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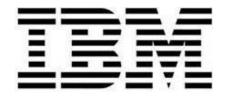
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Phase 4 - Enhancements & Deployment : User Registration with VAlidation

1. Additional Features:

Definition: New functionalities added to improve the capabilities of an application beyond the basic structure. Examples:

- Show/Hide password toggle
- Confirm password match check
- Remember Me with local storage

a.Show/Hide Password Toggle

Add an eye icon to toggle password visibility:

HTML (in password input group):

Code: HTML: <i class="fas fa-eye toggle-password" id="togglePassword"></i>

Code:

CSS:

.toggle-password {

```
position: absolute;
  right: 15px;
  top: 42px;
  cursor: pointer;
  color: #555;
}
Code:
Js:
document.getElementById('togglePassword').addEventListener('click'
, function () {
  const passwordInput = document.getElementById('password');
  const type = passwordInput.getAttribute('type') === 'password'?
'text': 'password';
  passwordInput.setAttribute('type', type);
  this.classList.toggle('fa-eye-slash');
});
b. Confirm Password Matching Check
Add real-time password confirmation check:
Code:
JS (add this to your script):
document.getElementById('Confirm
Password').addEventListener('input', function () {
  const password = document.getElementById('password').value;
  const confirmPassword = this.value;
  if (confirmPassword !== password) {
    this.style.borderColor = '#f44336';
```

```
} else {
    this.style.borderColor = '#4caf50';
}
});
```

```
c. Local Storage for "Remember Me"
window.addEventListener('load', () => {
  const rememberedEmail =
localStorage.getItem('rememberedEmail');
  if (rememberedEmail) {
    document.getElementById('email').value = rememberedEmail;
    document.getElementById('remember').checked = true;
});
document.getElementById('loginForm').addEventListener('submit',
function () {
  const email = document.getElementById('email').value;
  if (document.getElementById('remember').checked) {
    localStorage.setItem('rememberedEmail', email);
  } else {
    localStorage.removeItem('rememberedEmail');
  }
});
```

2. UI/UX Improvements: UI (User Interface):

The visual elements users interact with — like buttons, colors, fonts, icons, and layout.

UX (User Experience):

How users feel when interacting with your site — smooth navigation, clarity, speed, and responsiveness.

UI/UX Improvements might include:

- Cleaner layout
- Responsive design (mobile-friendly)
- Helpful animations and tooltips
- Password strength meter

Loading Spinner on Submit

```
HTML (inside .btn)
<span class="spinner" id="spinner" style="display:none;"></span>
CSS:
.spinner {
  border: 4px solid rgba(255, 255, 255, 0.3);
  border-left-color: #fff;
  height: 16px;
  width: 16px;
  border-radius: 50%;
  display: inline-block;
  animation: spin 1s linear infinite;
  margin-left: 10px;
  vertical-align: middle;
}
@keyframes spin {
  to { transform: rotate(360deg); }
JS (in submit handler):
document.getElementById('spinner').style.display = 'inline-block';
```

```
setTimeout(() => {
   document.getElementById('spinner').style.display = 'none';
}, 2000);
```

3. Security Enhancements

Definition: Measures taken to protect data and prevent malicious access or behavior.

Common security practices:

- Input validation and sanitization
- Rate limiting (to avoid brute force attacks)
- Hiding passwords (eye icon toggle)
- Secure login using HTTPS
- Password strength requirements

a. Prevent XSS

 Sanitize all dynamic content before inserting into DOM (e.g., innerHTML, toastMessage).

```
function sanitize(input) {
  const temp = document.createElement('div');
  temp.textContent = input;
  return temp.innerHTML;
}
toastMessage.innerHTML = sanitize(message);
```

b. Client-Side Validation (Enhanced)

```
Add stronger password validation:

if (password.length < 8 || !/[A-Z]/.test(password) || !/[0-
9]/.test(password) || !/[^A-Za-z0-9]/.test(password)) {
    showToast('Password must be at least 8 characters, include an uppercase letter, number, and symbol.', 'error');
```

```
return;
}
```

c. Rate Limiting (Fake, Client-Side Simulation)

```
let loginAttempts = 0;
document.getElementById('loginForm').addEventListener('submit',
function (e) {
    if (loginAttempts >= 5) {
        showToast('Too many attempts. Please wait.', 'error');
        return;
    }

    // inside wrong login block:
    loginAttempts++;
    setTimeout(() => {
        loginAttempts = 0; // reset after timeout
        }, 30000); // 30 seconds cooldown
});
```

4. Performance Improvements

Definition: Optimizations to make your application load faster and run more efficiently.

Examples:

- Reducing animation intensity or frequency
- Defer loading of non-critical CSS (like icons)
- Minimizing DOM updates
- Reducing memory use from JavaScript animations

a. Defer FontAwesome

```
Replace:
k rel="stylesheet"
href="https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/font-awesome/6.4.0/css/all.min.css">
With:
k rel="stylesheet"
href="https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/font-awesome/6.4.0/css/all.min.css" media="all"
onload="this.media='all';">
```

b. Minimize CSS Animations

Your background animation runs every 0.2s infinitely:

animation: gradientBG 0.2s ease infinite;

Consider increasing to reduce CPU usage:

animation: gradientBG 10s ease infinite;

5. Testing of Enhancements

Definition: Techniques and tools used to ensure your application works correctly under various conditions.

Types of Testing:

- Manual Testing: Interacting with the app to test features.
- Unit Testing: Testing specific functions or components in isolation.
- End-to-End Testing: Automated test flows that simulate real user actions.

Manual Test Checklist

Feature Tested?

Responsive layout



Feature Tested?

Password strength

Confirm password match

Validation errors

Toasts appear properly

"Remember Me" works

Forgot password handler

Invalid login behavior

✓

✓ Unit Testing (suggested with Jest for API logic)

If you plan to connect to an API, write tests like:
test('Returns success for valid user', () => {
 const result = validateUser("user@example.com", "Password123");
 expect(result).toBeTruthy();
});

6. API Integration (Next Step)

Definition: Improving how the front-end communicates with back-end servers using APIs (Application Programming Interfaces).

API Enhancements include:

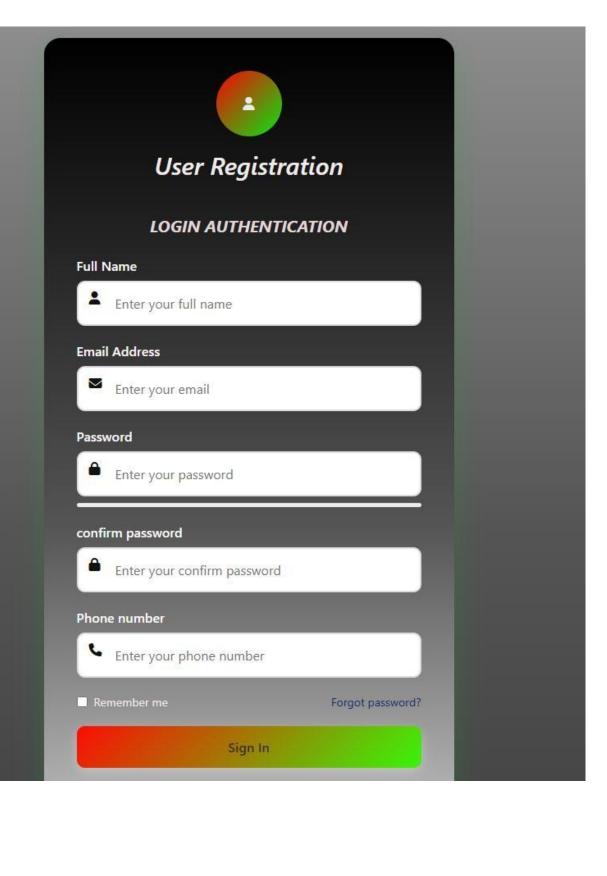
- Sending login data via fetch() or axios to a server
- Using JWT for authentication tokens
- Handling server responses securely and clearly
- Validating credentials against a real database

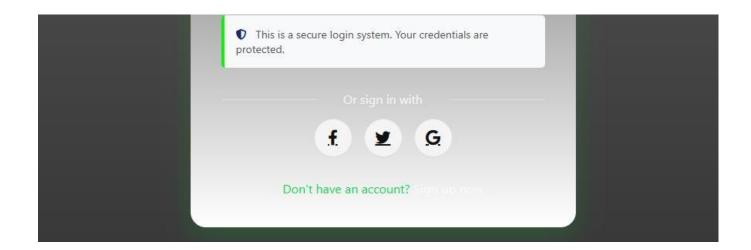
Eventually, shift away from hardcoded users:

Example API POST request:

```
fetch('https://yourdomain.com/api/login', {
  method: 'POST',
  headers: { 'Content-Type': 'application/json' },
  body: JSON.stringify({ email, password })
})
.then(res => res.json())
.then(data => {
  if (data.success) {
    showToast("Login successful", 'success');
  } else {
    showToast("Invalid credentials", 'error');
  }
})
.catch(err => {
  showToast("Network error", 'error');
});
```

FINAL OUTPUT:





7. Deployment

Recommended Stack:

- Frontend: This HTML + JS page
- Backend: Node.js/Express or PHP (optional for handling auth)
- Hosting:
 - Static: GitHub Pages, Netlify, Vercel
 - Dynamic (API): Render, Railway, or Heroku

Deployment Steps (Static):

- 1. Push project to GitHub.
- 2. Use Netlify:
 - Connect GitHub repo
 - Netlify auto builds and deploys

OR

- 3. Use GitHub Pages:
 - ⊙ Go to repo → Settings → Pages → Deploy from main or docs folder