

EX.NO: 03	FUNCTIONS
DATE:	

PROGRAM 1:

Movie Ticket Pricing

You're writing a function to calculate movie ticket prices based on age.

Kids under 12: \$5

Seniors (60+): \$6

Everyone else: \$10

Question:

Write a function `calculate_ticket_price(age)` that returns the correct ticket price.

Sample Input:

`calculate_ticket_price(8)` # Output: 5

`calculate_ticket_price(30)` # Output: 10

`calculate_ticket_price(65)` # Output: 6

```
def calculate_ticket_price(age):
    if age < 0:
        return "Enter age in Positive!"
    elif age <= 12 :
        return "Ticket price for Kids is $5"
    elif age >= 60:
        return "Ticket price for Seniors is $6"
    else:
        return "Ticket Price for Others is $10"
print(calculate_ticket_price(8))
print(calculate_ticket_price(30))
print(calculate_ticket_price(65))
```

OUTPUT:

```
⇒ Ticket price for Kids is $5
   Ticket Price for Others is $10
   Ticket price for Seniors is $6
```

PROGRAM 2:

You're building a weather app and need a function to convert temperatures from Celsius to

Fahrenheit

Question:

Write a function `celsius_to_fahrenheit(celsius)` that returns the Fahrenheit equivalent.

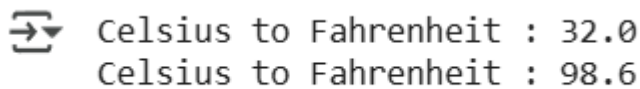
Sample Input:

`celsius_to_fahrenheit(0)` # Output: 32.0

`celsius_to_fahrenheit(37)` # Output: 98.6

```
def celsius_to_fahrenheit(celsius):  
    return f'Celsius to Fahrenheit : {(celsius * 9/5) + 32}'  
print(celsius_to_fahrenheit(0))  
print(celsius_to_fahrenheit(37))
```

OUTPUT:



```
⇒ Celsius to Fahrenheit : 32.0  
Celsius to Fahrenheit : 98.6
```

PROGRAM 3:

You're creating a grading system. Given a score (0–100), return a letter grade:

A: 90+

B: 80–89

C: 70–79

D: 60–69

F: below 60

Question:

Write a function `get_grade(score)` that returns the letter grade.

Sample Input:

`get_grade(85)` # Output: "B"

`get_grade(59)` # Output: "F"

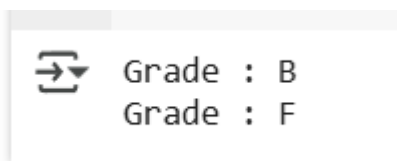
```
def get_grade(score):  
    marks = score//10  
    match marks :  
        case 9 | 10:  
            return "Grade : A"  
        case 8:  
            return "Grade : B"  
        case 7:  
            return "Grade : C"
```

```

    case 6:
        return "Grade : D"
    case 5:
        return "Grade : F"
    case _:
        return "Give Score within 100!"
print(get_grade(86))
print(get_grade(59))

```

OUTPUT:



```

Grade : B
Grade : F

```

PROGRAM 4:

In a text editing app, users want a function that takes a sentence and reverses each word, keeping the word order the same.

Question:

Write a function `reverse_words(sentence)` that reverses the characters of each word.

Sample Input:

`reverse_words("hello world")` # Output: "olleh dlrow"

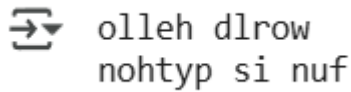
`reverse_words("python is fun")` # Output: "nohtyp si nuf"

```

def reverse_words(sentence):
    words = sentence.split()
    a = [word[::-1] for word in words]
    b = " ".join(a)
    return b
print(reverse_words("hello world"))
print(reverse_words("python is fun"))

```

OUTPUT:



PROGRAM 5:

Shipping Cost Calculator :A company charges shipping based on weight:

Up to 2kg: \$5

2–5kg: \$10

5kg and above: \$15

Question:

Write a function `calculate_shipping(weight)` that returns the shipping cost.

Sample Input:

`calculate_shipping(1.5)` # Output: 5

`calculate_shipping(3.2)` # Output: 10

`calculate_shipping(7.0)` # Output: 15

```
def calculate_shipping(weight):
    if weight < 0 or weight == 0:
        return "Enter weight in Positive"
    elif weight < 2:
        return "$5"
    elif weight == 2 or weight < 5:
        return "$10"
    else:
        return "$15"
print(calculate_shipping(1))
```

OUTPUT:



PROGRAM 6:

Password Strength Checker

Scenario: You're building a signup form. The password must be at least 8 characters long and contain at least one uppercase letter, one lowercase letter, and one digit.

Question:

Write a function `is_strong_password(password)` that returns `True` if the password is strong, otherwise `False`.

Sample Input:

`is_strong_password("Password123")` # Output: `True`

```
def is_strong_password(password):  
    a = any(c.isupper() for c in password)  
    b = any(c.islower() for c in password)  
    c = any(c.isdigit() for c in password)  
    return a and b and c
```

```
print(is_strong_password("Pass123"))
```

OUTPUT:

```
print(is_strong_p  
⇒ True
```

DEPARTMENT OF CSE		
Program	10	
Output	5	
Viva-Voce	5	
Total	20	