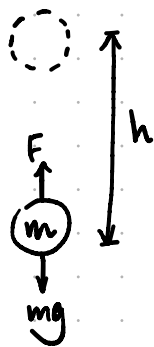


# Work, Energy and Power ⚡

Work = force  $\times$  distance [Nm] or [J]  
joules

to lift something:



$$F = mg$$

equation for GPE

$$\text{work} = f \times d = mgh = \text{GPE}$$

## Types of energy

Kinetic Energy

$$KE = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$$

energy of movement

Potential Energy

"stored" energy

GPE is 1 type of potential energy

(Principle of)

## Conservation of Mechanical Energy

When no external forces (except for gravity / weight) are doing work, sum of potential & kinetic energies is constant

(e.g. force applied for 10m,  $\Sigma E$  increases by 10F)

## Work-Energy Principle

Gain in total energy of a particle is the work done to the particle

Loss in total energy of a particle is the work done against a force

(e.g. friction)

move 10m against friction,  $\Sigma E$  decreases by 10F

POWER: rate of work =  $\frac{\text{work}}{\text{time}} = \frac{f \times d}{t} = fv$  [Js<sup>-1</sup>] or [W]

What?