Software Design Specification

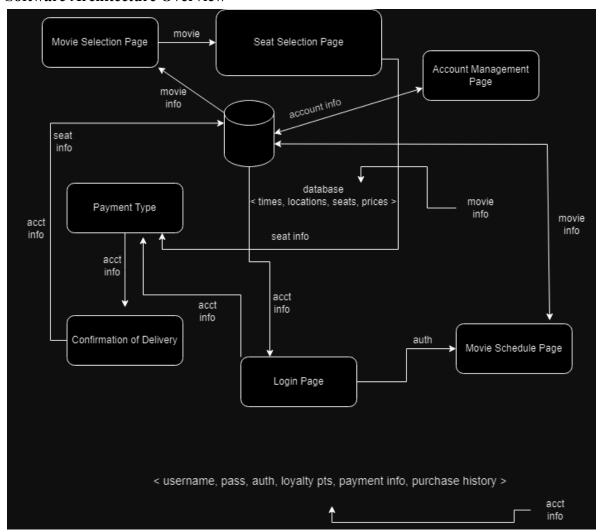
Movie Theater Ticketing System

Bryce Rambach Nikoli Oudo Atah Habibi

System Description

Users and team members will be able to use the movie theater ticketing system through an interactive program presented by the software design. As listed below, it will have a number of prerequisites. Users of the program will be able to reserve cinema tickets and grant team members access to the database. Numerous alternatives are provided, including a complete payment gateway and seat selection.

Software Architecture Overview



Components Overview

1. Movie Selection Page:

- **Function:** This is where users select the movie they want to watch.
- Connectors:
 - Sends selected movie information to the Seat Selection Page.
 - Receives movie info from a database to display available movies.

2. Seat Selection Page:

- Function: Users choose their preferred seats on this page.
- Connectors:
 - Sends seat info to the Payment Type for transaction processing.
 - Receives account info from the Account Management Page to verify user details.
 - Receives seat info from the database to display available seats.

3. Account Management Page:

- Function: Handles user account details, preferences, and history.
- Connectors:
 - Sends account info to the Seat Selection Page for booking tickets.
 - Sends movie info to the Movie Schedule Page to display the movie timings and details.

4. Payment Type:

- Function: Allows users to choose a payment method and processes the payment.
- Connectors:
 - Sends acct info to the Confirmation of Delivery to finalize the transaction.
 - Receives seat info and acct info from the Seat Selection Page to process the payment.

5. Confirmation of Delivery:

- Function: Confirms the successful transaction and ticket delivery.
- Connectors:
 - Receives acct info from the Payment Type to confirm the transaction and update the user's account.

6. Login Page:

- **Function:** Authenticates users before they access their accounts or make a booking.
- Connectors:
 - Sends auth (authentication) information to the Movie Schedule Page to ensure the user is logged in before accessing movie schedules.
 - Receives acct info from users attempting to log in.

7. Movie Schedule Page:

- Function: Displays the schedule of movies.
- Connectors:
 - Receives auth from the Login Page to display schedules to authenticated users
 - Sends movie info to the Account Management Page to allow users to manage their bookings.

8. Database:

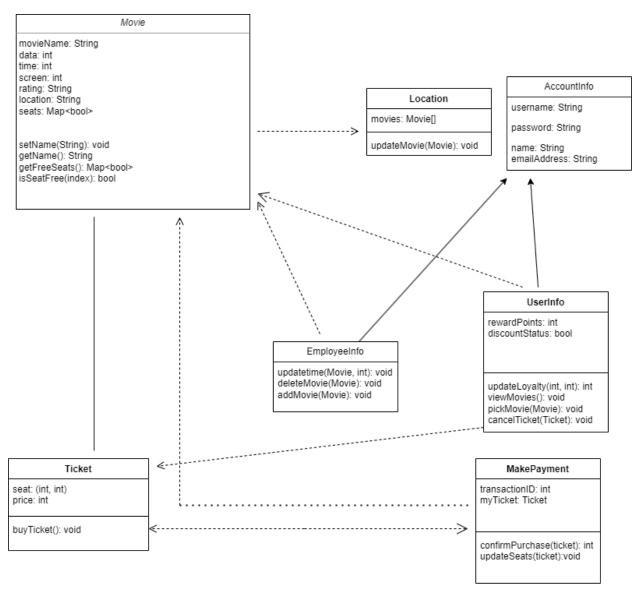
- **Function:** Stores all the data required for the system to function, like movie times, locations, seat availability, and pricing.
- Connectors:
 - Interacts with multiple components, providing times, locations, seats, and prices to the Seat Selection Page, and seat info to the Payment Type.

Bottom Connector (username, pass, auth, loyalty pts, payment info, purchase history):

• This represents the flow of information that is likely used throughout the system for different purposes. It connects the entire system architecture and suggests that these pieces of information are central to the system's operations and are passed between various components.

Explanation of Connectors and Flow:

- Movie Selection to Seat Selection: After selecting a movie, the relevant information is passed to the Seat Selection Page, so the user can choose their seats.
- Seat Selection to Payment: Once seats are selected, this information, along with the user's account details, is passed to the Payment Type to proceed with the transaction.
- **Payment to Confirmation:** After payment details are provided, the information is sent to the Confirmation of Delivery component to confirm the transaction and issue the ticket.
- Account Management to Seat Selection and Movie Schedule: User account details are shared with the Seat Selection for booking and the Movie Schedule Page to display personalized movie schedules.
- Login to Movie Schedule: Ensures that only authenticated users can access the movie schedule.
- **Database Interactions:** The database acts as a central repository, providing necessary data to the Seat Selection and Payment Type components and receiving updates from them as transactions occur.



Classes Description:

Movie

• Attributes:

- **movieName: String -** A text attribute to store the name of the movie.
- date: int An integer to store the date, which is likely a timestamp or similar numerical representation.
- **time:** int An integer to store the time, which could also be a timestamp.
- **screen:** int An integer indicating which screen the movie is showing on.
- rating: String A text attribute to store the movie's rating.
- **location:** String A text attribute to store the location where the movie is being shown.
- **seats:** Map<bool> A map structure with boolean values to represent the occupancy status of each seat.

• Operations:

- o **setName(String): void** A method to set the movie's name, takes a string as a parameter.
- o getName(): String A method to get the movie's name, returns a string.
- o **getFreeSeats(): Map<bool>** A method to get a map of the free seats, returns a map with boolean values.
- **isSeatFree(index): bool** A method to check if a seat is free, takes an index as a parameter and returns a boolean.

Ticket

o Attributes:

- **seat: (int, int)** A tuple of two integers representing the seat location (row, column).
- price: int An integer to store the price of the ticket.

• Operations:

o **buyTicket(): void** - A method to initiate the purchase of a ticket.

Location

O Attributes:

■ movies: Movie[] - An array of Movie objects.

• Operations:

• **updateMovie(Movie): void** - A method to update a movie, takes a Movie object as a parameter.

• AccountInfo

• Attributes:

- **username: String** A text attribute to store the username.
- **password: String -** A text attribute to store the password.
- name: String A text attribute to store the name of the account holder.
- emailAddress: String A text attribute to store the email address.
- Operations: None specified.

• UserInfo

• Attributes:

- **rewardPoints:** int An integer to store the reward points.
- **discountStatus:** bool A boolean to store the status of a discount.

• Operations:

- o **updateLoyalty(int, int): int** A method to update loyalty points, takes two integers as parameters and returns an integer.
- **viewMovies(): void -** A method to view movies.
- o **pickMovie(Movie): void** A method to select a movie, takes a Movie object as a parameter.
- o **cancelTicket(Ticket): void -** A method to cancel a ticket, takes a Ticket object as a parameter.

• EmployeeInfo

- Operations:
 - updateMovie(Movie, int): void A method to update movie information, takes a Movie object and an integer as parameters.
 - **deleteMovie(Movie): void** A method to delete a movie, takes a Movie object as a parameter.
 - addMovie(Movie): void A method to add a new movie, takes a Movie object as a parameter.

MakePayment

- Attributes:
 - **transactionID:** int An integer to store the transaction ID.
 - myTicket: Ticket A Ticket object.

• Operations:

- o **confirmPurchase(ticket):** int A method to confirm the purchase of a ticket, takes a Ticket object as a parameter and returns an integer.
- **updateSeats(ticket): void -** A method to update the seats after purchase, takes a Ticket object as a parameter.

Relationships Description:

- The **Location** class has a one-to-many relationship with the **Movie** class, indicating that one location can have multiple movies.
- The **UserInfo** class is related to **AccountInfo**, **EmployeeInfo**, and **MakePayment**. The exact nature of these relationships isn't specified but could indicate inheritance (UserInfo is a type of AccountInfo) or association (UserInfo interacts with EmployeeInfo and MakePayment).
- The **MakePayment** class is associated with the **Ticket** class, indicating that the payment process is related to purchasing tickets.

Development Plan and Timeline Partitioning of tasks

Team member responsibilities