOR Index Rotation ETF paid advisory fees of \$387,801 and \$238,155, respectively.

The Trust, with respect to the Funds, has adopted a distribution and service plan (“Plan”) pursuant to Rule 12b-1 under the 1940 Act. Under the Plan, the Funds are authorized to pay distribution fees to PINE Distributors, LLC (the “Distributor”) and other firms that provide distribution and shareholder services (“Service Providers”). If a Service Provider provides these services, the Funds may pay fees at an annual rate not to exceed 0.25% of average daily net assets, pursuant to Rule 12b-1 under the 1940 Act.

No distribution or service fees are currently paid by the Funds, and there are no current plans to impose these fees. In the event Rule 12b-1 fees are charged, they would increase the cost of an investment in the Funds over time.

For the year/period ended August 31, 2025, the Trustees received fees in the amount of \$15,000 each on behalf of the Funds.

In addition, the following provide services to the Funds as follows:

Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC (“Ultimus”) – Ultimus provides administration and fund accounting services to the Funds. Pursuant to a separate servicing agreement with Ultimus, the Adviser pays Ultimus customary fees for providing administration and fund accounting services to the Funds. Certain officers of the Trust are also officers of Ultimus and are not paid any fees directly by the Adviser for serving in such capacities.

BluGiant, LLC (“BluGiant”) – BluGiant provides EDGAR conversion and filing services, as well as print management services for the Funds on an ad-hoc basis. For the provision of these services, BluGiant receives customary fees from the Funds.

(5) DISTRIBUTIONS TO SHAREHOLDERS AND TAX COMPONENTS OF CAPITAL

The below table represents aggregate cost for federal tax purposes, for the Funds as of August 31, 2025 and differs from market value by net unrealized appreciation/depreciation which consisted of:

| Fund | Tax Cost | Gross Unrealized Appreciation | Gross Unrealized Depreciation | Net Unrealized Appreciation/(Depreciation) |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| THOR Equal Weight Low Volatility ETF | \$ 42,421,484 | \$ 4,712,780 | \$ (823,797) | \$ 3,888,983 |
| THOR Index Rotation ETF | 87,979,417 | 7,527,761 | - | 7,527,761 |

THOR Financial Technologies Trust
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The tax character of dividends utilized during the periods ended August 31, 2025 and August 31, 2024 was as follows:

| For the Year Ended 8/31/2025 | Ordinary Income | Long-Term Capital Gains | Exempt Income | Return of Capital | Total |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|------------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| THOR Equal Weight Low Volatility ETF | \$ 1,029,778 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 1,029,778.00 |
| THOR Index Rotation ETF | 82,295 | - | - | - | 82,295 |
| For the Year Ended 8/31/2024 | Ordinary Income | Long-Term Capital Gains | Exempt Income | Return of Capital | Total |
| THOR Equal Weight Low Volatility ETF | \$ 1,384,564 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 1,384,564 |
| THOR Index Rotation ETF | - | - | - | - | - |

As of August 31, 2025, the components of accumulated earnings/(deficit) on a tax basis were as follows:

| | Undistributed Ordinary Income | Post October Loss and Late Year Loss | Capital Loss Carry Forwards | Unrealized Appreciation/ (Depreciation) | Total Accumulated Earnings/(Deficits) |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| THOR Equal Weight Low Volatility ETF | \$ 475,487 | \$ - | \$ (2,989,348) | \$ 3,888,983 | \$ 1,375,122 |
| THOR Index Rotation ETF | 53,570 | (1,009,010) | (26,449) | 7,527,761 | 6,545,872 |

The difference between book basis and tax basis undistributed net investment income/(loss), accumulated net realized gain/(loss), and unrealized appreciation/(depreciation) from investments is primarily attributable to the tax deferral of losses on wash sales.

Capital losses incurred after October 31 within the fiscal year are deemed to arise on the first business day of the following fiscal year for tax purposes. The Fund incurred and elected to defer such capital losses of \$1,009,010 for THOR Index Rotation ETF.

At August 31, 2025, the Fund had capital loss carry forwards for federal income tax purposes available to offset future capital gains, along with capital loss carryforwards utilized as follows:

| | Short-Term | Long-Term | Total | Capital Loss Carry Forward Utilized |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|-----------|--------------|-------------------------------------|
| THOR Equal Weight Low Volatility ETF | \$ 2,989,348 | \$ - | \$ 2,989,348 | \$ 214,503 |
| THOR Index Rotation ETF | 26,449 | - | 26,449 | - |

Permanent book and tax differences, primarily attributable to tax adjustments for realized gain (loss) on in-kind redemptions resulted in reclassification for the year ended August 31, 2025, as follows:

| | Paid In Capital | Accumulated Earnings (Losses) |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|
| THOR Equal Weight Low Volatility ETF | \$ 1,453,099 | \$ (1,453,099) |
| THOR Index Rotation ETF | 5,714,071 | (5,714,071) |

(6) CAPITAL SHARE TRANSACTIONS

Shares are not individually redeemable and may be redeemed by the Funds at NAV only in large blocks known as "Creation Units." Shares are created and redeemed by the Funds only in Creation Unit size aggregations of 10,000 shares. For purposes of GAAP, in-kind redemption transactions are treated as a sale of securities and any resulting

THOR Financial Technologies Trust
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gains and losses are recognized based on the market value of the securities on the date of the transfer. Only Authorized Participants (“APs”) or transactions done through an AP are permitted to purchase or redeem Creation Units from the Funds. An AP is either (i) a broker-dealer or other participant in the clearing process through the Continuous Net Settlement System of the National Securities Clearing Corporation or (ii) a Depository Trust Company participant and, in each case, must have executed a Participant Agreement with the Distributor. Such transactions are generally permitted on an in-kind basis, with a balancing cash component to equate the transaction to the NAV per share of the Funds on the transaction date. Cash may be substituted equivalent to the value of certain securities generally when they are not available in sufficient quantity for delivery, not eligible for trading by the AP or as a result of other market circumstances. In addition, the Funds may impose transaction fees on purchases and redemptions of Fund shares to cover the custodial and other costs incurred by the Funds in effecting trades. A fixed fee payable to the custodian may be imposed on each creation and redemption transaction regardless of the number of Creation Units involved in the transaction (“Fixed Fee”). Purchases and redemptions of Creation Units for cash or involving cash-in-lieu are required to pay an additional variable charge to compensate the Funds and their ongoing shareholders for brokerage and market impact expenses relating to Creation Unit transactions (“Variable Charge,” and together with the Fixed Fee, the “Transaction Fees”). Transactions in capital shares for the Funds are disclosed in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets.

The Transaction Fees for the Funds are listed in the table below:

| Fee for In-Kind and Cash Purchases | Maximum Additional Variable Charge for Cash Purchases* |
|---|---|
| \$200 | 2.00% |

* The maximum Transaction Fee may be up to 2.00% of the amount invested.

(7) PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT RISKS

The Funds’ investments in securities, financial instruments and derivatives expose it to various risks, certain of which are discussed below. Please refer to the Funds’ prospectus and statement of additional information for further information regarding the risks associated with the Funds’ investments which include, but are not limited to: models and data risk, allocation risk, AP risk, ETF structure risks, index calculation agent risk, index tracking risk, smaller fund risk, large capitalization stock risk, passive investment risk, portfolio turnover risk, securities market risk, and underlying funds risk.

Models and Data Risk. Each Fund’s index relies heavily on proprietary algorithms as well as data and information supplied by third parties that are utilized by such models. To the extent the algorithms do not perform as designed or as intended, including accurately measuring historic price trends and volatility, the Funds’ strategy may not be successfully implemented and the Funds may lose value.

Allocation Risk. The risk that if the Funds’ strategy for allocating assets among different sectors does not work as intended, the Funds may not achieve its objective or may underperform other funds with the same or similar investment strategy.

Authorized Participant Risk. Only an AP may engage in creation or redemption transactions directly with the Funds. Each Fund has a limited number of institutions that may act as APs on an agency basis (i.e., on behalf of other market participants). To the extent that APs exit the business or are unable to proceed with creation or redemption orders with respect to the Funds and no other AP is able to step forward to create or redeem Creation Units, the Funds’ shares may be more likely to trade at a premium or discount to NAV and possibly face trading halts or delisting. AP concentration risk may be heightened for ETFs that invest in non-U.S. securities or other securities or instruments that have lower trading volumes.

ETF Structure Risks. The Funds are structured as an ETF and are subject to special risks, including:

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Not Individually Redeemable. Shares are not individually redeemable and may be redeemed by the Funds at NAV only in Creation Units. You may incur brokerage costs purchasing enough Shares to constitute a Creation Unit.

Trading Issues. An active trading market for the Shares may not be developed or maintained. Trading in Shares on the exchange may be halted due to market conditions or for reasons that, in the view of the exchange, make trading in Shares inadvisable, such as extraordinary market volatility. There can be no assurance that Shares will continue to meet the listing requirements of the exchange. If the Shares are traded outside a collateralized settlement system, the number of financial institutions that can act as APs that can post collateral on an agency basis is limited, which may limit the market for the Shares.

Market Price Variance Risk. The market prices of Shares will fluctuate in response to changes in NAV and supply and demand for Shares and will include a “bid-ask spread” charged by the exchange specialists, market makers or other participants that trade the particular security. There may be times when the market price and the NAV vary significantly. This means that Shares may trade at a discount to NAV.

Index Calculation Agent Risk. Each Fund seeks to achieve returns that generally correspond, before fees and expenses, to the performance of its index, as published by its Index Calculation Agent. There is no assurance that the Index Calculation Agent will compile the index accurately, or that the index will be determined, composed or calculated accurately. While the Adviser gives descriptions of what the index is designed to achieve, the Index Calculation Agent does not provide any warranty or accept any liability in relation to the quality, accuracy or completeness of data in the index, and does not guarantee that its index will be in line with its methodology.

Index Tracking Risk. The Funds’ return may not match or achieve a high degree of correlation with the return of their respective Index.

Smaller Fund Risk. A smaller fund is subject to the risk that its performance may not represent how the fund is expected to or may perform in the long term. In addition, smaller funds may not attract sufficient assets to achieve investment and trading efficiencies. There can be no assurance that the Funds will achieve an economically viable size, in which case it could ultimately liquidate. In a liquidation, shareholders of the Funds will receive an amount equal to the Funds’ NAV, after deducting the costs of liquidation. Receipt of a liquidation distribution may have negative tax consequences for shareholders.

Large Capitalization Stock Risk. Each Fund may invest in large capitalization companies. The securities of such companies may underperform other segments of the market because such companies may be less responsive to competitive challenges and opportunities and may be unable to attain high growth rates during periods of economic expansion.

Passive Investment Risk. The Funds are not actively managed and, therefore, the Funds would not sell a security due to current or projected underperformance of the security, industry, or sector unless that security is removed from the Index or selling the security is otherwise required upon a rebalancing of their respective Index.

Portfolio Turnover Risk. Each Fund may buy and sell investments frequently if its Index constituents change. Such a strategy often involves higher transaction costs, including brokerage commissions, and may increase the amount of capital gains (in particular, short term gains) realized by the Funds. Shareholders may pay tax on such capital gains.

Securities Market Risk. The value of securities owned by the Funds may go up or down, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably, due to factors affecting particular companies or the securities markets generally. A general downturn in the securities market may cause multiple asset classes to decline in value simultaneously.

Underlying Funds Risk. Other investment companies, such as ETFs, in which each Fund invests are subject to investment advisory and other expenses, which will be indirectly paid by the Funds. As a result, the cost of investing in the Funds are higher than the cost of investing directly in the Underlying Funds and may be higher than other funds that invest directly in stocks and bonds. Through its investments in Underlying Funds, the Funds are subject to

THOR Financial Technologies Trust
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the risks associated with the Underlying Funds' investments. The U.S. money market funds in which the Funds may invest seek to maintain a stable NAV, but money market funds are subject to credit, market and other risks, and are not guaranteed.

(8) UNDERLYING INVESTMENT IN OTHER INVESTMENT COMPANIES

Each Fund currently seeks to achieve its investment objectives by investing its assets in Underlying Funds. As of August 31, 2025, the percentage of the THOR Index Rotation ETF's net assets invested in the Invesco QQQ Trust Series 1 was 33.9%, SPDR S&P 500 ETF was 32.6%, and SPDR Dow Jones Industrial Average ETF was 30.7% (the "Securities"). THOR Index Rotation ETF may sell its investments in the Securities at any time if the Adviser determines that it is in the best interest of the Funds and its shareholders to do so.

The performance of the Fund will be directly affected by the performance of these investments. The annual reports of the Securities, along with the reports of the independent registered public accounting firm is available at www.sec.gov.

(9) SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events after the Statement of Assets and Liabilities date have been evaluated through the date the financial statements were issued. Management has determined that no events or transactions occurred requiring adjustment or disclosure in the financial statements.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Shareholders of THOR Equal Weight Low Volatility ETF and THOR Index Rotation ETF and
Board of Trustees of THOR Financial Technologies Trust

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statements of assets and liabilities, including the schedules of investments, of THOR Financial Technologies Trust comprising the funds listed below (the “Funds”) as of August 31, 2025, the related statements of operations, the statements of changes in net assets, and the financial highlights for each of the periods indicated below, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the “financial statements”). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of each of the Funds as of August 31, 2025, the results of their operations, the changes in net assets, and the financial highlights for each of the periods indicated below in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

| Fund Name | Statements of Operations | Statement(s) of Changes in Net Assets | Financial Highlights |
|---|---|--|---|
| THOR Equal Weight Low Volatility ETF (formerly, THOR Low Volatility ETF) | For the year ended August 31, 2025 | For the years ended August 31, 2025 and 2024 | For the years ended August 31, 2025, 2024, and for the period September 12, 2022 (commencement of operations) through August 31, 2023 |
| THOR Index Rotation ETF | For the period from September 23, 2024 (commencement of operations) through August 31, 2025 | | |

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Funds’ management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Funds’ financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (“PCAOB”) and are required to be independent with respect to the Funds in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement whether due to error or fraud.

COHEN & COMPANY, LTD.

Registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board

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Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our procedures included confirmation of securities owned as of August 31, 2025, by correspondence with the custodian. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We have served as the Funds' auditor since 2023.

Cohen & Company, Ltd.

COHEN & COMPANY, LTD.
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
October 29, 2025

THOR Financial Technologies Trust
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION (Unaudited)
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Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants

There were no changes in or disagreements with accountants during the period covered by this report.

Proxy Disclosures

Not Applicable.

Remuneration Paid to Directors, Officers and Others

Refer to the financial statements included herein.

Statement Regarding Basis for Approval of Investment Advisory Agreement

At a meeting held on August 7, 2025, the Board, including a majority of the Trustees who are not “interested persons,” as that term is defined in the 1940 Act, discussed the renewal of the investment advisory agreement (the “Management Agreement”) between the Adviser and the Trust, with respect to THOR Equal Weight Low Volatility ETF (the “Fund”). In considering the renewal of the Management Agreement, the Board received materials specifically relating to the Fund and the Management Agreement.

The Board relied upon the advice of independent legal counsel and its own business judgment in determining the material factors to be considered in evaluating the Management Agreement and the weight to be given to each such factor. The Board’s conclusions were based on an evaluation of all of the information provided and were not the result of any one factor. Moreover, each Trustee may have afforded different weight to the various factors in reaching conclusions with respect to the Management Agreement.

Nature, Extent and Quality of Services. The Board reviewed the background of the Adviser’s key investment personnel, noting no material changes since the last renewal of the Management Agreement. The Board commented that the THOR Low Volatility Index identified investment opportunities for the Fund through the use of its proprietary algorithmic process, with the algorithm monitored by the portfolio managers to ensure accuracy. The Board noted that the Adviser monitored compliance by reviewing reports provided by the Fund’s Administrator and CCO. The Board further noted that the Adviser reported no cybersecurity incidents or material compliance issues since the Management Agreement’s last renewal. The Board noted that the Fund had maintained small bid/ask spreads, and tracking errors had been minimal. The Board observed that the Adviser reported no SEC or regulatory examinations and no material litigation or administrative action since the Management Agreement’s last renewal. The Board concluded that the Adviser continued to provide consistent portfolio management, risk management and compliance services through various market conditions and allocated adequate resources to support the Fund. The Board determined that it could expect the Adviser to continue to provide quality services to the Fund and its shareholders.

Performance. The Board observed that the Fund achieved a net return of 18.78% since inception and a net return of 11.46% for the one-year period ended June 30, 2025. The Board observed that for both the one-year and since inception periods, the Fund had performed in line with the peer group median and outperformed the Morningstar category median. The Board further observed that the Fund underperformed against the MSCI USA Minimum Volatility NR USD Index and the S&P 500 Index. The Board considered the Adviser’s remarks that the MSCI USA Minimum Volatility NR USD Index was being used for comparison purposes as it was the flagship index in the low volatility space and thus warranted a comparison to the Fund for discussion purposes. The Board noted that for the since inception period ended June 30, 2025, the Fund’s performance on a gross of fees basis (i.e., excluding the effect of fees and expenses) was generally consistent with the performance of its underlying index, the THOR Equal Weight Low Volatility Index. The Board acknowledged that for standard deviation among its peer group and Morningstar category, the Fund ranked in the fourth and third quartiles, respectively, for both the one-year period and since inception period, both ended on June 30, 2025. The Board noted the Adviser attributed the Fund’s

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underperformance to the overall market underperformance of equal weight strategies during the fiscal period, but that the Adviser remained confident that the Fund's process and strategy would result in competitive performance over time. The Board concluded that the Adviser had managed the strategy as designed and provided reasonable returns for the Fund's shareholders.

Fees and Expenses. The Board noted that the advisory fee and net expense ratio of the Fund were each lower than the medians and averages of its peer group and Morningstar category. Given these considerations, the Board concluded that the Adviser's advisory fee for the Fund was not unreasonable.

Economies of Scale. The Board discussed the Fund's size and its prospects for growth, concluding that the Adviser had not yet achieved meaningful economies of scale that would justify the implementation of breakpoints. The Board noted the Adviser's willingness to consider breakpoints as the Fund reached a specified level of assets. The Board agreed to monitor and address the issue at the appropriate time.

Profitability. The Board reviewed the Adviser's profitability analysis in connection with the advisory services provided to the Fund and noted that the Adviser was managing the Fund at a profit. The Board noted that due to the unitary fee structure, the Adviser paid the expenses of the Fund. Additionally, the Board also noted that employee compensation was not reflected as a Fund expense, but that the Adviser solely compensates its personnel through profit sharing in the Adviser's profits. The Board concluded that the Adviser's profits from the Fund were not excessive.

Conclusion. Having requested and reviewed such information from the Adviser as the Board believed to be reasonably necessary to evaluate the terms of the Management Agreement and as assisted by the advice of independent counsel, the Board concluded that renewal of the Management Agreement was in the best interests of the Fund and its shareholders.

*Due to timing of the contract renewal schedule, these deliberations may or may not relate to the current performance results of the Fund.

Proxy Voting Policy

Information regarding how the Funds vote proxies relating to portfolio securities for the twelve month period ended June 30th as well as a description of the policies and procedures that the Funds used to determine how to vote proxies is available without charge, upon request, by calling 1-800-974-6964, by visiting the Fund's website at thorfunds.com, or by referring to the Securities and Exchange Commission's ("SEC") website at <http://www.sec.gov>.