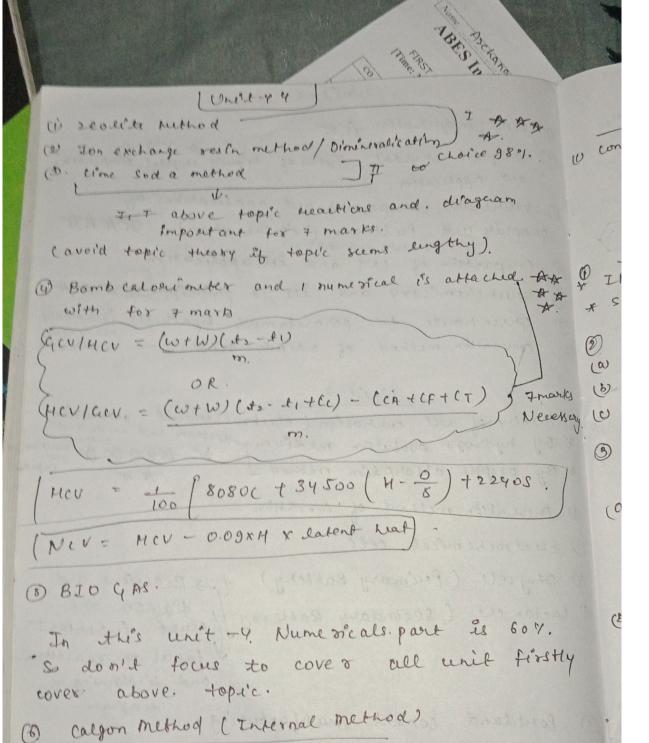
P NO configuration AX O liquid conjetal, Types of liquid crystal properties 1). sureture properties and application of graphity and fullerine (i'cosahedran). AAAA

preparties of CNT and its application quenchemistry and its 10 principle AA grun route for parautamod synthesis learn only heading ab 12 pour exple convention method of adipte and Unit-3 D Theory of wet contrasion (electrochemical contrasion)

1) By hydrogen evolution medium diagram and anode and
cathode

b) By oxygen absorption method

Ax D pouvention method of correnan) Electrochemical cell. 2, -> Reactions and Deny cell (Primary Battery) caclanche (secondary Batterry / nust important I focus on reaction and di Naming of Postland cement pranfacturing. diagram. setting and hardering of the cement/Role of Gypsum (De cay of ciment (cub topic) d zupos caloH), + co2 -+ ca c3 + 420 1 react Ca (03 + M20 + (02 -) Ca CH (03)2 ca(04)2 + ca,(H(03)2) 2 ca co3 +2 M20



NachNag(Po3)1] -> 2 Nat + (Nay (Po3)6)

"Nau (Po3)6]2-+ 2ca2+ -> [ca2 (Po3)6]2-+UNa2+

[Nau(Pos)6)2- + 2 mg 21 -> [mg 2 (Pos)6 7- + 4 Nat

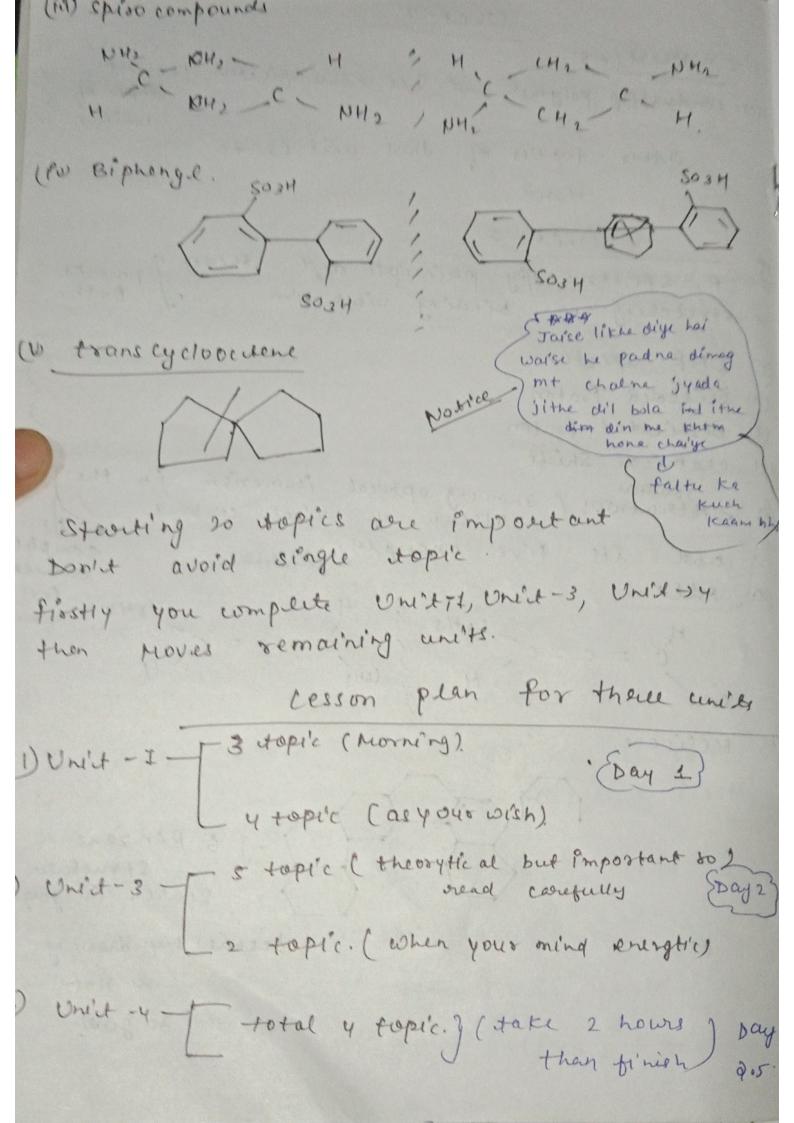
It usk In

reac tion

conducting polymen and "its class ofication leasiest topic to sigot unit) Other topics of their unit is to hand. Unit -2 of IR spectroscopy principle and theory. I marks a stretching and binding viberation I Both. @ NMR Specturm la shielded Proton (b) Deskielded Proton w chemical Shift 3 Actrotrops (showing optical isomenism in the) ·complet and its sive exampled solution. H $C = C = C - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{4} =$ (a). Allens

Jo Benzene Structure search in goog

becaus my drawing is not so good.



Electronics -) coni

Unit - 5

a complete Modulation and

- a readulation techniques of Am wave
- (1) De modulation techniques of Am wave.
- (B) complete Am wave desiration.
- @ Block diagram of Radar and Satellite communication with briefly explaination.
- (3) Block diagram of communication system and nudal hoddelation.

Unit - I

A most impositant clipper and clamper

and zenes diode (Easy. hai by thoda kostis

kn'yo smajne ke.

has bus jryr ata hat)

choice.

Unit-3 ca perint out providency

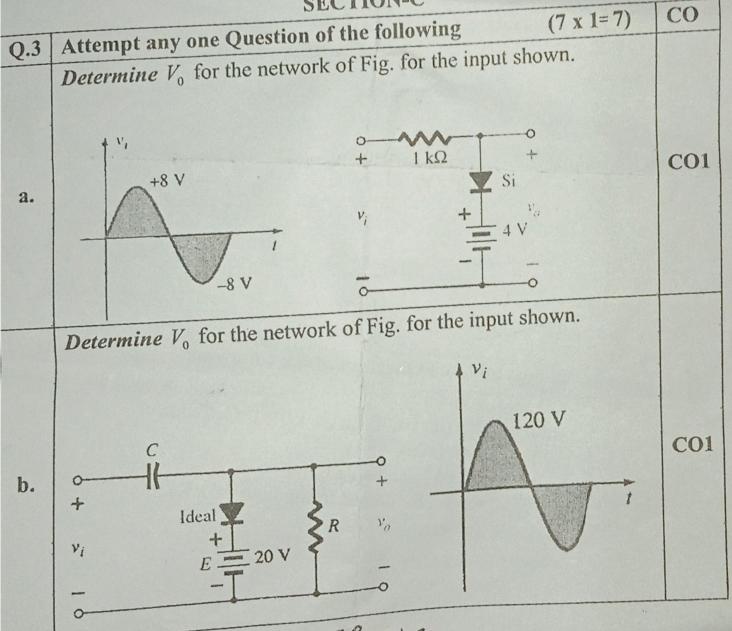
Un'd-)2

Easy hai be diagram hai isme kuch imposetant n'hi hai tas jb upo ke tin hojye to o hi unit-, 2 per aune otherwise dimag khob ho jayege.



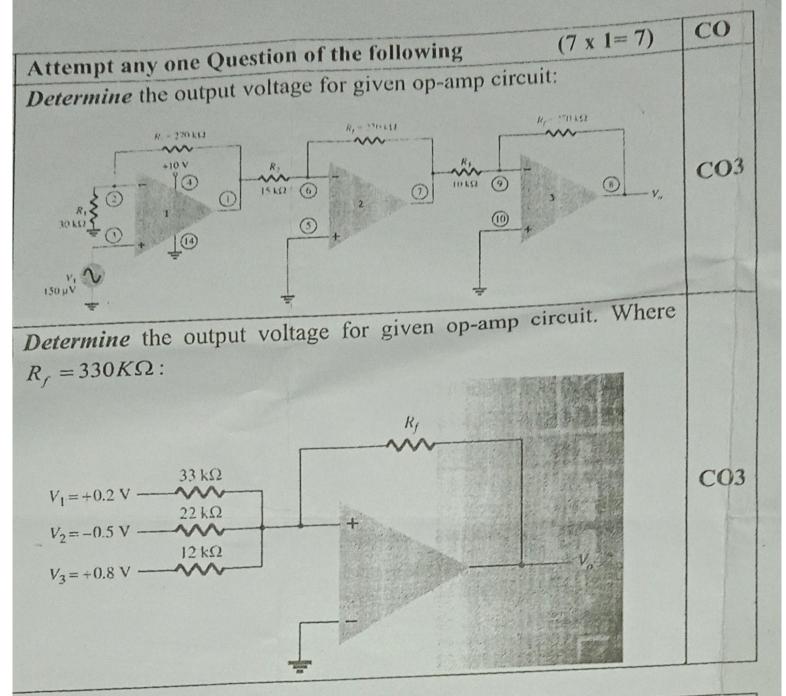
	power in modulated wave. SECTION-B (7x3=21)	CO
	La A	CO
Q.2	Attempt any three Questions	COL
a.	working of bridge rectifier. Derive the expression for working of bridge rectifier. Derive the expression for	
	rectification efficiency and ripple tactory voltage doubler.	COI
b.	Draw and explain the working of full wave voltage doubler.	CO3
c.	of an adder using op-allip and corp.	CO:
d.	Explain the circuit of an adder using of Explain the circuit of op-amp as integrator and differentiator. Describe AM modulation techniques with adequate diagrams.	CO:

SECTION-C

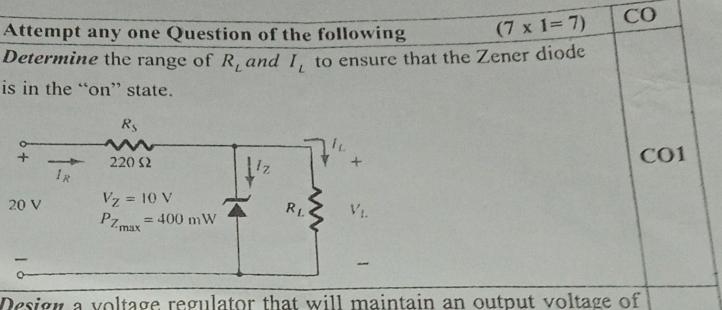


DOS CON

29/05 15 (149)

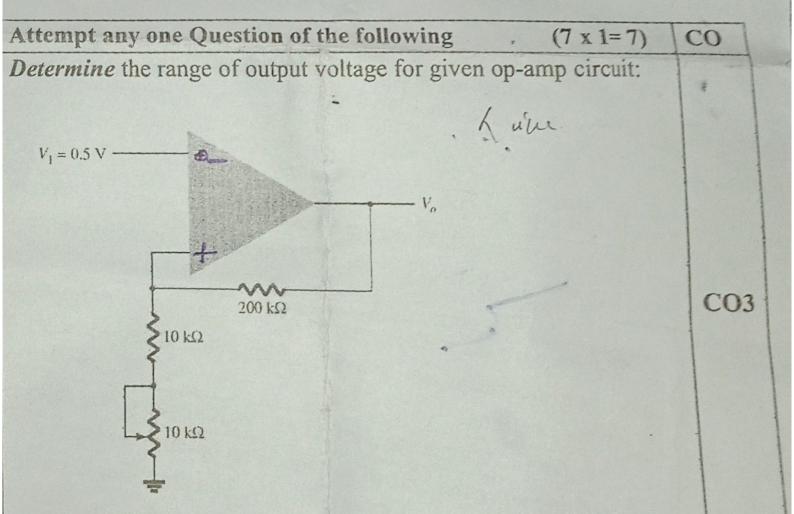


Overtion of the following $(7 \times 1 = 7)$	CO
Attempt any one Question of the following (7 x 1= 7) An audio frequency signal $30\sin 2\pi$ x 500t is used to amplitude	
An audio frequency signal 305 t. Calculate: modulate a carrier of $40 \sin 2\pi \times 10^5$ t. Calculate:	
(i) Modulation index	1
 (ii) Amplitude of Each side band (iii) Total power delivered to the load of 2 KΩ. 	CO5
(iv) Bandwidth	
(v) Sideband frequencies	
(vi) Sideband Power	
(vii) Modulation efficiency	
Draw and explain elements of communication system. Also explain why modulation is required for communication?	CO5



Design a voltage regulator that will maintain an output voltage of 20 V across a 1 $K\Omega$ load with an input that will vary between 30 V and 50 V. That is, determine the proper value of R_S and the maximum current I_{ZM} .

CO₁



Design an op-amp circuit to justify the given output: $V_0 = -15V_1 + 20V_2 - 6V_3$

- Sturner

CO3

Attempt any one Question of the following Perform following operation as indicated. (i) Determine 2's complement of (101010110)2. (ii) Find x: $(211)_x = (152)_8$. (iii) Using 2's complement, subtract binary number (101 $(1111)_2$. (iv) State De Morgan's Law. (v) Define minterm and maxterm.