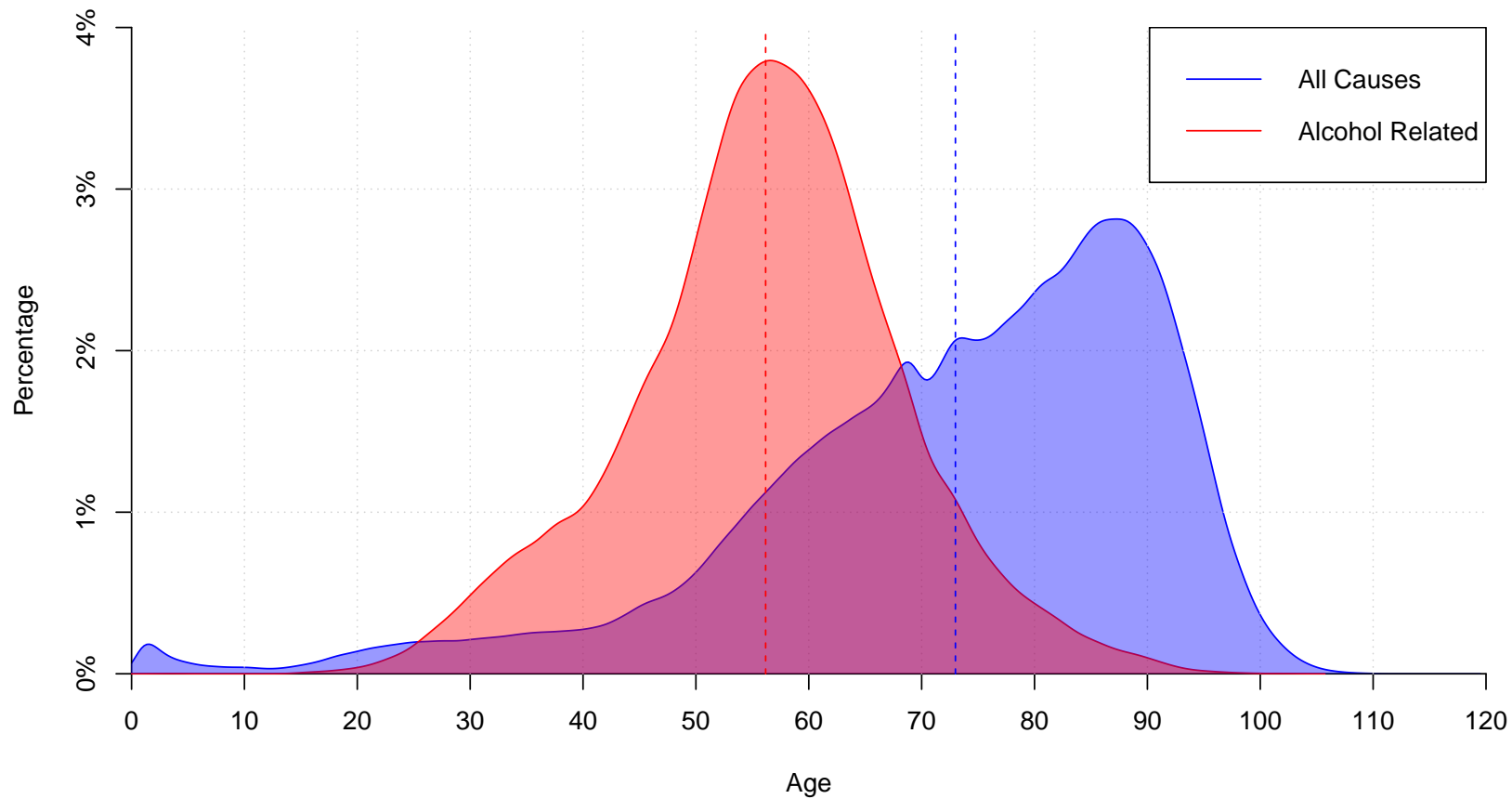


### Distribution of Mortality Age by Cause, 2016



Each curve represents the distribution of deaths across ages for 2016. The red-shaded area pertains to ‘alcohol-related mortality’, defined as direct, non-accidental deaths (excluding drunk-driving accidents, alcohol-related suicide, fetal alcohol syndrome, etc).

The blue-shaded area accounts for deaths of all causes. Each curve is associated with a dashed, vertical line which intercepts the x-axis at the average age of death within the group. In this case, a 17-year disparity separates the average age of alcohol-related death from the average age of death for all causes.

For a complete list of the causes of death related to alcohol, refer to the ICD-10 codes below:  
F10, E244, G312, G621, G721, I426, K70, K292, K852, K860, R780, X45, X65, Y15

Data collected from the CDC, Division of Vital Statistics:  
[https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data\\_access/vitalstatsonline.htm](https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data_access/vitalstatsonline.htm)