

Python for scientific research

Data visualisation with `seaborn`

Bram Kuijper

University of Exeter, Penryn Campus, UK

March 3, 2020



Researcher
Development

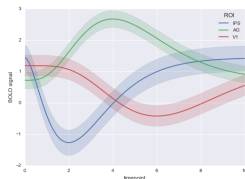
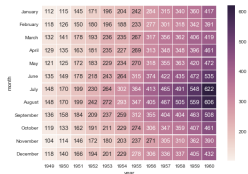
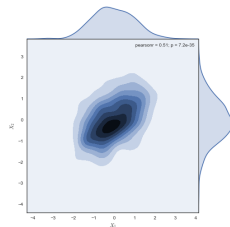
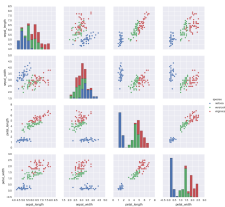
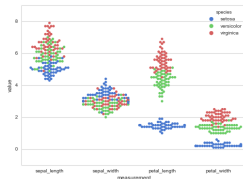
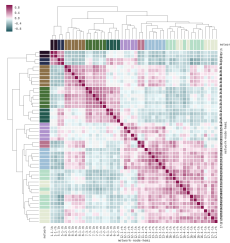


What we've done so far

- 1 Declare variables using built-in data types and execute operations on them
- 2 Use flow control commands to dictate the order in which commands are run and when
- 3 Encapsulate programs into reusable functions, modules and packages
- 4 Use string manipulation and regex to work with textual data
- 5 Interact with the file system
- 6 Number crunching using NumPy/SciPy
- 7 Publication-ready graphs with Matplotlib
- 8 Working with data using pandas
- 9 **Next:** Introducing Seaborn, an advanced plotting library

Introduction

- Seaborn is a library built on top of Matplotlib for making attractive and informative statistical graphics
- It supports Numpy and Pandas data structures



Reading data files: Wine

```
1 import pandas as pd
2
3 # Chemical analysis of wines grown in the same region in
  Italy but
4 # from three different cultivars
5 df = pd.read_csv("wine.csv", header=0)
6 df.head()
```

	WineType	Alcohol	MalicAcid	Ash	AlcalinityAsh	Magnesium \
0	A	14.23	1.71	2.43	15.6	127
1	A	13.20	1.78	2.14	11.2	100
2	A	13.16	2.36	2.67	18.6	101
3	A	14.37	1.95	2.50	16.8	113
4	A	13.24	2.59	2.87	21.0	118

	TotalPhenols	Flavanoids	NonflavanoidPhenols	Proanthocyanins \
0	2.80	3.06	0.28	2.29
1	2.65	2.76	0.26	1.28
2	2.80	3.24	0.30	2.81
3	3.85	3.49	0.24	2.18
4	2.80	2.69	0.39	1.82

	ColorIntensity	Hue	OD280_OD315	Proline
0	5.64	1.04	3.92	1065
1	4.38	1.05	3.40	1050
2	5.68	1.03	3.17	1185
3	7.80	0.86	3.45	1480
4	4.32	1.04	2.93	735