I have added a surrogate key for Offerings , oid, in order to make the implementation of the table for Enrolled easier.

```sql
CREATE TABLE Depts (
  name VARCHAR(20) PRIMARY KEY,
  addr VARCHAR(20)
);

CREATE TABLE People (
  uid CHAR(10) PRIMARY KEY,
  name VARCHAR(20),
  dname VARCHAR(20) REFERENCES Depts(name)
);

CREATE TABLE Instructors (
  uid CHAR(10) PRIMARY KEY REFERENCES People(uid),
  specialty VARCHAR(40)
);

CREATE TABLE Students (
  uid CHAR(10) PRIMARY KEY REFERENCES People(uid),
  standing VARCHAR(30)
);

CREATE TABLE Courses (
  cno CHAR(8) PRIMARY KEY,
  name VARCHAR(40),
  dname VARCHAR(20) REFERENCES Depts(name)
);

CREATE TABLE Offerings (
  oid INT PRIMARY KEY,
  cno CHAR(8) REFERENCES Courses(cno),
  tname CHAR(6),
  uid CHAR(10) REFERENCES Instructors(uid)
);

CREATE TABLE Enrolled (
  oid INT,
  uid CHAR(10) REFERENCES Students(uid),
  PRIMARY KEY(oid,uid)
);
```

```sql
INSERT INTO Depts VALUES('Comp.Sci.', 'ECS Bldg');
INSERT INTO People VALUES('V111111111', 'Jon', 'Comp.Sci.');
INSERT INTO People VALUES('V222222222', 'Ben', 'Comp.Sci.');
INSERT INTO Instructors VALUES('V111111111', 'Hardware');
INSERT INTO Students VALUES('V222222222', '3rd year');
INSERT INTO Courses VALUES('CSC390', 'Hardware Systems', 'Comp.Sci.');
INSERT INTO Offerings VALUES(1, 'CSC390', '201409', 'V111111111');
INSERT INTO Enrolled VALUES(1, 'V222222222');
```