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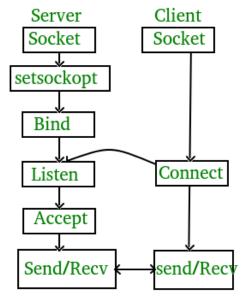
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# Socket Programming in C/C++

#### What is socket programming?

Socket programming is a way of connecting two nodes on a network to communicate with each other. One socket(node) listens on a particular port at an IP, while other socket reaches out to the other to form a connection. Server forms the listener socket while client reaches out to the server.

# State diagram for server and client model



# Stages for server

# · Socket creation:

int sockfd = socket(domain, type, protocol)

**sockfd:** socket descriptor, an integer (like a file-handle)

domain: integer, communication domain e.g., AF\_INET (IPv4 protocol), AF\_INET6 (IPv6 protocol)

type: communication type

SOCK\_STREAM: TCP(reliable, connection oriented)
SOCK\_DGRAM: UDP(unreliable, connectionless)

**protocol:** Protocol value for Internet Protocol(IP), which is 0. This is the same number which appears on protocol field in the IP header of a packet.(man protocols for more details)

# · Setsockopt:

This helps in manipulating options for the socket referred by the file descriptor sockfd. This is completely optional, but it helps in reuse of address and port. Prevents error such as: "address already in use".

#### • Bind:

After creation of the socket, bind function binds the socket to the address and port number specified in addr(custom data structure). In the example code, we bind the server to the localhost, hence we use INADDR\_ANY to specify the IP address.

#### • Listen:

```
int listen(int sockfd, int backlog);
```

It puts the server socket in a passive mode, where it waits for the client to approach the server to make a connection. The backlog, defines the maximum length to which the queue of pending connections for sockfd may grow. If a connection request arrives when the queue is full, the client may receive an error with an indication of ECONNREFUSED.

#### Accept:

```
int new_socket= accept(int sockfd, struct sockaddr *addr, socklen_t *addrlen);
```

It extracts the first connection request on the queue of pending connections for the listening socket, sockfd, creates a new connected socket, and returns a new file descriptor referring to that socket. At this point, connection is established between client and server, and they are ready to transfer data.

### **Stages for Client**

- Socket connection: Exactly same as that of server's socket creation
- Connect:

The connect() system call connects the socket referred to by the file descriptor sockfd to the address specified by addr. Server's address and port is specified in addr.

# Implementation

Here we are exchanging one hello message between server and client to demonstrate the client/server model.

#### server.c

```
// Server side C/C++ program to demonstrate Socket programming
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <string.h>
#define PORT 8080
int main(int argc, char const *argv[])
    int server fd, new socket, valread;
    struct sockaddr_in address;
    int opt = 1;
    int addrlen = sizeof(address);
    char buffer[1024] = {0};
    char *hello = "Hello from server";
    // Creating socket file descriptor
    if ((server_fd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0)) == 0)
    {
        perror("socket failed");
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
    }
    // Forcefully attaching socket to the port 8080
    if (setsockopt(server_fd, SOL_SOCKET, SO_REUSEADDR | SO REUSEPORT,
                                                   &opt, sizeof(opt)))
    {
        perror("setsockopt");
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
    address.sin_family = AF_INET;
    address.sin addr.s addr = INADDR ANY;
    address.sin port = htons( PORT );
    // Forcefully attaching socket to the port 8080
    if (bind(server fd, (struct sockaddr *)&address,
                                  sizeof(address))<0)</pre>
    {
        perror("bind failed");
```

# client.c

```
// Client side C/C++ program to demonstrate Socket programming
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <string.h>
#define PORT 8080
int main(int argc, char const *argv[])
{
    struct sockaddr in address;
    int sock = 0, valread;
    struct sockaddr in serv addr;
    char *hello = "Hello from client";
    char buffer[1024] = {0};
    if ((sock = socket(AF INET, SOCK STREAM, 0)) < 0)</pre>
    {
        printf("\n Socket creation error \n");
        return -1;
    }
    memset(&serv_addr, '0', sizeof(serv_addr));
    serv_addr.sin_family = AF_INET;
    serv_addr.sin_port = htons(PORT);
    // Convert IPv4 and IPv6 addresses from text to binary form
    if(inet_pton(AF_INET, "127.0.0.1", &serv_addr.sin_addr)<=0)</pre>
        printf("\nInvalid address/ Address not supported \n");
        return -1;
```

```
if (connect(sock, (struct sockaddr *)&serv_addr, sizeof(serv_addr)) < 0)
{
    printf("\nConnection Failed \n");
    return -1;
}
send(sock , hello , strlen(hello) , 0 );
printf("Hello message sent\n");
valread = read( sock , buffer, 1024);
printf("%s\n",buffer );
return 0;
}</pre>
```

# **Compiling:**

gcc client.c -o client gcc server.c -o server

#### **Output:**

```
Client:Hello message sent
Hello from server
Server:Hello from client
Hello message sent
```

Next: Socket Programming in C/C++: Handling multiple clients on server without multi threading

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