Real-World Big Data in Action

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Number 2 in an occasional series

OS X and Linux User Setup

Create a spa16 User in OS X

- Use System Preferences -> Users and Groups
- Set the Account Name to spa16
- Make the user an Administrator
- Log out of OS X, and log back in again as the spa16 user

Create a spa16 User in Linux

- (instructions to be added)
- Make the user an Administrator
- Log out of Linux, and log back in again as the spa16 user

Windows User Setup

Create a spa16 User in Windows

- You need to add a user with a name without spaces
- You can't do this from the Windows UI (since it demands a first and last name)
- Run a Windows Command Prompt as Administrator and enter the command:
 - C:\Windows\System32>net user spa16 /add
- Make this account an Administrator
 - Use Settings -> Accounts (Family & other users -> Change account type)
- Log out of Windows, and log back in again as the spa16 user

Software Prerequisites

Install Java (the full JDK, not the JRE) if not installed already

- http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javase/downloads/index.html
- For Mac El Capitain, these commands will work if you have Homebrew:
 - \$ brew tap caskroom/cask
 - \$ brew unlink brew-cask
 - \$ brew cask install java
- For Debian and Ubuntu, these commands should work:
 - \$ sudo apt-get update
 - \$ sudo apt-get install default-jdk
- I'm not entirely sure about this, I already had java...

Install Python 2.7 if not installed already

- https://www.python.org/downloads/
- you don't need to know Python programming for this session, but need it to run some of the tools
- you may need to add C:\Python27 to %PATH% (see later slide for instructions)

Install git if not installed already

- https://git-scm.com/downloads (or apt, yum etc for Linux)
- Windows and Mac versions are on the USB stick in the downloads folder

Windows Software Prequisites

Install the Visual C++ Runtime

- Run vcredist_x64.exe (it's on the on the USB stick in the downloads\windows directory)
- I downloaded this from https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/details.aspx?
 id=13523

Clone the Project Files

Start a Shell / Command Prompt

 OS X: Applications → Terminal; Linux: Start Terminal from the toolbar; Windows: run a Command Prompt

Create the Project Subdirectory

Clone the Project files

```
$ cd $HOME/SPA_2016          ← for OS X and Linux
C:\> cd \Users\spa16\SPA_2016     ← for Windows
$ git clone https://github.com/rozanski/bcs spa16.git .
```

Copy the Additional Directories from the USB Stick

 Copy the datasets and download directories from the USB stick into the SPA_2016 directory

Install Hadoop

For OS X and Linux

- The Unix Hadoop software is in the downloads/osx-linux directory on the USB stick
- Extract hadoop*.tar into ~/SPA 2016/hadoop

For Windows

- The standard Hadoop binaries do not work in Windows
- A custom Hadoop build for Windows is in the downloads/windows directory on the USB stick
- It includes Windows DLLs hdfs.dll and hadoop.dll, and batch scripts for starting the various programs (which generally don't work...)
- Extract hadoop*.tarinto C:\Users\spa16\SPA_2016\hadoop

Check Extract

• Check you have directories hadoop/bin, hadoop/sbin, hadoop/logs, hadoop/sbin...

Install Spark and Hive

Install Spark

- The Spark software (all platforms) is in the downloads/directory on the USB stick
- Extract spark*.tar into ~/SPA_2016/spark (OS X, Linux) or
 C:\Users\spa16\SPA_2016\spark (Windows)
- You should end up with directories spark/bin, spark/conf, spark/logs, spark/ sbin...

Install Spark CSV Support

- This is also in the downloads/directory on the USB stick
- Copy spark-csv*.jarinto ~/SPA_2016/spark/lib (OSX and Linux) or
 C:\Users\spa16\SPA_2016\spark\lib (Windows)

Install Hive

- The Hive software (all platforms) is in the downloads/directory on the USB stick
- Extract apache-hive*.tarinto~/SPA_2016/hive (OS X, Linux) or
 C:\Users\spa16\SPA_2016\hive (Windows)
- You should end up with directories hive/bin, conf...

Set Environment Variables (OS X, Linux)

Check the script \$HOME/SPA_2016/env.src

- This attempts to derive \$JAVA HOME for your environment
 - It is configured for the latest Java version (1.8.0_91)
- It sets \$SPA HOME to the root directory for your project files
- It sets various environment variables for Hadoop, Spark and Hive

Run the Script

- \$ source \$HOME/SPA 2016/env.src
- If there are no errors, and \$JAVA_HOME and \$SPA_HOME have been set correctly, you (probably) don't need to change it
- You will run the script at the start of each exercise

Set Environment Variables (Windows)

Set System Environment Variables

- You need Administrator access to do this
- Use Settings -> System Properties -> Advanced -> Environment Variables...
- You may need to restart

%JAVA_HOME%

- Set it to something like C:\PROGRA~1\Java\JDK18~1.0 9
- to get the 8.3 path, type for %I in (.) do echo %~sI

%PATH%

Add the following paths to %PATH%:

```
C:\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32
C:\Users\spa16\SPA_2016\hadoop\bin
```

C:\Users\spa16\SPA 2016\hadoop\sbin

Run the Environment script

```
C:\> env.cmd
```

You should run the script at the start of each exercise

Configure the Big Data Software

Sample Configuration Files

- Sample configuration files for the session are in directories in the config directory
- You will be copying the files into the software directories, and then confirming they are right for your setup

Copy Hadoop Config Files

- from: config/hadoop_etc_hadoop
- to: hadoop/etc/hadoop

Copy Spark Config Files

- from: config/spark conf
- to: spark/conf

Copy Hive Config Files

- from: config/hive conf
- to: hive/conf

Configure Hadoop

Hadoop Configuration Files

- Hadoop configuration files are XML files
- Check the paths and usernames shown below

hadoop/etc/hadoop/core-site.xml

fs.defaultFS	hdfs://localhost:9000	NameNode URI
hadoop.tmp.dir	/Users/spa16/SPA_2016/data/hadoop/tmp	Hadoop temporary directory
hadoop.proxyuser.spa16.hosts		used to configure connect connections; you adopt your
hadoop.proxyuser.spa16.groups	* (asterisk)	operating system username and group when logged into Hadoop or Hive

hadoop/etc/hadoop/hdfs-site.xml

ISPA /Ulh/data/hadoon/hdts/	Path on the local filesystem where the DataNode stores its blocks
SPA /III 6/data/hadoon/hdtg/	Path on the local filesystem where the NameNode stores the namespace and transaction logs

Configure Hadoop (Windows)

Hadoop Configuration Files

- Hadoop configuration files are XML files
- Edit them as shown below (use forward-slashes even though this is Windows)

hadoop\etc\hadoop\core-site.xml

fs.defaultFS	hdfs://localhost:9000	NameNode URI
hadoop.tmp.dir	/SPA_2016/data/hadoop/tmp	Hadoop temporary directory
hadoop.proxyuser.spa16.hosts	* (asterisk)	used to configure connect connections; you adopt your
hadoop.proxyuser.spa16.groups	+ lactorick	into Had

REMOVE THIS

SLIDE

hadoop\etc\hadoop\hdfs-site.xml

dfs.datanode.data.dir	file:/Users/spa16/ SPA_2016/data/hadoop/hdfs/ datanode	Path on its block (Same as previous) stores
dfs.namenode.name.dir	1900 / 1116/data/haddon/hdtg/	Path on the local filesystem where the NameNode stores the namespace and transaction logs

Configure Spark

Spark Configuration Files

Edit Spark configuration script and files as shown below

spark/conf/spark-env.sh

export HADOOP_CONF_DIR=/Users/spa16/SPA_2016/hadoop/etc/hadoop	Tells Spark where the Hadoop configuration files can be found
export SPARK_LOCAL_DIRS=/Users/spa16/SPA_2016/data/spark	Tells Spark where to put its local storage

spark/conf/slaves

localhost (or IP address) Tells Spark that a slave (Worker) will be running on the computer
--

spark/conf/spark-defaults.conf

spark.jars.packages com.databricks:spark-csv_2.11:1.4.0	All on one line. Tells Spark that a slave (Worker) will be running on the local computer. Make sure the version (11.1.4.0) matches the version of the JAR you downloaded previously
---	---

Configure Hive

Hive Configuration

Edit Hive configuration files as shown below

\$SPA_2016/hive/conf/hive-site.xml

fs.defjavax.jdo.option. ConnectionURLaultFS	<pre>jdbc:derby:;databaseName=/Users/spa16/SPA_2016/ data/hive/metastore_db; create=true</pre>	JDBC connect string for the metastore
hive.execution.engine	snark	Hive execution engine. Options are: mr (map reduce, default, deprecated), tez, spark.
datanucleus.autoCreateTables	TRUE	automatically create metadata tables on first invocation of hive server

\$SPA_2016/hive/conf/spark-defaults.conf

spark.master <pre>spark://master:7077</pre>	Tells Hive the URL of the Spark Master server
spark.jars.packages com.databricks:spark-csv_2.11:1.4.0	Tells Hive to load Spark CSV support

Create Hive Metastore Database

- The Hive megastore database uses Derby to store Hive metadata
- In production, you would use a robust multi-threaded database like MySQL or SQL Server

OS X and Linux

ALREADY CREATED

- Run these commands
- \$ source \$HOME/SPA 2016/env.src
- \$ spa 2016.bash init metastore
- You should have a directory \$SPA_2016/data/hive/metastore_db/

Windows

The above commands don't seem to work...

Set up Passphraseless SSH (OS X, Linux)

Spark and SSH

- SSH is Secure Shell, a cryptographically secure way of running services over an insecure network (for example, logging in to another computer)
- Spark uses SSH to communicate between nodes (in an enterprise installation, these will run on many different computers)
- For the exercise we are going to set up SSH without a password

Check for Passphraseless SSH

- Type the command:
- \$ ssh localhost
- If you are prompted for a passphrase, you will need to set up passphraseless SSH

Set up Passphraseless SSH

Type these commands:

```
$ ssh-keygen -t dsa -P '' -f ~/.ssh/id_dsa
$ cat ~/.ssh/id_dsa.pub >> ~/.ssh/authorized_keys
```

 If you don't do this, you will be prompted for your password whenever you start up / shut down Hadoop or Spark Real-World Big Data in Action

Hadoop Exercises

A Big Data Virtual Filesystem



Initialise Hadoop Filesystem (OS X, Linux)

Format the HDFS Filesystem

- Equivalent to formatting an operating system filesystem partition
- Warning: this destroys all HDFS data!
- \$ source \$HOME/SPA 2016/env.src
- \$ \$HADOOP PREFIX/bin/hdfs namenode -format
- Confirm there are no WARN or ERROR messages
- Do this before starting Hadoop
- If it goes wrong, delete the contents of the data directory before retrying

Check it has worked

\$ ls \$SPA_2016/data/hadoop/hdfs/
namenode

 The directory \$SPA_2016/data/hadoop stores the Hadoop physical operating system files for the namenode and datanode

Initialise Hadoop Filesystem (Windows)

Format the HDFS Filesystem

- Equivalent to formatting an operating system filesystem partition
- Warning: this destroys all HDFS data!

```
C:\> env.cmd
```

C:\> hadoop.cmd namenode -format

- Confirm there are no WARN or ERROR messages (ignore the DEPRECATED message)
- Do this before starting Hadoop

Check it has worked

C:\> dir C:\Users\spa16\SPA_2016\data\hadoop\hdfs
namenode

The directory hadoop_data\hadoop stores the Hadoop physical operating system files for the namenode and datanode



Start Hadoop Server (OS X, Linux)

Start Hadoop

```
$ source $HOME/SPA_2016/env.src
$ $HADOOP_PREFIX/sbin/hadoop-daemon.sh start namenode
$ $HADOOP_PREFIX/sbin/hadoop-daemon.sh start secondarynamenode
$ $HADOOP_PREFIX/sbin/hadoop-daemon.sh start datanode
$ $HADOOP_PREFIX/sbin/yarn-daemon.sh start resourcemanager
$ $HADOOP_PREFIX/sbin/yarn-daemon.sh start nodemanager
• can also just run
$ $HADOOP_PREFIX/sbin/start-dfs.sh
$ $HADOOP_PREFIX/sbin/start-yarn.sh
```

To Stop Hadoop at any time

```
$ source $HOME/SPA_2016/env.src
$ $HADOOP_PREFIX/sbin/stop-dfs.sh
```

Ignore messages like "Unable to load native-hadoop library for your platform"

Start Hadoop Server (Windows)

Start Hadoop

Start a Command Prompt, then type

```
C:\> start-dfs.cmd
C:\> start-yarn.cmd
```

- Four command windows should open:
 - Hadoop namenode and datanode
 - YARN nodemanager and resource manager
- Check that the servers are all running and none terminated with errors
- If nothing starts, check %PATH% (should include hadoop\bin and hadoop\sbin)
- A nearly full disk may cause startup to fail

To Stop Hadoop at any time

```
C:\> stop-dfs.cmd
C:\> stop-yarn.cmd
```

or just click on each window and type Ctrl-C



Check Hadoop is Running

Check Running Processes

\$ jps | sort -k 2

← for OS X and Linux

C:\> %JAVA HOME%\bin\jps ← for Windows

nnnnn DataNode

← Hadoop datanode

nnnnn NameNode

← Hadoop namenode

nnnnn NodeManager

← Hadoop YARN node manager

nnnnn ResourceManager

← Hadoop YARN resource manager

nnnnn SecondaryNameNode ← Hadoop secondary namenode (may not have this)

Check Log Files

- Review log files in logs directory (OS X and Linux) or in the consoles (Windows)
- check there are no ERROR messages (a few WARN messages is usually ok)

Check Web Interfaces

- Hadoop Web UI http://localhost:50070
- try Utilities → Browse the Filesystem (it's empty at the moment)

Hadoop Command Line (OS X and Linux)

Hadoop Command Line

- many Unix shell file manipulation commands (ls, mkdir, rm etc) have Hadoop equivalents using hadoop fs -<command>
- for example: \$HADOOP PREFIX/bin/hadoop fs -ls /user
- see https://hadoop.apache.org/docs/current/hadoop-project-dist/hadoop-common/FileSystemShell.html

Create Your User Directories on the Hadoop Filesystem

```
$ source $SPA_2016/env.src
$ $HADOOP_PREFIX/bin/hadoop fs -mkdir -p /user/spa16/load/lfb
$ $HADOOP_PREFIX/bin/hadoop fs -mkdir -p /user/spa16/load/lhp
```

Check it's Worked

```
$ $HADOOP PREFIX/bin/hadoop fs -ls /user/spa16/load
```

Hadoop Command Line (Windows)

Hadoop Command Line

- many Unix shell file manipulation commands (ls, mkdir, rm etc) have Hadoop equivalents using %SPA 2016%\hadoop\bin\hdfs.cmd dfs -<command>
- for example: %SPA 2016%\hadoop\bin\hdfs.cmd -ls /user
- see https://hadoop.apache.org/docs/current/hadoop-project-dist/hadoop-common/
 FileSystemShell.html
- Note this script is in hadoop/bin, not hadoop/sbin

Create Your User Directories on the Hadoop Filesystem

```
C:\> hdfs.cmd dfs -mkdir -p /user/spa16/load/lfb
C:\> hdfs.cmd dfs -mkdir -p /user/spa16/load/lhp
```

Check it's Worked

```
C:\> hdfs.cmd dfs -ls /user/spa16/load

Found 2 items

drwxr-xr-x - spa16 supergroup 0 2016-06-19 15:16 /user/spa16/load/lfb

drwxr-xr-x - spa16 supergroup 0 2016-06-19 15:16 /user/spa16/load/lhp
```

Load Some Data into Hadoop

London Fire Brigade Reported Incidents

- Original from http://data.london.gov.uk/dataset/london-fire-brigade-incident-records
- Covers the period 2013 2016
- I loaded it into Excel and converted into a 'Windows Comma-Separated' file
- You will find it in:
 - \$SPA_2016/datasets/lfb/load/lfb.csv(OS X,Linux)
 - C:\Users\spa16\SPA 2016\datasets\lfb\load\lfb.csv(Windows)
- There is a larger file, lfb-large.csv, if you want to explore with more data

Load the data into Hadoop

- Run the following command (split over multiple lines here for readability, enter all one one line):
- for OS X and Linux:
- \$ \$HADOOP_HOME/bin/hadoop fs -put \$SPA_2016/datasets/lfb/load/lfb.csv hdfs://localhost:9000/user/spa16/load/lfb
- for Windows:

```
C:\> hdfs.cmd dfs -put
    C:\Users\spa16\SPA_2016\datasets\lfb\load\lfb.csv
hdfs://localhost:9000/user/spa16/load/lfb
```

Check It Has Loaded Into Hadoop

Browse Hadoop from the Command Line

```
$ $HADOOP_HOME/bin/hadoop fs -ls /user/spa16/load/lfb
C:\> hdfs.cmd dfs -ls /user/spa16/load/lfb
Found 1 items
-rw-r--r--   3 spa16 supergroup   79888721 2016-05-29 10:53 /user/spa16/load/lfb.csv
• count the number of lines in the file
$ hadoop fs -cat /user/spa16/load/lfb/lfb.csv | wc -l
C:\> hadoop.cmd fs -cat /user/spa16/load/lfb/lfb.csv | find /c /v ""
322217
322218 (for Windows)
```

Browse Hadoop from your Web Browser

- http://localhost:50070/explorer.html
- look in /user/spa16/load/lfb

```
Permission Owner Group Size Last Modified Replication Block Size Name
-rw-r--r- spal6 supergroup 76.19 MB 6/5/2016, 5:46:50 PM 3 128 MB lfb.csv
```

Spark Exercises

A Big Data Processing Engine



Start Spark Server (OS X and Linux)

Start Hadoop if not already running

see previous slides (for Windows, don't forget to use a Command Prompt)

Start Spark Server

- for Windows, use Cygwin Terminal, not Command Prompt
- \$ source \$HOME/SPA 2016/env.src
- \$ \$SPARK HOME/sbin/start-master.sh
- \$ \$SPARK HOME/sbin/start-slaves.sh spark://hostname:7077
- hostname is the host name (or IP address) of your computer
- enter your password if prompted (Spark uses ssh)

Stop Spark Server

- \$ source \$HOME/SPA_2016/env.src
- \$ \$SPARK HOME/sbin/stop-all.sh

Start Spark Server (Windows)

Start Hadoop if not already running

 see previous slides (for Windows, don't forget to use a Command Prompt)



Start Spark Server

use a Command Prompt

```
C:\> cd \Users\spa16\SPA_2016
C:\> start spark\bin\spark-class.cmd \
    org.apache.spark.deploy.master.Master
C:\> start spark\bin\spark-class.cmd \
    org.apache.spark.deploy.worker.Worker spark://IPADDRESS:7077
```

- IPADDRESS is the IP address of your computer (it's logged by the Master)
- the Worker may need several attempts to connect to the master

Stop Spark Server

press Control-C in each Spark window or click the red X in the corner

Check Hadoop and Spark Are Running

Check Running Processes

\$ jps | sort -k 2 ← for OS X and Linux C:\> %JAVA HOME%\bin\jps ← for Windows ← Hadoop datanode nnnnn DataNode ← Spark master nnnnn Master ← Hadoop namenode nnnnn NameNode ← Hadoop YARN node manager nnnnn NodeManager nnnnn ResourceManager ← Hadoop YARN resource manager nnnnn SecondaryNameNode ← Hadoop secondary namenode ← Spark slave nnnnn Worker

Check Log Files

- Review log files in logs directory (OS X and Linux) or in the consoles (Windows)
- check there are no ERROR messages (a few WARN messages is usually ok)

Check Web Interfaces

- Hadoop Web UI http://localhost:50070
- Browse Hadoop Filesystem http://localhost:50070/explorer.html#
- Spark Web UI http://localhost:8080

Pyspark

Pyspark

- Pyspark allows you to submit Spark commands from a Python shell, in the same way you would invoke Spark programatically
- Pyspark is a wrapper script for spark-submit, which is a script you use to launch Spark
 applications (jar files) on a Spark cluster

Launching Pyspark

- Start Hadoop and Spark
- Start Pyspark:

```
$ $SPARK_HOME/bin/pyspark
```

```
C:\ \SPA 2016\env.cmd
```

C:\> %SPARK HOME%\bin\pyspark.cmd --master spark://IPADDRESS:7077

You should get the message:

SparkContext available as sc, HiveContext available as sqlContext.

- You can run any Python command at this point
- You can also call functions in the pyspark.sql library

```
>>> help(sqlContext)
```

Data Science Using Spark (1 of 2)

Load the LFB Data from the Hadoop Filesystem into Spark

Enter the following command at the Pyspark prompt (on one line, split here for readability)

Check it's Loaded

```
>>> print lfb.count()
...
322217
```

Display the data column names

```
>>> lfb.printSchema()
```

Look at Some Data

```
>>> lfb.filter(lfb.IncidentGroup == "Special Service").limit(5).show()
```

Data Science Using Spark (2 of 2)

Incident Counts by Type

```
>>> lfb.groupBy("IncidentGroup").count().show()
```

Incident Counts by Stop Code

```
>>> lfb.groupBy("StopCodeDescription").count().show(truncate=False)
```

Most Dangerous Areas

And What Happens There

```
>>> lfb.rollup("IncidentGroup", "Postcode_district"). \
      count().sort("count", ascending=False).show()
```

"Frequent" Problem Areas

```
>>> for borough in sorted(lfb.freqItems(["IncGeo_BoroughName"]).first()[0]):

print borough  this line starts with a tab or some spaces (this is Python!)
```

Real-World Big Data in Action

Hive Exercises

A Big Data data warehousing infrastructure



Start Hive Server (OS X and Linux)

Start Hadoop and Spark if not already running

see earlier slides

Start Hive Server

```
$ source $HOME/SPA_2016/env.src
$ nohup $HIVE_HOME/bin/hive --service hiveserver2 2>&1 > /dev/null &
```

Stop Hive Server

\$ killall HiveServer2

You can use my Start / Stop Script to start all servers

```
$ source $HOME/SPA_2016/env.src
$ spa_2016.bash start
...
$ spa_2016.bash stop
```

Start Hive Server (Windows)

Start Hadoop and Spark if not already running

see earlier slides

Start Hive Server

```
C:\> cd \SPA_2016
C:\> env.cmd
C:\> START %HIVE HOME%\bin\hive.cmd --service hiveserver2
```

Stop Hive Server

press Control-C in the Hive window or click the red X in the corner

You can use my Start / Stop Script to start all servers

```
C:\> cd \SPA_2016
C:\> spa_2016.cmd start
...
C:\> spa_2016.cmd stop
```



Beeline

Beeline

- Beeline allows you to run Hive SQL queries from a command shell
- Beeline commands can span multiple lines and are terminated by a semicolon;
- Exit Beeline by typing! quit at the prompt

Run Beeline

```
$ $SPARK_HOME/bin/beeline -u jdbc:hive2:// --color
• Do not run the version of Beeline in $HIVE_HOME/bin!
C:\> cd %SPA_2016%
C:\> spa_2016.cmd beeline
```

Check your Hive databases

You have an empty Hive installation

Data Science Using Hive (1 of 2)

Create your database

Start beeline and enter the command:

```
0: jdbc:hive2://> create database spa_2016;
0: jdbc:hive2://> show databases;
```

Load the LFB Data into Hive

Run this script, which creates a Hive external table called lfb data

```
$ $SPARK_HOME/bin/beeline -u jdbc:hive2:// --color < \
    $SPA_2016/datasets/lfb/load_external.hive
C:\> spa_2016.cmd beeline < C:\Users\spa16\SPA_2016\datasets\lfb\load_external.hive</pre>
```

Check It's Loaded

Run these commands in beeline

```
0: jdbc:hive2://> use spa_2016;
0: jdbc:hive2://> select count(*) from lfb_data;
0: jdbc:hive2://> describe lfb data;
```

The table should contain 322,217 rows

Data Science Using Hive (2 of 2)

Incident Counts by Type

//> select incidentgroup, count(*) from lfb data group by incidentgroup;

Incident Counts by Stop Code

//> select stopcodedescription, count(*) from lfb_data
 group by stopcodedescription;

Most Dangerous Areas

//> select postcode_district, incgeo_boroughname, count(*) as c
 from lfb_data group by postcode_district, incgeo_boroughname
 having c> 1000 order by c desc limit 10;

And What Happens There

//> select postcode_district, incidentgroup, count(*) as c
 from lfb_data group by postcode_district, incidentgroup
 having c> 1000 order by c desc;

"Frequent" Problem Areas

no Hive equivalent to Spark freqItems

Real-World Big Data in Action

Additional Exercises

Even Bigger Big Data

Load Even Bigger Data into Hadoop

London House Prices

- Original from http://data.london.gov.uk/dataset/average-house-prices-borough
- Four CSV files, covers the period 1995 2014
- You can find them in \$SPA 2016/datasets/lfb/load/*.csv

Load the data into Hadoop using hadoop fs

```
$ $HADOOP_HOME/bin/hadoop fs -put \
   $SPA_2016/datasets/lfb/load/*.csv \
   hdfs://localhost:9000/user/spa16/load/lhp
```

Load the data from Hadoop into Spark using Pyspark

```
>>> lfb = sqlContext.read.format('com.databricks.spark.csv').
    option('header', 'true').option('inferschema', 'true').
    option('mode', 'DROPMALFORMED').load('/user/spa16/load/lhp/*.csv')
```

Load the data from Hadoop into Hive using Spark Beeline

```
    Run this script, which creates a Hive external table called lfb data
```

```
$ $SPARK_HOME/bin/beeline -u jdbc:hive2:// --color < \
    $SPA_2016/datasets/lfb/load_external.hive</pre>
```

Data Science With Bigger Data

Average London House Prices by Year

Average Borough House Prices by Year

//> select local_authority, year, avg(price) avg_price from lhp_data
 group by local_authority, year order by local_authority, year;

Maximum and Minimum House Prices by Year

Prices by Property Type and Year

//> select property_type, year, avg(price) avg_price from lhp_data
 group by property_type, year order by avg_price desc;

Prices by Tenure and Year

- //> select tenure, year, count(*) count, avg(price) avg_price from lhp_data
 group by tenure, year order by tenure, year;
- I assume tenure means freehold or leasehold etc.

Real-World Big Data in Action

Appendix

Further Information and Troubleshooting

Web UIs

Hadoop

- Namenode: http://localhost:50070/
- Datanodes: http://localhost:50075/
- Secondary Namenode: http://localhost:50090/
- YARN Resource Manager: http://localhost:8088/cluster
- see: http://blog.cloudera.com/blog/2009/08/hadoop-default-ports-quick-reference/

Spark

- Spark management interface: http://localhost:8080
- PySpark UI: http://localhost:4040/

Hive

as defined in hive-site.xml

Troubleshooting

Hints and Tips

- logging out or rebooting in Windows fixes many problems
- avoid pathnames with spaces this will break many commands
- don't forget to source env.src (OS X / Linux) or run env.bat (Windows)
- on Windows, make sure that hadoop\bin and %JAVA HOME%\bin are in your %PATH%
- on Windows you may need to clear the contents of the temporary directory
 C:\Users\spa16\AppData\Local\Temp

Install Cygwin (Windows 64-bit only)

- Provides a BASH shell to run scripts and commands (you can't use it to run the Big Dat tools though)
- Download from https://cygwin.com/install.html
- A bit easier to use for debugging than the Windows Command Prompt

Troubleshooting Commands

LFB Hive Schema

```
root
 |-- IncidentNumber: string (nullable = true)
 |-- DateOfCall: string (nullable = true)
 |-- TimeOfCall: string (nullable = true)
 |-- IncidentGroup: string (nullable = true)
 |-- StopCodeDescription: string (nullable = true)
 |-- SpecialServiceType: string (nullable = true)
 |-- PropertyCategory: string (nullable = true)
 |-- PropertyType: string (nullable = true)
 |-- AddressQualifier: string (nullable = true)
 |-- Postcode full: string (nullable = true)
 |-- Postcode district: string (nullable = true)
 |-- IncGeo BoroughCode: string (nullable = true)
 |-- IncGeo BoroughName: string (nullable = true)
 |-- IncGeo WardCode: string (nullable = true)
 |-- IncGeo WardName: string (nullable = true)
 |-- Easting m: string (nullable = true)
 |-- Northing m: string (nullable = true)
 |-- Easting rounded: integer (nullable = true)
 |-- Northing rounded: integer (nullable = true)
 |-- FRS: string (nullable = true)
 |-- IncidentStationGround: string (nullable = true)
 |-- FirstPumpArriving AttendanceTime: string (nullable = true)
 |-- FirstPumpArriving DeployedFromStation: string (nullable = true)
 |-- SecondPumpArriving AttendanceTime: string (nullable = true)
 |-- SecondPumpArriving DeployedFromStation: string (nullable = true)
 |-- NumStationsWithPumpsAttending: string (nullable = true)
 |-- NumPumpsAttending: string (nullable = true)
```

LHP Hive Schema

```
root
 |-- id: string (nullable = true)
 |-- transaction id: string (nullable = true)
 |-- price: string (nullable = true)
 |-- date processed: string (nullable = true)
 |-- quarter: string (nullable = true)
 |-- month: string (nullable = true)
 |-- year: string (nullable = true)
 |-- year month: string (nullable = true)
 |-- post code: string (nullable = true)
 |-- property type: string (nullable = true)
 |-- whether new: string (nullable = true)
 |-- tenure: string (nullable = true)
 |-- address1: string (nullable = true)
 |-- address2: string (nullable = true)
 |-- address3: string (nullable = true)
 |-- address4: string (nullable = true)
 |-- town: string (nullable = true)
 |-- local authority: string (nullable = true)
 |-- county: string (nullable = true)
 |-- record status: string (nullable = true)
 |-- post code clean: string (nullable = true)
 |-- inner outer: string (nullable = true)
 |-- borough code: string (nullable = true)
 |-- borough name: string (nullable = true)
 |-- ward code: string (nullable = true)
 |-- ward name: string (nullable = true)
 |-- msoall: string (nullable = true)
 |-- lsoal1: string (nullable = true)
 |-- oall: string (nullable = true)
```