COMP 5320/6320/6320-D1 Design and Analysis of Computer Networks

Programming Lab Assignment 1

Groups of 2, Due by Sep 19, 2025 (Group, 100 pts)

Lab 1: Introduction to Socket Programming

First, reach out to your classmates and find a teammate ASAP. Please let me know if you cannot find one by yourself by Sep. 10 (send me an email). I will try to assign one to you at that time.

Second, it is assumed that by today, you already have your AU Engineering account, so that you can edit, compile, and execute C programs on Engineering Unix machines (Tux machines). The following is a small fix you may need when you use SecureCRT to connect to our engineering cluster: port.eng.auburn.edu. Highlight the port.eng.auburn.edu session in SecureCRT and choose Properties. When the window opens click on SSH2 and in the Key exchange window check ecdh-sha2-nistp521. Then click Advanced in the left window panel and in the Cipher window check AES-256-CTR. After that you should be able to use SecureCRT to connect to the engineering cluster.

Third, you must implement and test your programming assignments on the Tux servers in the engineering network. Your work will be tested and graded on the same system setup (i.e., Tux).

I strongly advise you to read beej's guide at: http://beej.us/guide/bgnet/ (Simple, easy-to-understand tutorial)

Important Notice: For all programming assignments in this semester, you must use C for the implementation. Moreover, your implementation must follow the protocol agreement specified in Lab11-RFC.pdf (for Lab 1.1) and Lab12-RFC.pdf (for Lab 1.2), so that servers and clients from different groups can interact with each other.

Lab 1.1: A UDP "PING" tester

The objective is to get familiar with basic socket programming function calls. You will design and implement two separate programs: a server and a client. Server and clients will be running on local loop of a Tux server on the Internet. You will also make some basic measurements of the round trip time for requests.

Datagram socket programming (Protocol defined in Lab11-RFC.pdf)

a) Write a **concurrent** datagram (UDP) **echo** server **S** (**server11.c**). This server must send back any message you send to it (note that these are UDP packets - there is no requirement that all the echoed messages will be received by the client). The server must "listen" on port 10010. The server must be able to handle concurrently multiple requests.

- b) Write a datagram client (client11b.c) which:
 - i. Accepts as command line the name of the echo server
 - ii. Prompts the user to enter a string A
 - iii. Sends the string A to Server S
 - iv. Listens for a response from Server S
 - v. Prints out the response received from Server S
 - vi. Prints out the round trip time (time between the transmission and the reception)
- c) Write a client (client11c.c) with two processes:
 - i. The first process runs a loop which sends continuously the numbers from 1 to 10,000 as strings (so 10,000 strings in total)
 - ii. The second process receives the responses from the server and reports any missing echo.
 - iii. At the statistics summary line, report whether there are missing echoes, and the smallest, largest, and average round trip times.

Your implementation is only required to run on the **local-loop setting**, i.e., both the server and all clients are running on the same Tux machine.

Lab 1.2: A TCP network calculator (Protocol defined in Lab12-RFC.pdf)

Write a TCP calculator server (server12.c) and a TCP calculator client (client12.c).

- a) The TCP client must:
- i. accept as command line two 32 bit unsigned integers (a and b) and a character c that can be: '+', '-', 'x', or '/'.
- ii. bundle a, b, and c into an application **message** M. The size of the application message M should not exceed 10 bytes.
 - iii. send M to the server
- b) The TCP server must listen on port 10020 and:
 - i. receive message M
 - ii. extract a, b, and c
 - iii. perform the operation requested
- iv. send back the result with repeating the operands and operation. The size of the message M (at the application layer) should not exceed 16 bytes.

Your implementation is only required to run on the local-loop setting.

Grading:

- 1) 20 points per program (3 clients and 2 servers)
- 2) Code does not compile on Tux machine: 0% credit
- 3) Code compiles on Tux machines but does not work: 30% credit
- 4) Code interacts correctly with counterpart from the same group in local loop: 100% credit

Some suggestions to complete these exercises:

This is just an introduction to socket programming: I suggest you to work **ACTIVELY** to implement these programs.

- **Step 1**: download, compile, and execute Beej's sample programs for talker.c (client) and listener.c (server) for the datagram (UDP) sockets
- **Step 2**: get familiar with this code: study key socket programming calls/methods/functions
- **Step 3: improve** the server to echo (send back) the string it received.
- Step 4: improve the client to receive the echo and print it out.
- **Step 5: SAVE the** improved versions (you may need to roll back to them when things will go bad)
- Step 6: All you need now is "forming" your messages based on the specified format.

What to turn in?

- 1) Electronic copy of your report and code. These source codes must be named as shown above. The report is named as report.doc or report.pdf. The code and your report must be put in a folder named lab1_lastname1_lastname2, where lastname1 and lastname2 are the last names of the two members of your group. Zip the folder and upload it to Canvas. Each group please only submits one copy. Both members in the same group will receive the same grade.
- 2) Your code MUST compile and execute on engineering machines tuxXYZ.
- 3) Your report must:
 - a. **include names and email addresses of both students** in your group at the beginning.
 - b. state whether your code works
 - c. explain how to compile and execute your code
 - d. report bugs/problems

If it is unable to access/compile/execute your work, no credit will be awarded.