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### Island Escape

In the following paper, I will be discussing the text-based adventure game I am currently creating, called “Island Escape”. I plan to discuss how the program functions, both on a simplistic level, and on a programming level, and what system requirements are necessary to run this program. I will also explain how Island Escape is different from similar text-based games that exist, and also provide a user manual to assist in properly playing the game.

Island Escape is designed to be a text-based adventure game in which the player must navigate a desert island and find a way to escape and return to civilization. The purpose for the creation of this game is to prove that games of a small scope can be executed and run entirely within Java. This paper will describe the basics of the game, as well as how to play the game itself. Upon running the program, the player will be presented with some text explaining background to the player and how they came to be on the island. The system will then tell the player that they are on the island beachfront and ask the player what they would like to do. By inputting a specific string, or “command”, into the console, the player will be able to take different actions on the island. For example, typing “walk north” into the console from the beachfront would tell the system to switch the player’s location boolean for “beach” and “jungle\_o”, then alert the player they have reached the jungle outskirts. Typing “search” into the console would check the item variable for a specific area, then either alert the player that they have found something useful and place it in their inventory, or tell them that nothing of use was found, depending on the current location and if the player has already searched that area. Typing “inventory” will have the system alert the player of each item that is considered true within the

inventory class. Typing “combine [x] [y]” will combine two uncombined items that have a combine variable within the inventory class. If one or both of the items do not have combine variables, the system will alert the player that the items cannot be combined. The command “use [x]” will perform an action associated with that item, if the variable that would allow that item to be used is set to true, set that item in the player’s inventory to false, and alert the player via text as to the action that was just performed. If the item cannot be used, the system will alert the player that the item will have no effect. The command “hint” will alert the player with a small hint if they are unsure where to go or what to do next, and the command “help” will print a list of possible commands for the player if they ever forget the proper syntax.

The physical requirement of the game is minimal, as the game is purely text-based. So long as the device is able to run MS-DOS or Command Prompt, Island Adventure should have no trouble with the system resources. While a number of text-based games exist currently, most are written in languages such as C and BASIC, and modern games in the genre are written in C++ or JavaScript, few are written in native Java.

To properly use this program, you must enter commands to progress through the game. These commands include the “walk” command, which transports you between adjacent areas of the island, the “search” command, which searches the current area for any useful items, the “use” command, which allows you to use items in specific areas, and the “combine” command, which combines two objects in your inventory. Additionally, the game contains two other commands. “hint” gives you a small hint to help you progress within the game, and the “help” command, which gives you a list of all commands in the game. The purpose of this program is to prove that text-based games can be written effectively and run well within the Java language. Overall, Island Escape is designed to be a fun and engaging experience for the user, but also as a proper

demonstration that games, even if they are simple and text-based, can be made in and work around the constraints of the Java language.

## UML:

