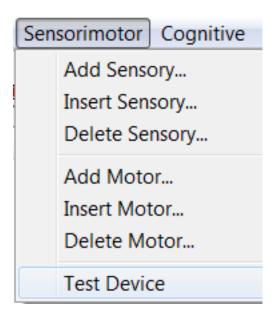
# **BrainX**

# **Menu Sensorimotor**



#### **DISCLAIMER**

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Thank you.

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# Warnings and Cautions

This software can be used to design paradigms for magnetoencephalography (MEG), electroencephalography (EEG) and functional resonance imaging (fMRI).

The following warnings and cautions appear in this guide. Please ensure you are aware of all the operations and interpretations.

#### **General Information**

The sensorimotor menu includes all the functions for delivering somatosensory and/or motor stimuli.

Electrical stimulation of median never or fingers is typically used for sensory stimulation. BrainX enables users to control the stimulation system through parallel, serial or USB ports. Since the settings depend on the specific hardware, the parameters may vary from one device to another.

# **Add Sensory**

It adds a sensory stimulation to the end of the stimulus list.

# **Insert Sensory**

It inserts a sensory stimulation to the selected position of the stimulus list.

# **Delete Sensory**

It deletes all sensory stimuli in the stimulation list.

# How to setup Sensory stimuli

The dialog for setup sensory stimuli allows defining the parameters for somatosensory data.

#### Name

It indicates the name of the stimulus.

#### Trial

It indicates the trials of stimulations.

#### **Duration**

It indicates the time for stimulation.

Hint: the duration is not necessarily equal to the stimulation time of the somatosensory stimuli. Typically, the duration is longer than the stimulation time of the somatosensory stimuli.

Interval

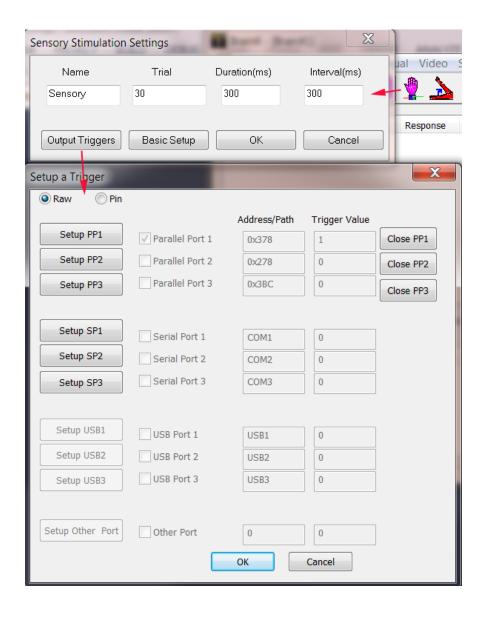
It indicates the interval between two consequent stimuli.

#### **Basic Setup**

It shows a dialog to define the basic parameters of the stimulus (e.g. trigger, self-random).

#### **Output Triggers**

It shows a dialog to define how the sensory stimulation will be triggered. The trigger associated with the stimulation that will be sent to the stimulation system as well as the MEG/EEG/fMRI systems (which is optional).



#### **Add Motor**

It adds a movement (motor) stimulation to the end of the stimulus list.

#### **Insert Motor**

It inserts a movement (motor) stimulation to the selected position of the stimulus list.

#### **Delete Motor**

It deletes all movement (motor) stimuli in the stimulation list.

### How to setup Motor stimuli

The dialog for setup motor stimuli allows defining the parameters for somatosensory data. Motor stimuli are typically performed with response box or key board. BrainX supports up to 10 kind of movements, which are corresponding to 10 fingers.

#### Any Movement

It indicates that any movement (e.g. any finger typping) will result in the software to send a trigger to the MEG/EEG/fMRI systems.

#### **One Movement**

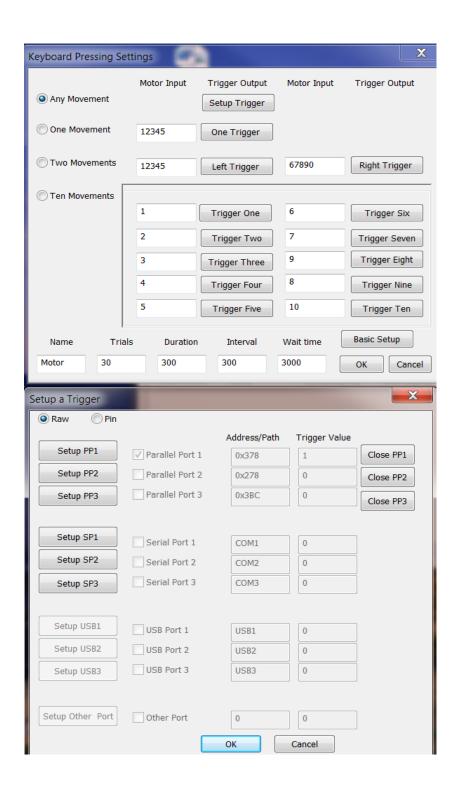
It indicates that one type of movement (e.g. typing on a specific key or a group of keys) will result in the software to send a trigger to the MEG/EEG/fMRI systems.

#### **Two Movements**

It indicates that two types of movements (e.g. typing on two keys or two groups of keys) will result in the software to send a trigger to the MEG/EEG/fMRI systems.

#### **Ten Movements**

It indicates that ten types of movements (e.g. typing each finger) will result in the software to send a trigger to the MEG/EEG/fMRI systems.



#### Name

It indicates the name of stimulations.

#### **Trials**

It indicates the trials of stimulations.

#### **Duration**

It indicates the time for stimulation.

Hint: the duration is not necessarily equal to the stimulation time of the somatosensory stimuli. Typically, the duration is longer than the stimulation time of the somatosensory stimuli.

#### Interval

It indicates the interval between two consequent stimuli.

#### **Wait Time**

It indicates the time allowed for the software to wait for subjects to type or press the keys or buttons.

#### **Basic Setup**

It shows a dialog to define the basic parameters of the stimulus (e.g. trigger, self-random).

#### **Triggers**

It shows a dialog to define how the sensory stimulation will be triggered. The trigger associated with the stimulation that will be sent to the stimulation system as well as the MEG/EEG/fMRI systems (which is optional).