3

## Assignment #12

Name Consumer Koy

## Due 27 April 2015

1. Find the Maclaurin series for sinh(x) and cosh(x).

 $f(x) = \sinh(x) f(0) = 0$  $f'''(x) = \cosh(x) f''(0) = 1$  $\frac{2}{2} \frac{2}{2} \frac{2}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}$ 

$$f(x) = \sinh(x) \quad f(0) = 0 \qquad f(x) = \cosh(x) \quad f(0) = 1$$

$$f'(x) = \cosh(x) \quad f'(0) = 1 \qquad f''(x) = \sinh(x) \quad f''(0) = 0$$

$$f''(x) = \sinh(x) \quad f''(0) = 0 \qquad f'''(x) = \cosh(x) \quad f'''(0) = 1$$

$$f'''(x) = \cosh(x) \quad f'''(0) = 1 \qquad f'''(x) = \sinh(x) \qquad f'''(0) = 0$$

$$f'''(x) = \cosh(x) \quad f'''(0) = 1 \qquad f'''(x) = \sinh(x) \qquad f'''(0) = 0$$

$$f'''(x) = \cosh(x) \quad f'''(0) = 1 \qquad f'''(x) = \sinh(x) \qquad f'''(0) = 0$$

$$f'''(x) = \cosh(x) \quad f'''(0) = 1 \qquad f'''(x) = \sinh(x) \qquad f'''(0) = 0$$

$$f'''(x) = \cosh(x) \quad f'''(0) = 1 \qquad f'''(x) = \sinh(x) \qquad f'''(0) = 0$$

$$f'''(x) = \cosh(x) \quad f'''(0) = 0 \qquad f'''(x) = \sinh(x) \qquad f'''(0) = 0$$

$$f'''(x) = \cosh(x) \quad f'''(0) = 0 \qquad f'''(x) = \sinh(x) \qquad f'''(0) = 0$$

$$f'''(x) = \cosh(x) \quad f'''(0) = 0 \qquad f'''(x) = \sinh(x) \qquad f'''(0) = 0$$

$$f'''(x) = \cosh(x) \quad f'''(0) = 0 \qquad f'''(x) = \sinh(x) \qquad f'''(0) = 0$$

$$f'''(x) = \cosh(x) \quad f'''(0) = 0 \qquad f'''(x) = \sinh(x) \qquad f'''(0) = 0$$

$$f'''(x) = \cosh(x) \quad f'''(0) = 0 \qquad f'''(x) = \sinh(x) \qquad f'''(0) = 0$$

$$f'''(x) = \cosh(x) \quad f'''(0) = 0 \qquad f'''(x) = \sinh(x) \qquad f'''(0) = 0$$

$$f'''(x) = \cosh(x) \quad f'''(0) = 0 \qquad f'''(x) = \sinh(x) \qquad f'''(0) = 0$$

$$f'''(x) = \cosh(x) \quad f'''(0) = 0 \qquad f'''(x) = \sinh(x) \qquad f'''(0) = 0$$

$$f'''(x) = \cosh(x) \quad f'''(0) = 0 \qquad f'''(x) = \sinh(x) \qquad f'''(0) = 0$$

$$f'''(x) = \cosh(x) \quad f'''(0) = 0 \qquad f'''(x) = \sinh(x) \qquad f'''(0) = 0$$

$$f'''(x) = \sinh(x) \quad f'''(0) = 0 \qquad f'''(x) = \sinh(x) \qquad f'''(0) = 0$$

$$f'''(x) = \sinh(x) \quad f'''(0) = 0 \qquad f'''(x) = \sinh(x) \qquad f'''(0) = 0$$

$$f'''(x) = \sinh(x) \quad f'''(0) = 0 \qquad f'''(x) = \sinh(x) \qquad f'''(0) = 0$$

$$f'''(x) = \sinh(x) \quad f'''(0) = 0 \qquad f'''(x) = \sinh(x) \qquad f'''(0) = 0$$

$$f'''(x) = \sinh(x) \quad f'''(0) = 0 \qquad f'''(x) = \sinh(x) \qquad f'''(0) = 0$$

$$f'''(x) = \sinh(x) \quad f'''(x) = \sinh(x)$$

2. Show that the Maclaurin series  $\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-1)^k \frac{x^{2k}}{(2k)!}$  converges  $\cos(x)$  for each x by showing that  $|R_N(x)| \to 0$ 

Let  $f(x) = \cos(x)$ . Then  $f^{(N+1)}(x) = \begin{cases} \cos(x) \\ -\cos(x) \end{cases}$ 

Thus If(N+1)(Z) \ \le 1 for 2 between 0

and x. Thus

 $|RN(x)| \leq \frac{|\cdot|x|^{N+1}}{(N+1)!}$ 

Since  $\frac{1\times 1^{N+1}}{(N+1)!} \rightarrow 0$  do  $N \rightarrow \infty$ ,  $1 |R_N(x)| \rightarrow 0$  as  $N \rightarrow \infty$ .

3. In each case, find the exact sum of the series

In each case, find the exact sum of the series:
$$(a) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{3^n}{n!} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-3)^n \frac{3^n}{n!} = \sum_{n=1}^$$

(b) 
$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{\pi^{2n+1}}{2^{2n+1}(2n+1)!} = \sum_{N=0}^{\infty} (-1)^N \frac{(2n+1)!}{(2n+1)!} = \sum_{N=0}^{\infty} (-1)^N \frac{($$

(c) 
$$\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{\pi^{2n}}{(2n)!} = \left(\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{\pi^{2n}}{(2n)!}\right) + \frac{\pi^2}{2!}$$

$$= Cos(\pi) - 1 + \frac{\pi^2}{2!} - 2 + \frac{\pi^2}{2!}$$
4. In each case, find the Maclaurin series for the given function.

(a) 
$$x^5e^{3x}$$
.  $= x^5 = \frac{3}{2} \frac{(3x)^n}{n!} = \frac{3}{n!} x^{n+5}$ 

(b) 
$$(1+x^2)\sin(x) = \sin x + x^2 \sin x$$
  

$$= \left(x - \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^5}{5!} + \frac{x^7}{5!} +$$