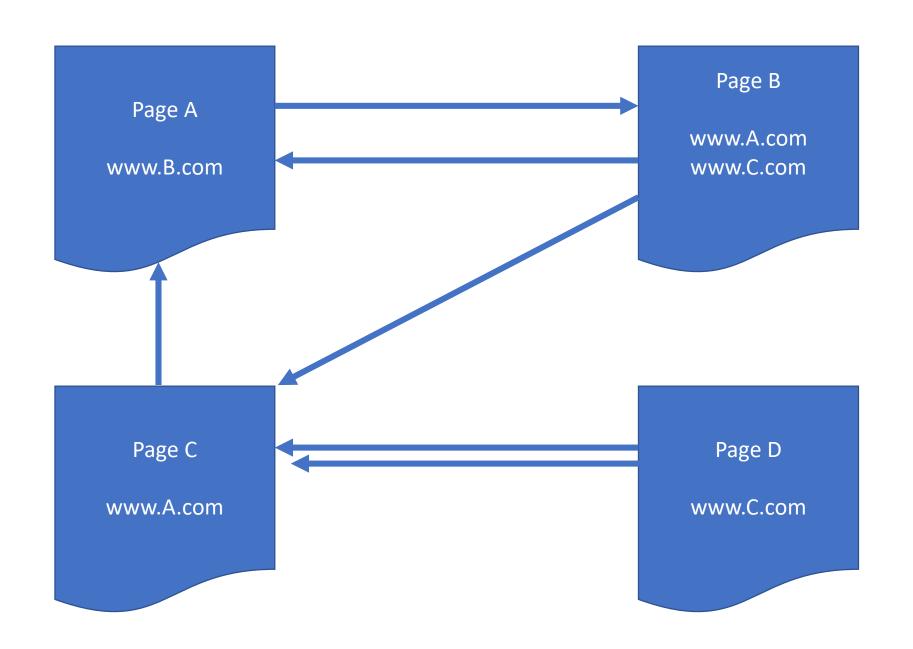


## PAGERANK ALGORITHM

RANK WEBSITES FROM SEARCH ENGINE RESULTS

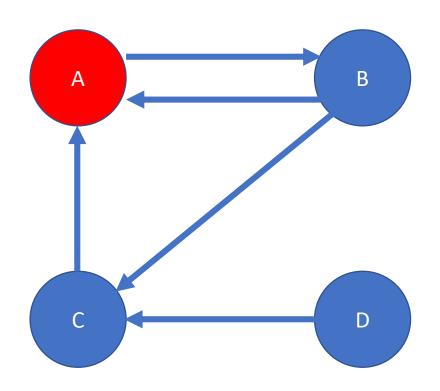


# Google PageRank

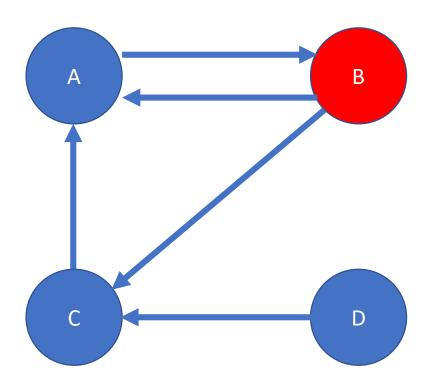
$$PR(p_i) = \frac{1 - d}{N} + d \sum_{p_j \in M(p_i)} \frac{PR(p_j)}{L(p_j)}$$

### General Formula

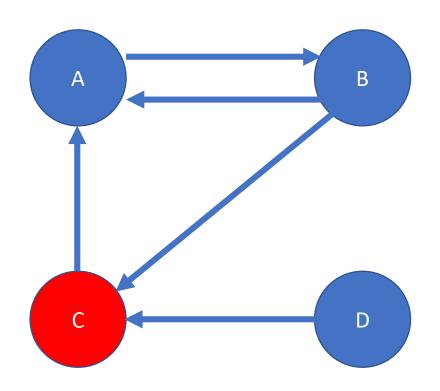
$$PageRank(A) = \frac{PageRank(B)}{Outbound\ links(B)} + \frac{PageRank(C)}{Outbound\ links(C)} + \frac{PageRank(D)}{Outbound\ links(D)} + \frac{PageRank(E)}{Outbound\ links(E)} + \cdots$$



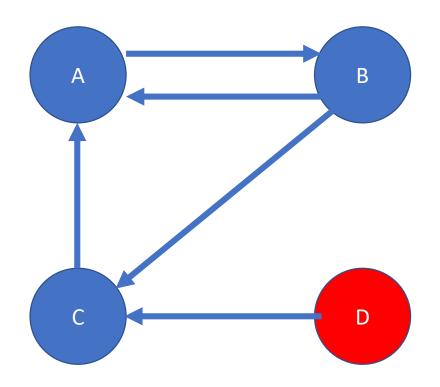
$$\frac{\text{PageRank(A)} = \frac{\text{PageRank(B)}}{\text{Count(2)}} + \frac{\text{PageRank(C)}}{\text{Count(1)}}$$



 $\frac{\text{PageRank(B)} = \frac{\text{PageRank(A)}}{\text{Count(1)}}$ 



$$\frac{\text{PageRank(C)} = \frac{\text{PageRank(B)}}{\text{Count(2)}} + \frac{\text{PageRank(D)}}{\text{Count(1)}}$$



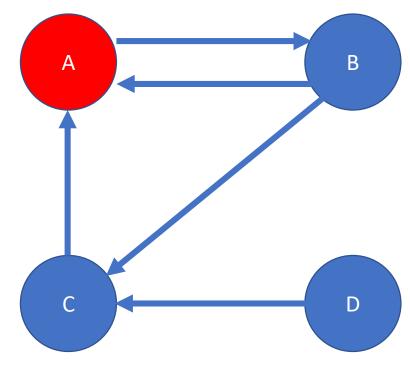
PageRank(D) = 0

### Damping Factor

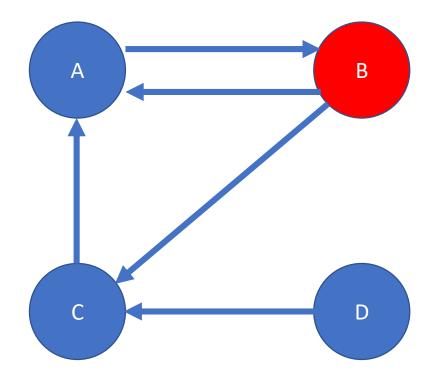
 The probability that a user will loose interest in following a chain of links and do another search.

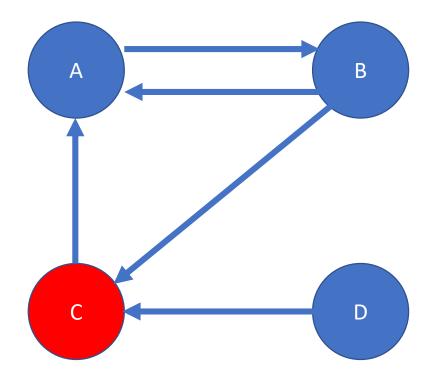
• The recommended default value is 0.85.

$$PR(A) = (1-d) + d * (PR(T1)/C(T1) + ... + PR(TN)/C(TN))$$
  
=  $(1-0.85) + 0.85 * (PR(B)/2 + PR(C)/1)$   
=  $(1-0.85) + 0.85 * (1/2 + 1/1)$   
=  $1.425$ 

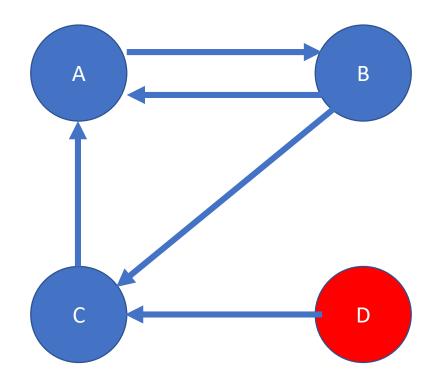


$$PR(B) = (1 - 0.85) + 0.85 * (PR(A) / 1)$$
$$= (1 - 0.85) + 0.85 * (1.425 / 1)$$
$$= 1.361$$





$$PR(D) = (1-0.85) + 0.85 * 0$$
  
= 0.15

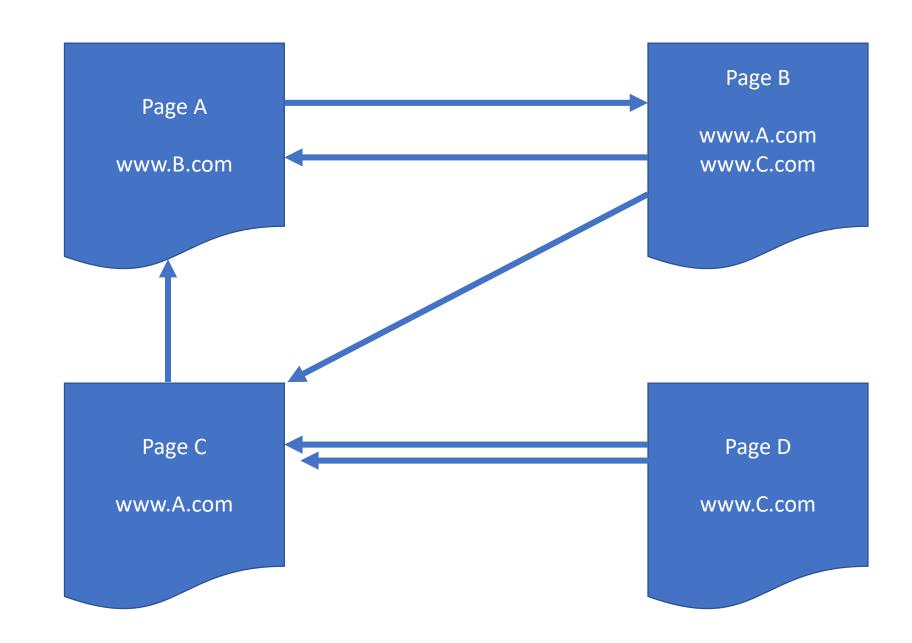


$$PR(A) = 1.425$$

$$PR(B) = 1.361$$

$$PR(C) = 1.597$$

$$PR(D) = 0.15$$

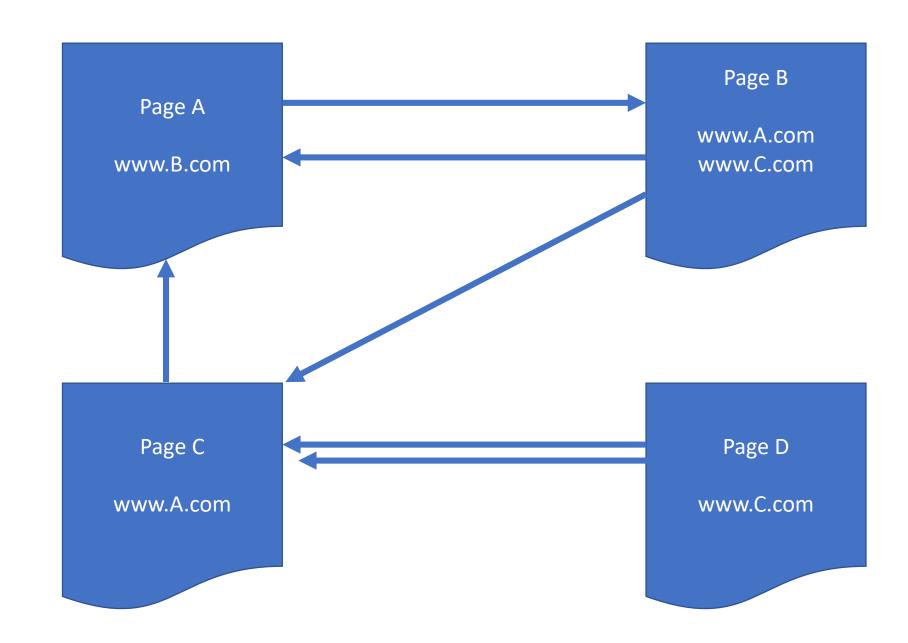


$$PR(A) = 2.070$$

$$PR(B) = 1.909$$

$$PR(C) = 1.087$$

$$PR(D) = 0.15$$

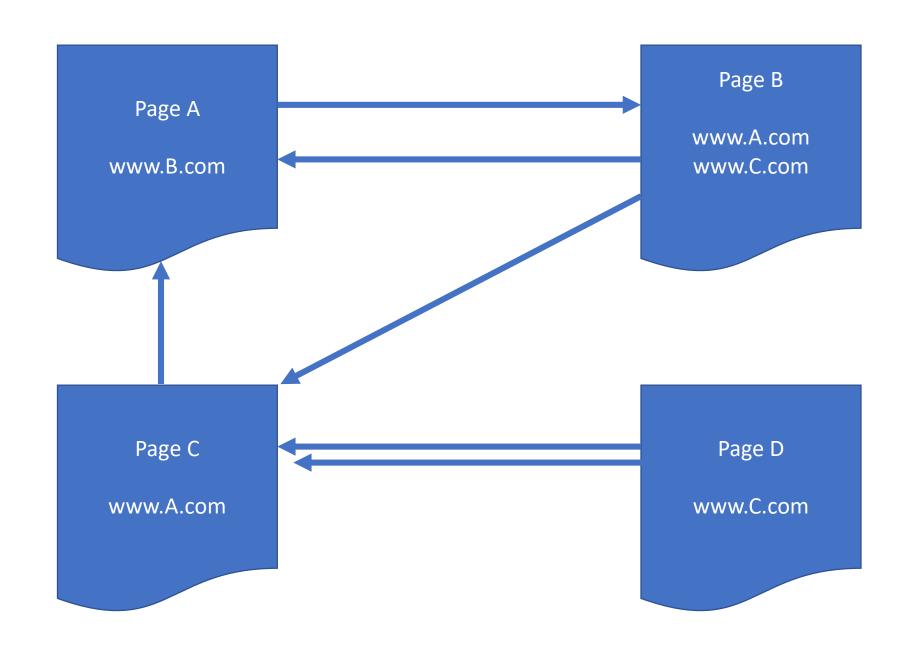


$$PR(A) = 1.887$$

$$PR(B) = 1.754$$

$$PR(C) = 1.023$$

$$PR(D) = 0.15$$

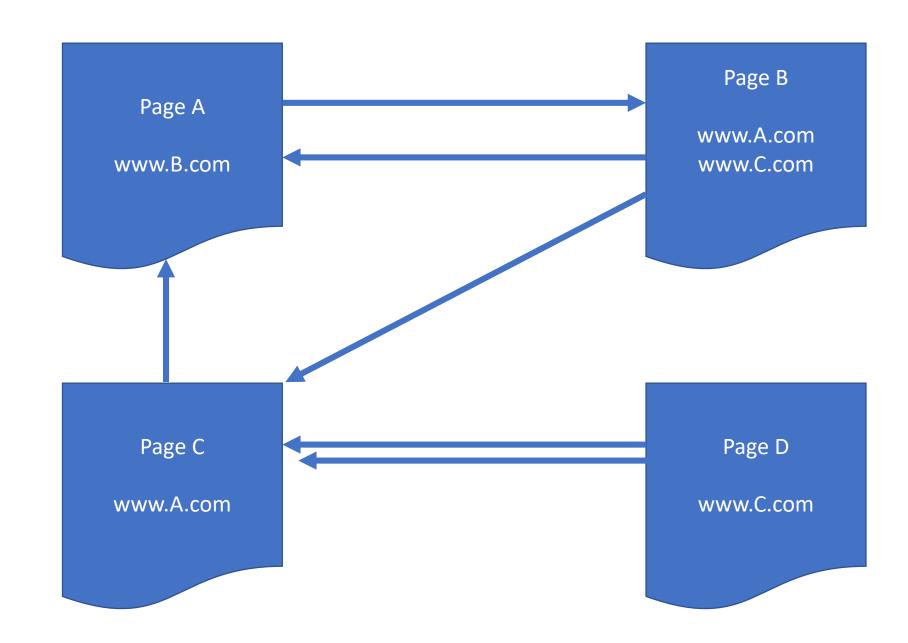


$$PR(A) = 1.765$$

$$PR(B) = 1.650$$

$$PR(C) = 0.979$$

$$PR(D) = 0.15$$



## Equilibrium (iteration 17)

$$PR(A) = 1.519$$

$$PR(B) = 1.441$$

$$PR(C) = 0.890$$

$$PR(D) = 0.15$$

