CSE 231 Fall 2020

Programming Project 11

This assignment is worth 55 points (5.5% of the course grade) and must be completed and turned in before 11:59 on Wednesday, December 9, 2020.

Assignment Overview

This assignment will give you more experience creating and using Python classes. We will create our own pokemon and move classes in the pokemon.py file. Then we will utilize those classes to have pokemon battles in the project.py file.

Assignment Background

Pokémon is a very successful franchise not only in Japan and the United States, but worldwide. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pokémon. Some of you may be familiar with the franchise so we hope to increase your interest in programming by coding something similar. And for those of you unfamiliar, we hope this may generate more interest in the types of things you want to create with code.

CSV files for the pokemon and moves are received from the following sources:

- https://github.com/veekun/pokedex/tree/master/pokedex/data/csv
 - o from veekun/pokedex GitHub Repository
- https://gist.github.com/armgilles/194bcff35001e7eb53a2a8b441e8b2c6
 - o from armgilles GitHub Gist

Project Specifications

pokemon.py

This file contains two classes: Move and Pokemon. It also contains three dictionaries that are used when calculating damage of moves. These dictionaries are already completed and should not be changed in any way. It is your job to fill out the methods in the Move and Pokemon classes. The initialization methods are provided.

Move class

Attributes:

- **name**: the name of the move (string)
- **element**: the move's type (string)
- power: the base damage that the move inflicts (int)
- accuracy: how likely the move is to hit an opponent (int)
- attack_Type: classification if this is a physical attack, special attack or status move (int)

Methods:

1. __init__ (self, name, element, power, pp, accuracy, attack_type)

This method initializes attributes of the Meye chiest (already given

This method initializes attributes of the Move object. (already given)

2. eq (self) ------→ boolean

True if attributes are equal; False otherwise. Provided by instructors

3. str (self) -----→ str

Returns just the name of the move (used for printing). # for printing. Takes 1 arg: self. Returns a string.

4. __repr__ (self) ----→str

Returns just the name of the move (can utilize the __str__() method here). # for displaying in the shell. Takes 1 arg: self. Returns a string.

5. get_name (self) ---→ str

Returns the name attribute.

6. get element (self) --→str

Returns the element attribute.

7. get power (self) ---→ int

Returns the power attribute.

8. get_accuracy (self) --→ int

Returns the accuracy attribute.

9. get attack type (self) -- → int

Returns the attack type attribute.

Pokemon class

Attributes:

- **name**: the name of the pokemon (string)
- **element1**: the first element of the pokemon (string)
- **element2**: the second element of the pokemon (string) (None if the pokemon has one element)
- **hp**: the health points of the pokemon, when this reaches 0 the pokemon faints (int)
- patt: the physical strength of the pokemon (int)
- **pdef**: the physical defense of the pokemon (int)
- **satt**: the special strength of the pokemon (int)
- **sdef**: the special defense of the pokemon (int)
- moves: the list of moves that this pokemon has access to (list of Moves)

Methods:

- 1. __init__ (self, name, element1, element2, moves, hp, patt, pdef, satt, sdef)
 This method initializes attributes of the Pokemon object. (already given)
- 2. __str__ (self) ---→ str

Returns a string containing the parts of the pokemon object divided into three lines. The first line will display in this order: name, hp, patt, pdef, satt and sdef, followed by a newline character directly after sdef with no space inbetween sdef and the newline character. The second line will display the element1 and element2 with a newline character after element2. The third line will display all the moves of that pokemon.

Each attribute will take up exactly 15 spaces and be left adjusted no matter the type.

3. __eq__(self) ---→Boolean

True if attributes are equal; False otherwise. Provided by instructors

- 4. __repr__ (self) --→ str Returns the same value as the __str__() method to. # for displaying in the shell. Takes 1 arg: self. Returns a string.
- 5. get_name (self) -- → str
 Returns the name attribute.
- 6. get_element1 (self) --→ str
 Returns the element1 attribute.
- 7. get_element2 (self) --→ str or None Returns the element2 attribute.
- 8. get_hp (self) ---→ int
 Returns the hp attribute.
- 9. get_patt (self) --- → int
 Returns the patt attribute.
- 10. get_pdef (self) --→ int
 Returns the pdef attribute.
- 11. get_satt (self) -- → int
 Returns the satt attribute.
- **12.** get_sdef (self) -- → int Returns the sdef attribute.

13. get_moves (self) --→ list

Returns the moves attribute.

14. get_number_moves (self) --→ int

Returns the number of moves.

15. choose (self, index) --→ Move class object or None

Takes an index and returns the corresponding move from the moves list. If there is an IndexError returns None.

16. show_move_elements(self)

Displays the elements of the pokemon's moves (each in a 15-space field, left justified). This function does not return anything.

17. show_move_power(self)

Displays the power of the pokemon's moves (each in a 15-space field, left justified). This function does not return anything.

18. show_move_accuracy(self)

Displays the accuracy of the pokemon's moves (each in a 15-space field, left justified). This function does not return anything.

19. add_move (self, move)

Adds the move parameter to the list of moves for this pokemon if this pokemon has three or less moves. This function does not return anything.

20. attack (self, move, opponent)

This method takes the move used by the attacker (self) and deals damage to the opponent (who should also be an instance of class Pokemon). It does not return anything.

The equation for calculating damage will be a slight variation of the actual calculator because Pokemon levels are not taken into account. It is as follows:

Damage =
$$\left[\frac{\left[mp*\left(\frac{A}{D}\right)*20\right]}{50} + 2\right]*modifier$$

mp: the power of the move

A: The patt or satt of the attacking Pokemon

D: The pdef or sdef of the defending Pokemon

<u>modifier</u>: takes into effect same-type attack bonus (STAB) if move is super effective or not effective.

First the power of the move is extracted using the get_power() method from the move object. Then A and D are determined by obtaining the attack_type from the move using the get_attack_type() method. If the attack_type is equal to 2 then A is the attacker's patt attribute and D is the defender's pdef attribute. If the attack_type is equal to 3 then A is the attacker's satt attribute and D is the defender's sdef. If the attack_type has some other value, print the message "Invalid attack_type, turn skipped." and return.

Next an accuracy value is created using randint from the random module. The accuracy value will be a random integer between 1 and 100 and will be compared to the accuracy attribute of the move object (using the get_accuracy() method). If this randomly created accuracy value is greater than the accuracy attribute of the move, then the move misses (print("Move missed!") and return) and no damage is dealt.

Next the modifier is calculated. The modifier is first initialized to 1.0. We begin by considering element1 of the opponent. The modifier doubles if the element of the opponent is weak with respect to the element of the attacking move (the opponent's element is in the is_effective_dictionary entry for the move's element). The modifier is halved if the element of the opponent is strong with respect to the element of the attacking move (the opponent's element is in the not_effective_dictionary entry for the move's element). Finally, no damage is done to the opponent if the element of the move has no effect on the element of opponent (the opponent's element is in the no_effect_dictionary entry for the move's element).

Note that you repeat that calculation for the opponent's second element. That is, you will adjust the modifier a second time, e.g. possibly doubling it again, or halving it, or doing nothing. For example, it is possible to double it for the first element and then halve it for the second element so the modifier ends up with a value of 1.0. Or you may double it twice so the modifier is 4, and so on.

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If the move is super effective, i.e. modifier > 1, print "It's super effective!!!!". If the modifier < 1, print "Not very effective...".
```

Finally, there is one more possible adjustment to the modifier. The same-attack type bonus (STAB) gives a boost in damage if the element of the move is the same as one of the elements from the attacking Pokemon. If this is true, then the modifier is multiplied by 1.5.

The final part of this function is to adjust the damage to the opponent. Damage is subtracted from the opponent's health (hp). The damage should be converted to type int before being passed as a parameter to the opponent's subtract hp() method.

21. subtract hp (self, damage)

This method takes the damage variable and subtracts it from the hp of the Pokemon object. The hp of the Pokemon object becomes the maximum of the (hp – damage) or 0. (Adventuresome students may want to try Python's ternary operator). This function does not return anything.

proj11.py

This file contains the main and other functions that are to be filled out.

1. read_file_moves(fp) ---→list[Move objects]

This function takes in the file pointer created from opening the moves.csv file and returns a list of move objects. Use csv.reader.

In this function, you should first ignore the header line then iterate through each line of the file creating a move object with the contents of the line and adding that move object to the list of moves.

The column labeled "identifier" is the "name" argument for the Move object.

The column labeled "type_id" is an index into the "element_id_list" provided at the top of the file. The value found in the "element_id_list" at the "type_id" index is the "element" argument for the Move object.

The column labeled "damage_class_id" is the "attack_type" argument for the Move object. The damage_class_id has three values, 1, 2 and 3, where 2 denotes a physical attack, 3 denotes a special attack and 1 denotes a stat changing or status effect move. If the damage_class_id is 1 then that move will not be added to the move list.

We will **not** add moves to the move list if:

- generation id column does not equal 1.
- damage classification id does equal 1.
- there is no power value.
- there is no accuracy value.

Remember to change the power and accuracy attributes to integers before using them to create the move instance.

Remember to create a Move object and append it to the list of moves.

2. read_file_pokemon(fp) --→ list[Pokemon objects]

This function takes in the file pointer created from opening the pokemon.csv file and returns a list of pokemon objects. In this function, you should first skip the header line, then iterate through each line of the file creating a pokemon object with the contents of

the line and adding that pokemon object to the list of pokemon. If the Generation column is **not** equal to '1'you should ignore the line,

Two lines may have the same ID (column 0). Keep the first one read and ignore subsequent ones. Hint: use a data structure to keep track of the IDs that you have read.

The column labeled "Type 1" is the "element1" argument for a Pokemon object; similarly the column labeled "Type 2" is the "element2" argument. For consistency make these strings lower case.

"HP" is the "hp" argument for a Pokemon object. Similarly "Attack" is the "patt", "Defense" is "pdef", "Sp. Atk" is "satt", and "Sp. Def" is "sdef. All these numbers should be converted to ints.

There is no list of moves in this file so use None for that argument to the Pokemon object.

Strings such as "name" should be lower case.

Remember to create a Pokemon object instance and add it to the list

- 3. choose_pokemon (choice, pokemon_list)--→ Pokemon object or None This function takes in user input (called choice) as a string and the list of available pokemon. If the user input is an integer, the integer becomes the index for selecting a pokemon from the pokemon_list and a deepcopy of the pokemon object at that index is returned. The choice parameter starts at 1 so you need to subtract 1 before indexing. If the input is a string, then that string is compared to the name attribute of the pokemon in the list and if a name matches then a deepcopy of the pokemon object with that name is returned. If the index is out of range or the string is not found, then None is returned. Hint: I found enumerate() useful when choice is a string. Also, type() is useful when checking the type of a variable.
- 4. add_moves (pokemon, moves_list) ---→ Boolean

This function first adds one random move to the pokemon's move list, then adds three more moves that match one of the elements of this pokemon. Each move is to be added using this pokemon's object's add_move() method. Find the first random move using a random integer to index the moves_list parameter. Then get three more random moves from moves_list, but add them to this pokemon only if the random move's element matches either element1 or element2 of this pokemon and the move is not already in this pokemon's move list. Hint: remember to ensure that your random index is in the correct range. Also, do not change the moves_list in this function because it is passed by reference.

What if four valid moves do not exist? Since we are randomly selecting moves it is difficult and time consuming to know if we have tried all possibilities so we will take the easy way and if we have not found four valid moves in 200 attempts, we will give up and

return False. Otherwise, if we were able to add all moves to the pokemon, this function return True.

5. turn (player_num, player_pokemon, opponent_pokemon) ---→ Boolean Player_num is an int for printing which player: 1 or 2

Player_pokemon, the attacker, and opponent_pokemon are of type Pokemon Player Turn steps

- a. Print "Player {}'s turn" and print the player's pokemon.
- b. Prompt for index into attacker's list of moves or show request or quit.

 If the player requests show ('show ele', 'show pow', 'show acc') the appropriate value will be displayed followed by a re-prompt.

If 'q', print "Player {} quits, Player {} has won the pokemon
battle! " and end battle. return False.

- c. Print the selected move.
- d. Print the opponent's health.
- e. Attack (call the player's attack method).
- f. Print the opponent's health again.
- g. If opponent's health is less than or equal to zero, the player wins.
 print "Player {}'s pokemon fainted, Player {} has won the
 pokemon battle!".return False.
- h. return True

6. main()

The main function. This function simulates a 1-on-1 pokemon battle between Player 1 and Player 2.

- a- First the relevant moves and pokemon should be added to respective lists using the read_file functions. Note that we are opening hard-coded files "moves.csv" and "pokemon.csv". The files "moves.csv" and "pokemon.csv" will be used in the function tests.
- b- The user is asked if he would like to have a pokemon battle and keep prompting until a valid input is entered. The only valid responses are 'Y', 'y', 'N', 'n', 'Q', or 'q'.
- c- If yes, each player picks a pokemon (use previously defined functions as needed). Keep asking the player for a valid pokemon name or index.
- d- If valid, Four moves are added to each pokemon using the add_moves() function.
- e- Finally, the opponents battle until one of the player's pokemon faints or one player quits with the 'Q' or 'q' command.
- f- After a battle ends the user is prompted if they would like to have another battle. If the user responds with 'Y' or 'y', then a new battle ensues. If the user responds with 'N', 'n', 'Q', or 'q' then the program finishes execution. All other inputs are invalid.

Assignment Deliverables

The deliverables for this assignment are the following two files:

projl1.py - the source code for your Python program
pokemon.py - the source code for the Pokemon and Move classes

Assignment Notes

Different from real Pokemon:

- For those of you knowledgeable about Pokemon you will notice a few things missing.
 The speed stat is not utilized.
- Moves that take more than one turn to perform, have multiple hits and have cooldowns are simplified to single hit, single turn moves.
- Status effect moves, moves that lower stats, moves that change terrain and recovery/protection moves are also not utilized.
- Finally, there are no critical hits or levels to take into consideration.

All of these factors are to contribute to the simplicity of the project as the focus here is on classes.

Avoid two instances of the same ID:

When working with the read_file_pokemon() method, be wary of pokemon with mega forms. Their ID will appear more than once in the file; however, we only want the first instance of the pokemon. For example, ID 3 contains the pokemon name "Venusaur", another instance of ID 3 also contains the name "VenusaurMega Venusaur". We only want the pokemon that appears with the first instance of the ID. One way to work with this is to utilize a set of IDs.

First generation only:

The element and pokemon lists are created from the first generation only for this project.

Remember to use deepcopy:

When selecting a pokemon from the pokemon list, use deepcopy. If you assign a variable equal to one of the pokemon, then that variable is a reference to the pokemon from the list and not a copy. Think of it like this. Let's say we both choose the pokemon Pikachu. If we do not use deepcopy, then my Pikachu and your Pikachu are the same Pikachu. If we do use deepcopy then my Pikachu is different from your Pikachu and their moves can be different.

Test Cases

Test 1

Would you like to have a pokemon battle? Nope

Battle over, would you like to have another? n

Well that's a shame, goodbye

Invalid option! Please enter a valid choice: Y/y, N/n or Q/q: quit

Invalid option! Please enter a valid choice: Y/y, N/n or Q/q: q Well that's a shame, goodbye

Test 2

-	e to have a poke se a pokemon by	-	Bulbasaur						
bulbasaur grass	45 poison	49	49	65	65				
Player 2, choose a pokemon by name or index: Mewtwo									
pokemon2: mewtwo psychic	106	110	90	154	90				
Player 1's tur	n								
bulbasaur	45	49	49	65	65				
grass	poison								
slam	smog	petal-dance	razor-leaf						
Show options: 'show ele', 'show pow', 'show acc'									
Select an attack between 1 and 4 or show option or 'q': show pow									
80	30	120	55						
Show options: 'show ele', 'show pow', 'show acc' Select an attack between 1 and 4 or show option or 'q': 3									
selected move:		d 4 OI SHOW OPC.	1011 01 9 . 3						
bereeted move	pecar dance								
mewtwo hp before:106									
mewtwo hp after	r:51								
Player 2's tur	n								
mewtwo	51	110	90	154	90				
psychic									
clamp	dream-eater		psychic						
Show options: 'show ele', 'show pow', 'show acc'									
Select an attack between 1 and 4 or show option or 'q': show ele									
water psychic psychic									
Show options: 'show ele', 'show pow', 'show acc' Sologt on attack between 1 and 4 or show entire or ig!: 4									
Select an attack between 1 and 4 or show option or 'q': 4 selected move: psychic									
bereeted move.	phychic								
bulbasaur hp b	efore:45								
It's super effective!!!!									
bulbasaur hp a	fter:0								
Dlaver 11g pole	emon fainted, P	lawar 2 had won	the pokemon ba	++161					
FIGNET T P DOV	Cilion Lamiled, P.	rayer z mas wom	circ bovemon pa	LL1L:					

Test 3

Test 3					
_	to have a poker se a pokemon by		charmander		
charmander fire	39	52	43	60	50
Player 2, choo pokemon2:	se a pokemon by	name or index:	4		
charmeleon fire	58	64	58	80	65
Player 1's tur	n				
charmander fire	39	52	43	60	50
	fire-blast 'show ele', 'sho ck between 1 and ember				
charmeleon hp Not very effect charmeleon hp	tive				
Player 2's tur charmeleon	n 46	64	58	80	65
	fire-blast 'show ele', 'sho ck between 1 and fire-blast				
charmander hp Not very effec charmander hp	tive				
Battle over, w	emon fainted, Prould you like to se a pokemon by	have another?	Y	ttle!	
machamp fighting	90	130	80	65	85
Player 2, choo pokemon2:	se a pokemon by	name or index:	Golem		
golem rock	80 ground	120	130	55	65
Player 1's tur	n 90	130	80	65	85
fighting	high-jump-kick		rolling-kick	03	03
Show options:	'show ele', 'sho	ow pow', 'show a	acc'		
normal	ck between 1 and fighting 'show ele', 'sho	fighting	fighting	w ele	
	ck between 1 and			w acc	
75 Show options:	90 'show ele', 'sho	95	85 acc'		
Select an atta 100	ck between 1 and 130	d 4 or show opt: 100	ion or 'q': sho 60	w pow	
	'show ele', 'sho ck between 1 and				

selected move: high-jump-kick

golem hp before:80
It's super effective!!!!
golem hp after:0

Player 2's pokemon fainted, Player 1 has won the pokemon battle! Battle over, would you like to have another? N Well that's a shame, goodbye

Test 4

```
Would you like to have a pokemon battle? y
Player 1, choose a pokemon by name or index: pikachu
pokemon1:
pikachu
               35
                              55
                                              40
                                                             50
                                                                             50
electric
Player 2, choose a pokemon by name or index: 18
pokemon2:
                                                              70
                                                                             70
               83
                               80
                                              75
pidgeot
normal
               flying
Player 1's turn
                               55
                                              40
                                                              50
                                                                             50
pikachu
electric
                                              thunder
slam
               thunder-punch thunderbolt
Show options: 'show ele', 'show pow', 'show acc'
Select an attack between 1 and 4 or show option or 'q': 3
selected move: thunderbolt
pidgeot hp before:83
It's super effective!!!!
pidgeot hp after:0
Player 2's pokemon fainted, Player 1 has won the pokemon battle!
Battle over, would you like to have another? y
Player 1, choose a pokemon by name or index: Rhydon
pokemon1:
rhydon
               105
                              130
                                              120
                                                              45
                                                                             45
ground
               rock
Player 2, choose a pokemon by name or index: 18
pokemon2:
pidgeot
               83
                               80
                                              75
                                                              70
                                                                             70
normal
               flying
Player 1's turn
                              130
                                              120
                                                              45
                                                                             45
rhydon
               105
ground
               rock
bubble
               rock-throw
                              bone-club
                                              dig
Show options: 'show ele', 'show pow', 'show acc'
Select an attack between 1 and 4 or show option or 'q': show ele
              rock
                              ground
                                              ground
Show options: 'show ele', 'show pow', 'show acc'
Select an attack between 1 and 4 or show option or 'q': 3
selected move: bone-club
pidgeot hp before:83
No effect!
pidgeot hp after:83
Player 2's turn
                                              75
                                                             70
                                                                             70
                               80
pidgeot
               83
normal
               flying
                              self-destruct egg-bomb
               horn-attack
Show options: 'show ele', 'show pow', 'show acc'
Select an attack between 1 and 4 or show option or 'q': show ele
               normal
                              normal
Show options: 'show ele', 'show pow', 'show acc'
Select an attack between 1 and 4 or show option or 'q': 4
selected move: egg-bomb
```

rhydon hp before:105

Not very effective... rhydon hp after:84 Player 1 hp after: 84 Player 2 hp after: 83 Player 1's turn 45 rhydon 84 130 120 45 ground rock bubble rock-throw bone-club Show options: 'show ele', 'show pow', 'show acc' Select an attack between 1 and 4 or show option or 'q': 4 selected move: dig pidgeot hp before:83 No effect! pidgeot hp after:83 Player 2's turn 75 70 70 80 pidgeot 83 normal flying wrap horn-attack self-destruct egg-bomb Show options: 'show ele', 'show pow', 'show acc' Select an attack between 1 and 4 or show option or 'q': 1 selected move: wrap rhydon hp before:84 Not very effective... rhydon hp after:80 Player 1 hp after: 80 Player 2 hp after: 83 Player 1's turn 80 130 120 45 45 rhydon ground rock bubble rock-throw bone-club dig Show options: 'show ele', 'show pow', 'show acc'

Select an attack between 1 and 4 or show option or 'q': q Player 1 quits, Player 2 has won the pokemon battle! Battle over, would you like to have another? n

Well that's a shame, goodbye

Grading Rubric

```
Computer Project #_
Scoring Summary
General Requirements:
               Coding Standard 1-9
(5 pts)
(descriptive comments, mnemonic identifiers, format, etc...)
Implementations:
(4 pts)
               Move class
               Pokemon class (not including attack method)
(8 pts)
(8 pts)
               attack method (Pokemon class)
               read_file_moves
(2 pts)
               read_file_pokemon
(2 pts)
               choose_pokemon function
(3 pts)
(4 pts)
               add_moves function
(4 pts)
               Test 1
               Test 2
(5 pts)
               Test 3
(5 pts)
               Test 4
(5 pts)
```